FOR THE NAMES OF NEW YORKERS ENROLLED IN THE NEW NATIONAL ARMY SEE PAGE 10

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Thundershowers today; Saturday fair, cooler; southwest to west winds
For full weather report see Page 17.

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RUSSIAN TROOPS EVACUATING RIGA; KERENSKY FACES A CABINET CRISIS; NEW GERMAN STORM OVER MICHAELIS

MURPHY OPENS A WAY TO SWING OVER TO HEARST

Declares Loyalty to Hylan, but Adds: "Without Prejudice" to Editor's Candidacy.

MOVED BY WIGWAM REVOLT

Tammany Leaders More Than Content to See Brooklyn Judge Beaten in Primaries.

SULLIVAN CLAN FOR FUSION

Murphy Denounced in Resolution Supporting Mitchel—Bennett Finds a Controller.

Word that William R. Hearst intended to contest for the Mayoralty nomination against County Judge John F. Hylan of Brooklyn in the Democratic primary next month was circulated about Tammany Hall yesterday. While no definite information was forthcoming either from Mr. Hearst or his political lieutenants, the news was conveyed through Hearst channels that he was not at all satisfied with the Hylan ticket, and that he considered it his duty to take upon himself the task of defeating the Mitchel administration, to which he was opposed. Likewise it was said that Charles F. Murphy, leader of Tammany Hall, was convinced that Hylan was too weak a candidate to put up against Mitchel and that he was ready to swing the organization support to Hearst.

The revolt in Tammany that has been growing for several weeks, principally because of the Hylan selection, has thoroughly alarmed Murphy, it is said, and he is willing to help Hearst win in the primary. The rebellion took an alarming turn last night when the Sullivan clan, which for many years has been one of the main props of Tammany, went over to the support of Mayor Mitchel and the Fusion ticket in a body. When Tammany was in the height of its power the Sullivans, which included "Big Tim" and "Little Tim," were undisputed rulers of the lower part of the city. Since the death of Big Tim and Little Tim the Sullivan organization has not maintained its political strength, but in a sentimental way its influence is still large.

Murphy for Primary Winner.

Leader Murphy paved the way yesterday for a swing to Hearst by consenting to be interviewed and announcing that the organization would support Hearst if he won in the primary. It is the first time that Murphy has discussed the present political situation openly, and his action in breaking his long-established rule of silence was taken to mean that he had finally decided to desert Judge Hylan, who was the selection of the Democratic Fusion Committee and the Business Men's League, plus Leader John H. McCooey of Brooklyn.

"Where does Tammany stand as between Hylan and Hearst?" was the first question asked Mr. Murphy yesterday, when he let it be known that he was willing to talk.

"With Judge Hylan, of course," said Murphy. "There is only one candidate. Hearst isn't a candidate."

"Well, if he is a candidate, where do you and the organization stand?"

"With Judge Hylan, of course. He is the organization candidate."

"If Hearst wins in the primary, who will you support?"

"Hearst, of course," promptly replied the Tammany leader. "He will be the Democratic candidate if he wins in the primaries, and the organization always supports the party's nominees."

"Do you expect Judge Hylan to withdraw from the race?"

"That's a question that should be put to Judge Hylan. I don't think he is likely to do any such thing."

"Have you had any communication with Mr. Hearst in regard to the situation?"

"Absolutely none."

"Do you expect Judge Hylan to win in the primary?"

"I do," said Mr. Murphy, without a smile.

No Prejudice Against Hearst.

The Tammany boss then said he wanted it understood that while Judge Hylan was the organization candidate and would receive the support of the organization in the primaries all he had said was "without prejudice" to Mr. Hearst.

It was said at Tammany Hall that if Hearst won in the primaries and decided to run against Mitchel, it would not mean a split in the Tammany organization as the majority of the leaders were in favor of accepting him in preference to the present candidate. Murphy, they said, would be able to swing into line all the opposition to Hearst on the argument that he would be a much stronger candidate than any other that Tammany could put forward. Mr. Hearst has a week from today in which to file his declination. It was said last night that a statement from him might be forthcoming within a few days.

Judge Hylan gave out a statement yesterday deploring the fact that efforts were being made to introduce the war issue into the campaign.

"Twice during the last few days," he said, "representatives of newspapers that are supporting Mayor Mitchel have attempted, in interviewing me, to bring up the war as an issue in the municipal campaign. Now it is raised again. I do not know whether the attempt to make this an issue is inspired by Mr. Mitchel. But, from his plea for reelection on the ground that 'we are now engaged in a vital war,' it would seem that Mr. Mitchel is anxious to fight out the municipal campaign on the battlefields of Europe. I am frank to admit that I was surprised to find such an issue raised in this campaign. But, as long as there is an apparent dis-

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Germany Refuses to Concede Demands Made by Argentina

ZURICH, Aug. 23, (by Wireless to London.)—Germany has replied to the Argentine note, which demanded compensation for the torpedoed Argentine ships and a pledge from Germany that she would abstain from torpedoing Argentine vessels in the future. It is officially announced from Berlin that Germany has not conceded these demands, but the possibility of an amicable settlement is not excluded.

The Argentine Government on Aug. 5 sent a note to Berlin requesting a clear reply to the Argentinian demands within a reasonable time. It has been the general belief in Argentina that diplomatic relations with Germany would be broken if the response of Berlin was a negative one.

PERKINS WINS IN ASSEMBLY VOTE

Amendment Barring Him from Food Control Commission Beaten 84 to 41.

BILL EXPECTED TO PASS

Whitman Supporters Gain First Victory Early This Morning After Protracted Session.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Friday, Aug. 24.—The Assembly was still in session early this morning discussing amendments to the Food Control bill.

For nearly nine hours the Republican Assemblymen were deadlocked in conference over the bill. The conference began at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. George W. Perkins was the stumbling block.

The Assembly, at 2 A. M., by a vote of 84 to 41, defeated an amendment to the Food Control bill which would have made the appointment of Mr. Perkins as a Food Control Commissioner impossible. This vote indicates that the passage of the bill in the Assembly is assured.

Republican lawmakers from up-State in both branches of the Legislature returned to the Capitol with ironclad instructions from their constituents to obstruct the passage of the bill as long as the appointment of Mr. Perkins as head of the Food Control Commission created through it remained a corollary to its enactment.

There is no doubt here that Governor Whitman, were he so disposed, could raise the legislative siege against the food bill by giving assurances that Mr. Perkins would not be named, but so far no word to that effect has come from the Executive Chamber and there is every reason to believe that none will come, for the Governor is said to be determined not only that the Food Control bill shall become a law, but that Mr. Perkins shall be one of the men to administer it.

The conference of the Republican Assemblymen broke up shortly before midnight. At that time Speaker Sweet said: "We have the votes to pass the bill, if they will stand."

The Assembly immediately went into session to consider a number of amendments to the bill proposed in conference. According to one of the Republican members, it is planned to debate the amendments in order to obtain a test vote, and, if the supporters of the bill succeed in defeating them, to go back into caucus and have the bill declared a Republican party measure.

Assemblyman Joseph M. Callahan of New York, minority leader, attempted to brig before the House the original food bill drafted by Governor Whitman and submitted to the Legislative War Committee at Syracuse as embodying the Executive's idea of food control legislation, but failed by a vote of 40 to 83. In speaking on the original Whitman bill, Mr. Callahan said that while it was not perfect it was infinitely better than the compromise measure on which the Republican leaders and the Governor agree.

"This bill has some live things in it," Mr. Callahan said. "There is little red tape in it. The people are crying for red meat and the compromise bill gives them red tape."

At 8 o'clock in the evening, when the conference of the Republican Assemblymen came to a temporary close to give the fatigued and famished conferees an opportunity to snatch a hurried meal and rest a little from their labors, it was learned that Speaker Sweet had been able to muster only sixty-six Republican votes for the bill—ten less than the number necessary to pass it.

During the recess Assemblyman Alfred D. Bell of New York and Assemblymen George R. Brennan and August C. Flamman of Kings reached the Capitol, having passed on the way the Sergeant at Arms, who had been hurriedly dispatched to New York to bring the absent members before the bar of the House. They are all friendly to the bill and swelled the number of votes for the measure in the conference to sixty-nine.

Want the Bill Amended.

But there was a condition attached to their support and that of other Republican members from New York City. They declared before entering the conference that they would bolt unless the bill was amended by eliminating the clause providing for the establishment of terminal markets in cities, with half of the expense borne by the State and half by the municipalities. Mayor Mitchel and Controller Prendergast have objected to this provision on the ground that the taxpayers in New York City, who provide in round numbers 70 per cent. of the State revenues, would be compelled to shoulder more than their just share of the big burden.

With the Republican members from New York City assuming this attitude Speaker Sweet found himself between the devil and the deep sea, for it was with the subsidy to up-State municipalities as bait that the Speaker expected to placate the Republican members from rural districts who last week

Continued on Page 3.

PRESIDENT FIXES ANTHRACITE PRICE; NAMES CONTROLLER

Figures F. O. B. Mine Range from $4 to $5.30 a Ton—Jobbers' Fees Limited.

GARFIELD TO HAVE CHARGE

Accepts Appointment as Coal Administrator and Will Regulate Retailers' Profits.

FINAL EFFECT IN DOUBT

Washington Believes but Operators Deny That Prices to Consumers Will Be Lowered.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.—By an executive order President Wilson today named Dr. Harry A. Garfield, President of Williams College, Coal Administrator, fixed the prices of anthracite coal at the mine—ranging from $4 to $5.30 a ton, according to the grade—and named the conditions under which jobbers would be permitted to operate.

The regulation of the retailer was left in the hands of Dr. Garfield, with authority to use drastic power, and with instructions to exert every effort to bring relief throughout the country. It was generally considered here that the President's action would mean a decided drop in anthracite coal prices.

Dr. Garfield, already at the head of the commission to determine a price for the 1917 wheat crop, accepted the new commission, and immediately took up his work. He told a NEW YORK TIMES reporter that three cardinal principles would be observed. They are:

1. Fair treatment of operators under conditions which would stimulate production.

2. Fair treatment of the jobbers, with restrictions which would prevent this branch of the trade taking advantage of the retailer.

3. Fair treatment of the retailer, with restrictions, if necessary, which would prevent exorbitant profits.

It can be stated that Dr. Garfield is determined to end, so far as lies within his power, waste and profiteering in coal.

Cut Into Jobbers' Profits.

The prices fixed by the President for coal at the mine are approximately those which the operators agreed upon voluntarily in conference with the Federal Trade Commission some months ago. The President, however, in naming 20 cents a ton for shipments east of Buffalo and 30 cents a ton west of Buffalo as the fee of the jobber, lopped off much of the profits these men had been accustomed to make in many instances. The soft coal jobbers' fee was limited to 15 cents a ton.

President Wilson also ruled that only a single jobber's fee should be charged, and that if the coal passed through several agencies in shipment from producer to retailer these agencies must be satisfied to apportion it among themselves. Dr. Garfield said that he was in full accord with this principle enunciated by the President.

"We will try," he said, "to obtain coal for the consuming public without working undue hardship to any department of the trade, and we believe that much can be accomplished in this direction. Just what reductions are possible is a matter of conjecture; we must first get our organization into operation.

"It is possible that a system of licensing will be adopted in order to obtain complete control of the situation in the interests of all, and this may be done largely on the plan worked out for the control of the wheat supply. In this way we could compel the jobbers to accept the ruling of the President as to the profits they shall make, as the license could be rescinded if conditions were not met."

The problem of controlling the retailer, Dr. Garfield admitted, was complicated, because of the many companies and individuals involved, but it can be stated that if necessary to prevent abuses a licensing system will be inaugurated also for that branch of the industry. One theory, however, is that a universal price for anthracite to the consumer—with perhaps slight variations because of locality and business conditions—can be established, which retailers will find it inexpedient to violate, regardless of lack of drastic action.

With the price at the mine and the jobber's fee fixed by the President, the price at which retailers obtain coal can be pretty closely ascertained by the public, as the freight rates will be made known. The coal administrator

Continued on Page 5.

Berlin Stops Private Bathing To Save "Water and Fuel"

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 23.—Berlin newspapers received here say that the Berlin municipal authorities intend to prohibit persons bathing in their homes.

The step will be taken, it is added, in order to save water and fuel.

COPENHAGEN, Aug. 23.—German casualty lists are no longer permitted to leave Germany.

SENATE DEFEATS LA FOLLETTE MOVE

Bipartisan Supporters of Administration Kill His Income Tax Schedule 58 to 21.

REBUKED AS HINDERING WAR

White House Denial That President Is Seeking Higher Levies on Incomes and Profits.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.—The bipartisan majority in the Senate, which has put through all of the Administration's war measures, threw its force today against the La Follette amendment to augment appreciably the income tax in the War Revenue bill, defeating it by a vote of 58 to 21. This vote disposed of the income tax feature, and it will be passed in the bill as voted upon yesterday, with the original House amendments and the one offered by Senator Gerry of Rhode Island.

Defeat of Senator La Follette's scheme was inevitable, after the coup of yesterday, by which most of the advances in the income tax advocated by the Wisconsin Senator were worked into the bill. Senator La Follette's anxiety to get his amendment through did not strike a responsive chord with the bipartisan combination, which has been out of sympathy with what it regards as Mr. La Follette's obstructive tactics on nearly all war measures.

The abrupt rejection of Mr. La Follette's amendment was interpreted in the Senate lobby as a rebuke to the Wisconsin Senator for his attitude on the war and a distinct victory for Administration supporters on both side of the Senate. It was also taken as an augury that Senator La Follette's contemplated move to put a heavy increase on excess corporation war profits was certain to cause a sharp struggle that in the end might result in defeat.

While many Senators on both sides of the chamber believes that the tax on excess war profits ought to be raised, there was talk tonight that this would be done through another measure next Winter and that, if any further advance was put into the War Revenue bill it would be comparatively slight.

Senator Simmons, Chairman of the Finance Committee, who has handled the War Revenue bill in its career in the Senate, said tonight that the majority of the Senate appeared to be satisfied to let the excess profits section stand for the time. The Senator expressed satisfaction with the increase of $75,000,000 put upon incomes beyond the levy already provided for in the bill. He regarded the advance as fair, without imposing any serious burden, as the increase in every instance affected the higher incomes.

Talk that has gone the rounds at the Capitol during the last few days that President Wilson was in sympathy with the effort for fixing much higher taxes on incomes and excess war profits was repudiated by the Executive today in a statement given out at the White House. This statement read:

"The Secretary to the President announces this afternoon on the authority of the President that the statement that the President had been supporting the attacks on the Revenue bill was absolutely unfounded and that the President had been taking no part in the controversy at all."

La Follette Makes Hard Fight.

The vote on the La Follette amendment, to apply graduated taxes running from 1 per cent. on incomes from $5,000 to $6,000, up to 45 per cent. on incomes over $2,000,000, came after a long argument by the Wisconsin Senator. In his speech Senator La Follette pointed out that under his tax scheme, the yield would be $806,512,463, while under the plan voted upon by the Senate yesterday, the aggregate tax would be $623,244,750.

Here is the vote by which the La Follette amendment was defeated:

Republicans voting for the amendment:

Borah, Brady, Gronna, Johnson of California, Jones of Washington, Kenyon, La Follette, McNary, Norris, Poindexter, Townsend—11.

Democrats voting for the amendment:

Gore, Hardwick, Hollis, Husting, Kirby, McKellar, Owen, Reed, Trammel, Vardaman—10. Total 21.

Democrats voting against the amendment:

Bankhead, Beckham, Broussard, Culberson, Fletcher, Gerry, Hitchcock, James, Jones of New Mexico; Kendrick, King, Lewis, Martin, Myers, Newlands, Overman, Phelan, Pittman, Pomerene, Ransdell, Robinson, Saulsbury, Shafroth, Sheppard, Shields, Simmons, Smith of Georgia, Smith of Maryland, Smith of South Carolina, Stone, Swanson, Thomson, Wolcott—38.

Republicans voting against the amendment:

Fradegee, Calder, Colt, Curtis, Dilling-

Continued on Page 7.

Negro Regulars Riot near Houston, Texas; Twelve Whites Killed, a Score Wounded

HOUSTON, Texas, Aug. 24.—Twelve white men, civilians, police officers, and National Guardsmen were killed and more than a score of persons, men, women, and children, were wounded in an outbreak here tonight of negro soldiers of the Twenty-fourth United States Infantry, stationed here to act as guards during the construction of the camp where the Illinois troops will train. It is not known how many negroes are dead.

The known dead are:

MATTES, Captain J. W., Battely A, Second Illinois Field Artillery.
RAINEY, IRA D., mounted policeman.
DANIELS, RUFE, mounted policeman.
HATTON, S., a barber.
FINLEY, EARL.
CARSTEN, A. R.
WINKLER, FRED E.
UNIDENTIFIED MEXICAN.
MEINKE, Henry J., policeman.
THREE UNIDENTIFIED MEN.

Captain Mattes was killed when he tried to remonstrate with the negro soldiers.

The outbreak is supposed to have originated in a difficulty which two negro soldiers had with police officers, who arrested them for disturbing the peace and sent them to the police station early in the afternoon.

The firing began when an ambulance started through the section occupied by the negro soldiers. They stopped the ambulance and fired a volley, riddling it with bullets.

It was this volley that wounded a 16-year-old white girl standing in her father's store.

Civilians went to the assistance of the police officers and firing continued an hour and a half.

There were several hundred Texas guardsmen here ready to entrain for a training camp, but they had no guns. A battery of the Coast Artillery was rushed to Houston in motor trucks.

The city was placed under martial law late tonight by proclamation of Governor Ferguson.

SNARL IN THE REICHSTAG

Majority Did Not Like Minister's Caution in Discussing Peace.

ROW SAID TO BE SETTLED

Explanation by the Chancellor Satisfies the Coalition Leaders, Berlin Reports.

BUT PRESS IS VERY CRITICAL

Michaelis Charged an Entente Plot to Divide Turkey—Wants Compromise Peace.

BERLIN, Aug. 23, (via London, Friday, Aug. 24.)—Berlin was surprised to learn on awaking this morning that the Reichstag building yesterday afternoon had been the scene of a political flurry, which assumed varying proportions as seen through editorial eyeglasses.

The incident which brought about the temporary disagreement between the majority coalition and the Chancellor was the Chancellor's somewhat indefinite phrasing of his attitude toward the Reichstag peace proposal. The impression crated was that Dr. Michaelis was circumscribing his indorsement of that action.

During Wednesday's intermission for luncheon the majority parties drew up a statement to the effect that there could be no doubt respecting the Chancellor's acquiescence in the coalition peace views. The presentation of this declaration at the afternoon session drew forth a second statement from the Chancellor, in which he definitely corrected any false impression that might have been created by his utterances at the morning session.

Under stress of this tension the main committee adjourned its sitting. The Chancellor received the party leaders late Wednesday night for the purpose of holding a confidential conference.

The unexpected episode, which became known despite the alleged confidential nature of the main committee's deliberations, gives a section of the press today occasion to dilate upon the incident in columns of plain-spoken comment in which the Chancellor fares rather badly.

When the committee resumed its session this morning a member of the Progressive People's Party, speaking for the majority coalition, explained that the Chancellor's supplementary statement had cleared up the misunderstandings and that the joint declaration of the majority parties would have been modified or entirely dispensed with if the correcting explanation, offered by Dr. Michaelis, could have been anticipated.

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 23.—Theodor Wolff, editor of the Berlin Tageblatt, discusses the incident which brought about a temporary disagreement between the majority coalition and the Chancellor, and says:

"It is no longer possible that a nation of 70,000,000 who have to pay for every fault with blood and gold should be given a Government without its representatives being consulted. It is the Reichstag's duty to end this most absolute bureaucratic system."

An Outburst of Press Criticism.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Aug. 23.—A critical situation has been produced in Berlin by the chorus of criticism of Chancellor Michaelis's speech to the Reichstag Main Committee on Tuesday and other developments since. Much mystery surrounds reports of the proceedings, and apparently there has been an attempt to suppress some of the facts.

The Deutsche Kriegszeitung says the Chancellor openly stated that he did not accept the majority's peace resolution of July 19. The Berliner Neueste Nachrichten refers to a sensational speech by Herr Matthias Erzberger, which is nowhere reported.

The Lokal-Anzeiger says Dr. Michaelis has plainly shown that he is not afraid of fighting the Reichstag and that the sitting left a painful impression.

The Morgen-Zeitung says that Michaelis's first appearance before the Main Committee was a failure and that there can be no longer any talk of the Chancellor's honesty. Another paper asserts that this Chancellor is impossible.

Suggestion of New Crisis.

These sentences are sufficient to show that the situation is once more confused, though in view of the sharp censorship it's impossible to say whether another Chancellorship crisis is pending.

The Berliner Tageblatt says the Chancellor's speech made an impression of negative surprise in Parliamentary circles and lacked any originality. "If the moment for discussion of the Pope's note had not arrived," the paper says, "it was a mistake for the semi-official Norddeutsche Allgemeine Zeitung to announce that the Chancellor would speak about the note." The paper continues that silence on the subject would have been better, and remarks:

"It is clear that Germany will not definitely refuse a peace offer as a basis for negotiation. If the Government wished to do this it would immediately have the Reichstag majority against it. It is to be hoped that the majority will make use of the opportunity that is presented."

The Tägliche Rundschau, annexation-

Continued on Page 3.

Russian Capital Must Be Shifted from Petrograd, Says Alexieff, But Calls Situation "Not Hopeless"

PETROGRAD, Aug. 23.—General Alexieff, former Commander in Chief of the Russian forces, in an interview today at Moscow asserted that Germany's strategy aimed at driving the Rumanian Army from all its positions, in order to compel Rumania to conclude a separate peace or to enter into an alliance with the Teutonic allies.

The seat of the Russian Government, General Alexieff continued, must be transferred to Moscow, although Petrograd at the present is not really threatened. The situation on the Russian front, he added, though serious, is not hopeless.

CANADIANS TAKE NEW GRIP ON LENS

Seize a Strategic Slag Heap South of Town Which Germans Held Firmly.

HARD FIGHTING FOLLOWS

Position Burrowed by the Defenders Is Close to Main Railway Station.

LONDON, Aug. 23.—Heavy fighting is proceeding south and southwest of Lens, where the Canadians have taken a grip on a highly important position, which lies only 300 yards south of the main railway station of the town. This is a huge pile of slag from the mine pits which has been burrowed by the Germans, who are clinging tenaciously to it.

Tonight's report from British Headquarters in France says:

Heavy local fighting has taken place all day for the possession of an important enemy stronghold immediately south of Lens, known as the Green Crassier. Our troops gained a foothold on the spoil heap early this morning and have since beaten off several counterattacks, in which the enemy suffered heavy losses both from our artillery and in hand-to-hand fighting. Possession of the position is still being fiercely disputed.

A hostile attack upon one of the fortified farms captured by us yesterday north of the Ypres-Roulers railway was repulsed by our machine-gun fire.

We have advanced slightly to the northeast of Langemarck.

During the last week the fighting in the air has been incessant and more severe than at any other similar period since the beginning of the war. Yesterday the activity of the enemy's aircraft was less marked, and his pilots appeared disinclined to engage when close up to the lines.

None the less, a great number of fights again took place, in which our machines were favored by a change in wind. As a result of the fighting twelve German airplanes were brought down and six others were driven down out of control. Two of ours are missing, one of which was seen to effect a landing on the beach at Ostend.

Throughout yesterday's attacks our airplanes successfully co-operated with our artillery and infantry. The usual bombing and reconnoissance work was also carried out. In the course of the day and night five tons of explosives were dropped on various objectives behind the enemy's lines.

The day report said British ports near Lombaertzyde, Belgium, had been raided by the Germans.

Assaults Begin Before Dawn.

The Associated Press correspondent at the British front in France and Belgium tells this story of the fighting:

"An advance by the Canadians in the neighborhood of the green crassier on the southern edge of Lens this morning has added greatly to the strength of the British line, which has continued to tighten steadily about the heart of the city. The crassier is really a great slag heap, which has been accumulating for years over a considerable area between three groups of railway yards from which coal trains were sent south and west. It lies only about 300 yards south of the Central Railway Station of Lens and overlooks it.

"The crassier is an important buffer between the Canadians and the defenses of the city proper. And the Germans reach it through tunnels, connected with the network of passages and dugouts beneath Lens. Part of the ground about the crassier is inundated, due to the waterway near by having broken its banks, and this in conjunction with the great number of machine-gun emplacements on the elevation has made it a particularly difficult position for attack.

"The Canadians made their assault before dawn this time, and the attack was preceded by a protracted and exceedingly intense bombardment of the German positions. The Germans, exhausted by the long strain of constant counterattacks which they have been delivering, found the Canadians in their midst with little warning. But the defenders did not give up without a struggle, and there was considerable bayonet fighting.

"An advance upon two German colliery positions adjoining the crassier to

Continued on Page 2.

AIRMEN KILLED 30 IN HOSPITAL RAID

Ten Wounded Men, a Woman Nurse, and 19 Men Nurses Slain by German Fliers.

ATTACK WAS DELIBERATE

Machine Gunfire Was Poured Upon Helpless Hospital Staff by Light of Burning Sheds.

By G. H. PERRIS.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE FRENCH ARMIES, Wednesday Night, Aug. 22, (delayed.)—In order to correct or verify a brief report transmitted this morning of a deliberate German attack on the hospital at Vadelaincourt, I have been there and examined the buildings and responsible members of the staff. There are two large groups of wooden sheds, divided by a high road—the hospital proper, with a remarkable surgical installation, and the evacuation hospital, with its railway sidings.

At 10:30 Monday night enemy aviators appeared over the village and began to bombard some buildings on the other side of it. Twenty minutes later one or more of them came over the hospital, where the lights had been extinguished, and dropped five bombs in quick succession. Only two of these did more than material damage, of which one, an ordinary bomb, fell on a shed occupied by wounded soldiers, and the other, an incendiary shell, fell on a dressing station. This blazed up immediately, and, if there had been any wind, the whole camp might have taken fire.

One man nurse, one woman nurse, and ten wounded men were killed in the hospital proper. At the same time four bombs were dropped on the evacuation hospital, all falling on a shed where there were a large number of male nurses.

Seeing by the light of the burning dressing station uninjured members of the camp staff gathered in an effort to rescue their patients and fellows, a German aviator came down to a height estimated by one of the doctors at a little over 200 yards and opened fire upon them with a machine gun.

Eighteen men nurses were killed and forty-nine wounded in the evacuation hospital, three being killed by machine gunfire.

The two doctors in chief were sure the attack was deliberate. There had, indeed, been two previous visits of the kind, in one of which a doctor and two nurses were wounded. The hospital has occupied this site for a year and must have been well known to the enemy airmen. Photographs taken by French aviators show red crosses on the roof and other signs plainly visible, and the fire so lit up the scene that at least from that point on there could be no mistake.

It was not a sudden affair, for the raiders were not interrupted. The one who is thought to have dropped most or all of the bombs flew around the buildings for half an hour, and the others were about for an hour or more.

In a separate part of the evacuation hospital 180 wounded German prisoners were being cared for. None of them was hurt. Among them was a German officer. At the beginning he angrily refused to believe his fellow-countrymen guilty of such an outrage, but before it was over he recognized the truth and remarked: "It is infamous."

By The Associated Press.

ON THE FRENCH FRONT, Aug. 23.—The incendiary bombs which were dropped by two German aviators on two hospitals behind Verdun on Sunday evening killed ten wounded men, one woman nurse, and nineteen trained male nurses. They wounded forty-nine male nurses and inflicted further injuries on patients suffering from wounds received in battle, many of whom rushed naked into nearby fields in an attempt to find shelter from the bombs which were being rained down.

The correspondent, after inspecting the hospital, visited a camp at which German prisoners are assembled. It contained considerably more than 6,000 officers and men. The correspondent was permitted to interrogate a large

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RUSSIAN FORCES REBELLING

Offer Practically No Resistance to German Advance in North.

HINDENBURG LEADS DRIVE

Removal of the Capital from Banks of the Neva to Moscow Is Expected.

POLITICAL REVOLT BREWING

Bourgeoisie and Ex-Army Chiefs May Present Ultimatum to Cabinet at Congress.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.—Riga, one of the most important ports of Russia, seems to be lost to the Germans. All the facts in the matter are not known here, but enough has been received in the way of official advices to justify the statement that the Russian troops which have been defending the port and city are withdrawing, leaving the Germans an easy task.

The seriousness of the situation is emphasized by the fact that Riga is the principal key to Petrograd, and it is feared that the victorious Germans will march on the Russian capital. Without any definite statement at hand to that effect, all the circumstances tend to sho wthat there will be little resistance to the German advance.

With Petrograd threatened, the Provisional Government, on which Kerensky is the head, will be obliged to move elsewhere, and it is supposed in Washington that should this course become necessary the seat of government will be established in Moscow, the ancient capital, which has a sentimental place in the hearts of the Russian people.

Information that the Russians were withdrawing from Riga has been known to officials and others here since Tuesday. While it was felt that there was no military advantage in concealing this condition, no statement on the subject was forthcoming for the reason that those having knowledge of what was taking place took the position that it was for the Russian Government to let the Allied world have the bad news. For their own reasons the Germans have not made any announcement, and the official statements from Petrograd have merely indicated that an offensive against Riga had been begun by the German forces and that the Russians had been obliged to retire several versts.

Field Marshal von Hindenburg, Chief of the German General Staff, is supposed to be in personal command of the Kaiser's troops that are participating in the Riga campaign. It is expected here that within a short time, perhaps a matter of hours, announcement will be made from Petrograd or Berlin that the German troops are entering Riga. The character of the advices received here would indicate that this has already been accomplished.

The news about Riga came as a surprise even to those who have been following closely the situation on the Russian fronts. There had not been enough fighting there to justify any uneasiness on the part of the Allied Governments when the news came that the Russians were evacuating the city. All this appears to show that the Russian troops refused to fight and gave up the port to the Germans with practically no resistance. The fall of Riga is expected to have an important political bearing on the Russian situation.

Disclosures today emphasized the seriousness of a three-sided crisis in Russia, military, economic, and political, which, it is feared, may even threaten the stability of the Kerensky government and involve the very vital question of Russia's defense. Little hope was held out anywhere that Rusisa would be able to recover her military power sufficiently to be able to conduct a successful defensive against the Central Powers before next Spring. "The Winter will be Russia's principal ally in the coming months," one authority asserted.

Among the facts forthcoming today are that Russia will lose the use of the Archangel railroad at the end of September because of ice in the harbor and its approaches, that the trans-Siberian railroad from Vladivostok is inefficient and inadequate to meet the needs of the nation, either civil or military, and that fresh and stronger measures have been taken by the Provisional Government to restore discipline in the army, tribunals having been organized for their enforcement. Inadequacy of the food supply and its transportation form the most serious economic problems, according to the Russian Embassy, where it is declared Russia is suffering from no shortage of ammunition.

"One of the chief tasks of the Government is to establish transport for food and supplies," said an official at the embassy. "There is no lack of munitions."

This official declined to make predictions concerning the time when Rus-

sia's armies may "come back." It was admitted that the Russian troops on the Riga, Galician, and Rumania fronts were being driven back by the Germans, but there was no detailed information available concerning the retreats. On the Galician and Rumanian fronts they were characterized as "strategic" retreats.

Embassy officials stated that no information had been received relating to the advance toward Riga except that announced by the embassy some ten days ago, when the presence of German war craft in the Gulf of Riga and German airplanes over Riga itself was reported. The Russian Government at that time, according to advices to the embassy, expected a German offensive against Riga.

Deny Loss Would Be Vital.

There was a decided disinclination at the embassy to admit, however, that the capture of Riga by the Germans would vitally affect Russia's participation in the war, although it was admitted the loss of Riga would be a serious blow.

Whether Russia will be in a position to conduct an offensive next Spring is declared to depend upon materials. Embassy officials decline to make any prediction. They refrain from divulging further information on that point, as not being in the military interest. It is declared to be the Russian view that any discussion of military possibilities in Russia would be unwise and wholly unreliable.

The embassy had been in communication with the State Department. Newspaper accounts of military disasters actual or impending in Russia were said to be "fantasies in the minds of the newspaper men." At the same time an embassy official admitted that the embassy had no new reports on the military situation in Russia.

"It is possible," he said, "that the Germans will make a drive on the northern front in the direction of Riga or of Dvinsk, because in that region they can use their naval forces. Activity has been manifested on that front for the last ten days."

It was insisted at the embassy that the German drive had nothing to do with the possible cutting off of the railroad from Archangel. It was explained that that port would be closed anyway by ice at the end of September, when Russia would be thrown back upon the Vladivostok line for transport from the outside world.

Embassy officials avoid saying anything that would have the appearance of criticising this Government for alleged delays in getting supplies to Russia. Discussions satisfactory to Russia are going forward, and Russia is said to expect no difficulty in obtaining what she needs in this country. Considerable quantities of supplies have already gone forward. The Root Mission fully appreciated the greatest need in Russia—transport—and what the Root Mission has recommended, it can be said, are two large items which indicates that Russia will be served in her surest need.

The Petrograd Government has created Commissioners to be stationed near the armies to inform the soldiers regarding the political situation and developments. These Commissioners will co-operate with committees representing the troops and with the army commanders.

There were conferences today between Secretary Lansing, Secretary McAdoo, and Secretary Baker regarding Russia. These officials declined to discuss the conference. Secretary Lansing, after he had seen Mr. Baker, and when asked if the Russian situation was considered, answered: "Only in a general way."

There continues to be uneasiness here over the power of the Kerensky Government, the principal hope of the allied nations in Russia, to continue in control of the Government. There is known to be very strong opposition to him, and it is believed that German propaganda in Russia is aiming at his overthrow, partly as to increase the confusion, and in an effort to undermine the recuperating power of the Russian army. The opposition to Kerensky is not confined to the extreme Socialists, although these appear to be his main enemies, but also involves the Constitutional Democrats, who are dissatisfied with the Socialist character of the Government as now constituted, and the Maximalists, or extreme Socialists, approach close to anarchy. It is feared by some that they will gain control of the situation.

PETROGRAD ADMITS CONTINUED RETREAT

Forces Falling Back on Riga Front—Berlin Claims Gains Without Fighting.

PETROGRAD, Aug. 23.—The Russian forces on the northern end of the Russian front, where the Germans have begun an offensive, retired yesterday under pressure from the region of Raggeshem and Kemmern to the Lake Schloyira (Schlobj) and Frankendorf region. The enemy artillery conducted an intense fire in this region.

Southwest of Lake Babit, after a hand-to-hand encounter, a strong German scouting party was dispersed, leaving some prisoners in our hands. The enemy artillery here also displayed more vigorous activity in shelling our trenches. While inspecting his position, Major Gen. Kruglevsky, the gallant commander of a division, was injured.

In the region of the River Kekkau advanced enemy detachments have shown increased activity.

In Volhynia, in the direction of Sokal, yesterday, an enemy battalion strongly supported by artillery, conducted an offensive in the region of Zborysh and Wydutka, and succeeded in penetrating our trenches at Zborysh. Our counterattack drove him out.

Rumanian Front: Last night the enemy attacked our positions northwest of Jazlovetz and occupied one height, but a counterattack restored the position.

In the direction of Ocna the fighting continues.

Yesterday the enemy conducted attacks north of Grosechti, near the factory of Staklerie, and in the region of Soveja. They were all repulsed by the Rumanians.

In the direction of Fokshani the Germans last night attacked on the Menestirora-Maranechti front without success.

Aviation: On the Riga coast one of our airplanes brought down a German hydroairplane, which fell into the sea.

BERLIN, Aug. 23, (via London.)—German forces yesterday occupied without fighting the Russian positions west of the River Aa to the Oding-Bigaun line, on the Riga front, according to the official announcement made today by the German War Department. The statement reads:

Eastern Theatre—Army Group of Prince Leopold of Bavaria: The Russians, after destroying villages by fire, have evacuated their positions to the west of the River Aa to the line of Oding-Bigaun. The region thus given up has been occupied by us without a fight.

Army Group of Archduke Joseph: Between the Rivers Pruth and Moldava fighting activity was more lively at places. North of Grosechti, in the Suchawa Valley, and near the Soveja, fresh enemy partial attacks which commenced after strong artillery preparation were without result.

Group of Field Marshal von Mackensen: There was no change.

RUSSIAN CABINET FACES A REVOLT

Conservative Opponents Discuss Reconstruction and Possibility of Military Dictatorship.

PETROGRAD, Aug. 23.—As the day approaches for the opening of the "extraordinary National Council" at Moscow the newspapers are full of speculation concerning expected dramatic announcements of events. Judging from present indication, the Congress is likely to take the form of a struggle of the Cabinet backed by the Socialist Left against the bourgeoisie consisting of Constitutional Democrats, discontented Moscow business men under their President, M. Riabushinsky, and dismissed Generals, who all agree in severely criticising the present course and policy and in demanding radical changes.

This view is taken by the Petrograd and Moscow press, which declare that if no agreement is reached between the contending groups open conflict must follow. First steps already have been taken toward vigorous and aggressive action by the malcontents. Among those who have arrived at Moscow are President Rodzianko of the Duma, A. J. Gushkoff, ex-President of the Duma; Professor Paul Milukoff, ex-Foreign Minister; A. I. Shingareff, V. A. Maklakoff, also the former Commanders in Chief of the Russian armies, Generals Alexieff and Brusiloff, who yesterday conferred with the leaders of the Moscow movement; M. Riabushinsky, ex-Mayor Tchelkokoff, ex-Minister of Trade A. I. Konovaloff, and Prince S. Troubetskoi. General Junenich, conqueror of Erzerum, and Ataman of the Cossacks arrived later.

Conferences were held under the Chairmanship of M. Rodzianko, at which the differences between the Government and the bourgeoisie were sharply emphasized, the only exception being made for Premier Kerensky, whom some of the speakers acclaim as capable of saving the country on the condition that he liberates himself from the Socialist and Council of Delegates control.

The press was excluded from the preliminary discussion and precautions were taken to prevent speeches being recorded, but it was stated these concerned the reconstruction of the Cabinet on the principle of strong power, the possibility of a military dictatorship, and the necessity of presenting the Cabinet with an ultimatum.

Prince Troubetskoi, in a sharp speech, attacked the Government, declaring the sacred revolution had fallen under the control of men who thinkers only of plundering the national riches and of their own interests. The Government, the speaker complained, was entirely in the hands of Petrograd. That was the chief evil, Petrograd being the centre of rottenness. Therefore, he said, it was imperatively necessary to transfer the capital to healthy Moscow. Prince Troubetskoi excepted only Premier Kerensky from general condemnation, but M. Ilin, a Moscow speaker, declared Premier Kerensky culpable owing to his association with those responsible for the present anarchy.

General Alexieff fiercely denounced the Socialist "Order No. 1," giving soldiers full liberty and abolishing saluting. The General also denounced Petrograd. General Brusiloff followed, declaring that he agreed with everything that General Alexieff had said.

Premier Kerensky will preside over the National Council. The list of the delegates has not yet been completed, but it is announced that there will be 100 representatives present from the Councils of Workmen's and Soldiers' and Peasants' Delegates, five from each of the nationalities, ten from the Cossack Council, fifteen from the Petrograd Municipality, fourteen from the Universities, and in addition delegates from Zemstvos, labor unions, Academies of Science and Arts, the Women's Unions, and the Orthodox Church.

The army will be represented by delegates from committees at the front and from other army committees. Lieut. Gen. Kornilloff, Commander in Chief of the Russian Army, will attend the council and deliver an address.

On behalf of the Government Premier Kerensky, Vice Premier Nekrasoff, Minister of the Interior Avskentieff, and Minister of Trade and Industry Prokopovitch will speak. No resolutions will be submitted to the conference for voting.

The Government has postponed until Nov. 25 the elections to the Constituent Assembly. The first meeting of the Assembly will not be held until Dec. 11.

ADELE PANKHURST SENT TO MELBOURNE JAIL

Suffragette Sentenced to One Month for an Anti-Conscription Demonstration.

LONDON, Aug. 23.—A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph from Melbourne says Adele Pankhurst, daughter of the English suffragette leader, was sentenced to a month's imprisonment today for a demonstration she started outside Parliament Building yesterday.

Adele Pankhurst for some time has figured in the "no conscription" propaganda in Australia. Several times meetings at which she was to speak have been broken up by soldiers, and at one or them Miss Pankhurst and other women engaged in the anti-conscription movement were struck in the face by stones thrown by soldiers and other persons.

REPORT LINER DESNA HAS BEEN TORPEDOED

Royal Mail Company's Vessel Last Reported as Leaving Bahia on July 2.

A SOUTH AMERICAN PORT, Aug. 23.—A dispatch received from Rio Janeiro says that there are persistent but unconfirmed rumors in circulation that the Royal Mail Steam Packet Company's steamer Desna has been torpedoed.

The liner Desna of the Royal Mail Steam Packet Company was last reported as having sailed from Bahia, Brazil, on July 2. She was 500 feet long and of 11,483 gross tons burden, and was built in 1912 at Belfast.

10,000-TON VESSEL IS SUNK.

Leyland Liner Devonian Destroyed in the War Zone by a U-Boat.

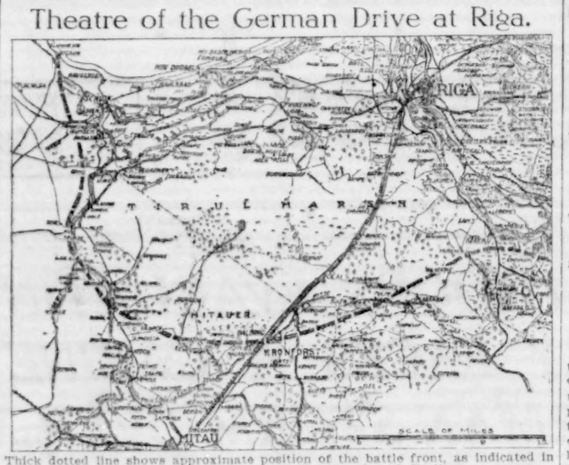
BOSTON, Aug. 23.—The Leyland liner Devonian, which left an Atlantic port on July 28, has been sunk, presumably by a German submarine. Officers of the line today confirmed the report that the vessel was lost, but said they had received no word as to the safety of the crew.

The Devonian carried a crew of sixty, and on her last trip out there were sixty-five American horse tenders aboard. Records at the British Consulate here showed that there were no Americans in the crew.

The Devonian, long in the Boston-Liverpool service, was the first armed ship to leave this port. Cable advices from Liverpool to the company here did not indicate whether the Devonian had departed for this side, although it was assumed that she was on a westbound voyage when sunk.

The Devonian, a vessel of 10,435 tons, was built at Belfast in 192[illegible]

Theatre of the German Drive at Riga.



Thick dotted line shows approximate position of the battle front, as indicated in the official dispatches from Petrograd and Berlin.

16,350 AUSTRIANS IN ITALIAN HANDS

Rome Reports Further Advances on Both Wings in Great Drive at Trieste.

ALL COUNTERATTACKS FAIL

London Hears That Everything of Value Is Being Removed from the Menaced City.

ROME, Aug. 23.—Furious fighting continues on the Isonzo front. The War Office announces further gains for the Italians on both the northern and southern wings. Austrian counterattacks of redoubled intensity are being beaten back by the Italians.

Following is the official announcement:

On the fourth day of the battle on the Julian front we again made considerable progress on the northern wing of the line and obtained new successes on the southern wing. The enemy is reacting strongly against our pressure and redoubling his counteroffensives. Our troops are repulsing his counterattacks from the positions captured and are gallantly proceeding toward realization of their objectives.

On the Carso the Pallanza Brigade has covered itself with glory. After having carried a strong position southwest of Dosso Faiti, this brigade has held it with heroic tenacity in three days of most bitter fighting.

The aerial arm co-operated in our success. Our airplanes and airships bombarded the enemy, dropping more than twelve tons of bombs.

Prisoners captured up to yesterday morning amount to about 350 officers and more than 16,000 men.

On the Trentino and Carnia fronts there was a recurrence of small local actions of limited importance.

A dispatch from Udine says that enemy losses during the first two days in the advance are calculated at 30,000 in killed, wounded, and prisoners.

LONDON, Aug. 23.—The Austrians are removing everything of value from Trieste to Vienna and other inland places, according to a Rome dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company.

BRITISH DEMAND BETTER AIR SERVICE

Newspapers Assert Germans May Get Upper Hand if Dual Management Continues.

LONDON, Aug. 23.—Renewed newspaper attempts to stir the Government to greater air activity have followed yesterday's air raid on the southeast coast of England. There also may be more demands for reprisals against the Germans since the bombing of pleasure resorts like Margate and Southend, which have no military or industrial establishments, arouses indignation even greater than was caused by the attacks on London.

The gist of the complaints is that although the fourth year of the war is beginning, the British Government has not awakened as much as has Germany to the importance of aerial warfare, nor kept abreast of the German designers in improved and powerful types of machines.

The Pall Mall Gazette says the British airmen are fighting superbly, but it notes with anxiety that their success seems to be achieved at a steadily growing cost, and that German airmen are fighting better than formerly and are showing an improvement in morale in every respect. The newspaper concludes:

"Unless there is speedily an official awakening to the reality of the position our future may be jeopardized."

One of the chief handicaps to the air service, according to most experts, is that it remains under a dual management, being a subordinate department of both the army and the navy. Even the defenses of England are under the divided control of these two services, and some critics allege the co-operation is not what it might be.

The Town Council of Southend has petitioned the Government for reprisals, and asks it "to give an assurance that the engineering of the scheme of reprisals will leave little doubt that the German civilians shall suffer to as great an extent as the civilians in England have suffered."

The Manchester Guardian expresses great dissatisfaction over what it terms British weakness in the air, and says that Great Britain's position should be such that an invasion of the United Kingdom by air would be as impossible as on the surface or by water.

"The air service," the newspaper continues, "comes into conflict with two great vested interests, that of the army and of the navy, who are both concerned to push their own solutions of our military difficulties, and regard the newcomer—air power—with a certain degree of jealousy. It must be put at the service of the nation and above any mere detrimental subordinations.

"Until the Air Ministry becomes a separate department of State, equal to the War Office and the Admiralty, we shall never realize all the value that is to be got out of it."

The newspaper concludes that if the Germans take the lead in the air Great Britain will be less well off than she was a year ago.

BERLIN, Aug. 23, (via London.)—In an aerial attack yesterday on the British coast military establishments at Margate, Ramsgate, and Dover were bombarded successfully, the War Office announces. In numerous aerial engagements the German shot down three airplanes. Two German machines have not returned.

Official announcement was made in London yesterday that ten German airplanes had dropped bombs on Dover, Margate, and Ramsgate. Eleven persons were killed and thirteen were injured.

Bernstorff's Nephew Is Captured.

PARIS, Aug. 23.—Among the 600 prisoners made in the hollow recesses of Dead Man Hill was a battalion commander with his staff, including Count Eugene Bernstorff, the nephew of the former German Ambassador to Washington.

May Postpone Stockholm Council.

STOCKHOLM, Aug. 23.—It is generally believed here that a postponement of the International Socialist Conference at Stockholm will be necessary in view of the meeting of the Entente Socialists in London. No premises have yet been engaged for the proceedings of the conference here.

TURKS FOR 3 MONTHS FOOLED BRITAIN

Asserted Their Neutrality, Although They Had Contracted War Alliance With Kaiser.

TREATY MADE AUG. 4, 1914

Sublime Porte's Duplicity Revealed by the Greek White Book Just Made Public.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Friday, Aug. 24.—Copies of the White Book laid before the Greek Chamber on Aug. 18 have not yet reached this country, but The Times points out that an Athens telegram to the Temps of Aug. 21 cites some interesting extracts which were not published in England and reveal the date, hitherto unknown, of the Turco-German Alliance.

On Aug. 4, 1914, Theotokis, the Greek Minister at Berlin, telegraphed Athens that the German Emperor had summoned him to an audience, read to him a telegram just received from King Constantine, and instructed him to reply as follows:

"The Emperor informs me that an alliance has this day been concluded between Germany and Turkey. Bulgaria and Rumania also are taking their stand alongside Germany. German warships in the Mediterranean are to join the Turkish fleet and act with it. By this action the King of the Hellenes will see that all the Balkan States have joined Germany in the struggle against Slavism."

Theotokis added:

"The Kaiser asks you to mobilize your army, place yourself at his side, and march with him hand-in-hand against Slavism and the common enemy. If Greece does not side with Germany there will be a complete breach between Greece and the empire. The Emperor added: 'What I ask today is the execution of what the two sovereigns have often discussed.'"

The next day Theotokis again telegraphed Constantine, saying Jagow had confirmed under seal of absolute secrecy the conclusion of an alliance between Germany and Turkey. Theotokis added that his impression was that the Emperor would not object to seeing Greece extend her territory at the cost of Serbia.

The Times, commenting on this "mortifying disclosure," says:

"King Constantine and his Ministers knew of the German-Turkish alliance before we began the war. The diplomacy of this country, with all its official sources, existed until the end of October. The Turks had actually to attack them before they would awaken to it. Our Ambassador at Constantinople was himself in England when the alliance was made, and he hurried back returned to Constantinople with general instructions to work with the Turkish 'moderates,' though the Turkish Government, as we now know, was already committed against us.

"So late as Oct. 12 his anxiety was lest we should do anything which the Turks might interpret as aggressive, and thus weaken the resistance which these moderates were offering to Enver."

After detailing occasions after the date of the signature of the treaty on which the Grand Vizier assured the Ambassador of Turkey's decision to observe strict neutrality, The Times concludes:

"We negotiated for three months with Turkey while Turkey was already a sworn ally of Germany."

Confirms Revelations by Gerard.

PARIS, Aug. 22, (Delayed.)—Jules Cambon, General Secretary to the French Ministry of Foreign Affairs, in an interview today with The Associated Press took up the question of the White Book just published by the Greek Government regarding the relations between Germany and Greece at the outbreak of the war while the former King Constantine was on the Hellenic throne. The documents contained in the White Book, M. Cambon said, confirmed the revelations made by James W. Gerard, former American Ambassador at Berlin, in his memoirs, recently made public. M. Cambon continued:

"The conversations of officials in Wilhelmstrasse with Mr. Theotokis (former Greek Minister to Germany) and the messages from Emperor William to King Constantine proved in an undeniable way the premeditation of war from the beginning of July, 1914. Whether the famous Government Council was held on the 5th or 6th of July, it is certain the German authorities were agreed to go to war and to escape the responsibility which rests upon them. The White Book is one of the most historical documents on the question of responsibility for the war."

ZEEBRUGGE ATTACKED FROM SEA AND AIR

British Warships and Airplanes Make Raid on German Submarine Base.

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 23.—British warships last evening bombarded the German submarine base at the Belgian port of Zeebrugge, according to the frontier correspondent of the Telegraaf.

LONDON, Aug. 23.—The important submarine base of Zeebrugge and other military objectives in Belgium were attacked yesterday by British airmen, the Admiralty announces.

"A bombing raid was made by naval aircraft Wednesday morning on the Zeebrugge mole, shipping, and batteries," the statement says. "Some hits were obtained. The Ghistelles airdrome also was bombed. There were explosions near the western shed and a fire was started. All the machines returned."

9 FRENCH STEAMERS SUNK.

Five Were of Over 1,600 Tons—3 Others Unsuccessfully Attacked.

PARIS, Wednesday, Aug. 22.—In the week ended Aug. 19 five French steamships of 1,600 tons or more were sunk by mines or submarines, according to the weekly official report. Four vessels under 1,600 tons were sunk.

No fishing ships were destroyed. Three attacks by submarines failed.

HARRY KURZ IS MISSING.

New Yorker, Since Imprisonment, Has Not Shown Up in France.

PARIS, Aug. 23.—American Aviation Headquarters had heard nothing of Harry Kurz of New York, who recently was sentenced to a month's imprisonment by the Correctional Court on a charge of being in France, although he had previously been expelled from the country because his parents were Austrians.

Since the expiration of his term of detention on Aug. 18, Kurz has not been on duty as Medical Examiner for Candidates for the Flying Corps.

Kurz, a graduate of Columbia University, New York, was expelled from France in June, 1916, but later returned there with a number of American Army aviators.

German Girls for Harvest.

BERNE, Aug. 23.—Numerous German girls employed in Switzerland as nurses and servants have received an official call to return home for harvest work. Others who are now in Germany for holidays are prevented from returning to positions in Switzerland for the same reason.

Grant Smith Acts in Egan's Place.

COPENHAGEN, Aug. 23.—Secretary Grant Smith has arrived here to take charge of the American Legation. This has been made necessary by the serious illness of the Minister, Dr. Maurice Egan.

DON'T TRUST GERMANS, GERARD TELLS IRISH

He Wishes They Could Have Seen How Irish Prisoners Were Maltreated.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 23.—James W. Gerard left Chicago tonight for Minneapolis, having canceled his Milwaukee engagement. The former Ambassador felt better this evening and continued his journey westward.

Before going Mr. Gerard took occasion to say that murder and organized starvation were features of the welcome that the Germans gave Irish prisoners.

"If the Irish people of Chicago could see, as I saw, the way the Irish prisoners were treated, if they could talk with the prisoners, if they could see the way they were dying in prison camps from starvation and tuberculosis, they would lose all sympathy for the Germans," said Mr. Gerard. "American prisoners probably will be treated the same way. The Germans care no more about the Irish than they do about the English. The Irish prisoners were collected in one camp at Limburg, about 2,500 of them. The Germans sent Sir Roger Casement to the camp to enlist for his Irish rebellion. He got about thirty men to go with him. When he went back to the camp for more volunteers the Irishmen chased him away and there was a near riot for a time.

"I got secret information from Germans that the guards were shooting and killing Irish prisoners. One prisoner was killed while I was trying to investigate the reported murder of another Irishman. The killing of one man was concealed from me, and there is no telling how many other Irishmen were shot down by their German guards.

"When I tried to get information I was informed that an investigation was under way, and I never was able to get any satisfactory explanation of the shootings. In one case the guard was exonerated and had the charming taste to attend the funeral of his victim. I made repeated demands to see the prisoners who were present when the men were killed, but was never able to make any headway."

Chicago detectives have been with Mr. Gerard almost constantly since he arrived here yesterday morning. Mr. Gerard says that he is not worried about threats of Germans.

KING GEORGE SENDS MESSAGE TO RUMANIA

Expresses Admiration for Deeds of Ferdinand's Troops and Encourages Them to Fight On.

LONDON, Aug. 23.—King George has sent a telegram to King Ferdinand of Rumania expressing admiration for the resistance the Rumanians and Russians are offering to the enemy and expressing confidence that their efforts will finally be rewarded. The text is as says:

"At this time when your Majesty is engaged in a bitter struggle in defense of your country, I desire to convey to you the admiration of the British people for the magnificent deeds which the allied armies under your command have fought and for the very gallant resistance they are making to the assault of the enemy.

"The British peoples are closely following the fortunes of the great battle now raging and trust in the valor of the Rumanian and Russian troops under the leadership of your Majesty to bring the enemy's efforts to naught.

"British forces in the west, co-operation with their gallant French comrades, are striking hard at the common enemy and will continue by all means in their power to render all possible assistance to your Majesty's forces, their allies."

POLISH REGIMENT DISBANDS.

Refuses to Fight Further as a Unit for Austria.

COPENHAGEN, Aug. 23.—The officers and men of the First Regiment of the Polish Legion have resigned in a body. The commander has published an order accepting the resignations and sending the regiment to Galicia to be disbanded.

Austrian subjects in the regiment will be placed at the disposition of the Austrian military authorities.

CANADIANS TAKE NEW GRIP ON LENS

Continued from Page 1.

the northwest earlier in the night also involved stiff hand-to-hand fighting. About the crassier are numerous shell-shattered buildings, many of which have been strongly fortified by the Germans. The Canadians this morning bombed their way systematically through these defenses, silencing the machine guns and clearing out the defenders.

"The Canadians thus far have not attempted to advance into the heart of Lens, but today's fighting was on the edge of the city proper, rather than in the suburbs. There seems to be no diminution in the strength of the Canadian attacks, despite the tremendous labor they have performed in the last few days. They have worked steadily and methodically, gradually weaving a net about the Germans, who live miserably in their underground positions within the city, which is rapidly approaching the point where it will furnish most inhospitable quarters for the enemy."

BERLIN, Aug. 23 (via London).—With the exception of two places east of St. Julien and on the Ypres-Lenin road, on the Belgian front, says the War Office, the German foremost trenches on a nine-mile fighting front near Ypres were completely maintained yesterday against British attacks. The day's bulletin says:

Army Group of Crown Prince Rupprecht.—After fruitless partial thrusts made in the past few days the English yesterday again proceeded to make great attacks between Langemarck and Hollebeke. The attacks continued throughout the day and led into the night and led to heavy fighting. At many places the English pushed forward by the use of reinforcements as many as six times against our lines. Again and again they were driven back by our troops after stubborn hand-to-hand fighting.

Of the numerous tanks, which were intended to facilitate the infantry in the penetration of our positions, the majority were put out of action by our fire. With the exception of two places east of St. Julien and on the Ypres - Menin road, our foremost trenches on the fifteen-kilometer fighting front were completely maintained.

After a short spell of drumfire against Lens this morning advancing enemy detachments were repulsed. Further fighting still is in progress here.

GERMAN SLAUGHTER AT LENS.

Prussian Guard Suffer Heavily When They Counterattack.

By PHILIP GIBBS.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WAR CORRESPONDENTS' HEADQUARTERS, Aug. 23.—The result of yesterday's fighting southeast of St. Julien and down to Inverness Copse was summarized in last night's official message from the Commander in Chief, and so far there is not much more to tell. It is hard fighting by small bodies of British troops, who are making separate assaults upon these pillboxes which the enemy has scattered about his advanced positions for the protection of isolated garrisons of machine gunners and arranged in such a way that they are able to support each other, so that when one of these forts is attacked the ground of approach is swept by bullets from the other positions enfilading it.

By great individual courage and the leadership of young officers several of these concrete blockhouses were captured. Others, however, are still holding out and form the advanced posts of the German counterattacks launched against our men who have seized ground of vital importance to the enemy's main defense. That is the situation in a nutshell, as we say, but it is a nutshell containing a lot of blood, a lot of heroism, and all the fate of many fine lads.

The hardest ground to take and hold, if there is any comparison in the severity of these battles, is that by Glencorse Wood and Inverness Copse, where the country rises to clawlike ridges, which hold the plains on the British side in their grip. These heights are a natural barrier of the enemy's lines eastward, which he must hold with all his weight to keep the door shut against the British. He is holding it with all the weight he can spare in men and guns, and is hurling his counterattacks against our men every time they make progress which threatens the main positions. Nevertheless, our troops gained yesterday the line which runs half way through Inverness Copse and about Glencorse Wood, and the enemy has been severely shaken.

On the day when it is possible to get in and around Lens, the veil will be torn from the charnel houses, or rather from the human charnel houses, which none of us may yet enter or see through the drifting smoke. Yesterday I looked down on Lens and saw its roofless buildings and gaping walls, but could only guess at the scenes which are hidden below the ground. There in the tunnels where the Germans assemble for their counterattacks against the Canadians, and to which they drag back their dead and wounded, those places must reek with the smell of death, for the losses of the Prussian Guards during the last few days and of the other divisions who come up against the Canadians have been, I am told and believe, enormous.

The Canadians tell me their troops never had harder or more prolonged fighting. Every hundred yards of ground they have taken, and during last week or so they have taken a thousand yards of open country and ruined the streets in and about the mining cities until they have forced their way into Lens itself, has been contested by desperate fighting and held against unceasing counterattacks delivered by great bodies of picked German troops supported by monstrous bombardments. It is a wonderful tribute to the Canadians and to their grim tenacity that, after all the repeated counterattacks against them and after storms of fire from batteries which increased in number every day, they hold their lines around Lens intact, as they stood on Aug. 15 and 16, and have gained entry into the streets of Lens and swung southward with increasing pressure.

Lens is packed tight with German troops. They belong to the Fourth Guards Division and latterly to the First Guards Reserve, the crack division of the German army which had a month's rest at Cambrai before being sent into this slaughter house of Lens. For although that city is tunneled throughout, all the cellars being linked up and strengthened with massive concrete so that even heavy shells cannot pierce down to them, the men cannot fight in tunnels if they are on the offensive and must get out of them to make their counterattacks. It is at those times that they suffer more hideously than in any other battle.

Our airplanes are always watching for these assemblies. They reported a mass of men in a certain square of Lens the day before yesterday. Our guns were turned on them, not only the field guns, but the heavies up to those howitzers of ours which could batter down a massive fortress. After a few rounds men under fire of such shells as those things send do not escape in great numbers. Most of them die. The Prussians in the square of Lens were caught by this hurricane of fire, and if they could get into the tunnels many were blown to bits.

FOE'S FRONT SHAKY, GEN. MAURICE SAYS

Comments on "Painful Lack of Veracity" of Recent German Official Statements.

MEANT TO DECEIVE PEOPLE

Allies on Western Front Have Taken 32,500 Prisoners Since the End of July.

LONDON, Aug. 23.—In an interview today Major Gen. Frederick B. Maurice, Chief Director of the War Intelligence Office, commented on "the painful lack of veracity" of recent German War Office bulletins and said that the tone of these statements "shows that the high command feels strongly the necessity of coloring all recent operations with a brush that will buck up and encourage the faltering German people." In the same connection he spoke of "the wabbling military situation" which the Teutons faced.

General Maurice, discussing with The Associated Press the fields of operations, remarked that the German offensive on the Riga front had "only just started and thus far has accomplished nothing," and "there are no indications at present of big adverse developments." In Russia. He said the French and British were proceeding on methodical lines as before on the west front, while the Italian offensive bade fair to result in "a victory of the first magnitude."

"In the last three days the Entente Allies on the western front have taken 25,000 prisoners and since July 31 they have taken 32,500 prisoners," said General Maurice. "I am confident that before the end of August we will have topped the figure of 40,000 which the Germans claim to have taken in a month on the Russian front, although their total undoubtedly is composed, by at least half, of mere stragglers from the mutinous and disorganized Russian units."

General Maurice continued:

"The temporary disorganization on the Russian front has not been as serious in effect as the Entente Allies had feared and as the Germans had hoped. A German push through in Moldavia and in South Galicia would have had serious results, for it would have involved certain strategic retirements on other parts of the line; but the Germans made no headway there, and the Russians are fighting well.

"The Germans now have begun offensives on the Riga front, but the operation has only just started and thus far has accomplished nothing.

"Summing up the whole operations on the Russian front since the Russian retirement began, it may be said that the Germans achieved only local successes, and there are no indications at present of big adverse developments."

Discussing the situation on the British front in France and Belgium, General Maurice said:

"We still are in the midst of a battle. Battles nowadays last two or three months instead of a day or two, as in the old times. Trying to predict the result from the achievements thus far is like judging the battle of Waterloo at 4 o'clock or at any other time of the o'clock in the morning. When we get to 4 o'clock in Flanders we can probably say whether we are likely to obtain a decisive victory.

"We are carrying out our campaign in France and Flanders on the same careful, methodical plan which I have often explained to you. Each move is made against strictly limited objectives, beyond which we do not attempt to go. In the case of the fighting which began Aug. 16 the objective was even more limited than usual, owing to the unfavorable condition of the ground. But we got what we wanted and settled ourselves there for the next move.

"At Lens we are now right into the town on the southwest and northwest boundaries.

"The Germans are fighting very hard and very well. This is particularly true of their troops on the British front, where they have brought up reserves from the French front. How hard they fought we learned by the fact that they have had to employ many more divisions than we, and that they have been compelled to withdraw more than twice as many divisions as we on account of exhaustion or losses.

"The Germans have not only brought up plentiful reserves against the British thrust, but also great quantities of artillery. When signs of our Flanders offensive first appeared on the horizon they transferred all the good airplanes they had on the Russian front to Flanders, but without helping the air situation much.

"The withdrawal of German reserves from the French front undoubtedly made the French Verdun push easier, and this was naturally one of the things taken into account by the Allies. The French attack at Verdun, I may say, is being carried out according to the same methodical plans as ours in the north. In their first attack they gained about three-fourths of their objectives, leaving the other one-fourth to be cleaned up later by local operations.

"On the Italian front also we have had a notable success this week. The battle there is still in progress and little need be said until it develops further. From the professional point of view I may say, however, that the Italians have already gained an important victory, which gives promise of developing presently into a victory of the first magnitude.

"In conclusion I might say a word about the German communiques of the last fortnight. It is unnecessary to draw any further attention to their painful lack of veracity, which is so completely demonstrated by the Langemarck fiasco. But for us all there is a note of encouragement in the tone of these wobbly statements. They show that the high command feels strongly the necessity of coloring all recent operations with a brush which will buck up and encourage the faltering German people. It is necessary to use any means to assure the Germans that everything that happens is a victory. Von Ludendorff claims a victory every day, whichever way his army is moving or is being moved.

"The German people are not starving, but are in a sad state of discomfort—food none to plentiful, soaps and fats lacking, the coal supply short and railway traffic breaking down. The people need every word of encouragement that Von Ludendorff and Michaelis can extract from the wabbling military situation."

TO AID ITALY'S WOUNDED.

Red Cross Commission Will Operate with Government's Approval.

PARIS, Aug. 23.—The American Red Cross Commission to Italy, headed by Lieut. Col. George Baker, Jr., of New York, will leave Paris for Rome in a few days. In Rome it will study the feasibility of the establishment of base hospitals and ambulance units for the prompt collection and treatment of the ill and wounded.

The commission also plans to establish relief stations at several seaports for the care of those suffering from injuries sustained in naval warfare on the Adriatic and Mediterranean. The commission will operate with the assistance and approval of the Italian Government.

AIRMEN KILLED 30 IN HOSPITAL RAID

Continued from Page 1.

number of the prisoners, many of whom are 18 or 19 years of age. They all declared themselves most contented at being out of the war.

NEW YORK NURSE INJURED.

Believed Here Miss MacDonald Was Hurt by German Airmen.

A private cable message received in this city yesterday stated that Miss Beatrice Mary MacDonald, one of the New York nurses in the Presbyterian Hospital unit that sailed for France last Spring, had been wounded near Verdun. The message failed to give full details, but her friends believe that she was one of those injured when German aviators dropped bombs on two hospitals at Verdun last Sunday evening.

Miss MacDonald was struck on the head by flying pieces of shell and it was thought for a time she would die. After being removed to the hospital at Boulogne, however, her condition was not more serious than had been feared, the message said. She had been badly cut about the head and would be confined to her bed for several weeks, but there was no doubt of her recovery. At the worst, the message said, the sight of one of her eyes might be impaired, but the physicians hoped to be able to save her from this.

Miss MacDonald is the sister of Major Ronald MacDonald, a physician of Summerside, Prince Edward Island, Canada, who enlisted in the Medical Reserve Corps early in the war. She is well known here and has two sisters in the city who are also nurses.

At the time she enlisted in the Presbyterian Hospital unit, which was organized at Columbia University, she was secretary to Dr. George Emerson Brewer, later appointed director of the unit. She was living at 776 Lexington Avenue, and was one of twenty-three nurses chosen to accompany Dr. Brewer to France. She was selected partly because she had seen service in France after the beginning of the war, having been a nurse for several months at Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney's Hospital near Paris.

The message received yesterday came from a friend who did not want his name made public, and was addressed to a person who had known Miss MacDonald for many years. This person at been told," said Miss Claire MacDonald one of the sisters of the injured girl, who is a trained nurse at Roosevelt Hospital.

"All I know about it is what I've been told," said Miss Claire MacDonald last night. "The message did not come to me, and all I know is that Beatrice was hurt. I understand, however, that she will recover.

"The sister said that her other sisters had recently gone to visit her parents at Summerside. She and her father and mother were at once notified.

VERDUN BATTLE ENDING, FRENCH AIMS ARE WON

More Than 7,600 Prisoners Have Been Taken by Petain's Forces in Present Drive.

PARIS, Aug. 23.—The French objectives north of Verdun appear to have been attained and tonight's official report states that calm prevailed on that front outside of some artillery fire. The number of prisoners taken since the present offensive began is 7,639, according to the War Office. The French last night captured a fortified German position north of Mortment Farm.

The day bulletin says:

The German artillery was very active north of the Aisne, especially in the sector between Braye-en-Laonnois and Hurtebise. Several enemy attacks in the regions of Laffaux Mill, Ailles and Cerny were repulsed.

On the left bank of the Meuse (Verdun front) our artillery, which had the upper hand, was very active during the night. On the right bank of the river a detail operation enabled us to reduce a small point of resistance of the enemy north of Mortment Farm. We took seventeen prisoners.

The number of prisoners taken since Aug. 20 has reached 7,639, including 185 officers and 900 wounded. The captured material listed includes twenty-four cannon of all calibres and more than 200 machine guns, in addition to nine cannon which were destroyed.

There is nothing to report from the remainder of the front.

The night bulletin says:

Calm prevailed along the whole front.

There was reciprocal artillery activity on both sides of the Meuse.

In the region east of Altkirch our artillery caught under its fire a German Drachen, which was brought down in flames.

An Associated Press dispatch from the grand headquarters of the French Army, sent last night, says:

"The testimony of prisoners shows that the Germans intended to hold the left bank of the Meuse at all costs. The regiments stationed there were ordered to die at their posts, if necessary. Many did so, while what remained of them were captured. Over two

RED CARDS TO CALL DRAFT ARMY TO DUTY

These Will Be Mailed to First Third of New York's Quota Before Sept. 5.

GIVE FINAL INSTRUCTIONS

Selectives Who Fail to Respond Will Automatically Become Army Deserters.

The "red cards" which will be used to order the men selected for the National Army to report for military duty and to make all necessary preparations to depart for their designated cantonments were mailed to the Chairmen of the 189 New York City local district boards last night. The cards were received from the War Department late yesterday afternoon and the work of preparing for the mobilization of the first third of New York City's quota of about 20,000 men will begin today. About 40,000 cards were sent to the various boards last night, and the boards are under orders to be ready to have the cards properly filled out the moment the word "mobilize" is flashed from the office of Provost Marshal General Enoch H. Crowder in Washington.

Deputy Attorney General Roscoe S. Conkling, in charge of the draft examinations in New York City, conferred with General Crowder in Washington yesterday morning, and returned to New York last night. He said Sept. 5, which is not late when the first third of the National Army is expected to be called for service, is only a tentative date, and that if the War Department so desires it can order the first third of the men mobilized as far ahead of that date as it sees fit. However, he added that in his opinion Sept. 3 would be the date of the mobilization.

The cards will name the dates on which the men are to report for service, and on that date the recipients will automatically pass from civil to military life and will be subject only to the orders of their military superiors.

To Send 13,000 Cards First.

About 13,000 New Yorkers will be called to the colors with the first third of the National Army. With only a few exceptions every board in the city has obtained more than two-thirds of its required total and the city's first quota can be called to service at any time the Government desires. As fast as the men selected for service are certified by the District Board, which is a formality requiring very little time, these men are subject to call. The cards for the first third of the quotas will be immediately made out and held ready for mailing whenever General Crowder gives the word.

The "red cards" read:

By direction of the Secretary of War, you are hereby ordered to report to the office of this Local Board at ... m. on the ... day of ...., 191.., for military duty and for transportation to the Army mobilization camp at ..... Unless the date and place specified for you to report, you will be in the military service of the United States and subject to military law. Failure to report or unpunctuality are grave military offenses punishable by court martial. Willful failure to report with intention to evade military service constitutes desertion, which is a capital offense in time of war. Present yourself at the precise hour specified in order that you may not begin your military record in the service of your country with a delinquency.

You will be held under the orders of this board until the hour of departure of your train. During this period the Local Board will furnish you food and lodging. If you live within one hour's travel of the office of the Local Board, you may obtain permission to sleep and eat at home, but only if you fill out and forward to the office of the Local Board at once the printed application for this permission at the end of this sheet.

You will not be permitted to take with you on the train anything but hand luggage. You do not need bedding or changes of clothing except as specified below. You may take with you only the following articles: Soap, shaving accessories, razor and brush, toothbrush and toothpowder, towels, underclothing and socks, and, if you desire, changes of collars and shirts, but you will have no use for these after arrival at the mobilization camp.

Since you will not be permitted to retain any trunks after your arrival at the railroad station, the articles listed above should be brought in a hand bundle.

If you desire to do so, you may return the civilian clothes you are wearing when you arrive at the mobilization camps to your home by express or otherwise, but if you desire to make no such arrangement it will be better to appear in civilian clothes that you do not care to keep.

With the official notification the men will also receive a return postcard which they will fill out and return to their boards. On these cards they will notify the boards whether they wish to remain at their home "during the period I will be under the orders of the Local Board prior to entrainment." The selected man will also inform his board how he can be reached by telephone, and will certify that at no time will he be "more than an hour's journey from the office of the Local Board."

Failure to Respond Is Desertion.

The names of the men who have failed to report for examination, or who have appeared and refused to be examined, are now being placed on what is known as the "red slips, or lists." Every board is compiling three of these lists, one for the District Board, another for the Department of Justice, and a third for the Adjutant General of the State. On receipt of the list the Adjutant General will notify every man whose name appears on the list to appear for examination at a certain designated place and time. The address will in every instance be that which appears on the registration card of the delinquent.

These lists will be brought up to date every week, and will be certified to Adjt. Gen. McCain, in Washington, every Monday morning. The men will be officially listed as "persons called for examination, who did not appear, and have not been exempted or discharged." These men who ignore the country's call, in the event they fail to respond when given a last chance by the Adjutant General of the State, will automatically become deserters from the army, and will be subject to arrest on sight and prosecution before a military court-martial. Any civilian who brings about the arrest of a deserter will receive a reward of $50 for each man whose apprehension he obtains.

With a view to assisting the District Board in its work of passing upon exemption claims where persons drafted appeal from the decision of the local boards, Roger B. Wood, who is directing the work of the lawyers assigned to the 189 local boards in this city, telegraphed each of them yesterday to state their own opinion as to whether exemption should be granted in forwarding the appeal to the District Board. He also asked them to state their reasons for believing the local board should be reversed when they are of that opinion.

In addition Mr. Wood asked that when an appeal is sent the time be marked upon it and that they be forwarded in their proper order, so as to be taken up in consecutive order and passed upon by the District Board.

Dr. Henry Seligman of 740 Driggs Avenue, and Lazarus Jacobson of 170 South Third Street, who are charged with having trafficked in exemptions from the new National Army, were released from Raymond Street Jail in Brooklyn yesterday upon bail of $5,000 each. The men pleaded not guilty when arraigned before Commissioner McGoldrick, and a hearing was set for Sept. 10.

66 DISTRICTS COMPLETE.

9,205 Men Required to Fill the Full Quotas.

With only two districts missing, 54 in Brooklyn and 162 in Manhattan, reports from 187 of the 189 local exemption boards indicate that New York City has obtained more than 25,000 of its quota of 38,572 men for the national army. Reports from 167 districts were printed in yesterday's TIMES. Twenty of the twenty-two missing districts are accounted for in the table printed below. These reports indicate that the 187 districts need about 9,205 men to complete their quotas. The two missing districts will probably increase this number by about 100. This makes with yesterday's report sixty-six districts which have obtainer their full quotas for the national army.

The reports received yesterday are as follows:

Dist.	Quota.	No. Exam'd.	No. Phys'ly Fit.	Disch'd Claim'd.	Exemp-tion or Disch'd.	No. Needed Quota.
29	228	800	543	300	0	0
35	198	458	345	289	49	0
36	273					0
40	219					0
45	210	564	412	224	0	0
49	288	490	285	104	25	0
115	172	391	256	125	0	0
127	186	544	317	109	0	0
132	181	1,000	786	451	0	0
133	179	840	428	275	26	0
135	237	652	354	247	0	0
137	230	653	689	535	4	0
146	206				127	
151	213	770	450	500	0	
154	159	718	428	250	50	
156	214	439	318	190	86	
158	172				0	
167	228	874	452	700	0	
181	158	495	400	237	65	
187	189				24	

7TH REGIMENT WINS PRAISE OF BELGIANS

Baron Moncheur and His Associates Enthusiastic After Review in Central Park.

5,000 WELCOME VISITORS

Mission Guests at Informal Luncheon at Claremont Inn and Dinner at Ritz-Carlton.

More than 5,000 persons gave an enthusiastic greeting to the members of the Belgian Mission yesterday morning when Baron Moncheur, head of the mission, and his associates reviewed the Seventh Regiment on South Field, just west of the Mall in Central Park. The scene was typically suggestive of America's co-operation in the world war and the entire regiment in its olive drab uniform looked fit for any service to which it might be called. Lord Aberdeen, in the full uniform of a British officer, accompanied the reviewing party.

After the staff of the regiment, headed by Colonel Fisk, with Major Gen. Daniel Appleton, had been presented to the Belgians, Colonel Fisk saluted the national and regimental colors in the centre of the field while the regiment stood at attention. The soldiers marched around the field, passing the reviewing stand on the lawn at the eastern end of the field. Baron Moncheur, in civilian garb, returned the salute as each Captain with his well-equipped company marched by. The members of the commission paid a high tribute to the soldierly appearance of the men.

At the close of the review the Belgian Mission, with other invited guests, motored to the Metropolitan Club, and from there they went to the Claremont Inn, where they were the guests at luncheon of George T. Wilson of the Mayor's Reception Committee. Besides Baron Moncheur, the other members of the mission were Count d'Ursel, Lieut. Gen. Leclercq of the Belgian Army, and Major Osterlyeth.

The luncheon was informal, with no set speeches. George T. Wilson presided. Baron Moncheur proposed a toast to President Wilson, referring to him as the greatest friend in the United States to the Belgian people. Mr. Wilson responded with a toast to the King of Belgium. Colonel Fisk proposed a toast to the Belgian Mission and Lord Aberdeen toasted the Seventh Regiment. After the luncheon Lieut. Gen. Leclercq praised the personnel of the Seventh Regiment.

"I was particularly interested to note," said he, "that, while the Seventh Regiment men marched with the precision of well-trained soldiers, they seemed to have a suppleness and ease that is lacking in European troops on parade."

"They have everything but the goose-step," laughingly replied Colonel Fisk. The ranks of the Seventh were reduced by 360 men, who were sent several days ago to the Sixty-ninth regiment, as part of its war strength quota.

Others present at the luncheon were Major Gen. Frederick Appleton, Mayor Fails, U. S. A.; Lieutenant Burleigh, U. S. A.; Pay Director Littlefield, U. S. N.; Lieutenant Fancher, U. S. A.; Captain Cook, U. S. A.; Lieut. Col. McLean of the Seventh Regiment, Thomas L. Chadbourne, Jr., and Philip J. McCook, Chairman and Vice Chairman, respectively, of the Mayor's Committee on National Defense; Colonel Sternberger, and Park Commissioner Cabot Ward.

The members of the Belgian Mission closed their day's activities by a dinner at the Ritz-Carlton Hotel last night tendered by a number of their fellow-countrymen who are residents of New York. Pierre Mali, the Belgian Consul in New York, head of the Committee of Arrangements, acted as toastmaster. Short addresses were made by Baron Moncheur, Louis de Sadeleer, Minister of State of Belgium; M. de Cartier de Marchienne, Belgian Minister at Washington; Lieut. Gen. Leclercq, and Senator Lafontaine of Liége.

At the request of the commission no reporters were admitted, as it was explained that the members wished their reception in this country to be as unostentatious as possible. It was explained by Consul Mali that the speeches could not in fact be called such, but that they took more the form of ordinary after-dinner conversations. Ninety-five guests were present.

At the Van Cortlandt Park camp yesterday representatives of the Daughters of the American Revolution presented a motor ambulance to the Second Brigade Headquarters. The Seventy-first Regiment's quota for the Sixty-ninth, 250 men, chosen from the various companies, left Van Cortlandt Park yesterday for Camp Mills, at Mineola, L. I.

The men of the 165th Regiment drilled and "hiked" yesterday. In addition to the daily military work, some of the men are continuing athletic training. The men, too, have started classes for the study of French. In fact, the troopers have no idle minutes.

A club for men in the navy is to be opened at 81 and 83 Sands Street, Brooklyn, by the New York Branch of the Woman's Section of the Navy League. It will be under the general supervision of Mrs. William P. Hamilton, Chairman of the Recreation Committee, and Mrs. Maude Canfield, Chairman of the Brooklyn Committee of the Woman's Section of the Navy League.

A committee of business men, co-operating with The Evening Post, has completed arrangements for a dinner to all the troops at Van Cortlandt Park, Pelham Bay Park, Mineola, and at seven armories, on Wednesday, Aug. 29. The provisions represent voluntary gifts of the wholesale merchants of the city. Forty thousand pounds of turkey have been contributed through the Surplus Commodities Corporation. Plans have arranged what is to be known as a "little gambol" for each encampment and armory. A formal dinner will be served at the Biltmore on the same evening to Major Gen. John F. O'Ryan and the officers of his staff and other invited guests.

FIRE AT AMERICAN CAMP.

Troops in France Confine Blaze to Stable for Mules.

By The Associated Press.

AMERICAN TRAINING CAMP IN FRANCE, Aug. 23.—There was great excitement late last night in a small French village, where a contingent of American troops is billeted, when a fire started in the army mule stables and threatened to spread through the place. The soldiers formed a brigade with buckets and an ancient hand-pump fire engine, with which they confined the blaze to the stables. Seven Missouri mules perished.

So many troopers gathered on the top of a house adjoining the stables that the roof gave way, but all the men escaped serious injury.

LANE SAYS WE FIGHT TO SAVE AMERICA

Brochure by Cabinet Member Gives Administration's Views of Why We Are at War.

FORCED ON US BY GERMANY

Declares Neutrality Made Us Apologists for Things That Outraged Humanity.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.—A brochure issued tonight by the Committee on Public Information contains a statement by Franklin K. Lane, the Secretary of the Interior, in explanation of the objects sought by the United States in its war against Germany.

Secretary Lane's statement is entitled: "Why We Are Fighting Germany," and voices the views of the Administration.

"Ours is a war of self-defense," asserts Secretary Lane. "We did not wish to fight Germany. She made the attack upon us; not on our shores, but on our ships, our lives, our rights, our future. For two years and more we held to a neutrality that made us apologists for things which outraged man's common sense of fair play and humanity. At each new offense—the invasion of Belgium, the killing of civilian Belgians, the attacks on Scarborough, and other defenseless towns, the laying of mines in neutral waters, the fencing off of the seas—and on and on through the months we said: 'This is war; archaic, uncivilized war, but war.' All rules have been thrown away, all nobility; man has come down to the primitive brute. And while we cannot justify we will not intervene. It is not our war."

"Then why are we in? Because we could not keep out. The invasion of Belgium, which opened the war, led to the invasion of the United States by slow, steady, logical steps. Our sympathies evolved into a conviction of self-interest. Our love of fair play ripened into alarm at our own peril.

"We talked in the language and in the spirit of good British and American sportsmanship. We talked as men talk who honest men should talk, until we discovered that our talk was construed as cowardice. And Mexico was called upon to invade us. We talked as men would talk who cared alone for peace and the advancement of their own material interests, until we discovered that we were thought to be a nation of mere money makers, devoid of all character—until, indeed, we were told that we could not walk the high seas, we Americans, without permission of a Prussian soldier; that our ships might not sail without wearing a striped uniform of humiliation upon a narrow path of national subservience. We talked as men talk who hope for honest agreement, not for war, until we found that the treaty torn to pieces at Liége was but the symbol of a policy that made agreements worthless against a purpose that knew no word but success.

War to Save America.

"And so we came into this war for ourselves. It is a war to save America—to preserve self-respect, to justify our right to live as we have lived, not as some one else wishes us to live. In the name of freedom we challenge with ships and men, money, and an undaunted spirit that word 'verboten' which Germany has written upon the sea and upon the land.

"For America is not the name of so much territory, it is a living spirit, born in travail, grown in the rough school of bitter experiences, a living spirit which has purpose and pride and conscience; knows why it wishes to live and to what end, knows how it comes to be respected of the world, and hopes to retain that respect by living on with the light of Lincoln's love of man as its Old and New Testament. It is more precious that this America should live than that we Americans should live. And this America, as we now see, has been challenged from the first of this war by the strong arm of a power that has no sympathy with our purpose and will not hesitate to destroy us if the law that we respect, the rights that are to us sacred, or the spirit that we have, stand across her set will to make this world bow before her policies, backed by her organized and scientific military system. The world of Christ—a neglected but not a rejected Christ—has come again face to face with the world of Mahomet, who willed to win by force.

"The statement then enumerates the outrages against Belgium and France; the Lusitania sinking and the attack on the Sussex; speaks of the terror Germany spread upon the seas, and continues:

"We believed Germany's promise that she would respect the neutral flag and the rights of neutrals, and we held our anger and outrage in check. But now we see that she was holding us off with fair promises until she could build her huge fleet of submarines. For when Spring came she blew her promise into the air, just as at the beginning she had torn up that 'scrap of paper.' Then we saw clearly that there was but one law for Germany—her will to rule.

Filled Cities with Spies.

"We are fighting Germany because she violated our confidence, paid German spies filled our cities. Officials of her Government, received as the guests of this nation, lived with us to bribe and terrorize, defying our law and the law of nations.

"We are fighting Germany because while we were yet her friends—the only great power that still held hands off—she sent the Zimmermann note, calling on Mexico, our southern neighbor, and hoping to lure Japan, our Western neighbor, into war against this nation of peace.

"The nation that would do these things proclaims the gospel that Government has no conscience. And this doctrine cannot live, or else democracy must die. For the nations of the world must keep faith. There can be no living for us in a world where the state has no conscience, no reverence for the things of the spirit, no respect for international law, no mercy for those who fall before its force. What an unordered world! Anarchy! The anarchy of rival wolf packs!

"We are fighting Germany because in this war feudalism is making its last stand against oncoming democracy. We see it now. This is a war against an old spirit, an ancient, outworn spirit."

MURPHY OPENS WAY TO SWING TO HEARST

Continued from Page 1.

position on the part of Mayor Mitchel's friends to raise this issue, let me dispose of it, so far as I am concerned, with this very definite statement, and I cannot make it too emphatic:

"I have not found that any man has a monopoly on patriotism. I would be ashamed to try to make political capital out of my loyalty, but if any man questions it he will not find it a healthy pastime. Our citizens, with few exceptions, are loyal to the United States. I do not want the support of any man who does not hold the interest of America to be the supreme consideration. Let us not obscure the real issues of the campaign. One of them is the record of the Mitchel administration. Has it been honest, non-partisan, uncontrolled and business like? On that issue there certainly is ground for debate."

Judson G. Wall for Controller.

It was announced yesterday that Judson G. Wall, head of Judson G. Wall & Sons, investment bankers of 10 Wall Street, would be the candidate for Controller in the Republican primary on the ticket headed by ex-Senator William M. Bennett. He was substituted yesterday for William H. Douglass, who was slated for Controller on the original Cropsey ticket.

Hearst Confined to His Room.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 23.—William R. Hearst has been confined to his hotel for two weeks with what is said by his secretary to be a cold. He was up and out for a few minutes today, and is expected to be fully recovered in a few days. His physicians have ordered complete rest and freedom from business. No statement can be had from him on his plans for the New York Mayoralty nomination.

SULLIVANS TURN FROM TAMMANY TO MITCHEL

"Big Tim's" Organization Denounces Murphy and His Methods, and Declares for Fusion.

The revolt of the Sullivan clan against Tammany Hall was proclaimed last night at a meeting of the Sullivan Club at Arlington Hall, in East Eighth Street. About 200 members of the club were present, and heard fiery speeches denouncing Charles F. Murphy and Tammany methods. Resolutions were adopted by acclamation denouncing Murphy and the methods of his inner cabinet. Abner Greenberg, the present Tammany Assemblyman from the Tenth District, presided, and predicted, amid cheers, the downfall of Tammany Hall. There was loud applause at every mention of the name of Mayor Mitchel. The resolutions, offered by Patrick H. Sullivan, President of the club, were, in part, as follows:

Whereas, Tammany Hall today is run by Charles F. Murphy and his "insiders" in the interests only of this selfish group and the corporations they favor instead of the loyal Tammany workers; and

Whereas, this little coterie of greedy men, being utterly out of touch with the progressive principles of democracy as expressed by President Wilson, so dominates the Democratic Party in New York City as to openly order "the knife" for President Wilson and decent Democrats who ran for office; and

Whereas, Mr. Murphy and his select Cabinet now attempt to create the bunco issue of the rich against the poor, and this despite the fact that Mr. Murphy spends his time on his fine country estate at Good Ground or in gilded private dining rooms at Delmonico's, where your shoe sinks two inches into velvet carpets and cigars don't come two for five; and

Whereas, in spite of the wicked class-hatred issues of rich against poor raised by the obscure tool picked by Murphy and McCooey to handle the affairs of the wealthiest city in the world, Murphy went right over to Fifth Avenue to get his candidate for Sheriff in the person of David H. Knott, who lives at 43 Fifth Avenue, and thereby threw aside the earnest Tammany leaders whose rewards in the past have been selections for offices like Shrievalty; and

Whereas, Murphy and McCooey with their paper and faking "leagues" and "committees" now try to pull the wool over the people on the issue of New York's poor, notwithstanding the fact that Mayor Mitchel has been the poor man's friend, for example in providial places on newsstands for the blind, crippled, and invalids, that these may not become public charges; and

Whereas, Murphy and McCooey brazenly picked a ticket of unknowns in Delmonico's just as they did four years ago, although Murphy and McCooey rigged up a fraudulent "fusion" crowd who never belonged to Tammany Hall to deceive honest Tammany Democrats into the belief that such men as Hylan, Knott, and Craig, &c., are "the people's choice," in spite of the fact that every one knows that Murphy is working for himself all the time and wants only four years of good pickings in the City Government before he "retires," and

Whereas everybody knows Mayor Mitchel has been honest, sincere, fearless, and capable in giving a non-partisan government which all the big men of New York City voted the "best New York has ever had;" therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Sullivan Club, in meeting assembled, does hereby withdraw from Tammany Hall and pledges its efforts and its votes to a man to re-elect the ticket headed by Mayor Mitchel.

Assemblyman Greenberg, in denouncing the rule of Murphy, said that the action of the Sullivan Club was the beginning of an organized movement to wipe Tammany Hall off the political map. The men in the movement, he said, stood for equal opportunity in politics and wanted to sit in the councils of the party as a matter of right and not by favor of Charles F. Murphy. He said he was refused a renomination because he refused to take orders from the Assembly minority leader when he thought the minority leader was wrong. The county ticket headed by Mitchel was just been chosen he characterized as a disgrace which no decent Democrat could discuss without apologizing for.

The Sullivans have been identified with Tammany Hall for thirty-eight years, from the time that "Big Tim" first became the leader of the old Third District. This district is now the Eighth. A few years ago Patrick H. Sullivan tried to wrest the leadership from a Murphy man and a historic fight followed. Johnny White, who led the Murphy forces, won and Samuel Goldenkopf was made leader. Sullivan then broke away from the organization and established the Sullivan Club to keep up a fight on the regular Tammany organization in the district.

MICHAELIS TELLS OF ALLIES' PLANS

Continued from Page 1.

ist and Conservative organ, is much opposed to the Reichstag having any word in regard to the reply to the Pope.

Reventlow Blames Britain.

Count zu Reventlow, in the Deutsche Tageszeitung, says he believes othe British representative in Rome was responsible for the note and that Herr Erzberger was also involved in the plot. "We can hardly doubt," he adds, "that Erzberger and the so-called Reichstag majority in smug, self-contented spirit endeavored to save their peace phrases." Reventlow concludes with the statement that the note cannot be considered friendly and hopes this will soon be recognized by the German people, "the sooner the better, so that no harm may be done."

It is evident that Erzberger played an important rôle in the proceedings. According to the Weser Zeitung, he spoke strongly for the Reichstag peace resolution, expressing his full approval of the Papal note.

The Berliner Neueste Nachrichten, an annexationist organ, puts the whole blame on Erzberger, exonerating Michaelis.

Demands Chancellor's Fall.

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 23.—A large section of the Berlin papers profess keen disappointment over the Chancellor's speech. The Norddeutsche Allgemeine Zeitung even goes so far as to proclaim the necessity of the Chancellor's overthrow, adding:

"Only a man with definite plans can in these times conclude peace and create a new order in affairs."

This viewpoint is shared by the Vossische Zeitung.

The Lokal-Anzeiger says that the Reichstag session leaves a painful impression, adding: "A majority of the Reichstag seems to consider the peace resolution as a sort of creed which must be subscribed to word for word by the Government."

Vorwärts blames the Pan Germans for not permitting the conflict, which was temporarily solved by a change in the Chancellorship, to rest, and says that they would not hesitate to plunge the empire, amid a most terrible war, into anarchy.

Aims at Compromise Peace.

LONDON, Aug. 23.—Dr. Georg Michaelis, the German Chancellor, is reported in a Central News dispatch from Amsterdam to have said to the Reichstag Main Committee that the German reply to the Papal peace note would be based on aiming at peace by compromise agreements, i.e. line with the peace resolution adopted by the Reichstag.

What purports to be a verbatim report of the speech of the Chancellor, received by the British Admiralty per Wireless Press and through Reuter's Hague correspondent, is made public here. It reads:

"As regards our enemies, their number has increased since the adjournment of the Reichstag by three, namely, Siam, Liberia, and China. These countries have no convincing reason for enmity against us. They acted solely under pressure of the Entente and the United States, the latter having great influence over Liberia and China. We have made it clear to these countries that we shall bring them to account for the damage done under international law to German interests."

After referring to the solidarity of Germany and her allies, the Chancellor read a telegram from Field Marshal von Hindenburg saying that the military situation was more favorable for Germany than ever. The Chancellor added:

"Our success on land corresponds with our success on the sea. In the month of July, according to the latest reports received, 811,000 tons of shipping were sunk. When we take into consideration our results on the one hand and the failures of our enemies on the other, it appears to be incomprehensible that our enemies show no disposition to prepare the way for consideration of terms of peace, not to mention peace which includes renunciation.

"I was able to show recently by information regarding a Franco-Russian secret treaty what far-reaching war aims France had and how England supported French desires for German land. Only recently a member of the British Cabinet declared that there would be no peace until the German armies had been thrown across the Rhine. I am now able to show that further arrangements were made by the enemy regarding their war aims, some of the details of which were already made known to the Committee on an earlier occasion. I proceed in chronological order:

"On September 5, 1914, the enemy coalition decided only to conclude a joint peace. On March 4, 1915, Russia made the following peace demands, of which England approved by note on March 12: and France by note of the same date, namely: Russia to receive Constantinople, with the European shore of the straits; the southern part of Thrace as far as the Enos-midia line; the islands in the Sea of Marmora, the Islands of Imbros and Tenedos and on the Asia Minor side, the peninsula between the Black Sea, the Bosporus, and the Gulf of Ismalia as far as the River Sakarieh in the east.

"This basis was laid down, and the negotiations continued their course in 1915-16. In the course of them Russia obtained the promise of the Armenian vilayets of Trebizond and Kurdistan, and Messina and the Hinterland, extending northward as far as Sivas and Kharput. England's share was to be Mesopotamia, and the rest of Turkey in Asia was to be divided into English and French spheres of interest.

"Palestine was to be internationalized, and the other districts inhabited by the Turks and Arabs, including Arabia proper and the holy places of Islam, were to be formed into a special federation of State under British superiority.

"When Italy entered the war she demanded her share of the booty. Fresh negotiations were opened, which in no wise pointed at renunciations. I think we shall have further details about them, which will be published later.

"With such far-reaching enemy war aims it may be understood why Mr. Balfour recently stated that he did not consider it advisable to make a detailed statement on the war policy of the Government. Those are the bottom facts as they appear to us at the present moment, and they engage the possibility of concluding peace."

An Amsterdam dispatch says that the disclosure by the Chancellor of the alleged Entente war aims causes the Cologne Gazette to "foam at the mouth." This paper, in commenting, says:

"Here stand revealed the true aims of the Entente's vast anti-German encircling conspiracy. Here is a huge robber scheme, the like of which never was seen before. Yet they talk of German lust of conquest and domination.

"The mask is now completely torn off. Naked stand the Entente criminals, whose every word in alleged defense of the rights of humanity turns against them and convicts them. With such robber schemers one cannot treat. We know why they rejected the Pope's offer; they wanted more. But peace is unattainable unless and until they definitely give up their robber schemes."

The Vienna Neue Freie Presse learns in well informed quarters that Count Czernin, Austro-Hungarian Foreign Minister, will answer the Pope's peace note in the next few days, perhaps today. The paper says the note has created a favorable impression in leading circles in Austria-Hungary.

LAST YEAR OF WAR, KUEHLMANN THINKS

Deplores Policy of Might Alone —Admits Grave Internal Difficulties.

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 23.—"A policy based on might alone, and not on right, is doomed to failure from the beginning," was the interesting admission made by Dr. Richard von Kühlmann, German Imperial Foreign Secretary, in his maiden speech to the Main Committee of the Reichstag yesterday. The new Secretary, according to a telegram from Berlin, dwelt on the tremendous responsibility in assuming office "when the country is beset by the mightiest of enemies without and grave difficulties within." He also expressed the belief that the last year of the war was beginning.

Dr. von Kühlmann laid down the following program: The maintenance of cordial relations, first with the allies of Germany, and, second, with the neutrals, "whose rights and necessary conditions of existence we shall be most careful to respect, as far as is compatible with enemy trickery and our own military needs."

"To arrest further defection of important neutrals is an extremely serious and important task confronting us," said Dr. Kühlmann. "We can only solve it successfully by observing the principle that in politics might counts, but also right, and that only if we base our conduct on both can we hope to achieve lasting results.

"We have finally to consider our relations with our enemies. Although direct diplomatic relations have been broken, public opinion is not bound by frontiers made by our guns and trenches. Our newspapers reach enemy countries and we study enemy journals. Every official remark, even though uttered in confidential conversation, reaches our enemies in some form or other or goes as an echo.

"It is our important duty to study the psychology of our enemies, to follow their intrigues and the changing currents of public opinion, so that our hand may not be proffered when the spirit of our enemies is hard and unbending, and also so that sharp words may not be said when the ice on the other side is melting and aconciliatory feeling is beginning to be shown.

"There is also the factor of relations between the German Federal States and the Reichstag. I ask the Reighstag to give me its confidence.

"Now, when we probably are beginning the last year of the war—and I say it after mature consideration—we desire, as far as my department is concerned, to begin with the firm intention of holding out until a satisfactory end has been reached, trusting in our incomparable army and its great commanders, in our young and brilliant fleet, and in the sound sense of the German people. I hope for a peace which will guarantee Germany in future against a recurrence of the sufferings of these times."

QUERY ON FREEDOM OF SEAS.

Pope Indorses Wilson View, He Tells Britain and Belgium.

ROME, Wednesday, Aug. 22.—The British and Belgian Ministers accredited to the Vatican were received separately by Pope Benedict today, and inquired as to the meaning of the reference to the freedom of the seas in the Pope's peace proposal. The Pontiff replied he intended to give to this condition the same meaning as that of President Wilson in his message, while leaving ample liberty to the belligerents to agree in future discussion as to details.

Germany today acknowledged receipt of the peace note, promising to examine it with benevolent interest and care and to give an answer after reaching an agreement with her allies.

PAPAL LEGATE NOT DIPLOMAT.

Function in Washington Is That of Ecclesiastical Judge.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.—The status of the Papal Legation at Washington has been the subject of many inquiries since the dispatch of the Pope's peace proposal. The Papal delegate here did not deliver the note, which was transmitted through the London Foreign Office.

The Papal delegate has no diplomatic status, although for convenience of administration he is attached to the Vatican Foreign Office. He is an appeal judge in matters of canon law and discipline for the entire Catholic ecclesiastical body of this country. The question whether the Papal delegate might make diplomatic representations was raised during the Spanish-American war and was settled by the delegate himself, who stated he had no diplomatic standing and could not make such representations.

It was not international politics but the need of a religious court of appeal in America that led to the establishment of a Papal legation in Washington. The legation has never asked recognition by the State Department.

DIDN'T EXPECT EARLY PEACE.

Pope Hoped Only to Start Movement, Says Mgr. Bonzano.

KANSAS CITY, Aug. 23.—Pope Benedict did not expect early peace to result from his proposal to the belligerent nations, according to a statement by Mgr. Giovanni Bonzano, Apostolic Delegate to the United States, who came here today to attend the convention of the American Federation of Catholic Societies, which begins next Sunday.

"I can say authoritatively that the Holy Father believed there was no prospect of the warring nations arranging terms soon," said Mgr. Bonzano, "but he believed that he could impartially offer a proposal that might bring the leaders of the warring nations to a normal sense of thought and to try to arrange terms."

PERKINS WINS IN ASSEMBLY VOTE

Continued from Page 1.

rose in revolt against the Food Control bill.

Governor Whitman made frantic appeals to the Democratic members of both houses for support. One by one he sent for Senators and Assemblymen of the minority and urged upon them the advisability of voting for the measure as a boon to the consumers in the city whom it would protect against the extortions of middlemen and food speculators.

In the Senate there is an assurance that Democratic votes will be forthcoming for the bill, but in the Assembly, where minority votes are most needed, the Democrats bound themselves in conference to oppose the compromise bill unless radically amended. A set of amendments which the Democrats drafted and remitted to the Republican conference was turned down in that gathering.

Governor Whitman is pulling every wire at his disposal with a view to forcing favorable action on the bill. In the Senate the passage of the bill seems assured.

Conference of Senators.

The Assembly convened at 11 o'clock, the Senate an hour later. In the Senate Elon R. Brown, President pro tem., after a perfunctory session summoned the Republican Senators to a secret conference. This lasted an hour. George W. Perkins was the principal topic of discussion. The Republican Senators by a vote of 18 to 6 determined not to pass the Adler bill, designed to pave the way for Mr. Perkins to become Market Commissioner of New York City and still retain his place at the head of the Palisades Interstate Park Commission. This legislation, urged by Mayor Mitchel, was recommended to the Legislature by Governor Whitman in a special message.

Among the Republican Senators it appeared to be taken for granted that the defeat of this special enabling act would make it unlawful for Mr. Perkins to become a member of the proposed State Food Control Commission. But when the Republican lawmakers were anxious to have Dr. William H. Jordan, head of the Agricultural Experiment Station at Geneva slated for a place on the Food Control Commission a clause was inserted in the Food Control bill which it is believed here would make it lawful for Mr. Perkins to be a member of the control commission and the Palisades Park Commission at the same time. The conference took no action to eliminate this clause. With this clause in and the Food bill passed, it is contended, there will be nothing to prevent Governor Whitman from appointing Mr. Perkins nor to prevent Mr. Perkins from serving.

The Republican Senators in conference also voted to eliminate from the Food Control bill Section 19, which provides that the commission may co-operate with private combinations of food producers or food distributers. This provision has been criticised on the ground that it would sanction monopolistic combines, which now come under the ban of the Donnelly Anti-trust act. Action was also taken to strengthen the machinery provided for safeguarding against hoarding of foodstuffs.

At a brief session of the Senate, which followed the conference, Senator J. Henry Walters of Syracuse introduced a concurrent resolution urging Congress and the National Defense Council to take action for preferential treatment in the matter of supplying raw materials to manufacturers of harvesting machinery and agricultural implements. Senator George S. Slater of Westchester introduced a resolution empowering the War Committee to investigate the food animal industry and report to next year's session of the Legislature. Senator Slater said there had been an alarming decrease in the number of food animals in the State. He believes the State ought to undertake cattle breeding for five years or establish bounties to stimulate private breeding of sheep and cattle.

Assembly Doors Locked.

In the Assembly closure rules were applied and the doors locked as soon as the opening gavel fell. The members sat idle behind closed doors for four hours waiting for absentees before a sufficient number of Republicans had arrived to make it safe for Speaker Sweet to order a caucus. About eighty of the ninety-nine Republican Assemblymen were in attendance when the caucus began at 3 o'clock.

The caucus lasted until far into the evening. The Food Control bill was made the subject of attack after attack, and a score or more of amendments were proposed, showing an entire lack of harmony.

While the Republicans conferred, Joseph M. Callahan, the minority leader, called his Democratic flock together. The Democrats decided to oppose the pending Food Control bill unless a number of amendments were made and sent word to that effect to the Republican conference. The amendments demanded by the Democrats were:

Provision for summary seizures of food by the Food Control Commission in the event of public necessity, without court proceedings to establish proof of hoarding.

Power for municipalities to purchase and dispose of food, without first obtaining permission from the State Food Commission.

Elimination of the provision under which the cost of terminal markets in cities would be defrayed half by the State and half by the municipalities themselves, on the ground that this would constitute a discrimination against the City of New York.

A new clause to exempt labor organizations, as well as organizations of farmers, from the operation of the provisions directed against combines defined as monopolies.

One incident of the day was the peremptory refusal of Assemblyman Alfred D. Bell, who represents Governor Whitman's district, to come to the Capitol for the session. After Speaker Sweet in vain had admonished him over the telephone not to defy the Assembly, the Sergeant at Arms was dispatched with directions to apprehend Mr. Bell, take him into custody and bring him before the Bar of the House.

When the Senate reconvened in the evening the conference of Republican Assemblymen was still in progress and far from an agreement. An adjournment was taken until Friday evening. The Senate leaders had determined to await action in the Assembly before bringing up the Food Control bill for third reading.

Would Conscript Alien Labor.

At the Senate night session Senator Albert Ottinger of New York introduced a concurrent resolution urging President Wilson and Congress to provide for the employment of alien conscripts, not eligible for service at the front, on agricultural work, to make up the heavy deficit in farm labor and make possible an increased output of food products. The Ottinger resolution was referred to the War Committee.

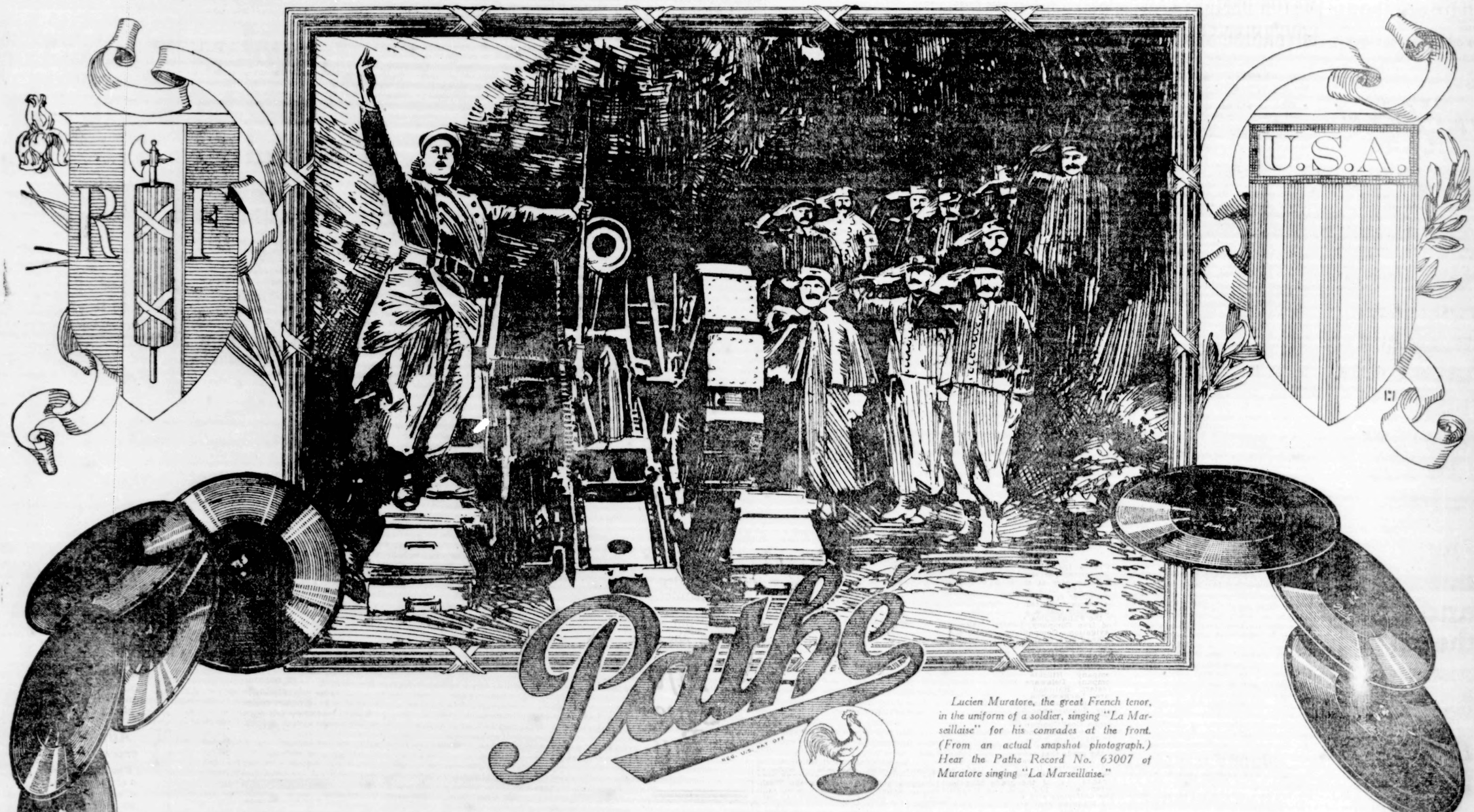
The Republican conference in the Assembly, after remaining in session five hours, took a recess, during which an evening meal was provided, which the members were compelled to eat in the Assembly chamber. Speaker Sweet having issued rigid orders against permitting the Assemblymen to leave. At 10 o'clock the conference was resumed.

PERKINS FOR CITY CONTROL.

Says New York Should Have Power to Buy Food for Its People.

GLENCOVE, L. I., Aug. 23.—Speaking before the Glen Cove Household League, of which Mrs. J. T. Pratt is President, George W. Perkins, Chairman of Mayor Mitchel's Food Supply Committee, in the Neighborhood House here advocated city control of food supplies. He said, in part:

"Eighteen million meals a day must be supplied New York and Brooklyn daily, and I believe the city itself should have power to bu



Lucien Muratore, the great French tenor, in the uniform of a soldier, singing "La Marseillaise" for his comrades at the front. (From an actual snapshot photograph.) Hear the Pathe Record No. 63007 of Muratore singing "La Marseillaise."

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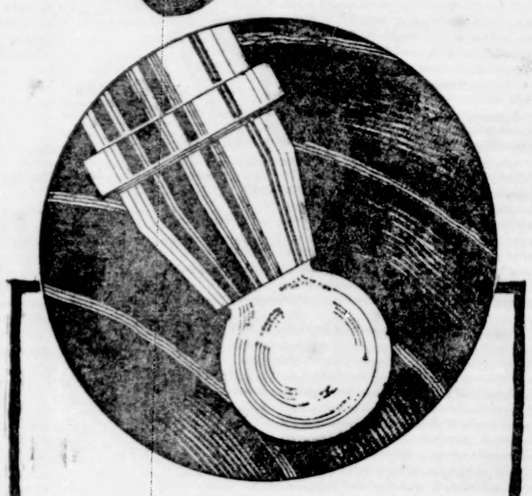
Listed below you will find some of the most popular Pathé patriotic numbers, together with a few selections from our new September list.

Tear this list out; put it in your pocket; and visit the Pathé dealer nearest you.



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Selected List of Pathé Patriotic Records

The Star-Spangled Banner (Francis Scott Key) George Stewart, Tenor, and Male Chorus, Orchestra Acc.
Good-Bye, Little Girl, Good-Bye (Edwards)—David Irwin, Tenor. Orchestra Acc.
No. 20126. *Size* 10. *Price* 75c.

Departure of the First U. S. Troops to France—Russell Hunting, with Chorus and Band.
My Own United States (Edwards)—David Irwin, Tenor. Orchestra Acc.
No. 20125. *Size* 10. *Price* 75c.

Dixie (Emmett)—David Bispham, Baritone, and Male Chorus, Band Acc.
Our Country Forever (Haynes-Meredith)—David Bispham, Baritone. Band Acc.
No. 27002. *Size* 10. *Price* $1.00.

Patriotic Medley No. 1, including "The Red, White and Blue," "The Girl I Left Behind Me," "The Star Spangled Banner," and "Yankee Doodle."
—Pathe Concert Orchestra

Patriotic Medley No. 2, including "Rally 'Round the Flag," "Marching Through Georgia," "Dixie," and "My Country, 'Tis of Thee."
—Pathe Concert Orchestra
No. 20175. *Size* 10. *Price* 75c.

Music of Our Allies

La Marseillaise—Lucien Muratore, Tenor.
Le Reve Passe—Lucien Muratore, Tenor.
No. 63007. *Size* 12. *Price* $3.00.

La Marseillaise—Imperial Infantry Band.
God Save the King—Imperial Infantry Band.
No. 10014. *Size* 10. *Price* 75c.

English Patriotic Airs, Selection of—Royal Court Orchestra.
National Anthems—British, French, Russian, and Belgian—Royal Court Orchestra.
No. 10004. *Size* 10. *Price* 75c.

King Albert of Belgium March—Garde Republicaine Band of France.
Roumanian Hymn—Garde Republicaine of France.
No. 35034. *Size* 12. *Price* $1.25.

New Pathé Records for September

Popular Vocal Records and Novelties

Hello! My Dearie (Stamper)—From "Ziegfeld Follies of 1917"—Willie Weston.
Chu-Chin-Chow (Stamper)—From "Ziegfeld Follies of 1917"—Louis J. Winsch.
No. 40095. *Size* 12. *Price* $1.25.

Mother (From "Her Soldier Boy") (Romberg)—Henry Burr.
Golden Hours (Shannon)—Sterling Trio.
No. 20142. *Size* 10. *Price* 75c.

America, Here's My Boy (Lange)—David Irwin.
The Man Behind the Hammer and the Plow (Von Tilzer)—Lewis Piotti.
No. 20187. *Size* 10. *Price* 75c.

When Your Boy Comes Back to You (Thompson)—David Irwin.
Three Cheers for the Army and Navy (Thompson)—David Irwin.
No. 20182. *Size* 10. *Price* 75c.

My Yiddisha Butterfly (Burke). Lewis Piotti, Tenor
Saxophone Sam (Klickman), Louis J. Winsch, Baritone
No. 20188. *Size* 10. *Price* 75c.

Dance Records

Hello! My Dearie (From "Ziegfeld Follies of 1917") (Medley One Step)—Pathe Dance Orchestra.
Just You and Me (From "Ziegfeld Follies of 1917") (Medley Fox Trot)—Pathe Dance Orchestra.
No. 40096. *Size* 12. *Price* $1.25.

That Creepy, Weepy Feeling (Medley One Step) (From "His Little Widows")—American Republic Band.
Valse Caressante (Lambert)—Pathe Dance Orchestra.
No. 40088. *Size* 12. *Price* $1.25.

What Kind of an American Are You? (Von Tilzer) (One Step)—American Republic Band.
Oh, You Daddy! (Vincent) (Fox Trot)—American Republic Band. *No.* 20191. *Size* 10. *Price* 75c.

Hong Kong (Sanders) (One or Two Step)—American Republic Band.
Kahola-Honolulu (Kaill) (One Step)—Sherbo's "Castles by the Sea" Orchestra.
No. 20190. *Size* 10. *Price* 75c.

Somewhere in Delaware (Robinson) (Fox Trot)—American Republic Band.
Zenda Waltzes (Whitmark)—Pathe Dance Orchestra.
No. 40089. *Size* 12. *Price* $1.25.

Hawaiian Records

Hawaiian Butterfly (Santly)—Louise and Ferera Waikiki Orchestra.
Valse Bleue (Margis)—Louise and Ferera Waikiki Orchestra. *No.* 20184. *Size* 10. *Price* 75c.

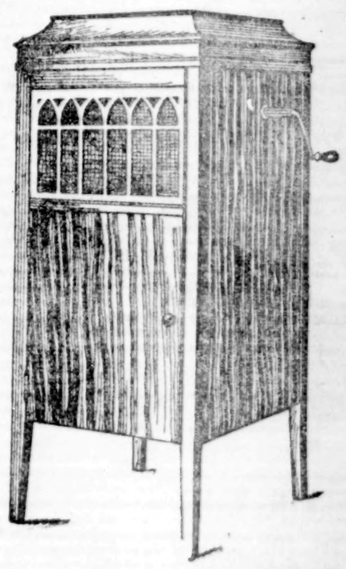
The Honolulu Hicki-Boola-Boo (Von Tilzer) (Fox Trot)—Louise and Ferera Waikiki Orchestra.
Hawaiian Dreams (Marple) (Waltz)—Louise and Ferera Waikiki Orchestra.
No. 20185. *Size* 10. *Price* 75c.

Operatic and Standard Vocal Records

Carmen (Bizet) "Air de la Fleur" (Flower Song) in French, Lucien Muratore, Tenor.
Tu ne saurras jamais! (Millandy) "Vocal Waltz," in French, Lucien Muratore, Tenor.
No. 63011. *Size* 12. *Price* $3.00.

The Magic of Your Eyes (Penn)—Craig Campbell.
There'll Never Be One Like You (Fancher)—Craig Campbell.
No. 52023. *Size* 12. *Price* $1.50.

O Come With Me in the Summer Night (Stucken)—Alma Beck.
The Field o' Ballyclare (Turner-Malley)—Alma Beck.
No. 25003. *Size* 10. *Price* $1.00.



Pathephone Model 75

$75

Other Rathephones $25 to $225

Every Music Lover and Phonograph Owner Should Buy These Pathé Records

All makes of machines may be equipped to play Pathe Records—dealers everywhere are selling this equipment. But if you want to hear Pathe Records at their very best, hear them on the Pathephone—the instrument acknowledged throughout Europe as the musical standard of phonographs. Visit the nearest Pathe dealer and hear these new Pathe Records on the Pathephone today.

PATHEPHONES
$25 TO $225
Sold on convenient Terms, As low as
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Brooklyn Association of Pathephone Dealers, Brooklyn, N. Y.

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FRED GRETSCH MFG. CO., 60 B'way (jobber)
S. GUROWITZ, 213 Sumner Avenue
JOSEPHS & CO., 1820 Myrtle Avenue
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PHILLIP KRING, Inc., 1472 Broadway
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CONRAD NAUS, 707 Woodward Avenue
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SCHLEICHER & SONS, Inc., 1207 Broadway
GEO. J. SCHWARZ, 1277-83 Myrtle Avenue
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O. T. WESTLIN, 133 Prospect Avenue

There are thousands of brands, but this one stands out above them all. Why? If you smoke them you know.

JEAN VALJEAN CIGARS
"Truly a Cigar"

3 for 25c and Upward — DAVE SAQUI MAKER — Various Sizes and Shapes

Where Good Cigars Are Sold

Next Winter you'll say: "I'm glad we have these fruit preserves jams and jellies ...

"They vary our menus and save the cost of expensive food....."

SAVE THE FRUIT CROP

"Sweeten it with Domino"
Granulated, Tablet, Powdered, Confectioners, Brown

Sold in 2 and 5 lb. cartons and in 5, 10, 25 and 50 lb. cotton bags.

LARGEST RESPONSIVE AUDIENCE.
An advertisement in The New York Times, with its average daily and Sunday circulation of more than 344,000 copies, will reach a larger and more responsive audience at a lower rate per line per thousand than is obtainable through any other advertising medium. —Advt.

MAYOR DEFINES LAW GOVERNING SEDITION

Tells Jeremiah O'Leary the Police Will Arrest Speakers Who Overstep the Mark.

QUOTES ESPIONAGE ACT

Says to Blackguard an Ally of the United States Is an Insult to Our Flag.

Mayor Mitchel took a hand yesterday in the agitation over the soapbox orators who have been accused of disorderly conduct and making seditious speeches. In a letter to Jeremiah A. O'Leary, President of the American Truth Society, the Mayor defined at length the laws governing public utterances of a treasonable, seditious or disorderly character, and said the police could be depended upon to take proper action. He told Mr. O'Leary that his letters "with their disingenuous inquiries sufficiently indicate your own well-known attitude toward your country and your Government."

In a letter to Police Commissioner Woods the Mayor said he knew the people could depend upon the entire police force to continue to do everything in their power to enforce the laws against sedition and disloyalty.

Mr. O'Leary is the man who sent President Wilson a telegram last September accusing him of favoring England and saying he had failed to obtain compliance with American rights. In reply the President sent this telegram: "Your telegram received. I would feel deeply mortified to have you or anybody like you vote for me. Since you have access to many disloyal Americans and I have not, I will ask you to convey this message to them."

Mr. O'Leary injected himself into the present controversy regarding street orators by writing a letter to Magistrate Fuchs denouncing the arrest of W. J. Robinson at Thirty-seventh Street and Broadway on the night of Aug. 14, and another letter to the Mayor demanding to know the administration's policy toward street corner speakers.

In his reply to Mr. O'Leary the Mayor said, in part:

Sir—I have your letter of Aug. 15, addressed to me, and the inclosed copy of a letter addressed by you to Magistrate Emil Fuchs. These letters, with their disingenuous inquiries, sufficiently indicate your own well-known attitude toward your country and your Government. Nevertheless, I will gladly state to you the position of the city administration in the matter of public seditious utterance, in order that you and your associates may be amply warned.

The Constitution of our country guarantees to all citizens the right of free speech, and it will be the concern, as it is the duty, of the City Government to conserve this right and to protect every citizen in its legitimate exercise. Free speech, however, does not include the preachment of treason or sedition, incitement to violence, or utterances tending to create a breach of the peace. The action of the City Government through the police force will be governed by the statute law. It is as follows:

The Constitution of the United States defines treason to include "adhering to their (the United States) enemies, giving them aid and comfort."

This country is at war with Germany. Public denunciation of the action of the United States Government in co-operating with other Governments in fighting a common enemy is calculated to give aid and comfort to that enemy.

I also call your attention to the act of Congress enacted June 15, 1917, known as the Espionage act.

Whoever willfully makes false statements, with intent to interfere with the military or naval forces of the United States or attempts to cause resistance to the obligation of citizens to bear arms in the defense of this country, is guilty under this statute. To urge men against service which involves co-operation with the allies of the United States is clearly attempting to obstruct the recruiting and enlistment service of the United States.

Observe that conspiracy to cause resistance to the Federal Draft act or to any Federal laws governing the operations of United States troops in this war, or to any action of the Government directing the operation of those troops, becomes a crime under Section 6 of the Criminal Code of the United States.

Whenever acts are perpetrated which are within the provisions of the above United States statutes, the police of this city will make arrests and turn the prisoners over to the Federal authorities for proper action. We also have State laws that deal with this matter.

To denounce or blackguard publicly an ally of the United States in connection with this war or to insult the flag of our country, or our army or our navy, while our country is engaged in war, seriously disturbs and endangers the public peace and is clearly an outrage upon public decency. For such utterances the police will make arrests.

Section 1458 of the Consolidation act, now incorporated in the charter by provision of law, provides as follows:

"Every person who shall use any threatening, abusive, or insulting behavior with intent to provoke a breach of the peace or whereby a breach of the peace may be occasioned" is guilty of disorderly conduct tending to a breach of the peace.

In time of war, when patriotic feeling runs high among loyal Americans, abusive and insulting language directed against our Government, its officers, and its allies, obviously tends to a serious breach of the peace. It will be the duty of the police to arrest those using such language publicly.

William Robinson, the Friends of Irish Freedom speaker who was arrested on Aug. 14 on a charge of disorderly conduct, it being alleged that at a meeting at Thirty-seventh Street and Broadway he said that any man who advocated sending American soldiers to France was a traitor, was found guilty by Magistrate Ten Eyck in Jefferson Market Court, but was released on suspended sentence.

The American Defense Vigilantes were trying to find out yesterday who sent to the theatres of the city a demand that they cease advertising in German papers and signed it "New York Order of Vigilantes." Because of the nature of the letter, the Vigilantes believe it was the work of their enemies.

Inclosed in the letter were the names of business houses advertising in German papers and attacking them as unpatriotic.

Lucien Sanial, veteran of the Paris Commune, 86 years old, and known as the "Nestor of the American Socialist Party," has resigned from the party because he feels its attitude favors the Teutonic cause. In a letter to the Bronx local, made public yesterday, he condemned the anti-American propaganda to which many of the high officials of the party are lending themselves.

It was announced yesterday by the People's Council that James Maurer, the Socialistic President of the Pennsylvania State Federation of Labor, would be the temporary chairman at the opening of their peace convention in Minneapolis on Sept. 1. The Council's statement said:

"Sentiment among delegates, it was said, favors the selection of ex-United States Senator John D. Works for permanent chairman."

Because the pacifists could not get a hall in Minneapolis, their meeting will be held in a tent at Minnehaha Falls, just outside of Minneapolis.

A long list of speakers, containing the names of many Socialists and radicals, has been made public. Morris Hillquit will speak.

John Hehir of 358 West Forty-eighth Street, who was arrested on Wednesday night on a charge of tearing from a woman's hands a British flag during a meeting of the Friends of Irish Freedom at Broadway and Thirty-seventh Street, was found guilty by Magistrate Simms in the Men's Night Court last night and fined $15, despite the somewhat noisy protests of his attorney, Jeremiah A. O'Leary, and 200 or more advocates of the anti-British campaign who crowded the courtroom.

BACKS PEOPLE'S COUNCIL.

Socialist Mayor of Minneapolis Says It Will Have Free Rein.

Special to The New York Times.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Aug. 23.—Thomas Van Lear, Socialist Mayor of Minneapolis, today not only promised police protection to the People's Council, but openly aligned himself with the peace-at-any-price organization. The Mayor said that the regular policemen and special policemen would be used to maintain order. In a long statement he said that the People's Council represented the "common people" and that he would uphold the Constitution in giving them the right of free speech, free press, free assemblage, and the right to petition Congress.

Copies of the Mayor's statement, upholding the aims of the council, were telegraphed to President Wilson, the Secretary of War, both branches of Congress, and all branches of the People's Congress. The People's Council bore the expense of telegraphing the statement.

PRESIDENT FIXES ANTHRACITE PRICE

Continued from Page 1.

may indicate at a later date the profit which is believed to be a fair one for the retailer.

May Form a Coal Corporation.

There will, however, be no tendency on the part of the coal administrator to overlook any of the powers conferred in the Food Control bill if circumstances seem to warrant their use. In this connection it is entirely possible that, within a very short time steps will be taken to organize a corporation along the lines of the new $50,000,000 grain corporation, with power to purchase the output of any recalcitrant operator and resell it, or, if thought wise, take over the entire output of the coal fields. It is not contemplated at the present time to go to that extreme, but it will be done if there is a halt in the plan for lower prices.

How the anthracite decree will affect the New York retail market is a matter of conjecture. It is held here in some quarters that, striking an average price of $4.50 for coal at the mine, 20 cents for the jobber, $1.60 for freight, and 20 cents for barge transportation, coal should be delivered in New York City for approximately $6.50 a ton from the Pennsylvania fields. To this must be added a legitimate margin for overhead charges of the retailer, and a fair profit.

Every effort will be made under the new administration to reduce the expenses of the retail dealers in order to cut down overhead charges and thus bring a further reduction in the price to the consumer. One method to be adopted in this direction will be the use of powers under the priority legislation, and Dr. Garfield will work in close co-operation with Robert S. Lovett, who is in Chicago for this end of the Government machinery. It is believed that a system can be worked out by which the retailers will be assured of the coal needed at stated periods and thus obviate the necessity for storing large quantities to meet contracts. A map of the country and its needs will be prepared for this purpose.

Text of the Executive Order.

The President's order is as follows:

The following regulations shall apply to the intrastate, interstate, and foreign commerce of the United States, and the prices and margins referred to herein shall be in force pending further investigation or determination thereof by the President:

JOBBERS' MARGINS.

1. A coal jobber is defined as a person (or rather agency) who purchases and resells coal to coal dealers or to consumers without physically handling it on, over, or through his own vehicle, dock, trestle, or yard.

2. For the buying and selling of bituminous coal a jobber shall not add to his purchase price a gross margin in excess of 15 cents per ton of 2,000 pounds; nor shall the combined gross margins of any number of jobbers who buy and sell a given shipment or shipments of bituminous coal exceed 15 cents per ton of 2,000 pounds.

3. For buying and selling anthracite coal a jobber shall not add to his purchase price a gross margin in excess of 20 cents per ton of 2,240 pounds when delivery of such coal is to be effected at or east of Buffalo. For buying and selling anthracite coal for delivery west of Buffalo, a jobber shall not add to his purchase price a gross margin in excess of 30 cents per ton of 2,240 pounds. The combined gross margins of any number of jobbers who buy and sell a given shipment or shipments of anthracite coal for delivery at or east of Buffalo shall not exceed 20 cents per ton of 2,240 pounds; nor shall such combined margins exceed 30 cents per ton of 2,240 pounds for the delivery of anthracite coal west of Buffalo. Provided, anthracite coal may be increased by not more than 5 cents per ton of 2,240 pounds when the jobber incurs the expense of rescreening it at Atlantic or lake ports for transshipment by water.

ANTHRACITE PRICES.

4. Effective Sept. 1, 1917, the maximum prices per ton of 2,240 pounds on board cars at the mines for the grades and sizes of anthracite coal hereinafter specified shall not exceed the prices indicated in Paragraph 5 when such coal is produced and sold by the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company, Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company, Lehigh and Wilkes-Barre Coal Company, Hudson Coal Company, Delaware and Hudson Company, Scranton Coal Company, Lehigh Valley Coal Company, Coxe Brothers & Co., Pennsylvania Coal Company, Hillside Coal and Iron Company, Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad Company, Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Coal Company, Susquehanna Coal Company, Susquehanna Colliers Company, Lytle Coal Company, or the M. A. Hanna Coal Company.

5. The grades and sizes for which the maximum prices are specified are as follows: White ash anthracite coal of the grade that between Jan. 1, 1915, and Jan. 1, 1917, was uniformly sold and recognized in the coal trade as coal of white ash grade; red ash anthracite coal of the grade that between Jan. 1, 1915, and Jan. 1, 1917, was uniformly sold and recognized in the trade as coal of red ash grade, and Lykens Valley anthracite coal that is mixed exclusively from the Lykens Valley seams and of the grade that between Jan. 1, 1915, and Jan. 1, 1917, was uniformly sold and recognized in the coal trade as coal of Lykens Valley grade:

WHITE ASH GRADE.

Broken	$4.55	Chestnut	$4.80
Egg	4.45	Pea	4.00
Stove	4.70		

RED ASH GRADE.

Broken	$4.75	Chestnut	$4.90
Egg	4.65	Pea	4.10
Stove	4.90		

LYKENS VALLEY GRADE.

Broken	$5.00	Chestnut	$5.30
Egg	4.90	Pea	4.35
Stove	5.30		

6. Producers of anthracite coal who are not specified in Paragraph 4 shall not sell the various grades and sizes of anthracite coal at prices that exceed by more than 75 cents per ton of 2,240 pounds free on board cars at the mines the prices enumerated in Paragraph 5. Provided, that any producer of anthracite coal who incurs the expense of rescreening it at Atlantic or lake ports for shipment by water may increase the price thereof by not more than 5 cents per ton of 2,240 pounds.

7. Producers of anthracite coal specified in Paragraph 4 of these regulations shall not sell anthracite coal to producers of anthracite coal not specified in Paragraph 4.

8. Dealers and selling agents shall not sell coal produced by the producers included in Paragraph 4 on the basis of the prices fixed at the mine for coal produced by the producers not specified in said paragraph.

WOODROW WILSON.

The White House, Aug. 23, 1917.

Further Price Fixing.

Price fixing in connection with other commodities than coal was the subject of long conferences today, and there was every evidence that President Wilson had pretty thoroughly mapped out his plan and was endeavoring to get the full machinery in operation with as little delay as possible. It is probable that steel and copper will be the next essentials tackled.

SAY NEW COAL PRICES MEAN NO REDUCTION

New York Consumers of Anthracite Can Reap No Benefit, According to Operators.

William H. Truesdale, President of the Lackawanna Railroad, said last night that the prices for anthracite coal fixed at Washington were about what the leading operators were charging now.

"I do not think the situation will be greatly altered," he said. "Some of the smaller companies may have been charging a little more than the Washington scale; but there will be no radical readjustments. I am speaking very largely from memory in comparing the Washington figures with the present prices, but it seems to me the general average is the present basis for the leading companies.

"Some weeks ago the Federal Trade Commission fixed the prices to be charged by the coal companies. The prices permitted to be charged by the smaller operators were a little higher than those permitted for the others, and it was agreed that the companies should advance the price 10 cents a month from April until September. The September price was to mark the high level, and to remain throughout the Winter."

Michael F. Burns, President of Burns Brothers, also said that there seemed to be very little change from prevailing prices.

"If you will add $1.45 a ton for railroad transportation from the mines to the city," he said, "and then from $1.75 to $2 a ton for the cost of handling and delivering in the city, you will see that the Washington figures will not change present prices much for the New York consumer."

POST TOASTIES are bully good for any meal and for all the family

Bobby

R. H. Macy & Co. Attractions Are Prices—Quality—Service.

Macy's
Herald Square — B'way, 34th to 35th St.

CLEARANCE OF
Men's Palm Beach and Cool Crash
Suits at $5.75

On account of the low price, we are compelled to make a small charge for alterations, should they be necessary.

On Sale Today, 8.45 A. M.

All of these suits were priced much higher originally—some of them at $8.75. The Palm Beach suits are made up in gray or tan—the Cool Crash suits in gray, tan, brown, green and other Summery colors; in heathers, striped and plain patterns. All well finished in pinch back and regular sack models.

Flannel Trousers, $3.96
Formerly Priced at $4.75

A number of patterns in dark and medium gray—most of them suitable for business or outing wear.

Direct Elevators On 35th Street Side.

Macy's—Fifth Floor, Broadway, Front.

J. M. Gidding & Co.
564-566-568 Fifth Avenue AT 46TH ST N.Y.

Will Close Out—Today and until noon tomorrow

Tailored Suits—Formerly to $75—at $25
A few of a kind; in silk, satin, white serge, jersey, etc.—odds and ends from various lines, mostly light colors.

Simple Frocks—Formerly to $35—at $15
Of gingham, voile, batiste, etc., for morning or country wear.

Blouses—Formerly to $15—at $5
Small groups; only a few of a kind, novelty silks and wash materials.

Smart Hats—at $7 & $10
Charming models that are suitable for the balance of the season, including many that will serve for first Autumn days.

Parasols—Formerly to $15—at $3
The balance of our Summer lines.

Bathing Suits—Formerly to $75—at $25
Only a few—exceptionally high-class models.

White & Colored Cloth Coats—at $10, 18, 25, 35
Formerly to $75—Small groups for immediate clearance.

A NEW business man has come into the Avenue—a man who started drumming up trade in Piccadilly and the Strand, Friedrichstrasse and the great boulevards of Paris three years ago. His name is legion. He is a recruiter and you can see him—and hear him—any day from the top of a

Fifth Avenue Bus

Store Hours: 8:45 A. M. to 5:30 P. M.
Saturday: 8:45 A. M. to 1 P. M.

Gimbel Brothers
33rd ST—BROADWAY—33rd ST.

Approximately 3,000
"GIMBEL Standard"
Suits for Men
and Young Men
In This Final Clearance

About 1400 that formerly sold for as high as $19.50 } $14.50
About 800 that formerly sold for as high as $25.00 } $16.50
About 800 that formerly sold for as high as $40.00 } $19.50

Represented are the products of more than 25 of the foremost clothing plants in America. (The national weeklies will soon be carrying the Fall advertising of many of these same clothing makers.) Known collectively as "GIMBEL Standard" because they are made expressly for us and made to conform to this store's high clothing principles.

GIMBELS—Fourth Floor

PARIS GARTERS
No metal can touch you

THIS OVAL TRADE-MARK IS PRINTED ON THE BACK OF THE SHIELD OF EACH GENUINE PARIS GARTER

IT'S YOUR ABSOLUTE GUARANTEE FOR SERVICE AND SATISFACTION

GET YOUR PAIR TODAY—
25¢ - 35¢ - 50¢

A. STEIN & CO.
MAKERS
Children's Hickory Garters
CHICAGO NEW YORK

R. H. Macy & Co. Attractions Are Prices—Quality—Service.

Macy's
Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other House, but for Cash Only.

Robes for Men at Home and Away
So roomy and comfortable that they impart a feeling of complete relaxation and ease to the men who wear them. Of course, quality for quality, they are priced lower than elsewhere.

Blanket Robes For Men, $4.89
A number of new designs, cut in either coat or robe styles. Gray, wine, navy, brown, green and other colors in Jacquard effects. Other Blanket Robes, of lighter material, $3.89
Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.

Cool Athletic Underwear
All the freedom of movement an active man could wish for goes with these firmly finished garments of silk mixtures. White only. Sleeveless, coat style shirts, open knee length drawers, $1.39 garment.
Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St. Centre.

Motor Restaurants, at $12.74
For the roadside luncheon. Service for four persons, including plates and cups of agate ware, knives, forks, spoons, salt and pepper shakers, removable tray, space for two 1-pt. vacuum bottles, large food box and two jars for butter, etc. Underneath tray is another food box and spaces for two more bottles. Box is constructed of basswood veneer and tar board, covered with black enamel drill. Same style for 6 persons, $15.74
Macy's—Fifth Floor, 34th St.

Men's Silk Hose, $1.39
Heavy, pure silk hose, full fashioned, with reinforced toes, heels, and soles. All sizes in champagne, tan, gray, black, and white. They fit comfortably and wear well.
Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.

Cool Silk Shirts For Men
Of broadcloth and crepe de chine in a variety of new colorings and patterns on white grounds.

At $4.89
Others of excellent quality broadcloth, also fine hairline and satin striped effects. Attractive colorings. At $5.69
Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.

How to Reach the Men's Departments
Come in at the Broadway and 35th Street Entrance, you will find all the men's departments right at hand. On the Main Floor: Men's Furnishings, Umbrellas, Hats, Hosiery, Underwear, Books and Stationery.
On the Fifth Floor, quickly reached by elevator: Clothing, Sporting Goods, Motor Goods, Cameras and Cigars.

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"All the News That's Fit to Print."

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Canada, Sunday only....	6.00	3.25	.55
Other countries, postpaid:			
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Daily, without Sunday.	17.40	8.90	1.45
Sunday only.....	9.75	5.12	.85

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THE ANNALIST, (Mondays,) per year, $4; Canada, $4.50; other countries, $5.
Binder for 26 issues, (one vol.) $1.25.
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TIMES MID-WEEK PICTORIAL, (Thursdays,) 1 yr., $3; Canada, $8; other countries, $6.50. Binder for 52 issues, $1.25.
THE NEW YORK TIMES CURRENT HISTORY, Illustrated Monthly Magazine, one year, $3, (foreign, $4.) Per copy, 25c.
THE NEW YORK TIMES INDEX, Quarterly—Full Cloth, per copy, $2; per year, $8.
Entered as second-class mail matter.

NEW YORK, FRIDAY, AUGUST 24, 1917.

"THE CONSCRIPTION OF WEALTH."

The emotionalists at Washington and elsewhere, especially those who are opposed to the war, have had a great deal to say about "taxing wealth" and "the conscription of wealth." Every tax is a tax on wealth or income. Every tax is a conscription of wealth or income. Taxation is not a subject for rhetoric, fine frenzies or phrases. The expenses of the Government being greatly increased by the war, taxation must be greatly increased. During the civil war, after 1862, and for some three years after its close, the internal revenue receipts were greater than the customs receipts. These are the two main sources of Government revenue. The case was the same in the Spanish war. Normally the customs receipts have exceeded the internal revenue receipts, though in the last few years the conditions have been reversed on account of the inheritance tax and the income tax. The latter, urged by many of its advocates as an "emergency tax," was imposed before the emergency arose. Now, when there is supreme emergency, it is right that the tax should be increased. It is right that the taxes on large incomes should be increased.

It is the prevailing theory of taxation that every person's payment to the Government should correspond with his resources. Increased income taxes are sound economically to the extent that they will furnish a great revenue. If they are increased to such an extent that trade and industry, the productive sources of income, are injured, they are unsound and pernicious.

These are sober truisms to be kept in mind in judging the Senate's action on Wednesday in overturning the Senate Finance Committee's income tax schedule except as to incomes under $60,000, and providing an ascending graduated scale from 13.75 per cent. on incomes between $60,000 and $80,000 to 50 per cent. on $1,000,000 or over. Since the amendment of Senator GERRY, providing a supertax of 35 per cent. on incomes from $500,000 to $750,000, of 45 per cent. on those from $750,000 to $1,000,000, of 50 per cent. on those above that sum, was passed by a vote of 74 to 0, it is to be concluded that the Senate has no compunctions as to the amount of "conscription" to which great incomes should be subject. In one day the Senate voted to add $75,000,000 to the income taxes, which, as laid in the Senate scheme at present, are expected to reach the enormous sum of $850,000,000. The Senate gave up the other day the $12,000,000 it was proposed to raise on stamp and parcel post taxes, easily borne and widely distributed. A small "conscription," but a just one, the Congressional objection to which is unfathomable.

On large incomes the tax seems to be laid on the principle "of all the traffic will bear." Senator LODGE's caution against too swift imposition of rigorous income taxes was eminently wise. We are but just beginning what may be a long struggle. We should be careful not to exhaust the sources of revenue. We must not rely on taxation too largely for war expenses, or make taxes so high that they cannot be made higher at need later.

There is a necessary social effect to this taxation of great incomes. It diminishes or dries up the springs of philanthropic eleemosynary and educational life. The foreign calls on charity and benevolence since the war began have reduced contributions to American educational and humane works. The Presidents of the colleges, whose incomes from tuition and dormitory fees will be notably lessened by the war service of so many collegians, so many "rich men's sons," and sons of the well-to-do, are in grave perplexity. A rich man can spend only so much on himself and his family. Out of his surplus come his regular gifts for public purposes. This is a consideration to be regarded in income tax legislation. Not that in the common defense much or all property and life may not be required of a citizen. Only in laying income or any other kind of taxation let prejudice and passion be put aside. As a matter of economics and finance, is a particular amount of tax desirable and necessary?

Rich men are doing, and willing to do, their part in this war. They are ready to pay, some of them have already paid, their children's lives to the defense of democracy; and they should be taxed, and are willing to be taxed, high. They ought not to be maligned in addition. The few men at Washington who habitually insult wealth and "the rich" are trying to divide a country in which all patriots should be united. It will not escape attention that the bitterest plutophobes are usually opponents of the war or seekers of a dishonest and fatal peace.

LOYAL NAVY YARD MEN.

The disloyal attempt to delay war preparations through a shipbuilding strike has failed. The address of the men employed in the League Island Navy Yard to the Secretary of the Navy is a manifesto of true patriotism:

> We desire by our example to stimulate all others to the fullest performance of their duty to the country at this time. We promise to stand by you shoulder to shoulder in carrying out measures for the development of our navy. * * * We promise to notify our superiors of any indication of disloyalty on the part of any employé working for the Government. * * * With the fullest confidence that our country is in the right in this war, and relying on the wisdom of President WILSON, we earnestly pray for a speedy success for our cause and we pledge you by our work to do our full share toward the victory which will ultimately be ours.

So every honest citizen feels. The men in the navy yards are doing work of as great value to our cause as the soldiers can do. So are the men in all the shipyards. So is every mechanical worker whose services in his trade exempt him from the military draft. In the Brooklyn Navy Yard there is no indication of a strike. There may be shipyard strikes here and there, but it is not conceivable that any of the men employed by the Government will stop their work. The man with a German name who advised the shipyard men to "pull the navy yard" will find that his influence is just what it ought to be. Wages for war work should be just. But in the nation's hour of peril the unions must be prepared to make concessions.

GERMANY AND HER ALLIES.

While the Pope's peace proposals are unacceptable to the Allies, they have accomplished something for peace by causing an obvious rift in the sentiment of the Central Powers. There is only one way to peace. It cannot be reached by inducing everybody to stop fighting and sit down to a game of finesse called a peace conference. It can be reached only when the Central Powers recognize the fact that they have got to give up their aim of encompassing the world, or when, failing to recognize that fact, they are forced to their knees. The obstacle to this recognition has always been that, feeding their people on falsehoods, they have presented a united front to their real enemy, the truth.

When they begin to discuss peace among themselves, not the peace of conquest, but a peace short of that, they are a long way from discussing the only kind of peace the world will listen to, but the advantage is that the falsity of their position is bound to raise divergent views. Evidently that is happening. Austria is obviously strongly in favor of the kind of peace the Pope proposes, but German sentiment is divided. Bulgaria is perturbed and alarmed. For the first time, apparently, the idea has dawned on Bulgaria that to save themselves her allies are capable of throwing her interests into the scale; that she may be remorselessly deserted.

All Bulgaria is fighting for is for her conquests. The Pope proposes that everything Bulgaria has won shall be submitted to the peace conference. If it is, then Bulgaria's only hope of retaining her conquests is that Germany will be not only faithful and honorable to her, but also self-sacrificing; and Bulgaria has no more illusions than the rest of the world about Germany's altruism. If in the open bartering and secret trickery which have always characterized such congresses in the past Germany saw a chance to save her colonies at the expense of Bulgaria's conquests, Bulgaria would be not only optimistic, but half-witted. If she counted on Germany's foregoing it, Austria's eagerness to accept the peace conference idea bodes ill to her. She wants to save Trentino and Istria, and what she can of Serbia. If she can save them at the expense of Bulgaria, will she be too high-minded? Bulgaria is suddenly confronted with a situation in which she strongly suspects that she is to be made the sacrifice. As for Turkey, she does not count; all she hopes for is some way to escape utter ruin, and she is in no position to give voice to the uneasiness which is manifestly disturbing Bulgaria.

If Germany wishes to accept the Pope's proposals, she evidently intends to let Austria break the ice while she stays in the background, for she has a divided sentiment to reckon with, and Austria seemingly has not. If there are in Germany men who have discovered that world conquest is no longer possible, there are others slow to learn that fact. But putting Austria forward is dangerous business, for it may not be easy for her to stop when she has begun to make advances. The hope of peace dangled before a nation that is hungry for peace cannot be withdrawn at an imperial gesture, and Austria is such a nation.

A SENATOR'S FRANK.

The most elastic charity could account for the continuous heat and fury of Senator REED against the Food Control bill and Mr. HOOVER only by the theory of an obsession, a fixed idea. Assume that Mr. HOOVER is Mr. REED's King CHARLES's head, and you explain, in the most flattering manner it can be explained, the Missouri Senator's proceeding.

The most elastic charity snaps at last. Mr. REED is disseminating under his frank, at the expense of the United States, his speech denouncing Mr. HOOVER and the Food Control bill, now a law.

Yes, the United States is paying for the distribution of a speech in which that law of the United States is described as "a crime against liberty."

Mr. REED accompanies his deadhead attack upon Food Administrator HOOVER and the food control law with a letter in which he speaks of "the seriously jeopardized" interests of the farmer, whose "market has been destroyed" and who "is at the mercy of one man." "Is it not the business "of all men and newspapers interested in the farmer's welfare," he asks, "to give attention to the present situation?"

Possibly some attention is due to a Senator engaged, at the cost of the Federal Government, in vilifying and seeking to nullify a Federal law.

PRICES AND PRODUCTION.

Mr. HOOVER's control of food prices starts so auspiciously that there is some danger that the difficulty of his task may not be appreciated. Also there is some danger of thinking that, because he starts so easily, the regulation of other prices will take the same course. But there is a difference between the two tasks, even admitting equality of talent in performance. Mr. HOOVER's task is distribution of a crop already grown. The next crop is another story, and Congress has fixed his price for him as well as for the farmers.

But respecting other commodities there is a double task—first to produce and next to distribute. Production of manufactures is a continuous process, and responds to price regulation more closely than crop production. It is simplicity itself to name a price by authority, and to enforce it by taking over the mine or factory. But that is the beginning of the task, not the end. When the Government has taken the source of production, it will be necessary to operate it, and that cannot be done in the same manner. Labor cannot be commandeered, not even so well as capital. And it is even less desirable that Government should confront labor than that capital should do so. It follows that the prices of commodities must be fixed with reference to production, rather than to profits or wages.

CO-OPERATING WITH THE RAILWAYS.

There never was such a volume of railway business moved as is moving now. There never was such a low average rate charged for the business done, in the face of rising costs surpassing all comparisons. The railways' profit is not the smallest ever known, for there have been times when railways went into receiverships by the billion dollars, but the profit is moderate compared with other profits. And still there is another link which can be let out in the railways' service of the public. The Chairman of the Railway War Board says that the mobilization of the army will be accomplished without much disturbance of the public comfort. Merely to move one army of 80,000 men requires 366 trains, and there are 200,000 men to be moved within four days. This is only part of the task of moving 687,000 Federal recruits and 350,000 National Guardsmen to their training camps. When similar efforts are made by the railways abroad, the railways are closed to the public. In some cases the public has the service of the railways only one day a week. That inconvenience is borne because it must be. Here there is no complaint, because there is no inconvenience which it would not be a reproach to mention, considering the greatness of the cause and the slightness of the disturbance of the normal routine.

Yet the railways are not boasting, or making a virtue of their efforts. On the contrary, the railways officially say:

> Co-operation of patrons and public, in many quarters where there has been indifference or hostility, it must be admitted, is largely responsible for the splendid results thus far attained. A spirit of helpfulness on the part of persons dealing with the railroads, prompted by patriotism in face of actual war, has permitted economy and efficiency in operation previously not attainable.

Accordingly, the railways are keeping a record of this co-operation, and will publish an itemized record of their indebtedness to shippers, passengers, and others whose efforts have enabled more tons to be carried a car, more cars to be hauled by each locomotive, and a greater aggregate of work done with previously inadequate facilities. It will be an interesting record, and as interesting for its omissions as for its inclusions. For example, nothing will be said of the railways' indebtedness to the Governor of New Jersey for his veto of the repeal of the Full Crew bill, compelling the railways to hire men for useless services when they are short of men. There will be no acknowledgment of the services of the Legislature of this State in not passing a similar repealer. It remains to be seen whether there will be any acknowledgment of the services of the Public Utility Commission of New Jersey. It has discretion to suspend the full crew law, and yesterday it began hearings on the subject, with the opposition of the unions already registered. In all, twenty States have laws compelling the useless employment of 20,000 men, but there are no signs of repeal.

The purpose of these remarks is to call attention to the fact that there is general co-operation with the railways, except by the lawmakers and the unions. The lawmakers, State and Federal, show no signs of having outgrown those sentiments of hostility to the railways which the railways say would have prevented their accomplishments if persisted in. The unions, of course, regard the railways' difficulty as their opportunity, and will not waive their advantage for any consideration of the public good. In that the unions of this country are not singular. The cable reports the selection of the present moment to strike for the eight-hour day in England. Nothing could be clearer than the proof by such an act of the supremacy of class consciousness over regard for the public good. The merits of the eight-hour day, whatever they may be, are submerged by the impropriety of attaining it by embarrassment of government in war time.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

A Realist Judges a Realist.

A notable feature of THE NEW YORK TIMES BOOK REVIEW on Sunday next will be a carefully considered appreciation by WILLIAM DEAN HOWELLS of "A Son of the Middle West," a work which is not only the autobiography of HAMLIN GARLAND, but in no small degree a history of a typical American family as it passed through a stage of evolution also typically American.

There is no need to dwell upon the fact that in analyzing and commenting upon this book of a friend whose literary achievements not less than his personal character long since won the sympathy and admiration of Mr. HOWELLS, the latter has displayed all the charm of his style and all the wealth of his knowledge. That was inevitable. He declares the book to stand in safe comparison among the world's greatest autobiographies, and to be unique in presenting in uncompromising fullness and veracity life as it was lived by no inconsiderable number of Americans of the old stock in the days when Wisconsin, Iowa, and the nearby States were not far from the Western frontier. Of that life Mr. HOWELLS knows something from early experiences and more by study of his fellow-citizens, and he has been able in the same way to follow with a comprehending attention the vicissitudes and the triumphs of Mr. GARLAND's career after he broke the bonds of boyhood environment and became a man of letters in the East with which Mr. HOWELLS is also so familiar.

A critic more competent to review this particular book could not possibly have been found, nor could that critic have found a task that he could perform with more of satisfaction in the doing. There can therefore fairly be claimed for this article a truly special interest in that, dealing with an autobiography, it is in itself in some sense and no small measure itself autobiographical. It is the reaction of one realist to the realism of another realist of his own school—not, by the way, the school of the literary photographer, scornful of selection and under the delusion that anything true is worth telling.

A Debt Which We Should Not Forget.

In receiving the Japanese Mission yesterday President WILSON welcomed the representatives of an ally to whom we owe more in this war than it has been common to recognize. Our debt to her, in fact, began before she became, our ally. Viscount ISHII himself has indicated it, without calling it a debt, in his first statement on arriving in the United States. He then said, speaking of our country and his own:

> It is for us together to continue to enforce respect for law and humanity upon the Pacific, from which the German menace was removed at the commencement of the war. Had this not been so, had the barbarian of Europe not been rooted from his Oriental bases, the shuddering horrors of the Atlantic and the Mediterranean would today be a grim reality on the Pacific. In the protection of our seagoing merchandise and men, in safeguarding the pleasures of intercourse, you may count on us, as we must count on you.

It was polite of Viscount ISHII to include us, but the truth is that our safety is due to Japan. We have taken as a matter of course the fact that we can sail the Pacific in safety; we send our missions to Europe by that route because it is safe, and our travelers in private life use it free from fear. Japan announced at the beginning of the war that she entered it to keep the peace of Asia, and she has performed her task to the letter. We do not forget the services rendered by British and colonial vessels, or STUBBE's destruction of VON SPEE's squadron. But that the continent of Asia was not made a base from which death should be launched upon our travelers and destruction upon our seagoing property, as it has been in other waters, is due to the efficient work of Japan, which has kept that continent and those waters free. We owe many lives and much property to Japan; we owe it to her that the western sea, unlike the eastern, was not turned into a shambles.

Playing Cards for Soldiers.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

"What becomes of all the playing cards that are discarded after having been used for an afternoon or a night in the thousands of American clubs?" asked Percy G. Williams, the well-known theatrical man, of the writer a few days ago. Inability to answer the question led Mr. Williams to the suggestion that if these packs of cards could be collected and sent to our troops abroad this act would add very much to the pleasure of the American soldiers who are and will be on the French front.

Permit me to present this matter to the attention of the readers of THE TIMES in the hope that some of them will interest themselves in the idea. If packs of playing cards to be donated for this purpose are sent to Miss Virginia Norden, Brightwaters, L. I., N. Y., she will see that they are sent abroad. I bespeak the kindly interest of well-disposed persons throughout the country.

MAJOR U. S. ARMY.

New York, Aug. 20, 1917.

REPUDIATES LA FOLLETTE.

Wisconsin University Professor Says State Is Loyal.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

As a resident of Wisconsin and a member of the Faculty of the State University, I wish to express complete disapprobation of the attitude of Senator La Follette toward the Administration's conduct of the war.

Last November, under conditions very different from those that now obtain, Mr. La Follette was re-elected to the Senate by an overwhelming majority. This by no means indicates that his State is behind him today. If it were, his course would still be objectionable.

I am sure that the mass of Wisconsin people are just as loyal and patriotic as any in the country; and there is plenty of evidence that they know what the war is for and why peace proposals at this stage are dangerous, even if their senior Senator does not.

FREDERIC A. OGG,
Professor of Political Science, University of Wisconsin.

New York, Aug. 22, 1917.

Are Shoes Made for Feet?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Is it not possible for the New York shops of Fifth Avenue and cross streets to put on the market a walking shoe in some way allied to the shape of the human foot, and to be at once sane and beautiful? It is too far a cry as now shown from the deadly common sense last to the ordinary dress shoe.

The writer, feminine, and duly fond of good-looking foot-gear, thinks that such footwear as is exploited in the shops is neither sane nor beautiful for street wear. It is a regrettable fact that a fairly rounded toe in combination with a rational heel in a shoe, pretty and chic, is not to be found in the peculiar selections offered.

Nature expressed a very sound idea of beauty and utility in the human foot and our high civilization, as represented by the shoe craft, is doing its best to make it the ugliest portion of the anatomy, to say nothing of the risk of actual injury. It would seem as if the foot of the American woman was a bit too important now to be so played with.

MUCH TRIED.

East Orange, N. J., Aug. 21, 1917.

Would Keep Chocolate for Allies.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Following is a copy of a letter I have sent to Herbert C. Hoover:

> South American republics which have broken with our enemy are not expected to do active service. They can aid economically.
>
> Cocoa is raised exclusively in this hemisphere, and exported almost exclusively in allied bottoms.
>
> By restricting the destination of the cocoa bean to allied countries we can be sure of providing for our armies of the future and at the same time prevent the leakage of chocolate into Germany—mainly through Switzerland. Swiss milk, greatly concentrated with the cocoa bean and sugar, is feeding many thousands of German soldiers daily. We can stop this.
>
> An opportunity is thus offered to us to feed our own armies with that which we have taken from the enemy.

MARTIN H. LEHMAIER.

New York, Aug. 20, 1917.

Ambulance Men's Mail Delayed.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Will you permit me to call the attention of the proper authorities to the delay in mail sent to our boys in the ambulance service in France?

My son has been at the front thirteen weeks and has received only two letters from home out of thirty that have been written to him. I know they have to be censored, and some, I suppose, go to the bottom, but there must be something radically wrong somewhere.

This seems so unfair when our boys are thousands of miles away trying to save the lives of the men in battle and risking their own lives.

MRS. D. W. COOK.

Belmar, Aug. 22, 1917.

Wants City Hall Cupola Restored.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Is there any specific reason for delaying the reconstruction of the cupola and clock on our City Hall, which were destroyed by fire some months ago?

Surely its present charred condition is not a pleasing sight to the eye, nor does it speak well for the maintenance of our public buildings before the representative allied missions that are being received at our City Hall.

Can something not be done to hasten the repair of this unsightly cupola and restore the clock we habitually look for but fail to see?

WILLIAM T. DEVLIN.

New York, Aug. 22, 1917.

Suggests Buying the Congo State.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Belgium will find a billion dollars very convenient after the war for the rehabilitation of her shattered land. Why could we not pay her a billion dollars for the Congo State, then offer each of our colored fellow-citizens a free homestead as an inducement to emigrate? We would thus accomplish several desirable objects at the same time—the rehabilitation of Belgium, the solution of the vexing "race problem," and give the colored man an opportunity to form a free State of his own under an American protectorate.

WILLIAM G. BELL.

Philadelphia, Aug. 22, 1917.

Woman's Section of Navy League.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Will you permit me to announce to the many women who are interested in the Woman's Section of the Navy League that we have received word from national headquarters that our work will be accepted by the Navy Department and we are instructed to go forward with our plans?

MARIAN MASON BELL,
Secretary New York City Branch, Woman's Section of Navy League.

New York, Aug. 22, 1917.

AUGUST NIGHT—EAST SIDE.

Devotees of the great god Heat
Prostrate themselves on the temple floor—
The burning bricks of the city street!
Here is life that was hidden, before,
In cellars and basements below our feet—
Life that is ugly and gross,
Spawned by the city in darkness,
Kept, as a rule, most conveniently close,
Lest Justice should spy it, and call it by name.
But now—only look!
Every cranny and nook
Is seething and wriggling and writhing with life,
As when water, that smiled
Like a dimpled child,
Is sucked by the Drouth,
With its avid mouth,
Till the mud shows its face,
With larvae infested, defiled—
Squirming and writhing in dire disgrace!
And listen! the Cheated Ones seem to say:
"The great god Heat gives us holiday,
But soon we shall shrink from your sight away.
Stooping shoulder and stunted limb,
Hectic color and eyesight dim,
Back to their hiding place will go,
Soon as the winds of Autumn blow;
Stitch by stitch we shall earn our bread;
Life is short, and we'll long be dead.
Eyes that stare at a grimy wall,
Minds made stolid that mouths be fed—
This is their annual festival!
Leisure whispers that life is sweet;
Hail, all hail to the great god Heat!"

FLORENCE VAN CLEVE.

STANDARD PATTERNS FOR RED CROSS WORK

Complete Directions for Making All Articles Needed in Europe Prepared.

H. P. DAVISON DEFINES PLAN

Head of War Council Says Organization Seeks to Encourage Work of All Relief Bodies.

The American Red Cross, which on September 1 will succeed the War Relief Clearing House for France and her allies as the general shipping agent of relief supplies, announced yesterday some of the regulations that will govern the acceptance of articles for shipment. The announcement was sent to 2,300 Red Cross Chapters in the United States by Harvey D. Gibson, the General Manager of the Red Cross, but was intended also, for the guidance of such independent war relief charities as may elect to become auxiliaries of the Red Cross under the new arrangement. It was accompanied by a statement by Henry P. Davison, Chairman of the War Council, expressing the hope that as many of the independent charities as possible would decide to work with the Red Cross.

Mr. Gibson notified the Red Cross Chapters that bulletins would be issued naming the classes of articles needed in Europe and the amounts required, as well as what each chapter and organization would be expected to produce, and the time in which it was desired such articles should be made and delivered to the Red Cross.

"After expert study and consultation with physicians, surgeons and other relief societies," Mr. Gibson's announcement explained, "complete standardized directions for making the articles mentioned have been prepared. Standard patterns have been adopted for all hospital garments required, and all pattern companies will issue identical patterns, which will be known as Red Cross Patterns. Any garments made according to these patterns will be acceptable to the Red Cross.

"Until these new directions and patterns are in the hands of Red Cross chapters, any of the above articles made by other societies will be accepted by Red Cross chapters, if offered to them, handled on the same basis as Red Cross articles, and without expense to such contributing society delivered to the nearest Red Cross supply station."

Mr. Davison in his statement, explaining the general policy of the Red Cross on the subject of co-operation, shipping, &c., said:

"The Red Cross seeks to encourage the efforts of all relief organizations. It is hoped that all such organizations which are manufacturing materials for hospital or other relief work among our allies in Europe, may become auxiliaries of the Red Cross, thus avoiding duplication. Such auxiliaries will retain their name and identity, the Red Cross will assist them in making their work effective, and with such affiliation the Red Cross will transport their materials to Europe free of charge, and see to it that such materials are properly distributed.

"Many war relief organizations have solicited contributions in kind. Some of the articles solicited have been necessary; others, while given in a spirit of a generous hospitality, have not necessarily been of great benefit. Yet other articles have been sent to Europe which were not needed at all.

"Pressure upon shipping space has become very intense, and it is absolutely necessary that for the present nothing be shipped abroad which is not imperatively needed. Ocean shipping difficulties become greater each day the submarine warfare is continued. The Red Cross cannot provide shipping arrangements for articles other than those which its investigations in Europe show to be required there.

"It is the hope that organizations which have devoted themselves merely to collecting funds will, after having used their present funds according to the desires of the donors, divert their efforts to soliciting funds which may be utilized along lines for which experience abroad shows a paramount need to exist.

"The Red Cross has assumed administration of the War Relief Clearing House in France, and will continue its functions. By reason of the great pressure on the French railways, it will be impossible for the War Relief Clearing House to arrange free transportation after September 1 for articles other than those which may be designated as essential in this present emergency.

"In the meantime, the American Red Cross has been co-operating successfully with the War Relief Clearing House in the United States in assisting the various relief organizations to obtain the utmost possible space for shipping to Europe from American ports. Everything offered thus far has been shipped abroad.

"It should be understood, however, that the situation as to relief organizations which prevails now as compared with that before the declaration of war by the United States, is wholly different. Prior to that time the American Red Cross had to be neutral, whereas the various relief organizations were under no such obligations. With our entry into the war, the Red Cross became free to exert itself in any way which, within the scope of its general activities, might aid our allies and allied peoples.

"We earnestly hope that no one will feel that the Red Cross desires to do anything but help. The Red Cross is an American institution, chartered by the United States Government, and the President of the United States is its President. The organization belongs to the American people, and seeks in this great world emergency to do nothing more and nothing less than to co-ordinate the generosity and the effort of our people toward achieving a supreme aim."

PUT EMBARGO ON SULPHUR.

Canadian Pulp Mills Supplying U. S. May Be Seriously Affected.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.—An embargo has been placed on exports of sulphur to Canada in order that the supply for war needs of the United States may not be unduly depleted. Canadian wood-pulp mills furnishing supplies for about three-fourths of the newsprint paper used in the United States will be seriously affected.

Sulphur, classified with explosives, is included in the list of commodities for which export licenses are required. No shipments will be licensed, officials said today, until Canada has presented complete estimates of the requirements of Dominion newsprint makers and of the needs of explosives factories.

The impression was given by officials today that, while there is every desire that the newspaper industry shall suffer no embarrassment, war needs will receive first consideration, and it was suggested that sulphur may be permitted to go to Canada in limited quantities only, even after the issuing of licenses is resumed.

JAPANESE BACK FROM ROME.

Deny That Economic Conference Had a Political Cast.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.—Japanese officials here were questioned today regarding a report in The San Francisco Examiner that Viscount Okouchi and Mr. Kawai had arrived there on their way to Tokio from Rome, where, it was said, they had attended a secret conference of the Allies just before the announcement of the Pope's peace plea. They were represented as having said that the Pope and a high American official had invited Japan to send delegates to the conference.

It was explained that Viscount Okouchi is a member of the Japanese House of Peers and Mr. Kawai is Secretary of the House. They have been in Rome as delegates to the International Economic Conference, held there some months ago. The conference was held at the invitation of the Italian Government. Political matters were not to be discussed nor had the conference anything to do with diplomatic questions. The United States was not represented.

SENATORS HEAR REICHMANN

Army Colonel Denies Charges of Disloyalty Before Committee.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.—Colonel Carl Reichmann, United States Army Inspector General of Militia of the Central Division, at Chicago, appeared before the sub-committee of the Senate Military Affairs Committee today to answer allegations that he had voiced disloyal utterances on the conduct of the war and expressed sympathy with Germany. Upon the outcome of the hearing, which is being conducted in executive session, depends the action of the Senate upon the President's nomination of Colonel Reichmann to be a Brigadier General to command a division going to France.

Colonel Reichmann took the stand and denied the charges against him. He will finish his evidence tomorrow. He sat for two hours before taking the stand, listening to the allegations and to testimony of witnesses in his favor.

The chief allegation against Colonel Reichmann was embraced in a letter written by Mrs. James Anderson, wife of a Canadian Colonel, to Senator Poindexter. This was read to the committee. In the letter Mrs. Anderson wrote that at a tea at the home of Colonel S. L. Falson at Chicago, on Aug. 1, Colonel Reichmann, during a discussion over the war, said that the United States was wrong in sending its soldiers to fight in France. The Colonel also said, she wrote, that Germany's submarine campaign and its Zeppelin attacks on English cities were entirely justified.

Another letter received this week by Senator Pomerene was read to the committee. It was written by some one whose identity was not given, and referred to the conduct of Colonel Reichmann during the Boer war when he served as Military Observer for the United States Army with the British forces. At that time the Colonel was alleged to have revealed information to the Germans that is said to have led to the ambush of British forces at Bushman's Kop. The writer of the letter spoke of this incident as tending to show pro-German bias on the part of Colonel Reichmann.

After the letters had been read, Mrs. Falson took the stand and testified in Colonel Reichmann's behalf. She said she believed that the remark made by Colonel Reichmann had been misconstrued by Mrs. Anderson. Colonel Falson gave testimony to substantiate that of his wife.

Colonel Reichmann then took the stand and vehemently denied that he had made any criticism of the Administration that could be construed as disloyal, or that he had expressed himself as being in sympathy with Germany.

PERU'S PORTS OPEN TO US.

President of Republic Commends Stand Taken by Wilson.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.—Peru has lined up behind Uruguay and Argentina in supporting morally the United States in its war against Germany and in opening its ports to American warships during the war. Secretary Lansig received and made public today the text of an address which President Pardo of Peru recently delivered before the Congress of the nation, in which he said, in part:

"President Wilson, in his message read before the American Congress on the 2d of last April, set forth the motives of intervention of his country in the European war and the plans pursued to save the principles of peace and justice in the world, declaring that the United States would be satisfied only when they have consolidated the faith in liberty which the nations can give, adding that they will fight for the triumph of democratic rights, for the liberty of those who are living under the oppression and have no voice before their Governments, for the rights and liberties of the small nations, for the universal dominion of justice, and because the concert of all the people carry and assure peace and humanity, and may make the entire world positively free.

"Peru, which in all its acts of international life has endeavored to incorporate these principles of justice in the judicial and political relations of the American people; Peru, which in a war not far back sacrificed for these ideals the blood of its sons, the richness of its treasuries, and the hope of its future, cannot be indifferent to the words of President Wilson, and adheres once more to such noble purposes."

SOMERS HEADS G. A. R.

Indianian Elected Commander in Chief—Gen. Clem Honored.

BOSTON, Aug. 23.—Orlando A. Somers of Kokomo, Ind., was elected Commander in Chief of the Grand Army of the Republic at the closing session of the annual encampment today. There were no other candidates and the election was by acclamation.

Brigadier General John L. Clem, U. S. A., retired, of Washington, who enlisted in the Twenty-second Michigan Infantry as a drummer boy at the age of 11, was elected Senior Vice Commander-in-Chief. It was the only candidate nominated. Speakers called attention to the fact that he was a Sergeant in the Union Army a year after he went to the front.

John A. Vernin of Chicago was elected Junior Vice Commander in Chief.

John M. Adams of Cincinnati was elected Surgeon General and the Rev. C. H. Frady of Helena, Mont., Chaplain in Chief.

The appointment of Robert W. McBride of Indianapolis as Adjutant General was announced by Commander in Chief Somers.

The convention formally ratified the selection of Portland, Ore., as the encampment city for next year.

SOLVING EXPORTS PROBLEM

Washington Already Arranging a Plan to Ration Neutrals.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.—The Exports Council has practically all the information that is necessary to assist in formulating a policy of rationing neutral countries contiguous to Germany upon principles declared by President Wilson. Temporary agreements are being negotiated with the neutrals, the terms of which are being kept secret, but it is known that the quantities of supplies permitted to be exported by them are comparatively small, and that some use, connected with the war, will be made of part of the neutral shipping. This use is believed to be for relief work at the present time, as the agreements cover only specified amounts of grain and other food and foodstuffs.

The neutrals are not yet permitted to export from this country materials which are needed for the manufacture of war supplies, such as steel, and the amount of coal they may purchase here for shipping and for fuel is extremely limited.

CONFER ON SWEDEN'S FOOD.

King and Minister Morris Discuss American Embargo.

STOCKHOLM, Aug. 23.—In a speech yesterday dealing with the position of neutrals, Admiral Lindman, the Foreign Minister, expressed the hope that the people of America, as well as those who direct America's policy, would take a broad and humanitarian point of view, and that the American nation, with which Sweden had had such close relations, would not be willing to cause this country serious difficulties.

Referring to measures adopted by the United States to limit food exportation, the Minister gave an account of imports of grain into Sweden and of exports of provisions. He said there had been virtually no shipping of grain from the country during the war, and that the quantity of pork and other meat exported by no means reached the extent sometimes rumored.

Ira N. Morris, the American Minister, had an audience of half an hour with the King today, discussing the relations of Sweden and the United States and the requirements of this country. An improvement in conditions is expected on the return of Herman Lagercrantz, who was sent to Washington by the Government to explain the needs of Sweden.

WILSON WELCOMES JAPANESE MISSION

Receives Letter from Emperor Felicitating America on Our Entry Into War.

FIGHT FOR LIBERTY PLEDGED

"Indignant Humanity," Says the President, Is Struggling for the Rights of Nations.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.—Viscount Ishii, Special Ambassador and head of Japan's Mission to the United States, presented his credentials to President Wilson this afternoon, and with them an autograph letter from the Japanese Emperor congratulating the President and the people of the United States upon their decision to enter the war against Germany.

Viscount Ishii said:

"Mr. President: On this occasion I have the good fortune to be the bearer of a special message of welcome and deep appreciation from His Imperial Majesty, the Emperor of Japan, to the President and sovereign people of the United States of America, on their momentous decision to co-operate in the great war now raging.

"His Majesty, interpreting the unanimous sentiment of Japan, congratulates your great country on this determination. It has been arrived at not lightly and in a moment of passion, but after the exercise of a noble patience and in a spirit of unselfish chivalry which have excited the admiration of the whole world. That America is now fighting on the side of Japan is a source of pride to His Majesty and to every Japanese.

Recalls Co-operation in China.

"It is not the first time, I may be allowed to remind you, Mr. President, that this has happened. In 1900 I had the privilege of seeing with my own eyes the American and Japanese colors waiving together, when the allied troops, in the face of terrible difficulties, triumphantly relieved the besieged legations at Peking. I well remember the skill and courage with which the American civilians and soldiers co-operated in the defense. The resourceful bravery which those few Americans showed then American legions will show now.

"The auspicious co-operation of the United States of America and Japan in the tremendous task of restoring the reign of mutual confidence and goodwill among the nations of the earth cannot but draw us closer together. Our common efforts are directed to seeking an enduring peace based on respect for the independence of the smallest and weakest States; on contempt of the arrogance of materialistic force; on reverence for the pledged word. In the service of these common ideals, our two countries must surely realize a far nearer friendship than before.

"This is no ordinary war. It is an issue between common morality and an inhuman system of calculated aggression which would render all friendly intercourse impossible. The welcome fact that the United States stands side by side with the allied powers is a guarantee of early victory, and so his Imperial Majesty hails it as such with deep gratification."

New Ties in War, Says Wilson.

The President said in reply:

"Mr. Ambassador: It is with a sense of deep satisfaction that I receive from your hand the letters whereby you are accredited as the Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of Japan on special mission to the United States. It is a pleasure to accept through you from your imperial sovereign congratulations on the ent

PREPARING TO CRUSH CANADIAN SEDITION

Home Troops Held in Readiness for Enforcement of the Conscription Act.

SALE OF ARMS IS CHECKED

Quebec Street Orators to be Silenced as Soon as the Law Is Proclaimed.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTREAL, Aug. 23.—While the conscription bill has not yet been proclaimed law, the Government is going ahead steadily with preparations for its enforcement. The Minister of Justice has so stated in the House and there is ample evidence that the preparations are for all possible emergencies.

The Federal authorities issued an order today calling upon all hardware merchants in Quebec who sell revolvers, rifles, and ammunition to report immediately the number of firearms and the quantity of ammunition they have in stock. This is in keeping with the decision of the Government to reduce the available supply of firearms to a minimum in order that hotheaded persons may be saved from follies which they might commit were firearms available.

Enforcement of the conscription bill is in the hands of the military authorities, a fact which few seem to realize. As the proclamation of the act will automatically make everybody within the prescribed age limits a soldier, the civil authorities have no concern with the bill in any form.

Already there has been considerable co-operation between English hardware firms here and the Federal authorities. One firm handling firearms has refused to execute more than $100,000 worth of orders for revolvers, rifles, and ammunition, all from French Canadians within the province. It is feared that already a large number of irresponsible youths have procured firearms.

A prominent headquarters staff officer here makes the statement that so far as the Montreal military district is concerned everything is now in readiness for the enforcement of the conscription act as soon as the Government has completed its civil machinery of tribunals and record offices. It is significant in this connection that three Scottish regiments which came here on their way overseas have had their orders to sail canceled, and other regiments at Ottawa and Valcartier camps which were also slated to sail for Europe some days ago have been ordered to remain. Reports from New England state that cruisers have been dispatched to these waters with considerable forces of marines, and it is indicated that in the event of any organized effort to interfere with the execution of the conscription act, the Government will call upon outside forces for help if the necessity arises.

As soon as the bill is proclaimed the flood of violent counsel which street orators have been pouring forth will be dried up. The bill provides stiff penalties for this sort of agitation, and it is the Government's determination to lose no time in enforcing the prohibition of all seditious utterances against the prosecution of the war.

The reference made by Sir Lomer Gouin in his speech last Monday to the need and the probability of another Cromwell arising here has not been overlooked. The Provincial Premier's utterance after his long silence, is regarded as proof that he has no intention of aiding the Federal authorities in the enforcement of conscription before an election. With the growing improvement in the prospects for a Union Government the chances of postponing an election until after the war are again being weighed, though there seems little real prospect of this being achieved.

The next three weeks will see the conscription act well on the way to enforcement here unless untoward developments cause the Government to change its plans.

Miss Tippy to Wed Ray M. Walker.

The Rev. Worth Marion Tippy and Mrs. Tippy of 924 West End Avenue have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Magion Ward Tippy, to Ray Mattox Walker, a son of Mr. and Mrs. Guy Morrison Walker of this city. Mr. Walker is a graduate of the Columbia Law School. Miss Tippy's father is Secretary of the Commission on Church and Social Service of the Federal Council of Churches, and was formerly pastor of the Madison Avenue Methodist Church. He is a well-known efficiency expert in church work. No date has been set for the wedding.

Miss Frederica Bull Weds Sept. 18.

The wedding of Miss Frederica Bull, daughter of Captain Frederic Bull and Mrs. Bull of Fordham, N. J., and Edward Welsh Clucas, whose engagement was announced early in August, will take place at noon on Tuesday, Sept. 18, in the chantry of Grace Church.

MARRIES BROTHER'S WIDOW.

Francis M. Blagden Weds Mrs. Lydia L. M. Jones Blagden.

Francis Meredith Blagden, a son of Mrs. Samuel P. Blagden of 16 East Tenth Street, and Mrs. Lydia Lawrence Mason Jones Blagden, widow of Arthur Campbell Blagden, were married on Wednesday at the bride's home, Little Field, at Sterlington, N. Y., by the Rev. Dr. Charles Lewis Slattery of Grace Church, this city.

Mrs. Blagden married an elder brother of yesterday's bridegroom in 1908, and he died in 1915.

Henry W. Jones, Grand Regent.

Henry W. Jones, Grand Regent of the Royal Arcanum Grand Lodge of the State of New York and affiliated with the order for more than thirty years, died on Wednesday at his home, 942 St. Mark's Avenue, Brooklyn, in his sixty-second year. Mr. Jones was born in Brooklyn and was a graduate of Columbia University. Thirty years ago he was initiated into Our Council, No. 252, in Manhattan, and later organized Dauntless Council, and became its first Regent. For several years he represented the Grand Council in the Supreme Council, and in 1913 he was elected Grand Regent of this State, and re-elected last April. He was also a member of the Past Regents' Association. Mr. Jones was a general electrical contractor in Brooklyn.

Mrs. Anna Klaer Dies in 100th Year

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y., Aug. 23.—Mrs. Anna M. Klaer, widow of Jacob Klaer, died today at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Caroline McNichol, 3 Farold Court, Van Guilder Terrace, New Rochelle, in her one hundredth year. She was born in Lindau, Bavaria. Her grandfather was a Bavarian soldier and fought against the Prussians. When she was 20 years old she came to America in a sailing ship.

Obituary Notes.

GEORGE POUZENEE, a chef, who was at one time with the Waldorf-Astoria, died last night at his home in Fairview, N. J., where he owned the Fairview Hotel. He was 60 years old.

Mrs. ETHEL HAVEN TASKER, wife of Arthur M. Tasker of Greenport, L. I., and formerly a teacher in Greenport schools, died at Lynn, Mass., on Tuesday after an operation for appendicitis. She was 35 years old.

WILLIAM J. FINN, general superintendent of Beard's Erie Basin Warehouses for thirty-five years, died on Wednesday at his home, 222 Brooklyn Avenue, Brooklyn.

Mrs. MARY E. O'NEILL, wife of Arthur P. O'Neill, died at her home, 195 East Eighth Street, Brooklyn, on Wednesday. Her husband is a telegraph operator at the Brooklyn Police Headquarters.

JOHN E. STEVENS, 56 years old, a retired policeman who was the driver for the Police Inspectors in Brooklyn, died on Tuesday at his home, 202 St. Marks Avenue, Brooklyn. Mr. Stevens was of powerful build and won a silver cup for lifting 600 pounds from the floor without the aid of harness. He was retired from the police force two years ago after twenty-three years' service.

PHILIP M. ABRAMS, 81 years old, a retired mechanical and marine engineer, died at his home, 146 Van Buren Street, Brooklyn, on Wednesday. For several years he was chief engineer of ocean-going steamships and later supervised the erection of many ice plants in Manhattan and Brooklyn.

Mrs. CATHERINE ANN TAYLOR, a descendant of Revolutionary stock and the widow of William Henry Taylor, died on Wednesday at the home of her daughter, 151 Bainbridge Street, Brooklyn. In her eighty-second year she is survived by four daughters and two sons.

JOSEPH F. REDMOND, 45 years old, an undertaker in Brooklyn, died at his home, 105 King Street, Brooklyn, on Wednesday. He was a member of the Odd Fellows, Knights of Columbus, and Knights of Maccabees.

Dr. BENJAMIN ARCHER WADDINGTON, a physician of Salem, N. J., for fifty-two years, died there yesterday in his seventy-fifth year.

PAUL W. BURGE, a newspaper publisher of Rahway, N. J., died at his home there yesterday in his fifty-seventh year.

RALPH BEMIS GIBBS, 43 years old, travelling representative of the New York Public Library Bureau, died suddenly on Monday on a train near Croton, N. Y.

JOSEPH C. MORRIS, a clothing merchant of Omaha, Neb., who was visiting his brother Israel at 1,164 West Farms Road, died Sunday as the result of an automobile accident at Highmount, N. Y.

Mrs. SARAH E. INSLEE, widow of Charles L. Inslee, inventor of a sewing machine shuttle, died yesterday at her Summer home, near Newton, N. J., in her seventy-fourth year.

WILLIAM E. COURSEN, 71 years old, a baker of Succasunna, N. J., died yesterday at the home of his daughter at Bernardsville, N. J.

ALBERT LE ROY OLIVER, son of Road Supervisor and Mrs. Robert S. Oliver of Milburn, N. J., died yesterday in his twentieth year.

Mrs. ELIZABETH H. PANCOAST, daughter of William Arms, a dry goods merchant of Cincinnati, died on Wednesday at the German Hospital following an operation.

ABRAHAM MONIS, a member of the clothing manufacturing firm of Lyons, Koeffler & Co. of this city, is dead at his home here in his eighty-sixth year.

Judge P. A. BRADY, who had officiated at Oriental Park, Cuba, Jacksonville, and other race tracks in the last fifteen years, died suddenly on Monday at his home in Jacksonville, Fla., in his seventieth year.

MARTIN DUPREE BURNLEY, cotton broker and Southern manager of E. P. Hutton & Co., died last night at his home, 490 Riverside Drive, aged 53 years.

JONATHAN KEISHAW, Sr., one of the founders of the Bankers' Life Insurance Company of this city, died yesterday at his home in East Orange, N. J., in his seventy-first year.

JOSIAH P. MARQUAND, formerly in the cashiers' department of the Interborough Company, and for years Captain in the Seventy-first Regiment, died last night at his home, in Mt. Vernon, in his seventy-fourth year.

MEAT OF REINDEER POPULAR ON COAST

Government Railroad to Alaska Promises to Open New Distributing Centres.

HERDS ARE INCREASING

Animals Easy to Raise and the Flesh Is Said to be as Good as Beef or Mutton.

Reindeer meat is finding its way into the market on the Pacific Coast, and is certain to become an important part of the meat supply of this country when the Government railroad to Alaska provides the means of shipping to distributing centres in this country, according to Clio Mamer, writing in The Catholic World.

There were 70,243 reindeer in Alaska, according to the Government report on the subject in 1915, nearly all descendants of herds totaling 1,200 which were imported from Russia to stock the country between 1902 and 1906, and the herds today are increasing at a remarkable rate. Until 1914, the raising of reindeer was confined to natives and Eskimos, but since then the Government has permitted others to enter the business. Beginning in the Fall of 1914, shipments of reindeer meat to Seattle and other Pacific Coast cities have been allowed. Mr. Mamer says that reindeer steak is as palatable as beefsteak, and that it has been selling at many of the best hotels in California, Washington, and Oregon for from one-quarter to one-half the price of beefsteak. He continues:

"There are many things to be said in favor of using reindeer meat on our tables, aside from a desire to cut the high cost of living. The reindeer is not only easy and cheap to raise, but its flesh is pleasing to the taste and it is fully as nutritious as beef or mutton. Moreover, practically every part of the animal can be utilized for human consumption, and it is one of the easiest meats to keep from spoiling.

"Last Winter marked the entrance of the reindeer upon the scene as a possible economic factor in the great world war. The Swedish Government sold to German agents 43,500 carcasses of reindeers, which, it was estimated, provided 3,480 metric tons of venison for the German soldiers. This meat was purchased at a price which would make it the equivalent of 28 cents a pound in our money.

"When the United States Government took over its newly purchased land from Russia and enacted laws for the protection of the seal, the Indians and the Eskimos were reduced to a state of starvation. With the coming of the white man the wild game and whale upon which the natives had relied for their food supply had been driven into the inaccessible lands, and now the seal, the one animal which remained for them to live upon, was taken from them. Scores of these people were wiped out of existence by disease and hunger before the Government awoke to the fact that it was its duty to preserve the lives of these unfortunate wretches. It was Captain M. A. Healey of the United States revenue cutter Bear who was responsible for the suggestion which finally led to the introduction of the reindeer from Alaska."

Twelve hundred reindeer were brought over from Russia between 1902 and 1906, but in the latter year Russia forbade further exportations of the animal. The herds already imported were placed under the care of Laplanders brought over for the express purpose of teaching how to breed and care for the animals. Eskimos and Indian boys are now taught how to raise reindeer at Government experimental stations in Alaska. They are trained in this industry and taught reading, writing, arithmetic, and sanitation for five years at Government expense, after which they receive from six to ten reindeer with which to start a herd of their own. Many of these boys have become wealthy.

"Nearly every portion of a reindeer's flesh can be used, and one cut is practically as good as another," says Mr. Mamer. "It would seem as if this industry ought to appeal strongly to those of our young agricultural students who are particularly interested in stock raising, for it undoubtedly has an element of adventure about it which they, more than any other class of farmers, would appreciate. Reindeer can be raised for the market much more cheaply than cattle, for they find their own feed both in Winter and Summer, and they can live in barren wastes which would support no other kind of animal. It has been estimated that there is in Alaska close to 300,000 square miles of this land which would afford pasturage for millions of deer. Those domesticated descendants of the caribou which still roam wild in certain parts of Alaska and British Columbia, besides being easy to herd, are not difficult to raise, as they are exceptionally healthy and suffer from no disease."

TEXAS HOUSE VOTES TO IMPEACH GOVERNOR

Orders Committee to Draw Bill of Charges, and Executive May Leave Office Today.

WINSTON, Aug. 23.—The House in Committee of the Whole tonight reported a recommendation that a bill of impeachment against Governor James E. Ferguson be presented to the Senate. The vote was 81 to 52.

A committee of five was appointed to draw up articles of impeachment and report to the House as the first business tomorrow. The action was taken as a result of the investigation of thirteen charges filed by Speaker Fuller against the Governor, alleging illegal acts in office.

The articles of impeachment to be drawn first must be passed on by the House before they can go to the Senate. Legislative leaders expressed the belief that the articles will be adopted quickly. Should they be signed tomorrow, Governor Ferguson would be automatically suspended from office, and his place taken by Lieutenant Governor Hobby, pending Senate action.

Much of the stir which caused the investigation resulted from the Governor's attitude in vetoing bills for university appropriations. Other charges against the Governor were that he failed to pay back to the State, as promised, funds appropriated for incidentals at the Mansion, but spent it for groceries, meats, vegetables, and automobile accessories; that he violated the banking laws by taking large loans from the Temple State Bank, in which he was a stockholder; that he deposited State funds in the Temple bank for his own benefit; that he misappropriated State funds to pay personal obligations; that Abilene was incorrectly chosen as the site for the West Texas Agricultural and Mechanical College, and that he sought to influence Speaker Fuller by extending him a long time loan.

Brownell-McClure Engagement.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew S. Brownell, of Park Hill, Yonkers, announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Janet Brownell, to Colin McClure, also of Park Hill, a son of the late Mr. and Mrs. R. B. McClure and a nephew of S. S. McClure. Mr. McClure, who has been at Plattsburg, will take up aviation. His brother, Bruce McClure, went abroad a year ago and was first at Saloniki and then an aviator in Albania, and is now preparing to enter the French artillery service. No date has been named for the wedding.

GIVES PRESIDENT A PULL.

Baltimorean's Motor Truck Helps Wilson's Car Out of a Mire.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., Aug. 23.—President and Mrs. Wilson had an unpleasant experience a few days ago while motoring on the Belair Road. Accompanied by Secret Service men, they were enjoying the trip, when, in turning, their limousine backed off the highway into a mire covered with grass, into which the wheels of the machine sank almost out of sight.

The chauffeur and Secret Service men called a farmer with a mule team, but the mules were unable to budge the car. Afterward a Baltimore man, driving a five-ton truck, came along, and in a short time the powerful motor pulled out the President's car. The Secret Service men offered to pay the owner of the truck, but he declined to accept any money.

"It is enough reward to be able to get President Wilson out of a hole," remarked the Baltimorean as he returned to his truck.

Miss Cochran Weds Lieut. Victor.

The wedding of Miss Marjorie Cochran, daughter of Mrs. Frederick Boardman Cochran of 144 Midland Avenue, Montclair, N. J., to Frederick Albert Victor, a Lieutenant in the United States cavalry, took place yesterday afternoon at the home of the bride's mother. The Rev. Louis Wittemore, assistant rector of Christ Church, Montclair, performed the ceremony in the presence of a few relatives and friends. Mr. Victor, who is now at Fort Ethan Allen, is a graduate of Williams College, class of '13.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Married.

BLAGDEN—BLAGDEN.—On Wednesday, Aug. 22, 1917, at Sterlington, N. Y., by the Rev. Dr. Charles Lewis Slattery, Lydia Lawrance Blagden, daughter of Mrs. Arthur Mason Jones, to Francis Meredith Blagden.

CLARK—WOODRUFF.—On Saturday, Aug. 18, at the Congregational Church, Litchfield, Conn., by the Rev. Storrs O. Seymour, D. D., Lillian Bell, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James P. Woodruff, to Lieut. William Bernard Clark, U. S. R.

HILDITCH—PETERS.—On Aug. 22, at Garden City, L. I., Dorothy Peters, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Peters of Garden City, to John Platt Hubbell of same place.

KITTLE—BAIN.—On Wednesday, Aug. 22, 1917, at St. Ambrose's Chapel of the Redeemer, Church of St. Ignatius the Divine, by the Rev. Dr. E. Briggs Nash, Olive Love, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Bain, Jr., New York City, to Lieutenant Percy Rhodes Kittle, U. S. R., son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Kittle of Brooklyn.

POTTER—GREENE.—On Thursday, Aug. 23, 1917, at Grace Church, New York, by the Rev. Charles L. Slattery, D. D., Eleanor Nicoll, daughter of General and Mrs. Francis Vinton Greene, to Lieut. George Potter, U. S. R., of Buffalo, N. Y.

SMITH—MARSH.—On Aug. 23, at the Church of the Heavenly Rest, Kathryn Marsh, daughter of Ralph Marsh of New York, to Laurence Dwight Smith, son of Mrs. Hamilton Edgar Smith of Detroit, Mich.

WEED—GREENWOOD.—On Thursday evening, Aug. 23, at St. Luke's Church, Montclair, N. J., by the Right Rev. Edward S. Lines, Bishop of Newark, Gretchen, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Moses Greenwood of Montclair, N. J., to Lieutenant Newell Phipps Weed, U. S. A., son of Mr. and Mrs. Nathan H. Weed of Montclair, N. J.

Died.

ABRAHAM.—Charles, in his 54th year; beloved husband of Goldie and dear father of Jacob, Meyer, Herman, Samuel, Harry, Joseph and Mrs. Frances Gilbert. Funeral from his late residence, 203 West 117th St., Friday, Aug. 24, at 10 A. M.

BIDDLE.—Suddenly, on or about the 19th inst., in the North Sea, Julian Cornell Biddle, son of Julia and the late Arthur Biddle, in the 28th year of his age.

BIRD.—At his residence, Dark Harbor, Me., on Aug. 21, George Bird, in the 59th year of his age. Funeral services will be held at Christ Church, Dark Harbor, on Thursday, Aug. 23, at 3 P. M. Interment at Troy, N. Y. Erie and Troy papers please copy.

BURNLEY.—On Thursday, Aug. 23, 1917, at his residence, 490 Riverside Drive, Martin Dupree Burnley, in the 53d year of his age. Notice of funeral later.

CHARLES.—Abraham, residence 203 West 117th Street. Funeral Friday, Aug. 24, at 10 o'clock. Harry Greenberg Lodge, No. 889 I. O. B. A., regretfully announces the death of Brother Abraham Charles. Members of the lodge are requested to attend funeral.

COALE.—At Amityville, N. Y., on Aug. 21, Elizabeth Kip Coale, daughter of the late Henry and Elizabeth Kip, aged 66 years. Funeral service at St. Mary's Episcopal Church, at Amityville, on Friday, Aug. 24, upon arrival of 11 A. M. train from New York.

COYE.—Miss Bertha F., daughter of Captain Charles S. Coye, at Lee Hospital, Rochester, Aug. 21. Interment private at Canandaigua, 11 A. M., Aug. 23.

CRANE.—Veterans of the Seventh Regiment, N. G., N. Y.—Members are requested to attend the funeral of our comrade, Edward S. Crane, (7th Company,) at his late residence, 307 Walnut Av., Cranford, N. J., on Friday, Aug. 24, 1917, at 2 P. M.

THOMAS DIMOND, President.

DONELAN.—On Wednesday, Aug. 22, James W., beloved husband of Mary Louise and father of Sister M. Rosamond, O. S. D.: Elizabeth M., and Mary T. Donelan. Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, 284 Pavonia Av., Jersey City, on Saturday, Aug. 25, at 9 A. M. Solemn requiem mass at St. Michael's Church at 10 A. M.

FOOTE.—Suddenly, on Aug. 21, 1917, at his residence, 8 West 87th St., Thomas M., husband of the late Julia Jerome Foote, in his 77th year. Funeral services at St. Ignatius Church, 87th St. and West End Av., Friday, Aug. 24, at 11 A. M. Interment private. Buffalo papers please copy.

GRANT.—On Aug. 22, Frank Lincoln, beloved husband of Frances Grant, (nee Hunter,) father of Lieutenant Frank L. Grant, Jr. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway and 66th St., (Frank E. Campbell Building,) Friday afternoon, 2 o'clock. Interment Greenwood.

HIRSHFIELD.—Thursday, Aug. 23, Jacob, beloved husband of the late Zipporah Hirshfeld. Funeral services at the Harlem Synagogue, 208 Lenox Av., Friday, Aug. 24, at 2 P. M.

HUYLER.—At Mt. Tabor, Aug. 22, Grace V., wife of Charles M. Huyler, and daughter of William H. and Carrie Miller. Funeral services at Mt. Tabor, N. J., 10 A. M. Saturday, Aug. 25.

INSLEE.—On Wednesday, Aug. 22, at her residence, Newton, N. J., Sarah Edsall, wife of the late Charles L. Inslee. Funeral services and interment at the convenience of the family. It is kindly requested that no flowers be sent.

JACOB.—Suddenly, at Denver, Col., Barrett G. Jacob, son of Rebecca, 684 St. Nicholas Av., and brother of Louis A., Edgar P. and Ruby R. San Francisco and Denver papers please copy.

JONES.—Grand Council Royal Arcanum. Announcement is made with sorrow of the death of Grand Regent H. W. Jones of 942 St. Mark's Av., Brooklyn. Funeral services at St. Matthew's Episcopal Church, Tompkins Av. and McDonough St., on Saturday afternoon, Aug. 25, 1917, at 2:30 o'clock. Harold C. Knoeppel is Grand Vice Regent.

Attest:
W. W. SHEFFIELD, Grand Secretary.

LIEUT. POTTER'S BRIDE A GENERAL'S DAUGHTER

U. S. Reserve Corps Officer Hastily Marries Miss Eleanor N. Greene in Grace Church.

The marriage of George Potter, a Lieutenant in the United States Reserve Corps, and Miss Eleanor N. Greene, a daughter of General Francis Vinton Greene and Mrs. Greene of Buffalo and New York, was celebrated quietly at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon in the chantry of Grace Church, the rector, the Rev. Dr. Charles Lewis Slattery, officiating, in the presence of the families and a few close friends.

The bride walked with her father and wore a white satin robe, with a long, plain skirt and a mediaeval semi-fitting cuirass of satin, the pointed body and the round neck corded with satin and the old Italian sleeves, close at the shoulder, fell away from the elbows in exaggerated points, showing close undersleeves of old Venetian point. The train was like a long, narrow scarf. Her tulle veil was arranged in a bandel cap, and her ornament was a short double-string pearl necklace. She carried a small, round bouquet of lilies of the valley.

Her sister, Miss Katherine Greene, her only attendant, wore a simple frock of palest pink georgette crêpe, with a huge silk bow at the back and a large hat to match, and carried bridesmaid's roses.

Mr. Potter's brother, Roderick Potter of Buffalo, was his best man. There were no ushers. A small reception followed at the Greene residence, 64 East Seventy-seventh Street. The wedding was a hurried one, as Lieutenant Potter is under orders.

Died.

KEITH.—At Hasbrouck Heights, N. J., Aug. 22, 1917, Lucy A., wife of the late George H. Keith. Funeral private. Interment at convenience of family.

LEWIS.—On Aug. 22, 1917, at her late residence, 600 West 146th St., Mrs. John H. Lewis, in her 57th year. Funeral service at the Chapel of the Intercession, Broadway and 155th Street, Saturday, Aug. 25, at 2 P. M.

LOCKWOOD.—Suddenly, at her home, 138 McLean Av., Yonkers, N. Y., on Tuesday, Aug. 21, 1917, Margaret Van Norden, widow of the late Charles Lockwood, aged 86 years. Funeral private, on Friday.

MADILL.—Ellen, on Friday, Aug. 22. Funeral service on Friday at 1 o'clock, 208 East 36th Street.

MANLEY.—Aug. 21, at aviation school, Tours, France, George Herbert, aged 21, First Aeronautical Detachment, U. S. N., only son of Herbert N. and Sallie Fearn Manley of Montclair, N. J. Baltimore and Mobile papers please copy.

MASSEY.—At Keyport, N. J., on Aug. 23, in his 84th year, John Massey, Sr., father of George W. Massey. Funeral Saturday, at 10 A. M., at St. Joseph's Church, Keyport. Relatives and friends are invited.

MURPHY.—On Tuesday, Aug. 21, John, beloved husband of the late Johannah Murphy and father of Mrs. Joseph J. A. Murphy. Funeral from his late residence, 249 East 49th St., on Saturday, Aug. 25, at 10 A. M. Interment private. Cathedral. Interment Calvary. Kindly omit flowers.

MOODY.—Suddenly, at White Plains, N. Y., Aug. 22, 1917, Dwight Moody, in his 71st year. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, 222 Hale Av., on Saturday at 1 P. M. Interment Greenwood Cemetery at 4 o'clock. Washington Walworth Lodge, No. 271, F. and A. M., is invited.

MORRIS.—Joseph C., of Omaha, Neb., suddenly, on Sunday, Aug. 19, beloved husband of Rosalia and brother of Israel Morris. Funeral services Friday, Aug. 24, at 10 A. M., from Martin Fleischmann's dertaking establishment, 239 Lenox Av., New York City. Omaha papers please copy.

NEWLAND.—Mary Nicholson, wife of David J. Newland, at Potsdam, N. Y., Aug. 22, 1917. Funeral services Friday, 11:30 A. M. at 8 Chestnut St., Potsdam. Interment Haddonfield, N. J.

RUNG.—In Vienna, Austria, on June 10, 1917, Rudolph A. Rung, husband of Anna Bernard and Mrs. Frances Gilbert. Funeral from his late residence, 203 West 117th St., Friday, Aug. 24, at 10 A. M.

SIDDLE.—Suddenly, on or about the 19th inst., in the North Sea, Julian Cornell Biddle, son of Julia and the late Arthur Biddle, in the 28th year of his age.

STONE.—At Summit, N. J., Aug. 23, 1917, after a brief illness, Francis F., Stone, aged 77 years. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, 22 Hawthorne Place, Summit, N. J., on Saturday, Aug. 25, at 2 P. M. Boston and Worcester papers please copy.

TAYLOR.—On Tuesday, Aug. 21, 1917, Philip Kettredge Taylor, M. D., of Brooklyn and Kingston, R. I. Funeral private.

TOWERS.—Suddenly, Aug. 22, Jeanette D., beloved wife of George L. Towers. Services at residence, 600 West 174th St., 8 P. M., Friday. Interment on Saturday, Woodlawn. Chicago and Toledo (Ohio) papers please copy.

TOWNSEND.—Suddenly, on Aug. 22, in his 22d year, Van Rensselaer Townsend, beloved son of the late Rodolph D. Townsend and Louisa de L. Townsend. Funeral services at Christ's Church, Rye, on Saturday, at 2:30 P. M.

VAN den BURG.—After a brief illness, on Wednesday morning, Aug. 22, 1917, William H Van den Burg, M. D., in his fifty-seventh year, beloved husband of Marie Schiller. Funeral service at St. Nicholas Church, of St. Nicholas, 5th Av. and 48th St., New York City, on Friday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Interment private.

VAN den BURG.—William H., M. D. The nurses of the Alumni of the Hahnemann Hospital are requested to attend the services at the Collegiate Church of St. Nicholas, 5th Av. and 48th St., N. Y. City, on Friday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

VAN den BURG.—After a brief illness on Wednesday morning, Aug. 22, 1917, William H. Van den Burg, M. D., in his 57th year, beloved husband of Marie Schiller. Funeral services at the Collegiate Church of St. Nicholas, 5th Av. and 48th St., New York City, on Friday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Interment private. Members of New York Homoeopathic County Society are respectfully invited to attend.

GOVE S. HARRINGTON, President.

VAN den BURG.—The Medical Staff of the Hahnemann Hospital of the City of New York announces with profound sorrow the death of Dr. William H. Van den Burg, Chief of the Medical Staff. Funeral services will be held from the Collegiate Church of St. Nicholas, Fifth Avenue and Forty-eighth Street, New York City, on Friday afternoon, at 3 o'clock. Members of the Staff are invited to attend in a body.

JOHN B. GARRISON, M. D., Secretary of the Medical Board.

WARNSTADT.—Suddenly, Albert A., on Aug. 23, beloved husband of Julia (nee Chuck,) devoted father of Louis A., William C., Julian A., Mrs. Siegmund Klein, and Daisy A. L. Funeral services from his late residence, 47 West 91st St., on Friday, Aug. 24, at 2 P. M. Interment private.

WARNSTADT.—Congregation Bnai Jeshurun members and seat holders are respectfully requested to attend funeral of Albert A. Warnstadt, a member of our congregation for many years, Friday, Aug. 24, 1917, at 2 P. M., from his late residence, 47 West 91st St. HERMAN LEVY, President.

BLOCK.—Laura, Aug. 22, aged 30. Funeral 1,400 Lexington Av., today, 2 P. M.

BURKE.—Katherine, 252 East 89th St., Aug. 22. Funeral today, 11 A. M.

CARROLL.—Annie, 179 10th Av., Aug. 22. Funeral today, 9 A. M.

DONNELLEY.—Annie E., 102 Avenue D, Aug. 21.

FARRELL.—James, St. Rose Hospital, Aug. 22, aged 61. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

FINGEL.—Frederick, 472 7th Av., Aug. 21, aged 26. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.

GILMARTIN.—Hugh, 744 Columbus Av., Aug. 21.

HEALEY.—Catherine, 27 Rutgers St., Aug. 22. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

HICKEY.—Theresa, 143 Washington St., Aug. 21. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

Died.

KATZ.—Rachel, 1,110 2d Av., Aug. 21.

LEWIS.—Catherine A., 231 East 82d St., Aug. 22. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

McGOLDRICK.—Thomas, 365 West 28th St., Aug. 22. Funeral today, 9 A. M.

MANNING.—Cornelius, 455 West 30th St., Aug. 21.

MURRAY.—Michael, 377 East 154th St., Aug. 21. Funeral today.

SKILTON.—Nellie L., 179 East 122d St., Aug. 21. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

Brooklyn.

BERRY.—Catherine, 561 Court St., Aug. 21, aged 36. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

BETJEMANN.—Marie D., 381 Lincoln Av., Aug. 20, aged 56. Funeral private.

CHIUSANO.—Antoinette, 870 Kent Av., Aug. 22.

CULLEN.—Mary E. H., 507 St. Mark's Av., Aug. 21. Funeral tomorrow, 2:30 P. M.

DEININGER.—Matilda, 180 Coffey St., Aug. 22. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

DEMPSEY.—John, St. Catharine's Hospital, Aug. 22, aged 65. Funeral tomorrow.

EVANS.—Sarah A., 211 Schaeffer St., Aug. 22. Funeral service today.

FAWKNER.—E. Harry, 162 Linden Av., Aug. 22. Funeral today, 1:30 P. M.

FINN.—William J., 222 Brooklyn Av., Aug. 22. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

FITZPATRICK.—Jane, 370 East 32d St., Aug. 22. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

HEUSER.—Anna R., 89 72d St., Aug. 22, aged 58. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.

JONES.—H. W., 942 St. Mark's Av., Aug. 22. Funeral tomorrow, 2:30 P. M.

LANKENAU.—John M., 201 20th St., Aug. 22, aged 54. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

LARSEN.—Mary, 155 Dikeman St., Aug. 22, aged 36. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

MAGNER.—Daniel, 98 Marion St., Aug. 22. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

MILLER.—George B., 490 Gates Av., Aug. 22, aged 14. Funeral tomorrow.

MYERS.—John H., 26 Kosciusko St., Aug. 22. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

O'NEILL.—Mary E., 195 East 8th St., Aug. 22. Funeral tomorrow.

PARKER.—Thomas F., 257 Hoyt St., Aug. 23. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

PAUL.—Anna, 280 Suydam St., Aug. 21. Funeral today.

RAE.—James, 99 Russell St., Aug. 22, aged 45. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

REDMOND.—Joseph F., 105 King St., Aug. 22. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

SCHERNER.—Fred, 375 19th St., Aug. 22. Funeral today, 2:30 P. M.

SEHLMEYER.—Herman H., 158 Putnam Av., Aug. 22, aged 52. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

SHARKEY.—James F., 192 Utica Av., Aug. 22, aged 47.

TAYLOR.—Kate, 151 Bainbridge St., Aug. 22. Funeral service today.

TITUS.—Stephen A., Home for Incurables, Bronx, Aug. 22, aged 62.

TRACY.—Bridget, St. Joseph Hospital, Aug. 21. Funeral today.

VOLKMANN.—Charles, Aug. 22, aged 49. Funeral 697 3d Av.

WATKINS.—William J., Aug. 22. Funeral 882 Flatbush Av., Aug. 26.

Hoboken, Jersey City, and Newark.

BARTH.—Matilda S. H., 726 Bloomfield St., Hoboken, Aug. 21. Funeral service today.

Died.

CLEMENS.—George M., 101 Quitman St., Newark, Aug. 22, aged 48.

DEIS.—Louisa, 23 Liberty St., Newark, Aug. 23. Funeral notice later.

FISHMAN.—Hannah, 48 Hillside Place, Newark, Aug. 22.

FRICK.—Anna, 397 Halsey St., Newark, Aug. 21. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

FROMMANN.—Elizabeth R., 20 Dewey St., Newark, Aug. 22. Funeral today, 3 P. M.

HARRIS.—Edith, 111 2d Av., Newark, Aug. 22. Funeral private.

HERLING.—Harry F., Jr., 212 Sherman Av., Newark, Aug. 22.

HORNIG.—John, 324 New York Av., Newark, Aug. 21, aged 42.

JAMES.—Victoria, 820 Grand St., Jersey City, Aug. 22. Funeral tomorrow, 8:45 A. M.

KANE.—Annie, 492 Pavonia Av., Jersey City, Aug. 21. Funeral today, 9 A. M.

KRAUSS.—August, 422 South 11th St., Newark, Aug. 22, aged 55.

KREIFEL.—Minna, 79 16th Av., Newark, Aug. 22. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

LAPP.—Christina M., 133 Bergen St., Newark, Aug. 22, aged 66.

McCORMICK.—Gustave F., 162 Quitman St., Newark, Aug. 23.

McNANEY.—William J., 37 Romaine Av., Jersey City, Aug. 22.

SACK.—Ida, 102 Hedden Terrace, Newark, Aug. 22, aged 32. Funeral tomorrow, 8 P. M.

SEIDNER.—Philip J., 361 Hunterdon St., Newark, Aug. 22. Funeral today.

Long Island.

BENSON.—Ben, Woodhaven, Aug. 21, aged 33.

CARDONE.—Denise A., Flushing, Aug. 21, aged 1 month.

CLEMETO.—Orozio, 78 5th St., Long Island City, Aug. 21, aged 36.

HENDEL.—Reta M., Middle Village, Aug. 21, aged 6 months.

HOLZMAN.—Richard, Ridgewood, Aug. 21, aged 15.

KENNY.—Jeremiah, Flushing, Aug. 21, aged 38.

KOWALSKI.—Fannie, Flushing, Aug. 21, aged 23.

LEWIS.—Alfred, Woodhaven, Aug. 21, aged 68.

MORACZE.—Joseph, Corona, Aug. 21, aged 5 months.

MORRIS.—Zora, Flushing, Aug. 21, aged 35.

NOVOTNY.—Robert, 906 7th Av., Long Island City, Aug. 21.

PFEIFER.—Rose, Ridgewood, Aug. 21, aged 1.

RIERSCHENK.—Matilda, Richmond Hill, Aug. 21, aged 47.

In Memoriam.

FAGAN.—Mary, mass St. James's Church, Newark, today, 8 A. M.

CIRCLE 164. **J. WINTERBOTTOM** SIXTH AV. at 55d St.

THE WOODLAWN CEMETERY
833 St. By Harlem Train and by Trolleys. Office, 20 East 23d St., New York. Lots of small size for sale.

INSTRUCTION.

PREPARE NOW
to receive your share of the great prosperity wave now sweeping this country. The demand for well trained office assistants, accountants, stenographers and secretaries was never so great as now. Thousands of attractive positions (stepping stones to higher places) are open. Enter every day for those who are qualified to fill them. Safeguard your future by starting to-day
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BOSTON TENNIS PLAYER DEFEATS NATIONAL TITLE HOLDER IN FOREST HILLS TOURNEY

NATIONAL CHAMPION BEATEN AT TENNIS

Niles Eliminates Williams in Semi-Final Match of Patriotic Tournament.

RAIN BOTHERS PLAYERS

Contest Concluded in Steady Downpour, with Bostonian Victorious at 6—2, 4—6, 6—4, 6—3.

The greatest reversal in the national tennis tournament at Forest Hills came yesterday afternoon when Richard Norris Williams 2d, holder of the national singles championship, was defeated in the semi-final round of the event by Nathaniel W. Niles of Boston in a four-set match with the score, 6—2, 4—6, 6—4, 6—3. Although the result was foreshadowed somewhat by Williams's lack of practice and erratic play in the earlier rounds, the victory was none the less amazing when it was indelibly recorded among the achievements of the tournament.

Niles deserves credit for a great victory which should be one of the brightest memories of his tennis career, yet for all it was not convincing of his superiority to the same extent had the title been at stake in the present event. He attained heights of tennis which showed him at his best, probably stronger than at any time in the last two years, but Williams was far from being at his best. The skill which carried Williams to victories over Maurice E. McLoughlin in the championship of 1914 and William M. Johnston in the championship of a year ago, showed itself only in fleeting glimpses. The Williams of old was on the court for only about one-fifth of the match, for the rest of the time there was a player of lesser skill.

Seldom has a champion gone down to defeat amid more sombre surroundings than did Williams. The match was held up by a shower, and before the players had been on the courts more than a few minutes a drizzle set in that abated only momentarily as the contest proceeded. At times there was a heavy shower of rain, and when the fourth set was under way it poured.

Niles Plays Steady Tennis.

Niles at all times showed a well-balanced game of tennis, with the generalship and craft engendered by long experience at his call in the critical moments. There was hardly a period when steadiness was not at his command, with here and there a flash of brilliancy. He played largely a baseline type of game, and there were many long rallies on deep driving, each player seeking the opportunity to advance to the barrier to finish off the point. At the net Niles was accurate and severe, playing the ball close to the boundlines, but seldom playing into the forbidden territory outside. Also he made few nets in comparison with those which came from Williams's racquet.

In the first set Williams tried hard to the forecourt with a rush, but he was met by such well-placed passing strokes on the part of Niles that he learned greater respect for the hazard, and when Niles interpolated drives to the champion's feet as the latter came to the forecourt Williams retired to the base line in an effort to outdrive his opponent. The champion's strokes were uncertain. The half volley failed him repeatedly in the opening clash, and it did not begin to show its effectiveness until the second set was well under way. It was shots of this character which roused the dripping gallery to shouts of applause as the match wore on.

Williams's difficulty was that he could not maintain his game at a high standard for any length of time. After making a wonderful cross court shot or a fine volley he would miss simple shots, and frequently when that point was needed to round out a game.

The first set had not progressed far before it became apparent that Williams was doomed. Some had even predicted it beforehand, remembering the uncertain play of Williams against both Leonard Beekman and Harold Throckmorton. The champion played nonchalantly, never appearing worried by the attack of Niles, even though he was having difficulty in making returns. The same air was true as game after game turned against him, and he seemed no different when the final point of the match had been scored.

Lack of Practice Injurious.

As a matter of fact Williams is rather surprised that he did so well in the tournament. Having been at Plattsburg all Summer, he has had small opportunity for tennis, and some eight or ten matches are all that he has played this season. When this is taken into consideration it is really remarkable that he did so well.

Niles never let up one whit in his attack. He took nothing for granted, for perhaps he felt as did many of Williams's firm supporters, that the title holder would recover his best play before the match was out of his grasp. The record of how Niles won is well shown in the stroke analysis of the match. Williams was a heavy offender on errors, some of them forced by the careful play of Niles, but many of them nets and outs, to which Williams at his best would have been a stranger. Williams netted fifty-one times as opposed to thirty-two of this species of errors by Niles. A difference not quite so large is shown in the total outs of the match. Niles made only thirty-three, while Williams put the ball out of court on forty-six occasions. In the matter of placements Williams led at thirty-eight to thirty-two.

The first set, which went to Niles at 6—2, shows conclusively how well he profited by the errors of his opponent. In eight games Niles had only three placements, nets and outs of his opponent deciding the games which he won.

As he played in this set, Williams looked anything but a champion. He had hardly a redeeming point in the entire set, bar two placements in the second game, which were neatly volleyed off at the net with the backhand overhead sweep which is characteristic of his style. This backhand stroke was his most dependable weapon in an assortment of strokes that persisted in going wrong.

Carelessness Costs Set.

Williams had many opportunities to show to advantage, but most of them he turned aside without serious thought. His carelessness really lost the third set. Niles was in the lead at 5—4, but Williams had not as yet been broken through, and it was expected that he would establish his own service and make it deuce. He leaped to 40—30 in the next game, only to lose the point that made the game deuce. Another placement off service let Niles take the vantag point, and Williams handed the set over to his rival when he double faulted.

Niles started service in the first set and took a love game on his opponent's errors. The next game went to Williams mainly on the strength of his service and placements. Niles was sending his service with speed and placing it well and he took another love game from Williams. The fourth game saw Williams broken through, but here his nets were a factor of major importance. From this lead Niles made the set 4—1 in his favor. Williams established his service in a love game, making it 2—4, but Niles, after almost double-faulting away the seventh game, succeeded in pulling it out on Williams' continued tendency to net easy shots, and in the eighth game Williams was again broken through, this time for the set.

The second set started as if it would also be in Niles's favor. He won his own service and broke through Williams's in a love game, placements clinching the game. From then to the close of the set Williams rose to heights of tennis which were far superior to anything that Niles could supply in his efforts to stay the attack. Williams won his way through the third game by bringing off sizzling placements down the lines and across the court that roused the gallery to applause despite the rain.

This breaking through against Niles's service seemed to spur Williams to renewed efforts. Spirited rallies followed in the succeeding game, but, with Williams playing perfectly, Niles was helpless. Beginning with the third game, Niles secured only six points in the next four games and was twice broken through. Niles succeeded in taking the seventh game on service, but Williams won the next at love. The ninth game was brilliantly fought, Niles winning after deuce twice had been called. Niles led at 40—30 in the tenth game, but Williams made it deuce with a pretty cross-court backhand volley that skipped away from Niles's reach, and when Niles twice netted off service Williams made the sets 1—all.

As in the other two sets, Niles began service, but was pressed to a 9—7 score before the honors rested with him. Each player twice had the vantage point, and then errors, a net, and an out which were inexcusable lost the game for Williams. The champion took the next game at love, and then followed another long deuce game on Niles's service. Williams drove out three times to start the game, and then, with as much ease, made three exceptional placements to bring the game to deuce. The fortunes wavered, as they had in the first game, but, finally, Williams's errors came two at a time, and Niles led at 2 to 1. Service was accountable for the next six games, and then Williams was broken through for the match, his double fault ending things.

The first three games of the fourth set followed service. In the fourth game Williams was broken through, and thereafter he was never able to retrieve. The set went to 3—1 and 30—15 in the next game, when the rain became so heavy that the players were called from the court. When they resumed, a little later, Niles took the fifth game, making the score 4—1 in his favor. From then on it was apparent that Williams was doomed to defeat. He could not rally his game, and although he took two more games before the decision was reached, he never seriously threatened Niles.

The other semi-final round match between Robert Lindley Murray and John R. Strachan was postponed because of the rain, and will be played this afternoon. The winner of this meets Niles in the final round tomorrow.

In anticipation of a big gathering of spectators for the matches this afternoon and tomorrow, extra seats will be erected. Charles Ebbets has given the West Side Tennis Club the use of the temporary bleachers which were used at the Brooklyn ball park during the last world's series.

The point score and stroke analysis:

Nathaniel W. Niles vs. Richard Norris Williams, 2d.

FIRST SET.

Niles	4	1	4	4	0	5	4	—28	—6
Williams	0	4	0	1	0	4	3	0—12	—2

STROKE ANALYSIS.

	Nets.	Outs.	Place.	S.A.	D.F.
Niles	4	2	3	0	2
Williams	13	10	3	1	0

SECOND SET.

Niles	4	1	1	3	1	4	0	6	3—27—4
Williams	4	6	4	3	4	2	4	4	5—33—6

STROKE ANALYSIS.

	Nets.	Outs.	Place.	S.A.	D.F.
Niles	11	6	8	0	1
Williams	10	8	14	1	1

THIRD SET.

Niles	9	0	9	2	4	2	1	4	5—40—6
Williams	7	4	7	4	0	4	1	4	1 3—35—4

STROKE ANALYSIS.

	Nets.	Outs.	Place.	S.A.	D.F.
Niles	12	8	12	1	0
Williams	11	21	14	1	1

FOURTH SET.

Niles	4	4	4	8	5	3	7	0	4—39—6
Williams	2	6	2	6	3	5	5	4	1—34—3

STROKE ANALYSIS.

	Nets.	Outs.	Place.	S.A.	D.F.
Niles	13	15	0	2	0
Williams	17	7	7	3	0

RECAPITULATION.

	Games.	Sets.	Pts.	Nets.	Outs.	Pl.S.	A.D.	F.
Niles	22	3	132	32	33	32	1	5
W'ms	15	1	114	51	46	38	6	2

The summaries:

National Singles Tournament.—Semi-final Round—Nathaniel W. Niles defeated Richard Norris Williams, 2d, 6—2, 4—6, 6—4, 6—3.

National Junior Championship.—Second Round—Fritz Bastian, Indianapolis, defeated L. E. Williams, Chicago, 6—1, 6—0, 6—4.

National Boys' Championship.—Second Round—J. D. E. Jones, Providence, defeated Arnold Silverman, Pittsburgh, 6—2, 6—1, 6—1. Vincent Richards, New York, defeated Paul Conklin, Washington, 6—4, 6—1, 5—7, 6—4.

Matches Scheduled on Exhibition Courts Today.

2:30 P. M.—Match for Julian S. Myrick trophy, Miss Molla Bjurstedt vs. Miss Mary K. Browne.

3:30 P. M.—Semi-final round national singles tournament, Robert Lindley Murray vs. John R. Strachan.

5:00 P. M.—Exhibition mixed doubles match, Mrs. George Wightman and Richard Norris Williams, 2d, vs. Miss Mary K. Browne and Nathaniel W. Niles.

Other Matches.

11:00 A. M.—Second and third round matches, national junior championship.

11:00 A. M.—Second and third round matches, national boys' championship.

Seating Accommodations.

Four thousand seats on sale daily at Forest Hills.

Trains to Forest Hills.

From Pennsylvania Station: 9, 9:15, 10, 10:24, 11:05 A. M.; 12 noon; 12:30, 12:52, 1:32, 2:06, 3, 3:20, 3:45, 4:07, 4:26 P. M., with additional trains on Saturday only at 1:15, 1:52, and 2:45 P. M. Running time to Forest Hills, about fifteen minutes.

EARLY DREAMS WINS AGAIN.

Defeats Busy's Lassie at Belmont Park for $5,000 Stake.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 23.—Early Dreams, the favorite and winner of several of the biggest purses raced for this season, won the $5,000 Winoga Stock Farm Stake, at Belmont Park today. The best Busy's Lassie could get was one third and one fourth position in the summary.

Rain put a stop to the racing after one heat of the two-year-old trot had been decided.

The summaries:

2:18 TROT.

Lu Princeton, b. s., by San Francisco. (Cox)	2	1	1	1
Royal Mack, b. g., (Murphy)	1	2	2	2
Bonnie Stetzer, ch. s., (Corbin)	3	6	5	dis.
Cora Davis, br. m., (Lyman)	4	4	4	dis.
Royal Knight, br. s., (B. White)	7	6	3	dis.
Bendle Boy, b. g., (Leichthammer)	5	7		dis.
Marion Kirk, b. m., (Goode)	6	3		dis.
Lake Worth, s. g., (Turner)				dis.

Time—2:07¼, 2:05¾, 2:07, 2:08, 2:12¾.

2:05 PACE.

Little Frank D., b. g., by Little Frank, (Valentine)	1	1	1
The Savoy, br. g., (Cox)	3	2	2
Peter Pointer, blk. s., (Snow)	2	3	3
Jones Gentry, ch. g., (Lyman)	4	5	5
Walter Cochato, blk. s., (Maple)	6	4	4
General Todd, b. s., (Leonard)	5	dis.	

Time—2:06¼, 2:05¼, 2:06.

2:11 TROT—WINOGA FARM STAKE.

Early Dreams, b. g., by Richard Earl, (McDonald)	1	1	1
Ima Jay, br. m., (Ernest)	2	2	2
Peter Chenault, b. s., (Murphy)	4	4	2
Busy's Lassie, b. m., (Cox)	5	3	4
W. J. Leyburn, br. s., (Traynor)	3	dis.	
Bonnie Del, n. g., (Hinds)			dis.

Time—2:06¼, 2:06, 2:08¼.

Robins to Play Exhibition.

Announcement was made yesterday at the offices of the Brooklyn Baseball Club that the Robins and the Chicago Cubs would play an exhibition game at Fort Hamilton on Sunday for the entertainment of the soldiers stationed there. The contest will be played in the morning, beginning at 10:30. Automobiles will carry the players from Ebbets Field, where they will dress, to Fort Hamilton. Two of the balls used in the record-making twenty-two-inning game of Wednesday were yesterday given away as souvenirs, one to the B. P. O. E., Lodge 22 in Brooklyn, and the other to the Militia of Mercy.

New York State League.

Syracuse, 4; Elmira, 3.
Elmira, 2; Syracuse, 1.
Binghamton, 10; Scranton, 1.

GIANTS AND CUBS IN SCORELESS TIE

Rain Stops Pitching Duel Between Schupp and Vaughn in Fifth Inning.

The Giants were neatly left-handing their way toward the pennant against the Cubs at the Polo Grounds yesterday when barrels of rain began to fall at the end of the fifth inning, and the soirée resulted in a no-score tie. After a half hour's wait, Umpire Rigler sallied forth to the diamond to see if he could get his feet wet. His feet having absorbed sufficient moisture to convince Rigler that it had been raining, he called off the game.

Ferdie Schupp and Jim Vaughn faced each other, and, as far as the contest went, there was every indication of a hard, close duel of the fork-armed flingers. The Giants had made two hits off Vaughn, while the Cubs made only one off Schupp. Both pitchers were being supported with flattering aid.

Larry Doyle was laid off for the day and Rollie Zeider was covering second. In the third inning Rariden hopped a roller down through second and Rollie made a marvelous stop and a more marvelous throw to first and brought about Bill's demise. Zeider has been playing around here for a long time, but he never made as slick a play as that one.

Heinie Zim also favored with an exceptionally brilliant bit of fielding when, in the third, Pete Kilduff jammed a hit over the bag at third which was blazing its way for a two-bagger. Zim nipped it off the bag and pegged Pete out at first—a play which just bubbled over with talent.

Fletcher got one of the Giants' hits in the second and Burns got the other in the fourth. The only Cub to reach Schupp was Leslie Mann, who hit a single to left in the fourth. Burns was playing the game under difficulties, for during the practice he was hit in the face with the ball and received a bad cut under the left eye. Georgie insisted on playing because he does not want to break his record for consecutive games played. Burns hasn't missed a game with the Giants for so long now that he forgets how many he has played.

Of course, there isn't a certainty that the Giants would have won the game if the rain hadn't edged in, but judging from the way Schupp was pitching, the Bruins had a hard job ahead of them.

Today is Larry Doyle's day at the Polo Grounds, and the former Giant captain is going to be presented with some trinket or other by his admirers. The reason Larry didn't play yesterday was to get a good rest for the doubled. Two games are scheduled.

The score:

CHICAGO, (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	NEW YORK, (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Flack, rf	2	0	0	2	0	Burns, lf	2	0	1	2	0
Mann, cf	2	0	1	1	0	Herzog, 2b	2	0	0	0	0
Zeider, 2b	2	0	0	1	3	Kauff, cf	2	0	0	0	0
Merkle, 1b	2	0	0	7	0	Zim'man, 3b	2	0	1	1	3
Walter, lf	2	0	0	1	0	Fletcher, ss	2	1	1	3	0
Deal, 3b	2	0	0	0	0	Robertson, rf	2	0	0	1	0
Kilduff, ss	2	0	0	2	2	Holke, 1b	2	0	0	5	0
Elliott, c	1	0	0	2	1	Rariden, c	1	0	0	4	0
Vaughn, p	1	0	0	0	1	Schupp, p	1	0	0	0	1
Total	16	0	1	15	7	Total	16	0	2	15	4

Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0
New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Left on bases—New York, 1; Chicago, 1. Struck out—By Schupp, 4; Vaughn, 2. Passed ball—Rariden. Time—45 minutes. Umpires—Rigler and Bransfield.

TYLER BAFFLES PIRATES.

Boston Gets 2 to 1 Verdict in Duel of Pitchers.

BOSTON, Aug. 23.—Tyler had the better of Grimes in a pitching battle here today, Boston defeating Pittsburgh, 2 to 1. The visitors made three hits, one a scratch. Their one run was a result of Powell's muff of Wagner's liner in the seventh.

The score:

BOSTON, (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	PITTSBURGH, (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Kelly, lf	4	0	2	6	0	Jackson, rf	2	0	1	1	0
M'ville, ss	3	0	0	4	4	King, rf	1	0	0	1	0
Powell, cf	3	0	0	1	0	Bighee, lf	4	0	0	4	0
Rehg, rf	4	0	0	1	0	Carey, cf	3	0	0	1	0
Konetchy, 1b	3	0	0	8	0	Boeckel, 3b	4	0	1	2	2
Smith, 2b	3	0	0	3	1	Ward, ss	4	0	1	0	2
Rawlings, 2b	2	0	0	2	0	J. Wagner, 1b	3	0	0	10	0
Meyers, c	2	1	1	1	1	Fitzp'r, 2b	3	0	0	3	2
Rice, c	1	1	1	1	0	Schmidt, c	3	0	1	4	1
Tyler, p	2	0	0	2	2	Grimes, p	2	0	0	0	3
Total	27	2	4	27	9	Total	29	1	3	24	10

Errors—Powell, Boeckel.

Boston	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	—2
Pittsburgh	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0—1

Three-base hit—Ward. Stolen base—Kelly. Sacrifice hits—Grimes, Tyler. Double play—Tyler, Maranville, and Konetchy. Left on bases—Pittsburgh, 6; Boston, 4. First base on errors—Pittsburgh, 1; Boston, 1. Bases on balls—Off Grimes, 4; Tyler, 2. Earned runs—Off Grimes, 1; Tyler, 0. Struck out—By Grimes, 2; Tyler, 2. Wild pitch—Grimes. Passed ball—Schmidt. Time—1 hour 40 minutes. Umpires—Byron and Quigley.

WINDMULLER TAKES DASH.

Pennant Sprinter Wins 300-Yard Event at Alpha Games.

Louis Windmuller of the Pennant A. C., yesterday breasted the tape a winner of the 300-yard run, the feature event at the track and field games of the Alpha P. C. C. held at Ulmer Park, L. I. Windmuller had an allowance of 9 yards, with James Maguire of the Presentation Club on the 4-yard mark. They furnished the battle, which ended with Windmuller victorious by inches. In the two-mile run, George Cornetta, of the Paulist A. C., scored an impressive victory from scratch. He finished the journey in 10:22.

Boxing Bouts Tonight.

Fort Slocum—Professional boxing exhibitions under the auspices of the New York A. C. for the entertainment of the soldiers stationed at the fort.

Vanderbilt A. C., Brooklyn—Walter Mohr vs. Panama Joe Gans. Ten rounds.

Freeport S. C., Long Island—Larry Temple vs. Barney Williams. Ten rounds.

Brown's Far Rockaway A. A.—Augie Ratner vs. Zulu Kid. Ten rounds.

SARATOGA ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE.—For two-year-olds; conditions; six furlongs. Matinee Idol, 112 pounds; So Long Letty, 105; Albert A., 108; Chief Lally, 108; Red Sox, (imp.,) 116; Fragonard, 112; Candidate II., (imp.,) 108; Valerius, (imp.,) 106; Wyoming, 108; Artist, 108; Umatilla, 109; Empress, 109.

SECOND RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; steeplechase; handicap; about two miles. Archdale, 142 pounds; Man Slayer, 134; Trumpeter, 143; Ballybay, 139; The Brook, (imp.,) 136.

THIRD RACE.—For three-year-olds; selling; one mile. *Dunga Din, 105 pounds; Brooklyn, 110; Kebo, 110; Glory Belle, 105; *First Ballot, 108; Spearman, (imp.,) 110; *Hwfa, 110; *Scarpia II., (imp.,) 110; *Merchant, 105; *Passing Fancy, 106; Hesse, 105; Hickorynut, 105; Silver Sandals, 105; *Bar of Phoenix, 105; Nashville, 115.

FOURTH RACE.—For all ages; highweight handicap; seven furlongs. Tan Maid, 114 pounds; Brumley, 126; Crimper, (imp.,) 118; King's Joker, (imp.,) 136; Bally, 120; Tea Caddy, 135; Fizinny, 126; Herdric, 133; Garbage, 123; Butter Scotch II., (imp.,) 130; Basilius, 116; Viewpoint, (imp.,) 125; Tom McTaggart, 133; Hyannis, 125; Arnold, 120; Greek Legend, 118.

FIFTH RACE.—For four-year-olds and upward; selling; one mile. Blue Thistle, 115 pounds; Meditation, 105; Peep Sight, 105; *Canon Bridge, (imp.,) 103; *Ambrose, 105; *Irene, 100; Cliff Field, 115; *Thornhill, 103; Tie Pin, 115; Sam McMeekin, 119; Charmeuse, 100; *Intone, 110.

SIXTH RACE.—For maiden fillies; two-year-olds; five and a half furlongs. Ruthie M., 114 pounds; Babette, 114; Rose Meath, 114; Memories II., (imp.,) 114; Wood Violet, 114; Continent, 114; Oenone, 114; Bonne Cause, (imp.,) 114; Perigourdine, 114; Queen Blonde, 114; Rose d'Or, 114; Miss Gove, (imp.,) 114.

*Apprentice allowance claimed. 5 pounds.

Weather clear; track fast.

Eastern League.

New London, 2; Lawrence, 8.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York, 0; Chicago, 0. (Five innings; rain.)
St. Louis, 7; Brooklyn, 5.
Boston, 2; Pittsburgh, 1.
Cincinnati at Philadelphia. (Postponed; rain.)

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Cleveland, 4; New York, 2.
Chicago, 6; Washington, 0.
Boston, 4; St. Louis, 2.
Detroit, 7; Philadelphia, 3.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	71	39	.646
Philadelphia	60	48	.556
St. Louis	62	55	.530
Cincinnati	63	58	.521
Chicago	60	57	.513
Brooklyn	54	59	.478
Boston	48	60	.444
Pittsburgh	36	78	.316

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Chicago	75	46	.620
Boston	71	46	.607
Cleveland	67	56	.545
Detroit	62	57	.521
New York	55	60	.478
Washington	54	62	.466
St. Louis	46	74	.383
Philadelphia	42	71	.372

Where They Play Today.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Chicago at New York. (Two games; first at 1:30.)
St Louis at Brooklyn. (Game starts at 3:30.)
Pittsburgh at Boston.
Cincinnati at Philadelphia.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

No games scheduled.

PATCHED-UP ROBINS LOSE.

Cardinals Take Advantage of Weakened Brooklyn Team.

Miller Huggins's Cardinals made a successful invasion of Ebbets Field yesterday and walked away with the honors of the initial struggle with the Robins, by the score of 7 to 5. Accidents have so affected the Brooklyn team that it now bears little resemblance to the champion outfit of a year ago.

Manager Robinson had Casey Stengel in centre and Jeff Pfeffer, the pitcher, in right; the last named spot was weak. Jeff gave his utmost to emulate Stengel, but fell down when the opportunity came. Jeff's failure, however, did not stand out as the principal feature in St. Louis's victory, as the visitors pounded the offerings of Sherrod Smith hard, and were aided by O'Rourke's error in the first.

Pfeffer's chance came in the fifth inning with the score 4 all. With two down he hit a belted a double to the left field fence and scored on a passed ball. After Betzel had singled to Pfeffer's territory, Miller smashed a hard hit ball in the same direction which the slow-footed Jeff missed after a hard run, the ball rolling to the fence while Betzel scored and Miller pulled up at third. Miller scored on Hornsby's infield hit.

Rain threatened to halt the game, in fact the major portion of the first inning was played in a drizzle, but after a half of twenty-five minutes the Robins went to bat and took revenge on bespectacled Lee Meadows. With an imposing four-run lead chalked up for St. Louis in the first inning, the Robins came back in their next two turns at bat and sent Lee Meadows to the showers.

In the first with passes to Daubert and Stengel, a wild pitch and a single by Hickman, gave the Robins two runs. Pfeffer's single and Krueger's triple, scoring Jeff, spelled the undoing of Meadows in the second, and Krueger scored on Olson's out after Gene Packard had replaced Meadows.

Aided by Long, an error by O'Rourke, and singles by Hornsby, Paulette, and Baird gave the Cards their four-run lead. In the seventh Brooklyn's last run trickled across the plate on Smith's triple to centre and Daubert's sacrifice fly.

The score:

ST. LOUIS, (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	BROOKLYN, (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Long, lf	4	2	2	0	0	Olson, ss	5	0	1	5	2
Stengel, cf, 2b	4	1	1	5	0	Daubert, 1b	3	1	1	8	1
Miller, 2b	3	2	2	2	3	Myers, 2b	4	0	1	2	1
J. Smith, cf	0	0	0	0	0	Stengel, cf	3	1	1	4	0
Hornsby, ss	4	0	1	1	3	Hickman, lf	4	0	2	2	3
Cruise, rf	4	1	0	1	0	O'Rourke, 3b	4	0	0	0	1
Paulette, 1b	4	1	1	15	0	Pfeffer, rf	4	1	1	1	0
Baird, 3b	4	0	2	1	4	Krueger, c	4	1	1	3	2
Snyder, c	1	0	1	1	0	S. Smith, p	4	1	1	0	3
Gonzales, c	3	0	0	1	1						
Meadows, p	1	0	0	0	0						
Packard, p	3	0	1	0	0						
Total	35	7	13	27	15	Total	35	8	9	27	14

Errors—Olson, O'Rourke.

St. Louis	4	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	—7
Brooklyn	2	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0—5

Three-base hits—Long, (2.) Miller, Krueger. S. Smith. Stolen bases—Miller, Hickman. Sacrifice hit—Miller. Sacrifice fly—Daubert. Double plays—Olson and Daubert; Hickman and Krueger. Left on bases—St. Louis, 2; Brooklyn, 6. First base on errors—St. Louis, 2. Bases on balls—Off Meadows, 2. Hits and earned runs—Off Meadows, 8 hits and 4 runs in 11-3 innings; Packard, 6 and 1 in 7-2-3; Smith, 13 and 6 in 9. Struck out—By Meadows, 1; Packard, 2; Smith, 2. Wild pitch—Meadows, 1. Passed ball—Krueger, 1. Time—1 hour, 40 minutes. Umpires—O'Day and Harrison.

ERROR SAVES THE RED SOX.

Severeid's Muff Gives Boston Victory Over St. Louis, 4 to 2.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 23.—Severeid's muff of Sloan's throw to the plate in the third inning was responsible for St. Louis's loss of today's game to Boston, 4 to 2. The score:

BOSTON, (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	ST. LOUIS, (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Walsh, cf	3	2	1	3	0	Shotton, lf	5	0	2	1	0
Barry, 2b	4	1	0	1	0	Magee, 3b	4	0	0	0	2
Hoblitz, 1b	4	0	2	19	0	Sisler, 1b	4	1	2	9	0
Lewis, lf	4	1	2	2	0	Pratt, 2b	4	0	0	5	2
Hooper, rf	4	0	1	2	0	Sloan, rf	4	0	2	1	1
Gardner, 3b	4	0	2	1	1	Severeid, c	4	0	1	4	1
Scott, ss	3	0	1	0	6	Jacobson, cf	4	1	2	8	1
Thomas, c	4	0	0	0	0	Lavan, ss	3	0	0	3	5
Mays, p	4	0	1	0	2	aHale	0	0	0	0	0
						Sothoron, p	2	0	0	1	1
						bRumler	1	0	0	0	0
						Rogers, p	0	0	0	0	1
						cSmith	1	0	1	0	0
Total	34	4	11	27	18	Total	36	2	10	27	14

a Batted for Lavan in the ninth.
b Batted for Sothoron in the seventh.
c Batted for Rogers in the ninth.
Error—Severeid.

Boston	1	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	—4
St. Louis	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0—2

Two-base hit—Jacobson. Stolen base—Shotton. Sacrifice hit—Scott. Double plays—Pratt, Lavan and Sisler; Lavan and Sisler; Scott, Barry and Hoblitzel. Left on bases—Boston, 6; St. Louis, 8. Bases on balls—Off Mays, 2; Sothoron, 2. Hits and earned runs—Off Mays, 10 hits and 2 runs in 9 innings; Sothoron, 9 and 2 in 7; Rogers, 2 and 0 in 2. Struck out—By Sothoron, 1. Passed ball—Severeid. Time—1 hour and 40 minutes. Umpires—Moriarty and Evans.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

AT MONTREAL.

												R.	H.	E.
Montreal	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1—	3	12	5
Newark	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0—2	4	2	

AT ROCHESTER.

												R.	H.	E.
Baltimore	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3—		7	7	1
Rochester	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0—2		8	2	

Other games postponed.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Toronto	74	50	.597
Providence	71	48	.597
Baltimore	70	51	.579
Newark	69	52	.570
Rochester	58	65	.472
Buffalo	54	69	.439
Richmond	45	74	.378
Montreal	46	78	.371

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

Newark at Montreal.
Richmond at Buffalo.
Providence at Toronto.
Baltimore at Rochester.

LUCKLESS YANKEES BEATEN BY INDIANS

Caldwell's Support Falters Long Enough to Give Cleveland Game by 4 to 2.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, Aug. 23.—Errorless fielding and hitting that was cleaner than that of the Indians could not save the Yankees this afternoon and the opening game of a short series with Lee Fohl's team went as so many others have gone during the past three weeks. Cleveland got the verdict over Bill Donovan's luckless outfit by the score of 4 to 2.

The hit total of the home team does Ray Caldwell an injustice as a little spry work by his supporting cast in the first and fifth innings would have held the Indians scoreless. Four of the Cleveland hits were handled by Yankee fielders and three of these played a part in the Indians' scoring. It was in the two frames which found the Yankee fielders off color, though out of range of errors, that the damage was done.

Donovan made another of the daily changes which now mark the New York batting order and it worked better than for some time. Joe Gedeon replaced Maisel at second and he showed up well both at bat and afield. He handled five chances faultlessly and at bat he collected two clean hits and missed

'CHEER UP' SHOW AT THE HIPPODROME

An Early Wartime Play Full of Khaki, Flags, and Marching.

DIVING GIRLS AND HORSES

Ice Skating Gives Way to Luna Park and a Water Frolic

CHEER UP.—A musical revue in three parts, conceived by R. H. Burnside, lyrics by John L. Golden, music by Raymond Hubbell. At the Hippodrome. The Principals—John Hendricks, Nat M. Wills, Sophye Barnard, Guadalupe Melendez, Eddie Russell, Charles Ravel, Frances Roeder, Henry Taylor, Thea Norton, Fred Walton, Claire Rochester, J. P. Coombs, Nellie Doner, Harry Ward, Mirano Brothers, the Solits, Tozart, the Brightons, Dippy Diers, the Boganny Troupe, the Ladella Comiques, the Amaranths, Malila, Bart, Mallia, Helen Gladings, the Elm City Four.

With reference, perhaps, to the fact that the worst is yet to come, the new show at the Hippodrome calls upon its patrons to cheer up. Worst, that is, as regards our participation in the war. As for the Hippodrome, as every one knows, it yearly grows bigger and brighter and in every way better.

The earlier part of the evening is largely addressed to those whose minds are upon war, and whose hearts are upon warriors. There is a great display of allied bunting, and of the costumes of all nations—or almost all; and two of the many scenes are directly topical—the good ship Recruit in Union Square, and an army transport, crowded with soldiers, (of both sexes,) which sails away backward up the river while gray warships go down to the sea.

For the rest, Nat Wills is there with his usual store of new quips, and, better yet, a new side partner, Fred Walton, who reveals resources in artistic clowning which equal anything that has been seen since Marceline. His colloquy with two dummy soldiers is a masterpiece of eloquent pantomime. And Bud Snyder and company must not be forgotten. The "company"—if by that the clowns are meant—give a performance far broader than Walton's, and very funny.

There is a novel act in which a trapeze is whirled dangerously about by the force of an airplane driven by an actual propeller—the whole being held aloft upon an ironed and motor car. A real locomotive comes on with a trainload of hoboes; and a cornfield is suddenly resolved into a pyramid of human poppies. But enumeration is vain. In one word, as we all grow younger and more impressionable the Hippodrome becomes more impressing.

The feature of the evening, is, as usual, in the tank. The ice upon which for two years Charlotte and her troupe disported has passed, and we have the old pool again. The ladies of the chorus dive and disappear as of yore, not even a bubble marking their evanishment. The new stunt is a troupe of high-diving principals, clad in suits which are union forever, who exhaust the repertory of aquatic gambols with consummate ease and grace—and with an air peculiarly tantalizing to an audience sweltering in the midsummer until almost midnight.

With the best of will, it cannot be said that the horses were a crowning success. They were beautiful cream-white creatures, sensitive and high-spirited, and they were obviously very reluctant to take the plunge. Considerable urging was necessary, and the result was what, in the crude world of juvenility, is called a belly whooper. Perhaps they were suffering from stage fright and will improve with experience, but last night the effect was far from inspiring.

So let us return in closing to the diving ladies, who were almost as beautiful as the Arab steeds, and who frolicked like a troupe of sea lions. Youth, health, animal spirits—with apologies to the horses; the most hilarious clowning, the brightest of lights and costumes—that is the Hippodrome. And if there are those who, in spite of advancing youth, find in it just a trifle crude artistically, they can still cheer up, for, as Manager Dillingham serenes the well-worn motto, the Century Show is still to come.

DITRICHSTEIN'S NEW PLAYS.

He Will Appear Here in "The Judge of Zalamea" and "The King."

Leo Ditrichstein will be seen here in two new plays the coming Winter. It was announced yesterday by Cohan & Harris. The first of these, "The Judge of Zalamea," by Calderon de la Barca, will be produced in Milwaukee Sept. 27, and after a Chicago engagement will be presented at the Cohan Theatre in November.

During Mr. Ditrichstein's stay there he will appear in "The King," an adaptation of the French comedy, "Le Roi," by G. A. Caillavet, Robert de Flores and Emmanuel Arene, originally produced in Paris in 1908 and never acted outside the French capital.

The star's supporting company in the first play will include Betty Callish, William Ricciardi, Percy Ames, Walter Howe, Garrett Hughes, Miller, William H. Powers, A. G. Andrews, Arthur V. Gibson, Madeline Delmar and Jane Slater.

A Daughter to Mrs. Arthur Temple.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Temple are receiving congratulations on the birth of a daughter in Albany. Mrs. Temple was formerly Miss Katherine Sage, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William H. Sage of this city.

DISLOYAL SOLDIER TO DIE.

Frenchman Resisted Suppression of Revolutionary Cries.

PARIS, Aug. 22, (delayed.)—The severity of the French military laws is indicated by the action of a court-martial sitting at Nantes, which has just sentenced to death a soldier named Jean Legouale.

The sentence was imposed for striking an officer and gendarmes with a leather strap when they attempted to prevent the soldier from shouting revolutionary cries as his train passed through a railroad station.

EXPECT PRESENTMENT SOON

Grand Jury Investigating Bullock Charges May Act Today.

Several witnesses were heard by the Grand Jury yesterday that is investigating charges made by William Bullock concerning the purchase by the city of the Dreamland and Rockaway Park properties. Certain papers and books in possession of the witnesses were also put before the Grand Jury. The investigation has reached a point where it is believed a presentment may be forthcoming today.

Among the witnesses who apeared yesterday were Frank Bailey, Vice President of the Title Guarantee and Trust Company; W. M. Greve, W. S. Cogswell, J. O. Kearney, a representative of the Corporation Counsel's office, and Secretary McLaughlin of the County Clerk's office in Queens.

It was said that ex-Senator William H. Reynolds would not be called to give any further statement to the District Attorney regarding any interest he had in the property before the sale.

SAYS SOUTH ABUSES NEGRO.

Democratic Party Blamed for Exodus to North and West.

Speaking last night before 200 negroes in the Salem Methodist Episcopal Church, 104 West 133d Street, Joseph C. Manning, former member of the Alabama Legislature, predicted that within three months one-half of the 8,000,000 negroes in the South would have migrated into the North and West.

"There is no real Democracy in Alabama," he said. "The trouble is the attitude of the South toward the negro, and this is a condition that had its origin in politics. The negro is being treated as he was before the war. The dominating political element in the South has lynched the Constitution of the United States the same as it had lynched colored men in Alabama. This with the barbarous practice of intimidating the negro is responsible for the exodus. It began when Wilson was re-elected and the Democratic Party came into power again."

Sweden Tightens Passport Rule.

STOCKHOLM, Aug. 23.—Under a regulation promulgated today passports signed by Swedish diplomatic or consular officials, with photographs attached, will be required after Sept. 1 for entrance into Sweden.

Dr. Blan Going to Write of War.

Dr. Louis B. Blan, chief examiner on the staff of Commissioner of Accounts Wallstein, resigned yesterday to go abroad as correspondent for a war syndicate. Dr. Blan will be accompanied by Lowell Thomas, who has resigned from the faculty of Princeton University.

$1,134,000,000 FOR SHIPS.

Board Needs This Further Amount to Carry Program to Next June.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.—With its plans for commandeering and construction practically completed, the Shipping Board submitted to the Secretary of the Treasury today estimates showing that $1,134,000,000 more would be needed to carry on the work, until June 1, 1918.

Of this amount $265,000,000 is needed to complete the commandeering program; $719,000,000 for fabricating yards and the construction of new tonnage and $150,000,000 to transfer 120 ships with a tonnage of 350,000 tons from the Great Lakes to the Atlantic. Of these ships seventy-seven must be cut in two pieces to get them through the Welland Canal.

This estimate shows that the Shipping Board in construction and other activities has already used up the appropriation of $500,000,000 voted some months ago. It has about $250,000,000 which, with the $265,000,000 asked in the new estimate, will be used for commandeering ships on the stocks and on the seas.

It became known today that in order to prevent a disorganization of the industry, the board had refused permission for the construction of a number of ships for private interests, most of them French and Italian, which were willing to pay a higher price per ton than the United States Government. Several of the firms which wished to accept these contracts have been put aside by the Shipping Board, either because they failed to establish their ability to construct the vessels or because they refused to consider Government estimates.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

"This Way Out," a new comedy by Frank Craven, will be acted here for the first time next Thursday night at the Cohan Theatre. The play is based on a story by Octavius Roy Cohen and J. U. Giesy and has been produced by J. Fred Zimmerman, Jr. The author will play one of the principal roles.

In order to avoid conflicting with other openings announced for the night of Labor Day Arthur Hammerstein has decided to postpone the first performance of "De Luxe Annie" at the Booth to Tuesday night, Sept. 4.

Mary Kennedy has been engaged for one of the leading roles in "Lucky O'Shea," the Irish comedy in which Allan Doone will be seen at the Thirty-ninth Street Theatre, beginning Labor Day.

Margaret Wycherley has returned to the city from her Summer vacation and next Monday night will resume her original role in "The Thirteenth Chair" at the Fulton.

$1,000,000 TO SAVE WOMEN.

Move to Endow National Body Known as Grace Humiston League.

This statement was issued last night from the office of Mrs. Grace Humiston at 50 East Forty-second Street:

"A founders' campaign will be launched within three weeks in this city to raise $1,000,000 for the purpose of endowing a nation-wide organization for the protection of womanhood. It will be known as the Grace Humiston League. Several prominent officials at Washington were in New York in conference this evening with Mrs. Humiston to prevail upon her to take the initiative. One of New York's best-known citizens, who attended the meeting, said he would personally contribute $50,000.

"With the influences and power that are already behind this movement, there is no question but that by Sept. 20 a million dollars will be at the disposal of a board of trustees for the use of Mrs. Humiston and her organization. The plan of the Washington officials is to make at the present time New York the nucleus and to establish such a movement in every large city of the United States."

It was through the efforts of Mrs. Humiston that the body of Ruth Cruger was discovered in the cellar of the shop where Alfredo Cocchi had murdered her.

HAVE YOU SEEN

the free demonstrations of the simple methods of canning and drying fruits and vegetables now being given at the Food Conservation Exhibit of the

United States Department of Agriculture

in the new building of the Consolidated Gas Company, Nos. 212-218 West Fifty-Seventh Street?

Every woman interested in reducing her grocery bills and in helping the Government save food should visit this exhibit. Two demonstrations daily: 11 to 1 and 2 to 4.

Only Two Weeks More

3 RING ICE CIRCUS AT THE GOLDEN GLADES

"ELSIE"

"KATIE AND ELLEN"

"HILDA"

GREATER GRANDER BETTER THAN EVER

SOCIETY'S SUMMER FAD —TO-NIGHT— THE SUMMER REAL ICE SHOW

That Zip-Zippy Dinner Show at 7:30. The Marvelous Midnight Parade at 11:30.

Dancing at 8 P. M. Balconades Ball Room

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Lunch here soon—seven delicious courses —85c (Music) From 12 to 2:30 P. M.

SHANLEY'S Broadway—43rd to 44th St.

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Newly furnished suites of from 2 to 5 rooms and bath, with or without kitchens, ranging from $60 to $150 monthly, depending upon the location and size of apartments.

Attractive restaurant. Table d'hote and a la carte. Best of food at one-half usual charge.

Hotel service complete and equal to service of best hotels.

Schuyler Arms is situated between Riverside Drive and West End Avenue, affording immediate access to Riverside and Central Parks.

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Best Location and Values in New York

Rooms $1.50 and up—With Bath, $2 and up

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An outside, sunny room, $1 per day; with meals, $2 per day, $12 weekly and up. Sunny front room with bath and meals, $20 weekly. Suites, $3 per day up. These rooms and rates merit your immediate investigation. They are rated 50% to 100% lower than any other of equal value in the city.

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Modern, Accessible, Fireproof. Excellent Service. C. M. BELLAK, Pres.

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"Unanimous Verdict of Press and Public."

Performances 7:15 and 11:15—Same Show at Dinner as After Theatre.

Dinner de Luxe $1.25 5:30 to 9 P.M. A LA CARTE SERVICE ALL HOURS AFTER THEATRE SPECIALTIES

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A NEW APARTMENT HOTEL

Newly and unusually furnished and decorated; complete hotel service; two and three rooms and bath; 9 to 14 windows, with unobstructed views, three exposures to each suite. Rates, $75 monthly and up per suite of 2 rooms and bath; also weekly, $17 per suite and up. Restaurant a la carte. Breakfast and dinner, $8 weekly (bath optional). References. The above are astounding values. Investigate.

Hotel Nobleton, 126 W. 73d St.

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Two to six rooms and bath, with or without kitchen and dining room; completely furnished, including hotel service. $1.00 PER ROOM DAILY.

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Airiest Garden Spot—Coolest Place in Town

With the Original Dixieland "Jazz" Band PLAYING DANCE-COMPELLING MELODIES

Special Southern Dinner Served Daily, 6 to 9 P. M. $1.50

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Motor over Manhattan Bridge, take first turn to right to Hicks Street, south three blocks to Hotel, or Subway to Borough Hall. Protection from the Weather.

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Burton F. White, Manager F. D. Ray, Jr., Associate Manager.

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SECURITY in their HEALTH in their WEALTH and in their PURSUIT OF HAPPINESS

A germicide Sea-Island Climate. A clean resort, *No Dust, No Dirt*—hard paved streets. Splendid water and perfect sanitation.

Hotel rates the same as three years ago, before the European War, and hence, more for your money than anywhere else in the world.

Escape from the problems of *scarcity of help and the high cost of living.* A bathing beach so flat and shoal that there is *less than 30 feet of water five miles from shore and less than 60 feet nine miles out.*

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RAQUETTE LAKE HOTEL Raquette Lake, N. Y.

On shore of the large beautiful lake where one enjoys the balsam air of the Adirondack Mts., and informality reigns. Rooms with baths, steam heat, open fireplaces. Good walks, bass, trout and white fish, hunting, all outdoor sports. Special Fall and Winter rates. Booklet on request. Geo. C. Reardon, Prop.

Notice to former Patrons

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on Otsego Lake Cooperstown, N. Y.

"Will remain open until October 1st"

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Jefferson Heights, Catskill, N. Y.

Beautifully situated, fine mountain views, 25 acres of lawns and forest trees, own vegetable and fruit farm, golf, tennis, children's playground, motor boating, canoeing, bathing beach. Orchestra afternoon and evening. Fine bath suites. Table and service of the best. Capacity 300. Now open. Rates Moderate. Booklet. PETER G. CORNELL, Manager.

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ON UPPER SARANAC LAKE ADIRONDACKS.

Beautiful Fall Season. State Roads. Hunting. Golf and all attractions.

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NEW YORK—Long Island.

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Now open for the season. For reservations write or phone J. K. Morris, Sag Harbor. Phone 18.

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Special September Rates $18 Weekly

Dancing, Tennis, Bathing, Golf, &c., &c.

Refined Social Life.

Special Rate Over Labor Day, from Saturday before dinner until Tuesday after breakfast, $10.00.

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The Fall is near. While the Inn is fine even in mid-Winter, it is finest in the Fall. And such Falls as come to these hills, fruited and flowered, ready to charm and welcome. Beside, there are attractive walks, dirt roads for the horses, brooks and pools where fish abound, and then good food. Booklet, favorable weekly rates. Phone 391 Boonton, N. J. (Mountain Lakes.)

Hotel Beechwood Summit, N. J.

Under management of Misses Gillian and Edwards, formerly of The Hall, Glen Cove, and Forest Hills Inn, Forest Hills, L. I. Telephone—1054 Summit.

HOTEL PALMER Lakewood, N. J. Open all year. $2.50 day. $14.00 week up. American Plan.

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America's finest Resort Hotel

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A house that's "different" in its fine appointments, unusual and artistic decorations, homelike atmosphere and service. Surrounded by green lawns and gardens, at the edge of the sea. Open September. N.Y. Office, Noreen Hall. Tel. 7149 Schuyler.

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A new, modern hotel of concrete construction Absolutely Fireproof.

Centrally located. Luxurious suites. Private baths. Running water in all rooms. Music. Accommodates 200.

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ATLANTIC CITY'S NEWEST AND FOREMOST FIREPROOF HOTEL.

On the ocean front. A house of charming features with a capacity for 1,300 guests. Hot and cold sea water in all baths. Private dressing rooms in hotel for surf bathers. AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN PLANS. Terrace Restaurant and Roof Garden. Garage with accommodations for chauffeurs. Orchestra.

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Surf-bathing · Tennis · Swimming-pool Orchestra · Dancing

CAPACITY 600 S. Hanstein, Prop.

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NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

NEW AMSTERDAM W. 42d St. Evs. 8:15 Mts. Wed. & Sat. 2:15 Absolutely Coolest Theatre in the World MAT. TOMORROW: ALL SEATS 50c to $2 Ziegfeld Follies AFTER THE PERFORMANCE ROOF NEW EDITION A SENSATION ZIEGFELD MIDNIGHT FROLIC

THE DELUGE now at the HUDSON Theatre; Evs. 8:20; Matinees Sat. & Wed., 2:20.

LYCEUM W. 45th St. near B'way. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Tom'w & Thurs. 2:20. THE LASSOO by Co-Author of "The Boomerang."

"BLANCHE YURKA gave as fine a performance as has ever been seen in this city" DAYBREAK by JANE COWL & JANE MURFIN.

HARRIS West 42nd St. Evenings 8:30. Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:30. Seats on Sale 10 Weeks in Advance. Turn to the Right!

GAIETY B'way at 46th St. LAST 7 TIMES Mats. Tom'w & Wed. (Pop.) 2:20.

COHAN & HARRIS W. 42d St. Evs. 8:15 Mat. Tom'w 2:15. GOING TO LIBERTY THEA. NEXT MONDAY. "HITCHY-KOO" AN INTIMATE REVUE WITH Raymond Hitchcock, Grace La Rue Wm. Rock and Frances White Leon Errol, Irene Bordoni MONDAY, AUG. 27—Seats NOW. "A TAILOR-MADE MAN" with GRANT MITCHELL.

LIBERTY West 42d NEXT MON. NIGHT SEATS NOW for "HITCHY-KOO"

FULTON W. 46th. Evgs. 8:20. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. LAST 2 WEEKS THE 13th CHAIR by BAYARD VEILLER

ELTINGE THEATRE, W. 42d St. Evgs. 8:30 Mats. Tom'w & Wed. 2:30. Business Before Pleasure With Barney Bernard & Alexander Carr

LAST WEEK—William Fox 1917 Fairy Film. JACK AND THE BEANSTALK BIGGER AND BETTER THAN THE CIRCUS.

GLOBE B'WAY at 46th St. TWICE DAILY 2:30-8:30 Mts. 25-50. Nights 25-1.00 Commencing Monday, "THE SPY."

WINTER GARDEN B'WAY & 50TH. Evgs. at 8. MATINEE TOMORROW, 50c to $1.50 PASSING SHOW OF 1917

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S W. 39th. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Tom'w & Wed. MARJORIE RAMBEAU in EYES OF YOUTH

CASINO REOPENING MONDAY AUG. 27 Seats Now ELISABETH MARBURY & LEE SHUBERT'S Production of LOVE O' MIKE 8TH MONTH IN NEW YORK.

BOOTH 45th, W. of B'way. Evenings 8:30. Matinees Tom'w & Wed. 2:30. ADOLF BOLM and his BALLET INTIME With Roshanara, Ratan Devi, Michio Itow Auspices American Ambulance in Russia.

Shubert 44th, W. of B'way. Phone 8439 Bryant. Evgs. 8:00. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. 2:00. "'MAYTIME' MADE ALL KNOCKERS BOOSTERS."—*The First Nighter.* MAYTIME PLAY WITH MUSIC Charles Purcell, Peggy Wood & William Norris.

LYRIC 42d, West of B'way. Evenings 8:15. Matinees Tom'w & Wed. 2:15. WILTON LACKAYE in THE INNER MAN, by Abraham Schomer "THE FIRST DRAMATIC THRILL OF THE SEASON."—*Commercial.*

LONGACRE THEATRE, W. 48th St. Phone Bryant 23. OPENS NEXT TUES., AUG. 28 SEATS TODAY A NEW MUSICAL COMEDY "Leave It To Jane" By BOLTON, WODEHOUSE and KERN. (Founded on Geo. Ade's "College Widow.")

ASTOR Broadway & 45th. Evenings 8:30. Matinees Tom'w & Wed. 2:30. THE VERY IDEA!! Ernest TRUEX Richard BENNETT "Uproariously laughable throughout."—Tribune.

BIJOU 45th, W. of B'way. Bryant 430. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. 2:30. MARY'S ANKLE

CORT Thea., 48th, E. of B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Matinees Tom'w & Wed. 2:15. Eugene Walter's THE KNIFE Breathless Melodrama.

432nd Time! THE MAN WHO CAME BACK Playhouse Mats. Tom'w & Wed.

PRINCESS 39th, nr. Broadway. Evgs. 8:15. Matinees Tom'w & Wed. 2:15. OH, BOY! "Smartest of Musical Comedies."—Evs. Sun

44th St. Theatre Twice Daily W. of B'y. 2:15 & 8:15. The Utmost in Dramatic Effect. The Sublime in Heroism. THE ITALIAN BATTLEFRONT LARGE SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA.

WILLIAM FOX Presents THE SPY

A motion picture revelation of the subtle activities, the diabolical ingenuity of the Kaiser's secret service system in this country. The awful grip of the imperial military machine which makes its servants either obey or suffer death.

GLOBE THE... B'way & 46th Street. NEXT MONDAY NIGHT

CRITERION Broadway at 44th Street. Twice Daily, 2:30 & 8:30. HENRY J. BROCK Offers Geo. Loane Tucker's Master Picture, HALL CAINE'S Greatest Romance, THE MANX-MAN "A Triumph of Motion Picture Art."—American.

MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE West 34th. Evs. 8 SECOND SEASON IN NEW YORK. Biggest Dramatic Spectacle on Earth. THE WANDERER Greatest Cast Ever Seen in America. Mat. Tom'w 25c, 50c, 75c, $1 & $1.50. 200 Orch. Seats at all performances, $1.

LOEW'S NEW YORK THEA. & ROOF 10,15,25c *Where the Cool Night Air Brings Comfort.* Cont. 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. Roof to 1 A. M. ELLA HALL in "THE CHARMER"; CRANE WILBUR, "The Eye of Envy."

Loew's American Roof 42 St., W. B'way Every Evg. at 8:15 *The Refreshing Night Breezes Are Here.* "CHILDREN OF FRANCE." All Seats Burke & Harris, Chalfis & Lam. Reserved bert, Jim Reynolds, 5 others. 25, 35, 50

B. F. KEITH'S PALACE LOUIS MANN DOLLY SISTERS Mme. Chilson Ohrman, Savoy Daily Mats. 25c-$1. & Brennan, Frank Fay, Otha. Delicious Lemonade Free to All.

B. F. KEITH'S RIVERSIDE Howard & Clark Cecil Cunningham Anna Held's Visions, Harry Green & Co., The Cansinos. B'WAY & 96 ST.

Brighton Beach Music Hall Commencing Tomorrow, ANNETTE KELLERMANN in the Great $1,000,000 Photo Play, A DAUGHTER OF THE GODS First chance to see this greatest play of the day at popular price. Daily 3 & 8 P. M.

BROADWAY THEATRE 2:30, 4:30, 8:30. AT 41ST. POPULAR PRICES LAST 2 DAYS DOROTHY PHILLIPS in "PAY ME!" Added Attract., ALICE HOWELL in Comedy Sensation "Her Bareback Career." Com. Sunday, 8:30, "Sirens of the Sea."

"Cheer Up" at the Hippodrome First Matinee TODAY Best Seats $1. "SUPER-SPECTACLE—SUPERB"

FRENCH WAR EXHIBIT. Benefit of American Red Cross. Sea Beach Palace, Coney Island. Captured German aeroplanes—relics from the battlefields of France.

Steeplechase CONEY'S FUN FACTORY. FREE TOYS FOR CHILDREN. Pool Bathing Day and Night.

RIALTO B'way 42d (1st pictures) Russian Revolution. Male Chorus. Incomparable Rialto Orchestra. 15-25-50c. Doors open 10 A. M. Daily This Week.

81 St. Theatre, on B'way. Tel. Schuyler 9860 ENID BENNETT in "They're Off." Also Splendid VAUDEVILLE. Mat. Today, 10, 15c. Evgs. 1c, 25, 50c.

PARKWAY BATHS BRIGHTON BEACH—Just East of Ocean P'k'w'y. PRICES NEVER CHANGE WEEKDAYS 25c SATS & SUNS. 50c

LUNA CONEY ISLAND PAWNEE BILL & Other Big Features. Free Attractions, Dancing The Kaiser's secret service system in this country. The awful grip of the imperial military machine which makes its servants either obey or suffer death.

New Mat. To-day BRIGHTON Lucille Cavanagh, Blossom Seeley, Willie Weston, Lyons & Yosco, Duffy & Inglis, others. Brighton Beach.

Palisades AMUSEMENT Park Opp. West 136th St. Ferry Greater Than Ever. New Sensations. SURF BATHING 7 A. M. to 10:30 P. M.

COLUMBIA Twice Daily 2:15 & 8:15 Top Prices Broadway & 47th. SPORTING WIDOWS

Names of New York Men Who Have Been Enrolled in the National Army

The Lists Here Published Include All the Enrollments Obtainable Last Night From the District Boards in Session in Manhattan, the Bronx and Brooklyn.

Reports received yesterday from sixty-nine exemption boards in the city showed that 2,452 men had been examined, and that 1,563 of these men and others previously examined had been enrolled in the draft army. The draft situation in the city to date is shown in the following table:

	Districts.	Quota.	Districts Heard From.	Enrolled to date.
Bronx	22	4,712	22	8,348
Brooklyn	66	13,755	64	9,881
Manhattan	82	16,356	81	12,311
Queens	15	3,035	14	2,179
Richmond	4	754	4	586
Total	189	38,612	185	28,305

BRONX.

DISTRICT NO. 2.
349 East 140th Street.
QUOTA, 242. ENROLLED, 187.
YESTERDAY'S REPORT.
Examined.....54 | Claiming exempt'n 50
Excused.....12 | Enrolled 82

MEN ENROLLED.
Burger, Edward, 566 E. 138th St.
Edtarz, Joseph, 258 Brook Av.
Heiss, Henry C., 351 E. 138th St.
Doran, Andrew J., 168 E. 144th St.
Wahlstedt, Harold, 426 E. 140th St.
Daley, Thomas, 371 E. 142d St.
Rosenstein, Hugo, 489 E. 147th St.
Masterson, David J., 421 E. 137th St.
Enlund, John O., 375 E. 135th St.
Lee, Andrew, 532 E. 148th St.
Dipiclio, Nicola, 224 E. 146th St.
Slattery, Michael J., 442 E. 149th St.
Nelson, Neiel P., 356 E. 143d St.
Salomon, Harold, 456 E. 139th St.
Cato, Geo. H., 425 E. 139th St.
Destuno, Rocco, 297 Willis Av.
Rudden, Edward, 343 E. 138th St.
Hammer, Christopher, 500 Brook Av.
McDermott, Edw. F., 542 E. 141st St.
McCullough, James F., 288 E. 141st St.
Culhane, Edw. S., 373 E. 139th St.
Cugsy, William, 428 E. 139th St.
Cedar, Frederick, 247 Willis Av.
Weber, Edwin, 364 E. 140th St.
Hines, William, 280 E. 141st St.
Kerrfeld, David, 300 Brook Av.
Coleman, Thomas P., 416 E. 139th St.
Coleman, James P., 416 E. 139th St.
Fremont, John C., 373 E. 137th St.
Garitdad, Anthony, 436 E. 138th St.
Claire, Charles, 411 E. 137th St.
Falk, John, 430 E. 142d St.

DISTRICT NO. 4.
Longwood Avenue and Kelly Street.
QUOTA, 224. ENROLLED, 65.
YESTERDAY'S REPORT.
Examined.....63 | Claiming exempt'n 41
Excused.....22 | Enrolled 5

MEN ENROLLED.
Glose, Guido, 529 Jackson Av.
Dorree, Max, 647 Fox St.
Nalmin, Carl, 743 E. 147th St.
Hornkohl, Paul, 512 Jackson Av.
Walton, Edward, 535 Union Av.

DISTRICT NO. 6.
Frisby and Benson Avenues.
QUOTA, 213. ENROLLED, 166.
YESTERDAY'S REPORT.
Examined.....121 | Claiming exempt'n 71
Excused.....13 | Enrolled 43

MEN ENROLLED.
Baumbach, Edward, 1,359 Westchester Av.
Donohue, Edward, 1,210 Crosby Av.
Graziano, John, 1,746 Seddon St.
Betelle, William, 1,748 Melville St.
Somers, Edwin A., 1,728 Matthews Av.
Jacobi, Angelo, 1,618 Van Buren St.
Nilson, John A., 1,476 Rosedale Av.
Belling, Albert, 1,440 Wyatt Av.
Donovan, John, 2,826 E. 177th St.
Dysart, Anderson, 2,579 Glebe Av.
Roolt, Andrew M., 582 Van Nest Av.
Harrigan, Thomas, 2,935 Coddington Av.
O'Neill, Steven J., 1,552 St. Lawrence Av.
Taylor, Frank M., 3,073 Middletown Road.
Negro, Albert, 1,633 Unionport Road.
Kerzmeier, Rudolf L., 564 Morris Park Av.
McGowan, Lloyd, 1,902 Holland Av.
Kaspinsky, Frank, 1,671 Holland Av.
Banda, Charles, 1,467 Rosedale Av.
Bibbo, James J., 1,524 Bolton St.
Hubner, John, 681 Van Nest Av.
Albert, Otto, 1,138 Wyatt Av.
Pellegrine, William, 1,25 E. 178th St.
Hunt, Joseph, 1,722 Filmore St.
Hoffman, James W., 1,907 Boynton Av.
Movocski, Mike W., 2,387 Lyon St.
Cashel, Isaac A., 1,718 Victor St.
Zorn, Adolph W., 2,167 Glebe Av.
Heusman, Austin P., 1,441 St. Lawrence Av.
O'Donnell, Edward P., 1,559 Merry Av.
Burkett, Stanley, 2,673 Waterbury Av.
D'Ambrose, Michael, 1,718 E. 177th St.
Lorenze, William S., 1,837 Barnes Av.
Muller, Fred W., 1,824 Holland Av.
Heinz, Louis, 1,222 Boynton Av.
Georges, Henry J., 2,319 Newbold Av.
Meralin, Louis, 1,327 Leland Av.
Arnold, Rudolph, 1,747 Bathgate St.
McLeod, Ernest, 1,463 St. Lawrence Av.
D'Angelo, Arthur, 1,649 Taylor Av.
Carlson, James F., 1,414 Edwards Av.
Lax, Harry, 816 Van Nest Av.
Heinzen, Ernest H., 1,562 Glover St.

DISTRICT NO. 14.
1,738 Crotona Park East.
QUOTA, 216. ENROLLED, 87.
YESTERDAY'S REPORT.
Examined.....[illegible] | Claiming exempt'n. ..
Excused.....[illegible] | Enrolled 37

MEN ENROLLED.
Shapiro, Harry, 1,174 West Farms Road.
Cohen, (or Cohn,) Max, 1,538 Hoe Av.
Berardo, Joseph, 892 Jennings St.
Blecher, Abraham, 1,734 Hallgate Av.
Novick, Morris, 1,317 Southern Boulevard.
Marcus, Sam, 3,876 3d Av.
Cohen, Sam, 1,524 Hoe Av.
Michalshuk, Steve, 3,173 3d Av.
Pellerman, Benjamin, 1,451 Crotona Av.
Ban, Michael, 3,903 3d Av.
Mandel, Samuel, 532 E. 171st St.
Levine, Michael, 1,562 Hoe Av.
Jacobson, David, 1,434 Vyse Av.
Harley, Michael J., 1,745 Southern Boulevard.
Waxman, Morris, 996 Home St.
Sherman, Samuel, 1,440 Minford Place.
Danziger, Charles, 1,445 Clinton St.
Kronish, David, 1,830 Intervale Av.
Bellone, Michael, 951 Jennings St.
Jamros, John, 1,987 Bryant Av.
Lifshitz, Samuel J., 1,447 Bryant Av.
Stevens, Harold M., 1,294 Hoe Av.
Tarantuno, Anthony, 1,463 Vyse Av.
Bukkin, David, 970 Freeman St.
Hahn, Sidney, 1,165 Bryant Av.
O'Brien, John E., 1,074 Freeman St.
Miller, Peter J., 1,485 Southern Boulevard.
Wienstedt, William E., 968 Freeman St.
Brettholz, Phillip, 1,464 Seabury Place.
Mintitzky, Irving, 1,340 Wilkin Av.
Fish, Edward, 1,468 Seabury Place.
Delano, Frank J., 1,398 Southern Boulevard.
Oscar, Louis, 1,172 Hoe Av.
Hager, Max, 1,484 Hoe Av.
Wheeler, Benjamin, Jr., 920 E. 174th St.
Brenner, David, 1,385 Southern Boulevard.
Lisa, Louis, 1,444 Minford Place.

DISTRICT NO. 17.
32 East 183d Street.
QUOTA, 198. ENROLLED, 138.
YESTERDAY'S REPORT.
Examined..... | Claiming exempt'n. ..
Excused..... | Enrolled 10

MEN ENROLLED.
Gigante, Stanislas, 2,807 Prospect Av.
Buffa, Antonio, 2,467 Belmont Av.
Cingnano, Aniello, 2,474 Arthur Av.
Assanello, Vincent, 2,135 Hughes Av.
Furst, Daniel, Jr., 2,153 Clinton Av.
Rust, Henry, 619 E. 192d St.
Rosenberg, Louis, 2,355 Southern Boulevard.
Gelhaus, Joseph, 2,153 Clinton Av.
Ferrato, Giovanno, 2,408 Strebling Av.
Scardaccione, Alex, 609 E. 183d St.

DISTRICT NO. 18.
189th Street and Ogden Avenue.
QUOTA, 240. ENROLLED, 235.
YESTERDAY'S REPORT.
Examined.....183 | Claiming exempt'n. 54
Excused.....36 | Enrolled 20

MEN ENROLLED.
Benyman, George E., 1,303 Sedgwick Av.
Cambetsky, Edward, 1,083 Clay Av.
Peterman, Jacob G., 936 Morris Av.
Prenger, Theodore S., 1,075 Washington Av.
Downey, Peter J., 1,270 Morris Av.
Zeigler, Louis, 161st St. and Harlem River.
Walsh, Howard J., 289 Bonner Place.
Giles, Joseph P., 2 W. 169th St.
Seiler, William, 104 Brook Av.
Grinner, Alfred, 1,163 Ogden Av.
Rego, Ambrosius, 3,495 3d Av.
Hissack, Hector, 193 W. 168th St.
Klingman, Philip, 3,481 3d Av.
Schurmann, John, 1,128 Clay Av.
Martin, Bernard J., 1,264 Clay Av.
Jones, Percy W., Jr., 1,289 Morris Av.
Leonard, Charles F., 154 W. 164th St.
Tipolata, Domenico, 153 W. 167th St.
Hillenbrand, Peter, 1,291 Washington Av.
Schoor, Samuel L., 1,043 Clay Av.

DISTRICT NO. 19.
Claremont Park.
QUOTA, 219. ENROLLED, 219.
YESTERDAY'S REPORT.
Examined.....179 | Claiming exempt'n. 82
Excused.....37 | Enrolled 10

MEN ENROLLED.
Kerr, Paul, 1,371 Washington Av.
Reich, Isidore, 1,522 Webster Av.
Holman, Arthur J., 1,364 Teller Av.
Nicolas, A., 1,293 Clay Av.
Jacht, Ernest, 3,786 Park Av.
Greenhut, Isidore, 2,781 3d Av.
Antman, Rudolph, 1,450 Clay Av.
Tolbett, Thomas E., 1,258 Brook Av.
Becher, L. F., 1,372 Brook Av.
Margolis, J., 1,672 Washington Av.

BRONX.

DISTRICT NO. 20.
New York University.
QUOTA, 193. ENROLLED, 129.
YESTERDAY'S REPORT.
Examined.....162 | Claiming exempt'n. 85
Excused.....57 | Enrolled 20

MEN ENROLLED.
Benedict, Louis A., 308 E. 173d St.
Foster, Henry J., 2,292 Loring Place.
Gundlach, Henry W., 1,752 Mount Hope Av.
Hammond, Charles L., 1,994 Valentine Av.
Hebre, Charles, 1,500 Macombs Road.
Held, Adolph, 1,710 Webster Av.
Held, Max, 1,710 Webster Av.
Kantrowitz, Sam, 1,721 Bathgate Av.
Kean, John F., 1,353 Plimpton Av.
Keenan, Thomas E., 2,170 University Av.
Leib, Robert, 1,021 Morris Av.
Levine, Irving, 414 E. 173d St.
Liathardt, Fred A., 1,821 Clay Av.
McGovern, Thomas J., 1,492 University Av.
Miller, John E., 1,314 Weeks Av.
Murphy, Joseph P., 1,829 Cedar Av.
O'Gorman, John V., 1,492 University Av.
Richter, George H., 1,083 Anthony Av.
Riordan, Timothy D., 1,743 Sedgwick Av.
Wendel, John L., 1,623 Nelson Av.

BROOKLYN.

DISTRICT NO. 23.
158 Montague Street.
QUOTA, 188. ENROLLED, 164.
YESTERDAY'S REPORT.
Examined..... | Claiming exempt'n ..
Excused..... | Enrolled 37

MEN ENROLLED.
Bugno, Joseph, 322 Schermerhorn St.
McCagnel, John W., 42 Sidney Place.
Jeber, John, 54 Garden Place.
English, Thomas D., 287 State St.
Steinen, Joseph G., 139 Atlantic Av.
Mozee, Walter Y., 71 Columbia Heights.
George, Sam, 199 State St.
Geery, Duncan F., 64 Clark St.
Kilgore, Benjamin, 75 Smith St.
Yanicks, John M., 125 Schermerhorn St.
Franc, Otto H., 7 Montague St.
Ryan, Raleel A., 260 Pacific St.
Reinhardt, Edward, 78 Smith St.
Skinner, Hughler, 76 Hoyt St.
Aity, Alfred, 199 State St.
Liebowitz, Louis, 193 Atlantic Av.
Lydon, Daniel A., 808 Amity St.
Labasco, Angelo, 170 Fulton St.
Hazen, Albert, 159 Congress St.
Ferro, Frank, 304 Henry St.
Simon, William P., 54 Pineapple St.
Wolff, Alarich K. R., 280 Henry St.
Nassek, Lyle, 217 Atlantic Av.
Dietsch, F. W., 433 Charlotte Pl., Glendale, L.I.
Audi, Bedie Ra, 126 Clinton St.
Vitor, Andrew, 6 Strong Place.
Mowat, James W., 68 Montague St.
MacFarlane, William, 151 Joralemon St.
Abt Sadi, Joseph R., 129 Atlantic Av.
Burrell, James K., 102 Remsen St.
Haddad, Habib, 301 Henry St.
Diacoyannis, George, 157 Henry St.
Nader, Portit, 298 Henry St.
Schweizer, Frederick, 115 State St.
Wilson, Russell C., 154 Montague St.
Reardon, Benjamin J., 203 Schermerhorn St.
Coblentz, Siegfried P., 92 Columbia Heights.
Weinand, Judson L., 94 Pineapple St.
Reardon, Mark, Jr., 214 Hicks St.
Mayberry, Clifford, 124 Columbia Heights.
Hesser, Albert A., 177 Amity St.
Thompson, Seward A., 5 Montague Terrace.
Caldwell, Aller J., 42 Sidney Place.

DISTRICT NO. 28.
105 Rapelyea Street.
QUOTA, 228. ENROLLED, 166.
YESTERDAY'S REPORT.
Examined.....124 | Claiming exempt'n. 75
Excused.....27 | Enrolled 25

MEN ENROLLED.
Di Leo, Antonio, 82 Luquer St.
King, James, 89 Verona St.
Olsen, Paul, 75 Dwight St.
Senatsky, Otto, 97 Hamilton Av.
Marasco, Joseph, 25 Mille St.
Nerbergh, George, 266 Hamilton Av.
Di Mathua, Antonio, 171 Union St.
De Nichola, Joseph, 198 President St.
Bove, Anthony, 128 Union St.
La Cava, Onofrio, 115 Van Brunt St.
Scotto, Eugene, 172 Union St.
Bishop, John F., 248 Hamilton Av.
Paulson, John, 58 Luquer St.
Speranzo, Michele, 189 Hamilton Av.
Morris, Rollo, 572 Clinton St.
Metcalf, Charles, 182 Richards St.
Syvertsen, Claus, 218 Van Brunt St.
Reinertsen, Anen, 111 Pioneer St.
Palmieri, William, 153 Sullivan St.
Rerrigan, Thomas, 208 Carroll St.
Frederick, Albert, 82 Hamilton Av.

DISTRICT NO. 32.
Patchen Avenue and Macon Street.
QUOTA, 222. ENROLLED, 222.
YESTERDAY'S REPORT.
Examined..... | Claiming exempt'n ..
Excused..... | Enrolled 56

MEN ENROLLED.
Ryan, Alex E., 999 Gates Av.
Silver, William, 60 Howard Av.
Rich, Wm. H., 564 Decatur St.
Arntes, Ward V., 255 Patchen Av.
Meyer, Harry J., 101 Saratoga Av.
Pierce, Patrick J., 62 Sumpter St.
Steinberg, Charles, 845 Chauncey St.
McKiernan, Thomas E., 702 McDonough St.
Frederick, Walter J., 121 Marion St.
Kraft, Harry G., 1,029 Putnam Av.
Hart, Chas. E., Jr., 146 Marion St.
Unina, Gaitano, 1,508 Broadway.
Marshall, William, 679 Halsey St.
Lable, Fred, 193 Ralph Av.
David, Julian R., 1,023 Putnam Av.
Valentine, Joseph, 856 Macon St.
Claffy, Vincent, 831 Monroe St.
Purkiteate, Benjamin, 500 Chauncey St.
Marshall, John J., 218 Ralph Av.
Quitte, Robert, 573 Macon St.
Anderson, Ed. J., 913 Hancock St.

BROOKLYN.

Gerstein, Jacob K., 811 Stockton St.
Ali, Senel, 318 Floyd St.
Diamond, Benjamin, 1,080 Myrtle Av.
Vogel, Charles, 890 Park Av.
McGlenin, William, 949 Lafayette Av.
Moan, James P., 1,072 Lafayette Av.
Mendel, Julius, 1,035 Dekalb Av.
London, Herman, 98 Sumner Av.
Grand, Jacob, 310 Stockton St.
Berkowitz, Irvin, 386 Vernon Av.
Dinavitz, Jacob, 25 Lewis Av.
Keenan, James A., 1,071½ Dekalb Av.
Barz, Louis, 20 Patchen Av.
Molenofsky, Alex, 71 Stuyvesant Av.
Levenson, David, 205 Throop Av.
Marshall, Roman W., 793 Park Av.
Fine, Harry, 265 Floyd St.
Greenstone, Samuel, 289 Floyd St.
Merkow, Alexander, 492 Kosciusko St.
Stackman, Herman, 316 Stockton St.
Swirenowsky, Eruchinis, 353 Vernon Av.
Beredimsky, Menishe, 54 Sumner Av.
Schraga, Chaskel, 267 Stockton St.
McDonald, James, 4 Stuyvesant Av.
Eisenberg, Nathan, 869 Vernon Av.
Wedell, Sam, 993 Dekalb Av.
Maer, Herman, 229A Vernon Av.

DISTRICT NO. 41.
P. S. 140, Sixtieth St. cet.
QUOTA, 234. ENROLLED, 170.
YESTERDAY'S REPORT.
Examined..... | Claiming exempt'n. ..
Excused..... | Enrolled 21

MEN ENROLLED.
Dunnermuth, Frank, 326 60th St.
Sjoberg, Carl A., 458 55th St.
Verde, Ernest, 341 50th St.
Beckman, Eugene, 5,521 3d Av.
Reid, Lester, 261 62d St.
Harrington, Henry G., 426 57th St.
Rothacker, Otto G., 350 54th St.
Anderson, Norman, 5,522 6th Av.
St. John, John J., 471 60th St.
Lipsett, Anthony, 5,519 7th Av.
Berge, Albert, 268 60th St.
Claramund, Carlos, 275 57th St.
Trautwein, William T., 843 49th St.
De Rosa, William, 229 65th St.
Peterson, Robert F., 566 56th St.
Bowman, Harry, 4,923 5th Av.
Pajor, Camille, 521 49th St.
McKibben, Arthur, 360 59th St.
Karnebisan, Khristian, 341 56th St.
Peterson, Frank, 624 57th St.
Knaack, Clarence, 412 54th St.

DISTRICT NO. 44.
Sterling Place and Vanderbilt Avenue.
QUOTA, 198. ENROLLED, 181.
YESTERDAY'S REPORT.
Examined..... | Claiming exempt'n. ..
Excused..... | Enrolled 8

MEN ENROLLED.
Malone, Antonio, 327 St. Mark's Av.
Scale, Alonzo, 782 Bergen St.
Dellacerio, Joseph, 990 Pacific St.
Hague, Edward, 877 Pacific St.
Deutinger, William G., 132 Park Place.
Simon, John, 207 St. Mark's Av.
Fox, James J., 16 Underhill Av.
Dilliard, John A., 476 Clinton Av.

DISTRICT NO. 47.
Hancock Street and Bedford Avenue.
QUOTA, 218. ENROLLED, 136.
YESTERDAY'S REPORT.
Examined..... | Claiming exempt'n. ..
Excused..... | Enrolled 1

MAN ENROLLED.
Sunderling, Raymond A., 494 Prospect Place.

DISTRICT NO. 48.
Fourth St. and Seventh Av.
QUOTA, 242. ENROLLED, 242.
YESTERDAY'S REPORT.
Examined.....191 | Claiming exempt'n. 63
Excused.....57 | Enrolled 71

MEN ENROLLED.
Barclay, Frank E., 141 8th Av.
Grogan, Benjamin F., 443 2d St.
Taylor, Thomas J., 753 Carroll St.
Akberg, Charles E., 587 6th St.
Giddings, Alfred J., 869 4th St.
Curlo, Joseph A., 803 Union St.
Gavecchin, Petero, 884 3d St.
Griffith, Stuart, 278 6th Av.
Madigan, John W., 315 2d St.
Tyrrell, Francis, 338 24 St.
McCormick, Walter J., 413 1st St.
Spiller, Elmer W., 357 4th St.
Adler, Henry, 314 8th Av.
Conlon, James J., 158 7th Av.
Cook, James C., 209 7th Av.
Hutchings, Charles E., 456 6th St.
Thornell, Edwin R., 395 5th St.
Sullivan, Albert, 538 24 St.
Brianza, Vincenzo, 52 Garfield Place.
McCaffrey, Daniel M., 158 Garfield Place.
Sheridan, Frederick, 410 5th Av.
Stein, John J., 756A Union St.
Hosener, William H., 166 Garfield Place.
McGann, Harold C., 227 5th Av.
Lapham, Harold C., 9 Prospect Park West.
Van Schaick, Arthur W., 391 4th St.
Ellwanger, John, 53 Park Place.
Moller, Elner, 692 President St.
Jackson, Frank, 244½ 7th St.
Edie, Harold, 289 5th Av.
Swenson, Gustaf, 276 8th St.
Parr, Charles, 355 5th Av.
McGrath, Edward J., 361 7th St.
Clark, Henry G., 394 1st St.
Castellano, Cantonato, 339 34 St.
Fiedler, John E., 364 6th Av.
Wood, George W., 848 24 St.
Fremen, John E., 261 7th St.
Maurer, George, 71 Berkeley Place.
Roome, John A., 477 8th St.
Berry, Ernest A., 858 6th Av.
Dempsey, Michael J., 747 Union St.
Gorcella, Francis, 334 6th Av.
Reynard, Samuel J., 278 6th Av.
Rubin, Simon, 284 9th St.
Inperato, Fred, 855 5th St.
Cunningham, Francis, 328 54 St.
Del Castillo, Rafael C., 821 2d St.
Dodd, Sidney M., 388 7th St.
Heller, Valentine, 396 5th Av.
Ahearn, Charles A., 295 7th St.
Kean, Edmund A., 968 5th St.
Weiserth, Harry J., 155 Garfield Place.
Fisher, Louis H., 361 6th St.
Rizzo, Thomas, 331 2d St.
Christian, Arthur, 314 1st St.
Towers, William F., 396 6th Av.
Catterson, James A., 34 Prospect Place.
Nicholson, George F., 251 5th St.
Palmer, Anthony, 296 5th Av.
Same, Milton H., 486 4th St.
Moore, Howard, 400 3d St.
Sentemerle, Dominick, 322 5th Av.
Dennis, Edwin R., 293 Garfield Place.
Vogt, Joseph, 836 24 St.
Agneau, Richard S., 299 10th St.
Gaffney, Matthew R., 392 5th St.
Gately, Max J., 516 5th St.
McNeill, Macgregor, 498 34 St.
Jackson, Lawrence A., 295 8th St.
Eglinton, William F., 443 4th Av.

DISTRICT NO. 55.
87 Herbert Street.
QUOTA, 224. ENROLLED, 98.
YESTERDAY'S REPORT.
The following men failed to report for examination, according to the board, and therefore have been certified for service in the draft army:
Castagna, Guiseppe, 210 Kingsland Av., (examined in Philadelphia.)
Gasniewski, Frank, 20 Diamond St.
Marken, Allen, 97 Russell St.
Kemesinski, John, 92½ Diamond St.
Gallagher, William, 182 Herman Av., (in service.)
Bromwaller, Joseph, 180 Herman Av.
Martin, William E., 123 Eckford St.
Eisenke, Kleuman, 25 Driggs Av.
Bucker, Jan, 85 Diamond St.
Viola, Carmine, 140 Meeker Av.
Giovanni, Rocco, 135 Kingsland Av.
Lomas, Harold J., 208 Monitor St., (examined in Troy.)
Kahn, Philip L., 676 Humboldt St., (in service.)
O'Neill, Joseph A., 258 North Henry St., (in service.)
Polunka, Jacob, 100 Meeker Av.
Nawaavinski, John, 43 Newell St.
Moran, Joseph, 105 Newell St.
Conners, Joseph P., 275A Nassau St., (in service.)

DISTRICT NO. 62.
1,121 Bedford Avenue.
QUOTA, 195. ENROLLED, 195.
YESTERDAY'S REPORT.
Examined..... | Claiming exempt'n. ..
Excused..... | Enrolled 12

MEN ENROLLED.
Apperson, Charles L., 1,121 Bedford Av.
Aiken, Hugh, 195 Madison St.
Sheron, Alonzo B., 184 Monroe St.
Keitel, William, 1,121 Bedford Av.
Booth, Ernest R., 1,818 Fulton St.
Thacchariides, Xenophon D., 170 Halsey St.
Martin, Louis A., 175 Madison St.
Roberts, Harold S., 113 Jefferson Av.
O'Connell, John D., 1,696 Pacific St.
McGlynn, Patrick, 54 Throop St.
Mahoney, James P., 242 Madison St.
Nayler, Benjamin E., 54 Hancock St.

DISTRICT NO. 64.
Albany Avenue and Bergen Street.
QUOTA, 224. ENROLLED, 224.
YESTERDAY'S REPORT.
Examined..... | Claiming exempt'n ..
Excused..... | Enrolled 48

MEN ENROLLED.
Goubeaud, Wilber P., 1,504 Pacific St.
Barker, Herbert A., 1,292 St. John's Place.
Stevenson, Milton S., 1,279 Bergen St.
Wilson, William S., 1,009 Park Place.
Gregory, J. R., 790 St. John's Place.
Welsh, Wm. W., 1,940 Pacific St.
Atwood, Wm. R., 1,046 Bergen St.
Murphy, Joseph Andrew, 1,862A Bergen St.
Olving, John A., 660 Dean St.
Snifter, Frederick William, 76 Kingston Av.
Stik, Floyd J., 750 Sterling Place.
Gibbs, Julius, 719 Nostrand Av.

BROOKLYN.

Naples, John, 788 Lincoln Place.
Lefkowitz, Emanuel, 1,415 St. John's Place.
Baker, Geo. B., 2,396 Valentine Av., New York City.
Wolfshauer, Benjamin, 764 Coney Island Av.
Dumont, Louis W., 663 St. Mark's Av.
De Anquines, Alexander, 1,004 Sterling Place.
Clyde, John F., 286A Albany Av.
Weisler, Harry, 1,387 St. John's Place.
Mertz, John M., 765 St. John's Place.
Carmody, Arthur F., 930 St. John's Place.
Weinstein, Harry, 1,054 Park Place.
Singer, Maurice A., 784 St. John's Place.
Liberatore, Fedele, 1,410 Bergen St.
Lally, Anthony, 172 Schenectady Av.
Foddy, George R., Jr., 37 Grant Square.
Howard, Lancelot, 632 Eastern Parkway.
Parhurst, Wallace J., 1, 462 Pacific St.
Conlon, Thomas J., 1,453 Bedford Av.
Byrne, John F., 1,442 Pacific St.
Martinello, Adamo, 161½ Troy Av.
O'Donnell, Joseph A., 208 Albany Av.
Zeiler, H. J., 1,125 Park Place.
Schwartz, Arthur E., 1,104 Park Place.
Despotas, George, 100 Kingston Av.
Hohmann, John H., 1,403 Pacific St.
Greenberg, Samuel, 126 Albany Av.
Bandel, Edward M., 218 New York Av.
Keena, William F., 1,289 Dean St.
Hurley, Gordon E., 1,338 St. John's Place.
Fitzsimmons, Daniel J., 1,443 Bedford Av.
Dahloff, Oscar E., 794 St. John's place.

DISTRICT NO. 65.
Schenectady Av. and Eastern Park'y.
QUOTA, 257. ENROLLED, 231.
YESTERDAY'S REPORT.
Examined..... | Claiming exempt'n. ..
Excused..... | Enrolled 7

MEN ENROLLED.
Derfman, Emanuel, 1,366 St. Johns Pl.
Teichman, Alfred R., 319 New York Av.
Abowitz, Abraham, 1,681 President St.
Bernstein, Meyer, 611 Flatbush Av.
Gallo, Joseph, 990 Flatbush Av.
Gormby, John A., 1,005 Lincoln Place.
McGuire, James F., 177 Fenimore St.

DISTRICT NO. 66.
Erasmus Hall High School.
QUOTA, 212. ENROLLED, 212.
YESTERDAY'S REPORT.
Condon, J. J., 8,321 Snyder Av.
Swallow, H. R., 223 E. 34th St.
Sensbuch, John, 283 E. 37th St.
James, Frank, 432 Lefferts Av.
Newman, Fred, 673 Rutland Road.
Fisher, J. D., 212 E. 34th St.
Dodge, H. C., 16 Oakland Place.
The following men failed to report for examination, according to the board, and, therefore, have been certified for service in the draft army:
Hansen, Christ, 840 W. 34 St., Erie, Penn.
Holmes, Foster, 48 Lott St.
Caunitz, Howard, 1,062 New York Av.
Ward, Frank E., 257 E. 35th St.
Buettner, C., 2,210 Church Av., (German alien.)
Nelson, Gustave A. P., 82 Prospect Place.
Schmitt, Howard, 119 Marcy Av.
Rosenfeld, Saul M., 672 E. 24th St.
Siena, Ralph, 809 Rogers Av.
McKinney, F. T., 971 Flatbush Av., (in serv.)
Andersen, W. H., 886 New Lots Av., (in serv.)
Weatherford, J. R., Kings Co. Hosp., (in serv.)
Krieger, Jess, 867 E. 23d St.
Frohlich, 2,839 Church Av., (sick.)
Brancato, Matteo, 555 Hamilton Road, (sick.)
Haran, Thomas, 2,709 Tilden Av., (in service.)
Kirby, W. G., Kings Co. Hosp., (in service.)
Eggertsen, E. H. F., 963 Flatb'h Av., (at sea.)
Vogt, Edward, 156 Prospect Av., (in service.)
Taylor, R. E., 2,139 Beverly Rd., (in service.)
Feistel, A. V., 223 E. 37th St., (in service.)
Grogan, James, 64 Lott St., (in service.)
Newman, J., 2,413 Tilden Av., (German alien.)
Grundmann, C. F., 2,412 Ch'h Av., (Ger. alien.)
Wahlers, F. W., 2,217 Beverly Rd., (in serv.)
Pope, James, 463 Rutland Road.
Burkhardt, Joseph, 524 E. 35th St.

DISTRICT NO. 74.
McKibben Street and Graham Avenue.
QUOTA, 181. ENROLLED, 81.
YESTERDAY'S REPORT.
Examined..... | Claiming exempt'n ..
Excused..... | Enrolled 58

MEN ENROLLED.
Haneman, Frank, 250 Bushwick Av.
Helmuth, John, 174 Montrose Av.
Dolce, Stephen, 42 Humboldt St.
Slavin, George, 93 Varet St.
Siegel, Morris, 17 Humboldt St.
Seitz, Joe, 114 Seigel St.
Silver, Sam, 21 Merrell St.
Lombardo, Anthony, 226 Bushwick Av.
Rosenberg, Sam, 29 Cook St.
Catalano, James, 134 Meserole St.
DiBiasi, Frank, 199 Graham Av.
Lichtenstein, Morris, 13 Humboldt St.
Gance, (Grouch,) Joe, 198 Meserole St.
Tannenbaum, Joe, 60 Moore St.
Denis, Mark, 789 Flushing Av.
Luria, Leopold, 103 Cook St.
Robinson, Archie, 91 Graham Av.
Klein, Harry, 43 Varet St.
Glucman, Charles, 46 Manhattan Av.
Cheslawsky, Harry, 51 Varet St.
McDonald, William G., 69 Johnson Av.
Tischler, Jacob, 109 Siegel St.
Nord, Alexander T., 644 McKibben St.
Piraicle, Salvatore, 169 Boerum St.
Bertolini, Pietro, 190 Boerum St.
Corso, Vito, 182 Johnson St.
Leggio, Saverio F., 108 Montrose Av.
Gooloff, Jacob, 101 Johnson Av.
Vitto, Vincenzie, 202 Boerum St.
Tauber, Nathan, 119 Seigel St.
Serisky, Daniel, 10 Manhattan Av.
Streimer, Louis, 74 Varet St.
Chiamonte, Crescenzo, 141 Montrose Av.
Crevetz, Paul, 45 Merrell St.
Di Miceli, Salvatore, 799 Flushing Av.
Flecker, Harry, 55 Moore St.
La Posa, Pasquale, 137 Montrose Av.
Di Causi, Giacomo, 170 Johnson Av.
Mesnikoff, Nathan, 55 Cook St.
Metlitz, Isidor, 50 Graham Av.
Pecorare, Gleachine, 166 Montrose Av.
Pernice, Joseph, 237 Johnson Av.
Puglisi, Leonarde, 174 Boerum St.
Bametta, Ignazio, 96 Montrose Av.
Roff, Joseph, 105 Varet St.
Schaefer, Nathan, 62 Cook St.
Rosendorf, Abraham, 92 Montrose Av.
Baren, Morris, 228 Bushwick Av.
Alpert, Isidore, 88 Humboldt St.
Calderi, William, 249 Johnson Av.
Rappaport, Joseph A., 224 Bushwick Av.
Vetrano, Antonio, 106 Montrose Av.
Mandelbaum, Harry, 37 Debevoise St.
Kaufman, Harold, 109 Boerum St.
Berger, Samuel, 86 Moore St.
Bellesky, Bernard, 56 Moore St.
Singer, Hary, 189 Boerum St.
Bikoff, Harry, 93 Graham Av.

DISTRICT NO. 75.
Leonard and McKibben Streets.
QUOTA, 178. ENROLLED, 88.
YESTERDAY'S REPORT.
Examined..... | Claiming exempt'n ..
Excused..... | Enrolled 4

MEN ENROLLED.
Landsman, David, 57 Whipple St.
Kosoosky, Benjamin, 630 Broadway.
Goerstein, Isidor, 40 Bartlett St.
Kempt, Edward J., 278 Bushwick St.
Kellcher, Thomas, 141 Walton St.
Finder, S., 13 Varet St.
Marx, Isidor, 63 Boerum St.
Tobin, Abraham, 60 Debevoise St.

DISTRICT NO. 82.
993 Herkimer Street.
QUOTA, 225. ENROLLED, 226.
YESTERDAY'S REPORT.
Examined.....165 | Claiming exempt'n. 73
Excused.....65 | Enrolled 23

MEN ENROLLED.
De Milt, Herbert, 1,041 Herkimer St.
Emperor, Thomas, 1,981 Fulton St.
Press, Frederick H., 181 Hull St.
Stubler, Clarence, 2,011A Fulton St.
Demler, Elmer, 100 Truxton St.
Pendrell, Charles P., 815 Herkimer St.
Smellie, William, 1,837 Herkimer St.
Dettoch, Albert, 158 McDougall St.
Rogan, Thomas H., 102 Rockaway Av.
McGonagle, Hugh, 295 Reid Av.
Lindemann, Fred P. J., 502 Marion St.
Weston, William L., 875 Herkimer St.
Keller, Andrew J., 139 Hull St.
Higgins, John W., 1,299 Herkimer St.
Loscher, Daniel F., 1,980 Herkimer St.
Rebeter, Charles W., 1,466 Bushwick Av.
Kendall, Willoughby E., 29 Furman St.
Smith, Irving C., 74 Rockaway Av.
Murphy, John V., 190 Hull St.
Tricario, Angelo A., 80 Rockaway Av.
Du Broff, Louis, 1,704 Fulton St.
May, Hugh, 1,415 Herkimer St.
De Lancy, Chrles E., 2,000 McDougall St.
Kelly Thomas, 154 McDougall St.
Owens, John T., 248 McDougall St.
Remson, Edgar D., 2,160 Fulton St.
Donnelly, William J., 158A McDougall St.
Boetsch, Fred C., 47 Buffalo Av.

DISTRICT NO. 84.
Hinsdale St. and Glenmore Av.
QUOTA, 281. ENROLLED, 84.
YESTERDAY'S REPORT.
Examined..... | Claiming exempt'n ..
Excused..... | Enrolled 87

MEN ENROLLED.
Blatt, Israel, 1,673 Eastern Parkway.
Fucci, Dominick, 2,328 Dean St.
Sebatino, Eddie, 1,707 E. New York Av.
Weiss, Morris, 1,851 Park Pl.
Perry, Harry, 240 Glenmore Av.
Altiera, Samuel, 1,724 E. New York Av.
Bosco, Pasquale, 256 Rockaway Av.
Chernack, Jacob, 545 Blake Av.
Zipkin, Murray, 1,858 Prospect Place.
Riviezo, Pietro, 2,278 Atlantic Av.
Bitetti, Givaschino, 185 Rockaway Av.
Rosner, Aaron, 1,557 Eastern Parkway.
Avellane, Michael, 1,715 Eastern Parkway.
Voleski, Leo, 249 Hinsdale Av.
Frados, Mor

RESERVE OFFICERS ASSIGNED TO CAMPS

War Department Appoints Recently Commisioned Men as Student Instructors.

TO TRAIN NEW CANDIDATES

List of Those Assigned to Plattsburg Includes Many New Yorkers.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.—The War Department announced today the assignment of a number of reserve officers who were recently graduated from the various officers' training camps for duty as assistant instructors at the second reserve officers' training camps, just starting. The men assigned and the regiments in which they will serve follow:

First Plattsburg Regiment.

MAJORS.

Lowell, Ralph, Boston.
Joy, Benjamin, Boston.
Stebbins, George B., Roslindale, Mass.
Schoonmaker, Oliver J., Ashburnham, Mass.
Collins, Arthur B., Stamford.
Kirby, William, New Haven.
Moretti, Onorio, New Haven.
Hadley, Morris, New Haven.

CAPTAINS.

Stearns, Marshal, New Canaan, Conn.
Higgins, James E., Worcester, Mass.
Booth, Robert C., Plattsburg, N. Y.
Rhodes, John F., Eldorado Springs, Mo.
George, Robert H., Newton, Mass.
Abbott, Charles M., Watertown, Mass.
Kendall, Alexander, Cambridge.
Warner, Alan G., Brooklyn.
Hunter, D. Gordon, Hartford.
Merriam, Paul A., Framingham, Mass.
Clarke, C. Kenison, Bogota, N. J.
Sawtell, Frank M., Malden, Mass.
Barstow, Francis V., Wollaston, Mass.
Gammell, William, Jr., Providence.
Hincks, Carrol C., New Haven.
Harwood, Jonathan H., Littleton, Mass.

FIRST LIEUTENANT.

Kellogg, Branton H., Brookline, Mass.

Second Plattsburg Regiment.

CAPTAINS.

Williams, Charles Summer, New York.
Shurtleff, Harold R., New York.
Draper, William H., Jr., Yonkers.
Foss, Wilson F., Irvington-on-Hudson.
Olymphant, John K., New York.
Lehmkuhl, Henry W., New York.
Crane, Gardner, New York.
Stillwell, John, Yonkers, N. Y.
Schell, Frank R., New York.
Newton, Horace D., New York.
Newton, Milton S., Mount Vernon.
Bennett, William H., New York.
Harrington, Charles M., Perth Amboy, N. J.
Berdell, Theodore, New York.
Wallace, Lewis G., Lakewood, N. J.
Adler, Julius O., New York.
Untermyer, Alvin, New York.
Dana, Anderson, New York.
Gordon, Alexander, Washington.
Platt, Allen H., New York.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Egan, Francis, Arlington, Mass.
Nichols, Lyman, New York.
Lewis, Garth M., White Plains, N. Y.
Hammersbiag, Robert J., New York.
Caldwell, William H., New York.
Bateson, E. Farrar, New York.

Seventh Regiment, (Niagara.)

CAPTAIN.

Maher, Frank Julian, New York.

Fifth Regiment, (Fort Myer.)

CAPTAINS.

Powell, John K., Metuchen, N. J.
Steer, Corwyn, United States Army.
Shepard, Francis R., South Orange, N. J.
Tweddell, Francis T., Summit, N. J.
Oliver, Norris S., East Orange, N. J.
Reed, Henry H., New York.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Bussing, George C., Lyndhurst, N. J.
Lynch, John J., Newark, N. J.
Bibighaus, B. Frank, Merchantsville, N. J.
Kelley, Edward T., Camden, N. J.
Sutphin, William H., Mattawan, N. J.
Day, Olive D., Summit, N. J.

Sixth Regiment, (Fort Oglethorpe.)

CAPTAINS.

Lieber, Paul E., New York.
Gould, Paul R., New York.
Moore, Benjamin, New York.
Rea, George P., Hamburg, N. Y.
Cook, Raymond P., Auburn, N. Y.
Krieger, A. Edward, Salamanca, N. Y.
Kimball, Henry J., Watertown, N. Y.
Davis, Ralph D., Fort Jefferson, N. Y.
Kinzey, Bertram Y., Mount Vernon, N. Y.
Rogers, Herman L., Hyde Park, N. Y.
Schulze, John C., East Aurora, N. Y.
Wadelton, Thomas D., Jr., Bronxville, N. Y.
Spencer, James B., New York.
Chandler, Lewis S., New York.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

McDougal, Thornton H., N. Y. N. G.
Gillette, John W., Jr., Greendale, N. Y.
Palmer, Theodore D., Syracuse.
Cram, Jack, Jr., Sheldrake Springs, N. Y.
Van Velsor, Harry A., Buffalo.
Maguire, William H., Ithaca.
Cooper, Henry S. P., Cooperstown, N. Y.
Weed, Meritdeth B., New York.
Johnston, Sydney B., Ellicottville, N. Y.

MAJORS.

Dickinson, Howard C., New York.
Bacon, Robert L., New York.
Stryker, Goss L., Derby, N. Y.

Eighth Regt., (Fort Benj. Harrison.)

CAPTAIN.

James, E. S., New York.

FIRST LIEUTENANT.

Hill, W. B., New York.

SECOND CAMP OPENS AT PLATTSBURG

1,600 of the Candidates for Commissions Arrive and Are Assigned to Their Companies.

Special to The New York Times.

PLATTSBURG, N. Y., Aug. 23.—The second training camp for reserve officers opened here this morning when 1,600 men from the New York and New England contingents arrived. Special trains, boats and automobiles brought in the candidates for commissions, who by noon were assigned to their proper companies and clothed and equipped. The rest of the students will arrive tomorrow and Saturday.

At present the officers in charge of the camp are concerned over the shortage of clothing. While all the candidates who arrived today are outfitted completely, there are not enough shoes, coats, hats and hat cords to equip the rest of the 3,000 students who will be in camp. An officer said today that a requisition for supplies was sent to Washington six weeks ago, but as yet no shipment had arrived.

Another point in the clothing shortage is the fact that the shortage is chiefly in the larger sizes, and the members of the camp are mostly large sized men.

The regular army officers assigned to this camp, who will be aided by fifty-two reserve officers who won their commissions at the last camp, are:

Wolf, Col. Paul A., commanding.
Baer, Capt. Joseph A., 2d Cav. Adjutant.
De Loffre, Maj. S. M., M.C., Surgeon.
Long, Maj. F. S., A.C., Quartermaster.
Goodrich, Capt. G. E., 30th Inf., Instructor.
Shaw, Capt. G. C., 30th Inf., Instructor.
Hammond, Capt. J. S., F.A., Instructor.
Wilderson, Capt. E. W., C.A.C., Instructor.
Wallinr, Capt. J. M., Q.M.C., Mess Officer.
Ware, Capt. J. F., 23d Inf., Instructor.
Ewell, Capt. G. W., 8d Inf., Instructor.
Peek, Capt. H. W., 1st Inf., 100 L., Instructor.
Van Horn, Capt. J. H., 22d Inf., Instructor.
Lang, Capt. J. W., 33d Inf., Instructor.
Erck, Capt. A. H., 5th Inf., Instructor.
Miller, Capt. L. W., Engrs., Instructor.
Groninger, Capt. H. M., 5th Cav., Instructor.
Waterman, Capt. J. J., 19th Cav., Camp Exchange Officer.
Lord, Capt. K. F., Cav., 100 L., Asst. Adjutant.
Lawes, Capt. H. J., 59th Inf., Asst. Adjutant.
Griffith, Capt. C. C., C.A.C., Instructor.
Bull, Capt. H. R., 59th Inf., Asst. to Adjutant.
Pritchett, Capt. H. H., Inf., Instructor.
Barton, Capt. Raymond O., Inf., Instructor.
Lough, Capt. M. L., Inf., Instructor.
Murphy, First Lt. J. M., Inf., Instructor.
McCatty, 1st Lt. K., 17th Cav., Police Officer.
Brady, 1st Lt. G. F., Inf., rtd., Asst. Q.M.
Merrill, 2d Lt. S. H., 17th Cav., L., Troop 2.

Captains Goodrich and Shaw will be the senior instructors. There will be few changes in the routine of the new camp, but candidates for artillery and infantry drill will be separated at once instead of the whole camp having to go through five weeks of infantry squad drill and the manual of arms.

There will be no cavalry, no engineer, and no aviation assignments from this camp. Candidates will have an opportunity on Monday to express their preference as regards infantry, light or heavy artillery. Those who choose the latter will be sent to Fortress Monroe and elsewhere, while the light artillery men and infantry men will drill at Plattsburg, each studying only the tactics and strategy of his own branch of the service.

It was said tonight by officers of the camp that fewer commissions in proportion to the number of men enrolled would be given at this camp. It is said that not more than a third at the most will be rewarded.

GENERAL O'RYAN'S STATUS.

Rated as a Reserve Officer on National Guard Rolls of the State.

ALBANY, N. Y., Aug. 23.—Major Gen. John F. O'Ryan, who recently received a commission in the United States Army, now holds the position of a supernumerary officer of the New York National Guard and has been withdrawn from active service in the militia and placed on the reserve list, according to an opinion given today by Attorney General Merton E. Lewis to Governor Whitman The status of Major Gen. O'Ryan was made because of many inquiries as to his exact standing in the State.

The Attorney General held that the draft into the United States Army of 8 the active members of the National Guard had in effect disbanded the organization of which Major Gen. O'Ryan was in command. Neither the Constitution nor anything in the statutes, the Attorney General also ruled, makes it necessary for the Governor to appoint a successor to Major Gen. O'Ryan.

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Building Ships of Artificial Stone

Scarcity and High Cost of Steel in This Time of the World's Need May Result in Bringing Cargo Carriers of Concrete Into Fashion

THERE is under construction at the Bureau of Standards in Washington a nine-foot model of an enveloping ship made of concrete. It is being made at the request of the United States Emergency Fleet Corporation to test the virtue of the claims of engineers that a seaworthy ship may be built of concrete; that it can be constructed more

* * * * * * *

Lighters of steel concrete 100 tons dead weight can be delivered in four six to eight weeks. Seaworthy cargo ships about 300 tons dead weight can be delivered in from three to four months. Larger lighters and motor ships up to 3,000 and 4,000 tons dead weight for delivery the first half of next year. Building of floating dry docks can be contracted for the latter half of 1917.

In June last Mitchell published the following:

Thirty days for delivery in July the first large motor ship of ferro-concrete construction, which now is on order for the Hydrocarbon Mine Company of Norway, and which will be used for carrying iron ore across the North Sea. She is of 3,000 tons and is being equipped with two direct-reversible Polar-Diesel engines each of 300 h.p. Her builders are the Ferguson's Stalbedsen Jernbetongbaatene Company of Moss, Norway, which will build semi-concrete hulls up to 3,000 tons per ship.

(From *The Annalist of August 20th.*)

The above article throws a new side light on the shipping situation.

READ IT IN THE ANNALIST OF THIS WEEK.

THE ANNALIST
Times Square, New York (58)

Send The Annalist for one year to the address below, for which I inclose $4.00.

Name .....
Street .....
City .....

Domestic, $4.00; Canada, $4.50; Foreign, $5.00
(*Shorter time pro rata.*)

THE BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

BRAIDS.—Will purchase any quantity fine black mohair braid, 12-14-16 lines. Call Mr. Moses, Spring 5060.

BROADCLOTH.—Will exchange A. D. Juillards brown 110 for black. Farr. 2342.

BROADCLOTH.—F. & H. and Botany broadcloth. Mad. Square 7428.

BURELLA.—American 09057 to exchange for V. S. L. wool serge. M. Norwick & Sons, 1152 Broadway.

CHUDDAH cloth poplins wanted for spot cash; black and blue. Kessler Skirt Co., 116 West 14th St.

CLOTH.—American 0610 cloth, all colors; cheap. Telephone 2137 Greeley.

COATS.—J. P. Friend of Londy & Friend, Chicago, Ill., jobs in plush coats; must be bargains. 131 West 35th St., 7th floor, up to 12 o'clock. Tel. Greeley 6407.

COATS.—All kinds of jobs in Fall coats, discarded samples; also odds and ends; cash. Farragut 8745.

COATS AND SKIRTS.—Reliable contractors desire additional work. H 183 Times.

COATS.—Jobber open for novelties. 7th floor, 35 West 31st.

COATS.—Open for quantity of bright plaids; cash. Farragut 8745.

COVERT CLOTH.—Open to buy covert cloth, any amount, for cash. Ritz Costume Co., 16 West 32d.

CREPE DE CHINES, (Silk.)—Three threads open to buy 100 pieces low price. Spiegel Waist Company, 90 Prince St. Spring 2650.

CREPE DE CHINE.—Open for 500 pieces of 3 and 4 thread crepe at a price for cash. Shapiro Bros., 814 Broadway.

DRESS.—Contractors, with or without samples, cheap silk dresses. Pan American Waist and Dress Co., 12-14 West 21st.

DRESSES.—Jobber in king at serge dresses up to $10.50 this week; seventh floor, 141 West 36th St.

DRESSES.—Retailer buying ladies' popular price dresses to day. Greenberg, 154 Grand St.

DUVET DE LAINE.—Will exchange beetroot for navy and brown. Madison Square 9415.

FUR TRIMMINGS.—Jobber looking at all kinds; reasonable. Room 721, 1,260 Broadway.

GABARDINES.—Will pay cash; all shades; submit swatches. J 86 Times.

GEORGETTES.—Will buy odd lots fancy colors, also gray or finished goods at a price; send samples and details. Gramercy 1818. Y 324 Times Annex.

PIECE GOODS.—Open to buy for cash any quantity of plushes, kerseys, velours and poplins. Joseph Durst, 1,333 Broadway.

POM POMS, American; open for Burgundy and taupe. Farragut 9060.

POPLIN, (American woolen.)—We can use 50 pieces 670694, 40 navy, 10 black; will pay spot cash for the same. Finkelstein Skirt Co., 138 West 25th.

POPLINS.—Open for quantity 767 or P. P. L., black and navy, for spot cash. Giant Skirt House, 29 West 18th. Chelsea 1489.

SERGES.—Amoskeag, 7201, 7614, 6301, 94, 104, and 96; offering to buy large quantities for cash. Gramercy 8481.

SERGES.—Will pay spot cash for V. S. L. or similar makes. Max Lempert, 120 West 18th St. Chelsea 1356.

SERGE.—Will pay cash Whitman's Nos. 2001, 2004, 2375, shades 783; any quantity. L. B., Box 150 Times.

SERGES.—Amoskeag 7201; also cotton warp American velour 11050. Colonial Coat and Suit Co., 34 East 12th.

SERGE.—Amoskeag wanted, 6301, 7201, 6614, 7614 navy. Phil Walcoff & Co., 682 Broadway. Spring 1352.

SERGES.—Open for quantity of Waterhouse worsted, style 701, navy. Phone 9691 Madison Square.

SERGE.—United States 235, American 0686, any quantity yarn. Telephone Madison Square 6875.

SERGE.—Botany serge wanted, quality 12,215 shade 782 or equally as good. Phone 1870 Chelsea.

SERGE.—Russian green plum serge 9-Whitman botany 809 or similar. Mad. Square 2961.

SERGE.—Tan shade, light and medium weight. Phone 4234 Farragut.

SILKS.—Any description; will buy silks up to 85 cents per yard; any quantity. Silk and Dry Goods Exchange, 423 4th Av.

SILK.—Will pay cash for silks, any description. 44 East 23d, Room 818.

SKIRTS.—Jobs poplins and men's serges, spot cash. Madison Square 4871.

VELOURS.—Burgundy coating, also exchange navy and black 90610 for green and Burgundy. Ritter Bros., 1,333 Broadway.

VELOUR.—Will exchange American 0859, any shade, for black. Madison Square 1540.

WAISTS.—Contractors that can make Georgettes; steady work. J 149 Times.

WOOL JERSEYS.—Light gray, 100 pieces or more jobber is open for; send samples and prices 116-118 West 29th. J. J. Lindau.

Offerings to Buyers

BEAVERS.—Raritans No. 1278, in all shades, for immediate delivery. Israel Cummings & Brother, 28 West 25th. Farragut 8458.

BELTINGS.—Job of short ends; plain, boned, dress, skirt beltings. 547 Chelsea.

BOLIVIA.—F. and H., brown; Fisher-Kennedy 3400; opening price. Madison Sq. 4120.

BROADCLOTHS. — Botany No. 815 and Forstmann & Hoffman; serge, Whitman 94; kersey, Wilson & Lawrence and Holts & Co. Tel. 2138 Mad. Sq.

BROADCLOTH.—Forstmann & Hoffmann tan, gold, rose, copen., reseda green, to sell cheap. Eitenson & Goldstein, 29 West 30th.

BROADCLOTHS.—Wyandotte, kersey, and velour; poplins, serges. Mad. Sq. 2426.

BUCKLES.—Rhinestone buckles; about 150 dozen. Rose, 13 W. 38th St., Van. 2771.

BURELLA.—American 09057, all shades, at $1.42½ per cent. cash. M. Norwick & Sons, 1,182 Broadway.

BURELLA.—American 09057, 0610, cotton warp velour; reasonable prices. Mad. Sq. 2426.

BURELLA, 09057, sell cheap; 11050, 617 Wyandotte velour, all colors. Chelsea 7346.

BURELLA.—American 09057, $1.42½ less 6 per cent., all colors. Farragut 8868.

BURELLAS.—American, all shades; opening price; also wool jersey. Farragut 2840.

CHARMEUSE, satins, georgettes, all colors; J. L. Sachs, 315 4th Av. Gramercy 3445-6.

CLOTH.—Will sell below market prices brown gabardine, Gilbert oxford suiting, Stevens burella. Phone Greeley 8142, Stock Clerk.

COATS.—Plush and velour, latest model, lowest price; call and convince yourself. Joe Korostoff, 58 West 20th.

COATS.—500 ladies' coats, new Fall models, way below last year's prices. 8 Mercer St., near Canal St., N. Y.

COATS.—He who looks buys my lined velour coats for $9.50. Why don't you look? Kogut, 129 West 22d St.

COATS, SUITS.—Exceptional line; wonderful values; see our specials. Talbot, 114 West 27th.

COATS, plush, 48-in., 13 in. coney collar, Winner satin lined. Merit, 22 West 27th St.

COATS.—See our stouts, auto and street wear coats. Dunn, 127 West 25th.

COMBS.—Have quantity of celluloid, horn, and rubber combs to close out for export. Henry Isaacs, Inc., 114 East 16th. Tel. Stuyvesant 4945.

COVERT.—Cascade 253, tan shade, 20 pieces. Phone 4234 Farragut.

CREPE METEORS, georgettes, satins, all desirable shades, for immediate delivery. Altman & Tynan, 257 4th Av. Gramercy 1540.

DRESSES.—Ginghams and wash, immediate delivery. Nivel, 151 West 36th St.

DRILLS.—75,000 yards, 50 and 54 inches wide, very heavy weight, in the various colors; staple merchandise for immediate delivery. M. Fine & Sons, 1 Greene St.

DUVET DE LAINE.—Will exchange beetroot for navy and brown. Madison Square 9415.

EMBROIDERIES.—Domestic, large stock; closing out at sacrifice. Meyer Bartah, 545 Broadway.

FLAGS.—10,000 American flags, close out; no reasonable offer refused; going out of business. Liberty Flag Co., 693 Broadway.

FURS.—Dog mats, 800 extra fine quality, cheap. Merit Co., 22 West 27th.

GABARDINES.—Garfields 4683, also Bahnsens and Lorraine Poiret twill. Greeley 4376.

HOSIERY.—Have large quantity hosiery, close out for export. Henry Isaacs, Inc., 114 East 16th. Stuyvesant 4945.

KERSEYS.—Metcalfs 9100, Stoney & Starky 1700, and 805 velour Sulzer diag. chev. quilted linings, all colors; fancy Venetians; wool plushes; American, Stroock, Mianus. Greeley 4378.

Offerings to Buyers

KERSEY.—American Woolen Co. 15020, all shades, $2.25 net. Telephone Farr. 8139.

LACES.—Quantity of Val. laces to close out. Phone Farr. 3948, 10-12.

MOIRE, silk and wool, black, Cheley Bros. 45-inch, suitable for neckwear; 500 yards at a price. Phone Madison Square 4152.

NECKWEAR.—Odd lots; 25c, 50c, $1 grades, close out; reasonable. Gumport, 708 Broadway.

OXFORDS.—Cox and Schreiber, $4.75, $1.05 net cash. A. Orently, 7 West 22d St. Gramercy 1660.

OXFORDS.—Ethan Allen 5428-2 at $1.67½; American Pompom, all colors. Greeley 43.

OXFORD Fred Lauaser's style 505 for sale. Farr. 2347.

PIECE GOODS.—Gabardines, velours, bollvias, corduroys, chinchillas to close out; discontinuing piece goods. Room 702, 89 West 34th St. Greeley 6789.

PLUSH.—H & H basinseal Salts Furtex and colored sealmette; Blumenthal 50-inch plush mole, $4. Greeley 4977.

PLUSHES.—Lapinex and sealmette, at reasonable price. Farr. 3176.

POIRET TWILL, navy, Saxonia, poplin, navy, black, and magenta. E. Bussel, 40 West 22d.

POMPOM, $3.05 net; K 544 velours, $2.20 net; 15020, $2.80 net; all colors. Farragut 8688.

POM POMS, Pekin, taupe, brown and green, for sale. Farragut 622.

POPLINS.—We can deliver at once 200 pieces navy, taupe, plum, brown, green, black, Saxonia poplins; price right. Levenson & Satz. Madison Square 1265.

RAINCOATS.—To close out cheap. Model Raincoat Co., 135 West 26th St.

SATIN DE LUXE, 54-inch, 85c net cash. Mad. Sq. 7228.

SERGE.—W. S. X. 59 pieces navy, 6 pieces black, 3 pieces brown, and 2 pieces green. Chas. Friedman, 48 West 35th, care Casper, Davis & Son.

SERGE.—Wool American Pacific Panama Poplins, cotton warp serges; prices right. Tel. Gram. 5674. G 899 Times Downtown.

SERGE.—12 pieces mannish black serge, 50 inches wide, at sacrifice price. Phone 3368 Mad. Sq.

SERGE.—0636 $1.75, 06062 $1.85, velour 15002 $1.70. Telephone Spring 1619.

SERGES.—U. S. 838; 20 pieces navy, 8 black, $1.77½ net. Stuyvesant 4130.

SERGES.—Whitman 104, navy; 11050 and 544 velours. Gramercy 6669.

SERGES.—50 pieces navy cotton serge, to close out. Greeley 6227.

SILK NETS.—72-inch, all colors; immediate delivery. Herbert B. Lederer Co., 155 5th Av. Gramercy 4190.

SILK JERSEY.—3,000 yards black tricot, to close out at a price. Phone Madison Square 4152.

SILKS.—Call on us for silks for all trades; we have them; immediate delivery. Marks-Seimer. Mad. Sq. 9580.

SILK SETTINGS.—Holden Leonard, twill velveteen, white chinchilla, astrachana, very cheap. Farragut 9811.

SKIRTS.—Wonderful values, newest styles, and best assortment in silk taffeta; stripes, black, and navy; also satins. Room 1106, 44 East 23d St.

SKIRTS.—Fancy and plain silks; also 800 dozen white gabardine to close out at a sacrifice. Queen, 149 West 36th St.

SKIRTS.—500 assorted, in wool and fancies, $1 up. Ford, 149 West 36th St.

SOL SATINS.—54-inch; also Weiner Bros. 32 and 36 inch black stockinette; excellent quality, 45c. H. O., 107 Times.

SUITS.—See our line of snappy styles, $6.75 up. Gutman, 43 West 24th.

SUITS.—American poplin; braid trimmed, silk lined; regular $18.00. Merit, 22 W. 27th.

TRICOTINE.—24-inch wide, gold and silver. Silk and Dry Goods Exchange, 423 4th Av.

TUB SILK.—Have 150 pieces Fried Mendelson's satin-striped tubs; splendid assortment; price 75c. H 232 Times Downtown.

VELOURS. — Metcalf's 482 and Joel's 9700; American, 15023, 15024, 09057, 0310, 13046; Stursberg Schell black kersey. Gramercy 4376.

WAISTS.—150 dozen flowered Jap, also georgettes and tub silk, to close out at a reasonable price. 179 West 22d St., tenth floor.

WOOLENS.—Kersey, Holmes, 4X, all colors; reasonable; molasi at cost. Chelsea 8617.

Help and Situations Wanted.

CALIFORNIAN highest standing now in New York seeks line for Pacific Coast. H 144 Times.

SALESMAN wanted for a good suit line for city and office trade; big opportunity for right man; state references; commission basis. Y 325 Times Annex.

WANTED.—High-grade silk underwear line for Michigan, Ohio, and Indiana; strictly commission basis; salesmen have covered territory for ten years; first-class line only will be considered. Partners, J 152 Times.

BUSINESS RECORDS

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

In Town.

SAMUEL FRENCHMAN.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Samuel Frenchman, dealer in general merchandise on the installment plan, at 1,186 Washington Avenue, Bronx, by these creditors: S. & C. Fishman, $228; Richman & Ginsburg, $93; Joseph Gold, $128; Shapiro & Levine, $142; and Max Martels, $56. Liabilities are $2,000 and assets $1,000.

ITALIAN NATIONAL CLUB OF THE BOROUGH OF MANHATTAN.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the Italian National Club of the Borough of Manhattan of 117 and 119 West Eighth Street, by these creditors: Francesco Alleva, $260; Anceleto Giovagnani, $259, and Guiseppi Albino, $68. The act of bankruptcy was that a receiver had been appointed on July 16 in the State courts.

ARTHUR H. SAWYER.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Arthur H. Sawyer, salesman, of 27 West 37th Street, by these creditors: Joseph K. Niles, $7,201, and Jake L. Kempner, $211.

ARTURO HENANDEZ MEJIA, an inventor, New Rochelle, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $18,588 and no assets. Margaret N. Henandez Mejia is the largest creditor, $9,600, on borrowed money.

ROYAL FUR DYEING CO., INC.—Peter B. Olney, Jr., has been appointed receiver by Judge Hand for the Royal Fur Dyeing Co., 164 West Twenty-fifth Street, with factory at the corner of Roebling Street and North Ninth Street. The assets at the factory are estimated at $4,000. Walter Koenig, against whom a petition was filed on Aug. 6, is Treasurer of the company.

EASTERN BEDDING CO., INC.—Miss Bertha Rembaugh has been appointed receiver by Judge Hand for the Eastern Bedding Co., Inc., manufacturer of bedding, at 421 Ninth Avenue. Liabilities are $8,000 and assets $1,000.

MORRIS FEIN.—Judge Hand has dismissed the petition filed on June 1, 1916, against Morris Fein, stable and boarding horses, at 310 East Eleventh Street, on a settlement with creditors. They accepted $2,000, out of which the expenses of administration are to be paid, amounting to $627.

CHARLES TARR.—Judge Hand has dismissed the petition against Charles Tarr, given at 3,478 Broadway, on a settlement at 35 cents on the dollar, cash.

SOL H. VEIT, dealer in loose diamonds, 68 Nassau Street, has filed schedules showing liabilities of $18,994, nominal assets of $7,298, and actual assets of $3,115.

SIDNEY BRUSSEL, 2,693 Atlantic Avenue, Brooklyn, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $26,538.65 and assets of $600.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

UTICA, Aug. 23.—Bonheur Craft Association, Inc., contracting builders, Syracuse, filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy today with liabilities over $10,000.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 23.—Louis Kasper, ladies' tailor. Voluntary petition in bankruptcy. Liabilities, $13,481; assets, $3,106.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

Amounts $100 and over.

Boegebold, Sarah—Tyndall Realty Co., Inc. $354.05
Burke, Jennie, and Jennie Moore—People of the State of New York $300.00
Barone, Alfred—P. Demarino 541.13
Baum, Herman—J. Levine 112.15
Blumenkranz, Lou E.—E. Solomon et al 370.61
Chandler, Warren R.—A. H. Seymour 218.41
Calhoun, John C.—F. Haberman 854.03
Crane, Edna—Columbia Trust Co. trustee 1,029.58
Cluff, Richard D.—F. F. Cluff 1,184.20
Bernard, Nita, and Benjamin Green—People of the State of New York 300.00
Clement, Nicholas D., and Rose T. Clement—People of the State of New York 500.00
Dunn, Max Paul L.—H. B. Litwin 162.16
Diffin, Frank G.—R. S. Houghton 440.87
Equitable Navigation Co., Inc.—P. G. Fontana et al 306.53
Frank, Harold A.—Riverside Horse and Mule Co. 181.14
Fahn-McJunkin, Inc.—E. Hirshman 337.36
Gorman, Grace—Greenwich Lithograph Co., Inc. 454.91
Geverts, Isaac—N. Nauheim 210.01
Hedwig Laboratories, Inc.—W. F. Albers 284.91
Harris, Sol F.—H. Pullman 335.91
J. B. Kepner Co.—W. E. Hutten et al. 100.30
Joseph W. Rowan, Inc., and Joseph W. Rowan—Central Foundry Co. 856.41
J. E. Brady Co., Inc.—Youngstown Iron and Steel Co. 143.34
Ketcham, Enoch W., and Mortlio H. Gillette—S. S. Wormer 321.26
Maxwell Building Co., Inc., and Robert Podgur—Consolidated Chandelier Co. 136.46
Same—Same 120.21
McDonald, Henry J.—Flat Repairs Co. 207.80
Natanbiut, Isaac—A. Kornblum et al. 206.05
Nichols, A. G. Rawlings, also known as Rawlings Nichol—New York Telephone Co. 159.97
Nordkvist, Gustaf Harald—Isaac Gold, Parfel, Tommasat—S. Montomurra 719.99
Rheistrom, Maurice—Jacob Schenker 240.91
Roach, Adolph—Modern Painting Co. 104.13
Rodman Improvement Co., Inc., and Dember Schoen—Trent Tile Co. 219.28
Ray, Edward B.—L. J. Morton et al. 118.59
Rosenstein, Julius—Ontario Thread Co., Inc. 281.06
Rappolt, Herman A.—E. Sterzer 892.73
Schoenfeld, Mayer—A. N. Harris 409.53
Spang, Henry R.—S. M. Kurshan et al. 281.45
Sikorzycki, Bolastoff—H. Hirschfeld et al. 181.14
Tuthill, Robert E.—Eclipse Light Co. 107.15
White Rats Actors' Union of America 769.01
White Rats Actors' Union of America, Inc.—Same 8,980.08
Willcutt, William B.—W. F. Borgrough 475.41
Winans, John—Singer Sewing Machine Co. 268.90
Watters, Edward R. and James Thom—National Surety Co. 409.87

In Bronx County.

Callagy, Michael J.—City Account Co., Inc. $78.02
Capuot, Louis—D. Mayer Brewing Co. 880.19
Farber, Isaac O.—Middle Lehigh Co. 163.56
Goldstone, Herman A.—Gimbel Bros., New York 69.09
Horowitz, Louis—Metropolitan Life Insurance Co. 60.60
Krams, Samuel S.—H. A. Halcoun 123.07
Lipman, Herman—Dorb & Neustadt Co. 175.71
Mantinband, Alexander—N. Y. Tel. Co. 20.20
McLaughlin, Franklin—F. T. Cahill 171.50
Sheinman, Frederick—N. Y. Tel Co. 32.07

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and date that when judgment was filed.

In New York County.

Brown, Rose, Morris Weiss, and Frederick Brown—H. Hauer, July 8, 1914 ..... $397.46
Same—Same, July 8, 1914 ..... 483.46
Herman, George H., and Samuel E. Kimball—P. Sugarman et al., June 12, 1913 ..... 267.39
Scotto, Madeline, James Scotto, and Gaga Benfi—B. Zerman, April 6, 1915 ..... 164.28
Watson, Robert—Roy Press, June 8, 1917 ..... 113.91
Rapp, John E. and William P.—H. Zuhr, April 21, 1916 ..... 258.88
Duncan, Mary—City of New York, costs, May 8, 1917, vacated 116.17

In Bronx County.

Broad Edge Corp.—Milliken Wall Paper Co., March 22, 1916 ..... $299.72
Halpern, Herman—J. Herb, July 7, 1917 49.21
Metral, Louis—H. A. Riley, Oct. 30, 1916 98.23

U. S. Army Regulation Breeches
For Immediate Delivery

MEYER BROS.,
48-50 Walker St. Tel. Franklin 7333. N. Y. City

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday...5@5¼ per cent. for the best names
Wednesday...5@5¼ " " " " "

The quotations are for six months' paper.

Cheap Handkerchiefs May Go.

Unless there is a very material decrease in the prices of cotton and linen goods, the popular-priced handkerchiefs for men and women, especially those retailing at 5 or 10 cents, will disappear from the market about Jan. 1, according to a local wholesaler. "Next year's business," he said yesterday, "will be contracted for at this year's prices, as is the custom in the handkerchief trade, and it may be years before the low-priced handkerchief can be worked back into the market again."

Quilt Orders Not Needed.

One of the largest quilt manufacturing concerns in the country reported yesterday that it is more interested just now in filling the orders it already has on its books than in going out for more business. It has orders enough on hand now to carry it well over into next year, working at full capacity. Prices range, on an average, about 20 per cent. Over last year. The independence of the mill hands, however, and their ever-increasing demands are causing some uncertainty and are eating into profits to a considerable extent.

Trimmed Dress Hats Good.

Reports from the local wholesale millinery trade tell of a nice business on large velvet dress hats, trimmed with ostrich quills, appliquéd flowers, &c., in dark garnet, purple, taupe, navy, and seal brown. They are shown with both soft and stiff brims and soft crowns, the Bishop's crown effect being especially in favor in the higher-grade lines. Ready-to-wear hats of Lyons and panne velvets are having a good sale in the popular-priced lines in most of the colors given above. They are shown with soft brims and soft, high crowns. Untrimmed hats of the same type are also proving acceptable to the buyers.

New American Color Card Out.

The Textile Color Card Association has brought out for the trade its new shades for the 1918 Spring season. The new card contains forty-two colors, of which ten are of a pronounced military tone. In spite of the pessimistic talk that has been heard in some quarters concerning the need of more sombre hues in the future, as a result of the entry of this country into the war, most of the shades on the new card are of a decidedly cheerful tone. One of the features of the card is the cable numbers it contains, something that has been made necessary by the increasing export trade with South America.

Gray Goods Trading Fair.

A pretty fair business was done in the local gray goods market yesterday, in which printcloths figured to quite a large extent. Both spot and contract sales of 38½-inch 64-60s were reported from first hands at 10 cents, while first hand business also was reported on 39-inch 68-72s at 11¼ cents for contract shipment, for spot and nearby delivery first hands also sold at 38½-inch 60-48s and 60-52s at 8¾ and 9 cents, respectively. In the sheeting end of the market there was further buying of 5.50s at 8¾ cents for shipment during the next several months. Printcloth prices, which were a bit irregular, averaged about this way at the close:

39-inch, 80-80s...14c | 38½-inch, 64-60s *10¼c
38-inch, 64-60s...11c | 38½-inch, 64-56s..10c
39-inch, 68-72s...11½c | 38½-inch, 60-52s..9c
38-inch, 56-44s...8¼c | 38½-inch, 60-48s..8¾c
38½-inch, 64-64s..10¼c | 27-inch 64-60s...7½c
*Asked.

Japanese Raw Silks Easier.

The Yokohama raw silk market has been dull of late, with the result that prices have suffered a decline. Tram stocks, especially, have been hurt by the lack of trading. With more liberal arrivals from the interior, visible stocks have increased somewhat. At Canton the reelers steadily refuse to make concessions, in spite of the constants advance in exchange. At Shanghai the rise in exchange has been so sharp that the lay-down costs have been advanced fully 30 cents a pound in the last week. Milan shows no change, according to H. L. Gwalter & Co. The local market is quiet, with manufacturers for the most part confining their purchases to actual needs.

Bay Rum May Go Up Also.

An interesting situation is noted in the drug and chemical trade in relation to certain articles in which alcohol forms a component part. One of these is imported bay rum. The present wholesale price of alcohol is about $4.25 a gallon, and as imported bay rum contains at least 50 per cent. alcohol, it is evident that the alcohol alone contained in a gallon of bay rum is worth at least $2.12. The present market quotation for bay rum at $2.50 a gallon is

Short Term Investments

We recommend the following issues:

	Maturity	Yield about
Chesapeake & Ohio Ry. Co. Equip. 4½% Notes	1919	4.90 to 5.25%
New York Central R. R. Co. Equip. 4½% Notes	1920	5.00 to 5.25%
	1921	
Baltimore & Ohio R. R. Co. 2-year 5% Notes	1919	5.80%
General Rubber Co. Deb. 5% Notes	1919	5.85%
Chi., No. Shore & Mil. R. R. 6% Notes	1920	6.50%
Erie Railroad Co. 5% Notes	1919	6.95%
Electric Auto-Lite Corp. 2-year 6% Notes	1919	7.00%
Un. King. Gt. Brit. & Ireland 5% Notes	1919	7.25%

Full particulars of any of the above issues will be sent upon request.

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National City Bank Building

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6.35%

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Shares equally with common after latter has received 6% per annum.

Current earnings equal to over 50% on Preferred.

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Most Stocks Decline Again in an Active Session—New Tax Possibilities.

It is rare that the stock market opens under the influence of so many unfavorable factors as confronted it yesterday after a reading of the news from Washington. The income tax is not only to be increased to heights that would shock the English Treasury authorities after three years of war, but excess profits taxes are to be made more burdensome. At the same time care is to be taken that neither individuals nor corporations shall profit much by war business through drastic price-cutting, and as if that were not enough for one day's discouragement, disquieting stories of the instability of the new Russian Government administration awoke fresh fears as to the possibility that Russia may, after all, effect a separate peace as the lesser of two evils. The stock market had experienced a premonition of these developments and prices had been lowered to meet them, so that the break in the first hour yesterday, while a wide one for some issues, did not extend as far as some of the short sellers would have liked to see it go.

As a matter of fact, the financial community has begun to take a philosophical view of the efforts of the La Follette school in Congress to conscript wealth without any exemption. Some of the wealthiest men in the financial district, who might be expected to show the greatest perturbation over the latest increase in taxes, say that they are willing to see 100 per cent. of their income taken by the Government if such action is for the best interests of the country. Congress has broken away from the conservative leaders in piling on increase after increase in the taxes in order to placate sentiment "back home." The cost of the war has already grown to appalling proportions and the country is beginning to call upon its representatives to know where all the money is to come from and where it is to be used. There still persists in many sections the foolish belief that the war was engineered by the capitalist class, and is benefiting them now at the expense of the great majority. It is certain that no man with an income of a million dollars a year is going to suffer personal discomfort when that is reduced to $500,000 net, but the question of how far the Government can go in taking away the income of individuals and corporations without prejudicing the success of future bond offerings is at least one which should be considered.

Dealings on the Stock Exchange yesterday were again much more active than those of recent sessions prior to Wednesday, and nearly all issues closed with additional losses, though these losses were reduced in some instances by the partial recovery in the afternoon. The steel and copper stocks are still showing the effect of the uncertainty which remains as to the prices the President will approve, and the rails made but feeble response to the argument that they will be greatly benefited by the assurance of lower prices for fuel.

LONDON MARKET IS STRONG.

Money Is Quiet and Discount Rates Are Steady.

LONDON, Aug. 23.—The stock market was strong with increased activity today. The provinces bought home industrials, and oil shares were buoyant, especially Mexican and Egyptian descriptions. Mexican rails and mines were in demand and Brazilian Railway Company securities hardened on the announcement of a reorganization scheme.

Peruvian rails gained and Russian bonds and industrials received more attention and advanced to higher levels. Gold mines were more active, while rubber stocks were quietly firm.

Money was quieter and discount rates steady.

British Bank Statement.

LONDON, Aug. 23.—The weekly statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes:

Total reserve increased	£628,000
Circulation decreased	111,000
Bullion increased	516,719
Other securities decreased	1,086,000
Public deposits decreased	809,000
Other deposits increased	285,000
Notes reserve increased	658,000
Government securities decreased	58,000

The proportion of the bank's reserve to liability this week is 19.00 per cent.; last week it was 18.58 per cent.

French Bank Statement.

PARIS, Aug. 23.—The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows the following changes:

	Francs.
Gold in hand increased	2,465,000
Silver in hand decreased	95,000
Notes in circulation increased	9,743,000
Treasury deposits decreased	62,558,000
General deposits decreased	50,358,000
Bills discounted increased	114,346,000
Advances decreased	2,610,000

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans.

High	3 (Renewals 3
Low	2½ (Last 2½

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLAT'L		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
Sixty days	4 @4½	Sixty days	4¾@5
Ninety days	4½@4¾	Ninety days	5 @5½
Four months	4½@4¾	Four months	5½
Five months	4½@5	Five months	5½@5½
Six months	4½@5	Six months	5½@5½

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve.	
Bank, 60 to 90 days	3½@3¼
Non-members and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days	3¾@3⅝
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days	4 @4½

Commercial Paper.

Best Known Names.

30 to 90 days	4⅝
4 to 6 months	5 @5¼

Other Names.

4 to 6 months	5½@5¾

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Range of Rates.

Sterling—	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Demand	$4.7555	$4.75½	$4.7555	...
Cables	4.76⅛	4.76⅛	4.76⅛	...
France—				
Demand	5.77½	5.77½	5.77½	+.00½
Cables	5.76⅝	5.76⅝	5.76⅝	+.00⅝
Rubles—				
Demand	.21.08	20.75	20.90	—.10
Cables	.21.08	20.85	21.00	—.10

Closing Exchange.

Normal Rates of Exch.		Yesterday's Close. Demand or Checks.	Cables.
4.8665	London	4.7555	4.76⅛
5.1825	Paris	5.77½	5.76⅝
	China—		
	Hongkong	74.00	74.25
	Peking	110.00	110.125
	Shanghai	103.50	103.625
19.295	Greece	19.80	19.85
40.19	Holland	41.00½	41.00½
32.44	India—		
	Bombay	32.75	33.00
	Calcutta	32.75	33.00
5.1826	Italy	7.46	7.45
49.84	Japan—		
	Kobe	51.00	51.125
	Yokohama	51.00	51.125
50.00	Philippine Islands—		
	Manila	50.12½	50.25
51.50	Russia	20.90	21.00
26.79	Scandinavia—		
	Stockholm	33.20	33.35
	Copenhagen	30.35	30.55
	Christiania	30.35	30.55
19.295	Spain	22.50	22.65
	South America—		
32.41	Rio	25.51	25.61
42.44	Buenos Aires	42.93	43.05
5.1826	Switzerland	4.41	4.39

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers. 60 Days.	90 Days.	Commercial. 60 Days.	90 Days.
$4.71⅞	$4.69⅝	$4.71⅛	$4.69⅝

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $527,286,700; balance, $30,695,987; Sub-Treasury credit balance, $164,156; Federal Reserve credit balance, $8,139,409.

Domestic Exchanges.

Boston, par; Chicago, 50c discount; St. Louis, 15@25c discount; San Francisco, 10c premium; Montreal, $1.40625 premium.

Silver.

Bar silver in London, 44⅛d, unchanged; in New York, 88¼c, unchanged; Mexican dollars, 68½c.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

THURSDAY, AUG. 23, 1917.

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Day's sales	836,730	751,156	713,897
Year to date	122,728,577	105,174,804	94,382,252

Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
109	115	100	Adams Express	110	110	110	110	—⅛
26	30	100	Advance Rumely	27	27	27	27	—1
..	..	400	Ajax Rubber	65	65	64⅞	64⅞	—1⅛
5¼	5½	400	Alaska Gold Mines	5¼	5½	5¼	5½	+¼
3⅞	4⅛	200	Alaska Juneau	4	4	3⅞	3⅞	—⅛
26¼	27	1,400	Allis-Chalmers Mfg.	26	26	25	26	—½
83½	85	400	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf.	84½	84½	83	83	—½
90	93½	200	Am. Agricul. Chem.	91¼	91¼	91	91	—2
37	42	200	Am. Banknote	40	40	40	40	—2
87	88	2,900	Am. Beet Sugar	86½	87	86	87	+½
43½	43¾	2,700	Am. Can	44	44	43¼	43¾	—⅛
100½	108	100	Am. Can pf	108	108	108	108	—½
71½	72	3,800	Am. Car & Fdry	72	72	70⅝	71½	—1¼
86½	87	100	Am. Cotton Oil	87¼	87¼	87¼	87¼	—1¼
98	100	300	Am. Express	98	98	98	98	...
13	13½	100	Am. H. & Leather	13¼	13¼	13¼	13¼	+¼
62	62½	500	Am. H. & Leath. pf.	61⅞	62	61⅞	62	...
57¼	57½	3,100	Am. Int. Corp	57⅛	58	56	57½	—⅝
25⅞	25⅞	2,900	Am. Linseed	25½	26	25¼	25¼	—1
62	62½	200	Am. Linseed pf	62	62½	62	62½	—½
66¼	66⅞	2,900	Am. Locomotive	67	67	65¼	66¼	—⅝
11	12	600	Am. Malt	12	12	11½	12	—1
67	67½	300	Am. Malt 1st pf	67	67	65¼	67	—½
100¼	100½	8,000	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	100⅛	100⅝	99¼	100⅝	+⅛
111	112	400	Am. Smelt. & R. pf.	112½	112½	112	112	—1⅛
67	68	3,100	Am. Steel Fdries	67	67½	65½	67	—1
116½	117½	1,500	Am. Sugar Ref.	116	117	116	110¾	+¾
114	118	500	Am. Sugar Ref. pf.	115	115	115	115	—3
47	47¾	16,600	Am. Sumatra Tob.	52	52	46	47½	—5½
118¼	118¾	1,300	Am. Tel. & Tel.	118⅝	118⅝	118	118½	...
199	203	800	Am. Tobacco	200¼	200¼	197	198¼	—2⅝
102	103	100	Am. Tob. pf. new	103	103	103	103	...
49¼	49¼	1,900	Am. Woolen	49⅞	50	49	49¼	—¾
34	36	200	Am. Writing P. pf.	36	36	36	36	—1
21½	22½	600	Am. Zinc, L. & S.	22	22	22	22	—½
73¾	73¾	8,800	Anaconda Copper	73¾	73¾	72⅝	73¼	—⅝
57	61	300	Associated Oil	61	61½	61	61½	—⅝
98½	99	1,200	Atch., Top. & S. F.	98½	98¾	98½	98½	...
94	97	100	Atch., T. & S. F. pf.	95	95	95	95	...
106	106¾	1,400	At., Gulf & West I.	106	107	104¾	107	...
61	62	100	At., Gulf & W. I. pf.	62	62	62	62	...
64⅞	65	7,700	Baldwin Loco.	66	66	63½	65	—1¼
99¼	100	100	Baldwin Loco. pf.	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞	—⅞
68	68½	1,600	Baltimore & Ohio	68½	68½	67⅝	68½	...
1¼	1¼	100	Batopilas Mining	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼	—⅛
112	116	200	Bethlehem Steel	112	114	112	114	+1¼
110	110⅛	53,600	Beth. Steel class B.	110	111¼	108	110	—½
59⅞	61	100	Bklyn Rapid Tran.	59⅞	59⅞	59⅞	59⅞	+⅞
99	99	100	Brown Shoe pf	95	95	95	95	—2
10	10½	400	Bruns. Ter. & Ry.S.	10⅛	10¼	10	10¼	...
95	95½	100	Burns Brothers	93	93	93	93	...
35½	36	400	Butte & Superior	35¾	35¾	35⅝	35⅝	—⅛
12¾	13	700	Butterick Co.	12½	12½	12½	12½	—⅝
40	40¼	1,100	California Packing	40¼	40½	40	40½	—⅛
161¾	162⅝	6,200	Canadian Pacific	159¼	162¼	159¼	161¾	+1¼
30	31½	500	Central Foundry	30½	30½	30	30	—½
83	84	100	Cent. of N. J. Co.	84	84	84	84	+1
86⅝	87	12,800	Central Leather Co.	86¼	87¾	85¾	86⅝	—⅞
33	33¼	500	Cerro de Pasco	33½	33½	33	33	—½
79½	80¼	300	Chandler Motor cfs.	80	80	79½	79½	—1
58⅝	59¼	1,400	Chesapeake & Ohio	57⅞	59	57⅞	58¾	a a
10	10¼	200	Chi. Great Western	10¼	10¼	10	10	...
31	31⅞	300	Chi. Great West. pf.	31	31	31	31	—⅝
67	67½	4,000	Chi., Mil. & St. P.	66	67½	66	67	+⅛
106¾	108	700	Chi., M. & St. P. pf.	107	107	106¾	106¾	—⅞
27½	28	7,200	Chi., Rock Isl. & P.	27	27⅝	26¾	27⅝	+⅝
49⅞	50⅝	8,200	C., R.I.& P.6 p.c.pf.	50¼	50¾	50	50	...
63⅝	64½	3,100	C., R.I.& P.7 p.c.pf.	64	64¼	63¼	64	...
17⅞	18½	2,000	Chile Copper	18	18⅛	17⅞	18	—1
54	54¼	3,700	Chino Copper	54⅝	54⅝	53⅛	53⅞	—1¼
45¾	46	1,800	Col. Fuel & Iron	46¾	46¾	45¾	46	—1¼
41⅛	41½	1,600	Columbia Gas & El.	41⅛	41¼	40½	41¼	—⅛
106	107½	400	Consolidated Gas	105½	106	105½	106	—2
95	96½	400	Continental Can	96	96	95½	95½	...
48	50	100	Continental Insur.	50	50	50	50	—1½
31⅞	32	12,500	Corn Products Ref.	32⅝	32¾	31½	31¾	—1½
96¾	97½	500	Corn Prod. Ref. pf.	97	97¼	97	97¼	—⅝
77¼	77⅝	31,100	Crucible Steel	78	78	75¾	77⅝	—⅝
100	102½	300	Crucible Steel pf	100	100	100	100	...
33	33¼	6,200	Cuba Cane Sugar	33½	33¾	31⅝	33¼	—⅛
88	90	400	Cuba Cane Sug. pf.	88½	88½	88½	88½	+1⅛
103	103½	4,000	Delaware & Hud.	101	103½	100¾	103	+1⅞
8½	9	200	Den. & Rio Grande	8⅛	8⅛	8	8	—1
15½	17½	100	Den. & Rio Gr. pf.	15	15	15	15	...
26½	27	3,800	Distillers' Secur.	26½	26½	26	26½	+⅜
9⅞	10	700	Dome Mines	10	10	10	10	...
22½	22⅞	4,000	Erie	23	23	22¼	22⅝	—⅝
33½	34¼	200	Erie 1st pf	33½	33½	33½	33½	—½
47	48	400	Federal M. & S. pf	47½	47½	47	47	—2
39⅝	39½	1,000	Gaston, W. & W.	38	39¼	38	39¼	+¼
110	111½	60	Gen. Chemical pf	111½	111½	111½	111½	...
150¾	151	500	General Electric	150	150¼	150	150¼	—½
111¼	111¾	1,000	Gen. Mot. temp.cfs.	110½	111¾	109¼	111¾	+1¼
48	49	700	Goodrich (B. F.) Co.	48	48	47½	48	—¼
81	82	500	Granby Consol.	81½	81½	81	81¼	—¼
104¼	105	800	Great Northern pf.	104	105	103¾	105	+½
33	33¼	9,900	G. N. ctfs. for o. p.	33	33¼	32⅝	33	—⅝
105	114	500	Gulf States Steel	105	105	102	105	—2½
38	40	100	Gulf, M. & N.pf.cfs.	40	40	40	40	...
37⅞	38¼	100	Haskell & Barker	38	38	38	38	—¼
101	108	100	Homestake Mining	107	107	107	107	+6
101	101¼	200	Illinois Central	101½	101¼	101½	101¼	—⅝
53⅝	53½	5,200	Inspiration Copper	53¼	53⅝	52⅝	53¼	—⅝
9⅞	9½	1,400	Interboro Consol.	9½	9½	9⅜	9⅜	—⅛
111	116	100	Int. Harvester, N.J.	113¼	113¼	113¼	113¼	—2¾
32	32¼	15,500	Int. Mer. Marine	32½	32⅝	30⅝	32¼	—⅝
88½	89⅝	20,800	Int. Mer. Marine pf.	90¼	90¼	88½	89½	—1⅝
37	37½	4,000	Int. Nickel	37	37⅞	36¾	37⅞	+⅛
31¼	31⅝	500	Int. Paper	31⅞	31⅞	31½	31½	—⅝
67½	68½	200	Int. Harv. pf. sta.	67⅞	68	67⅞	68	...
100	101	100	Jewel Tea pf.	100	100	100	100	—1
19⅝	20	200	Kan. City Southern	19⅞	19⅞	19½	19½	—½
40⅞	40⅞	6,500	Kennecott Copper	41⅞	41⅞	40¼	40¾	—1¼
85	85½	5,500	Lackawanna Steel	86	86	83½	85	—1
98	100	100	Laclede Gas	98	98	98	98	...
13	14½	100	Lake Erie & West.	13	13	13	13	—2
20	21	100	Lee Rubber & Tire	20	20	20	20	...
69	69½	2,400	Lehigh Valley	59½	69¼	59	69¼	+¼
113	120	100	Manhattan Elev.	114	114	114	114	—1
32	32¼	800	Maxwell Motors	32	32¼	31¼	32	—¼
66	67½	100	Max. Motors 1st pf.	66¼	66¼	66¼	66¼	—⅝
20	20¼	1,600	Max. Motors 2d pf.	20¼	20¼	20	20	—2
93	93¾	17,300	Mexican Petroleum	95	95¾	93	93	—2
...	...	100	Mex. Petroleum pf.	94	94	94	94	—1
36¼	36½	1,500	Miami Copper	37	37	36	36½	—½
55½	56	4,400	Midvale Steel	55¾	56	54¾	56	+¼
14½	15	400	Minn. & St. L. new	14½	14¾	14½	14½	...
102	104	70	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	103½	103½	103½	103½	...
28⅝	29	3,700	Mo. Pacific ctfs.	27½	29	27½	29	+1¼
52	53	600	Mo. Pac. pf. ctfs.	53	53¼	53	53	—1
110	112	100	Montana Power pf.	110½	110½	110½	110½	+½
33⅞	34	600	National Acme	34	34	34	34	—⅛
32¾	33	500	Nat. Cond. & Cable	32⅞	33	32½	33	+⅛
39½	40¼	2,500	Nat. Enam. & St.	39½	40	39¼	39¾	+¼
54	55	200	National Lead	54	54	54	54	—½
22½	22½	1,800	Nevada Con. Cop	22½	22½	22	22	—½
129½	140	200	N. Y. Air Brake	129	131	129	131	...
82½	83	4,300	N. Y. Central	82⅛	83	81¾	82⅝	+⅝
17	20½	100	N. Y. Dock	18	18	18	18	—1¼
31	31¾	1,600	N. Y., N. H. & H.	31	31¼	30¾	31¼	+⅝
21	22	100	N. Y., Ont. & West.	21	21	21	21	—½
116½	117	800	Norfolk & Western	117	117	116½	116½	...
101¼	101¼	600	Northern Pacific	101¼	101¼	101¼	101¼	...
100½	105	400	Nova Scotia S. & C.	100	100	100	100	—½
51¾	52	9,900	Ohio Cities Gas	52	52¼	50⅝	51¾	—1
49¾	50	600	Ohio Fuel Sup. ctfs.	49	49¾	49	49¾	—¼
6⅝	6⅝	1,800	Ontario Mining	6⅝	6¾	6⅝	6⅝	—⅛
93½	94	100	Pan-Am. P. & T. pf.	94	94	94	94	—2
52¼	52½	1,200	Penn. R. R.	52¼	52¼	52	52¼	—½
73½	74	400	People's Gas, Chi.	72⅝	73¾	72⅛	73¾	+⅝
16¾	19½	200	Pere Marq. ctfs.	17	17	16¾	16¾	—¼
96	98	200	Pierce-Arrow pf.	97½	97½	97¼	97¼	—⅜
34	35	200	Philadelphia Co.	34¼	34¼	34	34	—⅝
25¼	25¾	2,300	Pitts. & West Va.	25¼	26	25	25⅝	—¾
46⅛	46¼	6,700	Pitts. Coal ctfs.	46	46⅜	44¾	46¼	—¼
67⅞	67½	700	Pitts. Coal pf. ctfs.	120	120	120	120	...
120	121	700	Pressed Steel Car	67	67⅞	66½	67⅞	—1⅛
142	143½	300	Pullman Co.	142	142	142	142	—1⅛
1¼	1½	100	Quicksilver	1½	1½	1½	1½	+¼
26¼	26½	3,300	Ray Con. Copper	26½	26½	25¾	26¼	—¼
85⅝	85½	17,300	Reading	86	86	84¼	85⅝	—1
85⅞	86¼	13,400	Rep. Iron & Steel	85	86¼	85	85⅞	—¼
102	102¼	200	Rep. Iron & S. pf.	102½	102½	102½	102½	—⅝
65	65¾	1,400	Royal Dutch	65½	66	65	65	—1
14½	15	1,400	St. L.-San F. ctfs.	14¼	14½	14	14¼	—¼
25	30	100	St. L.-S. F. pf. ctfs	28	28	28	28	...
			Series A					
78	80	500	Savage Arms	78	78	78	78	...
26½	26¾	200	Seab. Air Line pf.	26¾	26¾	26¾	26¾	—⅛
39¼	39¾	2,200	Sinclair Oil	39½	40	39½	39¾	—⅜
23½	24	200	Shattuck-Arizona	23½	23½	23½	23½	—½
50	51	300	Sloss-S. Steel & I.	51	51	50¼	50¼	—1¼
93⅞	94	2,400	Southern Pacific	93¾	94	93¼	93⅞	—⅛
27	27¼	3,300	Southern Railway	26⅞	27¼	26¾	27	+⅜
55½	55⅞	700	Southern Ry. pf.	55½	56	55	56	...
51⅝	52	4,900	Studebaker Co.	52	52⅞	51½	52	+¼
41⅛	42	10	Superior Steel	41⅛	41⅛	41⅛	41⅛	...
101½	104	200	Super. Steel 1st pf.	102½	102½	102½	102½	...
17	17½	1,200	Tenn. C. & C.	17	17	17	17	—¼
176¼	177½	4,500	Texas Co.	185	185	176⅛	176¼	—12¾
16½	17	200	Texas & Pacific	17	17	17	17	...
204	208	100	Tidewater Oil	204½	204½	204½	204½	—1½
20	21	100	Third Avenue	20	20	20	20	—½
78⅝	78¾	83,800	Tobacco Products	77⅞	80¼	76½	78¾	+⅝
40	42	100	Transue & Wms	40¼	40¼	40¼	40¼	—1⅝
135	135½	4,900	Union Pacific	135¼	135½	134¼	135	—⅝
42⅞	43	50	Un. Alloy Steel ctfs.	42⅞	42⅞	42⅞	42⅞	...
122¾	123	19,100	United Cigar Stores	123⅝	124½	120½	122¾	—1
26½	28	100	United Paper Board	27¾	27¾	27¾	27¾	+¼
		100	United Dyewood	63	63	63	63	—1
73⅞	76	200	United Drug	75	75	75	75	+1
129	131	900	United Fruit	130	130	128⅞	130	—½
7½	8	100	United Rys. Invest.	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾	—¼
17	18	200	United Rys. Inv. pf.	17	17	17	17	—1
19	19¾	500	U. S. C. I. P. & F.	19½	19½	19½	19½	—½
52	56	100	U. S. C. I. P. & F. pf.	54	54	54	54	—1
138¼	139	7,800	U. S. Indus. Alco.	137½	139½	137	139	+⅝
60½	61½	4,400	U. S. Rubber	60⅝	61	60	61	—¼
60	61	200	U. S. Sm., R. & M.	60	60	60	60	...
119⅞	120	246,900	U. S. Steel	120½	120⅞	118½	119⅞	—⅜
117	117½	1,200	U. S. Steel pf.	117	117	116⅝	117	—⅝
100½	100¾	9,200	Utah Copper	101⅜	101⅜	99	100⅝	—⅞
17	17¼	200	Utah Sec. v. tr. cfs.	17½	17½	17½	17½	—⅛
38½	39	100	Va.-Car. Chemical	38⅝	38⅝	38⅝	38⅝	—¼
63	65	600	Va. Iron, Coal & C.	65	65	63⅛	63⅛	—1⅞
10	10¾	1,100	Wabash	10¼	10½	10	10	—½
47½	48	500	Wabash pf. A	47½	47½	47⅛	47½	—⅝
25¼	25½	700	Wabash pf. B	25¼	25¼	25¼	25¼	...
15¾	16	100	Western Pacific	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	...
18¼	19	100	Western Maryland	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	—⅛
92⅞	94	400	Western Union Tel.	93⅜	93⅜	92⅞	92⅞	—⅞
47	47½	2,900	Westingh. E. & M.	47¼	47¼	46⅝	47	—⅛
13½	14	300	Wheeling & L. E.	13½	13⅝	13½	13½	...
30	31	200	Wheel. & L. E. pf.	30½	30½	30	30	—⅛
58½	60	2,100	Wilson & Co. v. tr. c.	58	59½	57	59½	+1½
30½	31	2,800	Willys-Overland	30½	30¾	30	30½	—¼
94	96	200	Willys-Overland pf.	94⅛	95	94⅛	95	...
125	127	200	Woolw., (F.W.,) Co.	125	125	125	125	—¾

Sumatra Tobacco Earns $1,019,607.

The American Sumatra Tobacco Company reports for the f

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55,000 ACCOUNTS UNCLAIMED IN BANKS

Banking Department Publishes the First List of This Kind in Thirty-seven Years.

TOTAL REACHES THOUSANDS

Claimants for These Deposits Must Submit Their Proof to Bank Superintendent at Albany.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Aug. 23.—During the last few days the State Banking Department published a list of the dormant accounts held by State banks, trust companies, savings banks, and private and individual bankers. It comprises about 55,000 names, and shows all of the unclaimed accounts that the various institutions have been carrying for thirty-seven years. The last previous publication of this sort was in 1880.

Included in the list are the names of the depositors in institutions which have been liquidated or are in process of liquidation by the Banking Department. As no totals have been made by the institutions or by the department, the amount of money involved can only be estimated. Officials of the Banking Department say it is well up in the thousands, but that it probably would not reach $1,000,000.

After an account has been in a savings bank for twenty years, no interest is paid on it, and if the legal owner should turn up, the money is paid over on presentation of the passbook or the legal proof that the claimant is entitled to the money.

The publication by the Superintendent of Banks shows more names in old corporations than in liquidated institutions. Many of the amounts are small, but the department, as a matter of policy, does not print these, because this might bring on claimants who are not entitled to the money. The banks are not required to report amounts smaller than $10.

In the case of a bank that has gone into liquidation, the Superintendent of Banks becomes the trustee of the dormant accounts, and he is required to keep an index of the names of all persons for whom he holds in trust any unclaimed deposites, dividends, or interest, and of the names of all persons reported to him by any corporation or private or individual banker, as entitled to any such unclaimed deposits, dividends, or interest held by such corporation or banker. Whenever any person shall show by evidence satisfactory to the Superintendent that he is lawfully entitled to receive such money, the Superintendent shall indicate to him the corporation or banker by which it is held, or, if the Superintendent holds such money in trust, he may pay it over to such person. In case of doubt or conflicting claims, he may require of the claimant an order of the Supreme Court authorizing and directing the payment thereof, but for any payment made by him in good faith, by check or order payable to the creditor, depositor, or stockholder or shareholder appearing from the records in his office to be entitled thereto, he shall be held harmless and shall not be liable to any subsequent claimant.

In 1916 there was paid back in dormant claims the sum of $7,431,39; in 1915, the various institutions holding such money turned back $12,87; in 1914, $32,63, and in 1913, $76,06, indicating that in the majority of cases the amounts held in these dormant accounts are small.

EARNINGS.

Railroad.

	1917.	1916.	Increase.
ANN ARBOR—			
24 week Aug..	$61,771	$52,720	$9,051
Jan. 1-Aug. 14.	1,838,560	1,691,784	146,776
LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE—			
24 week Aug..	1,523,200	1,308,145	215,055
Jan. 1-Aug. 14.	45,441,886	38,714,201	6,727,685

THE GULF, MOBILE & NORTHERN RAILROAD CO. has filed with the New York Stock Exchange this statement of earnings and expenditures for the six months ended June 30, 1917, and 1916:

	1917.	1916.	Decrease.
Total op. rev..	1,020,487	1,050,790	30,303
Total op. exp..	719,044	728,239	9,195
Net op. rev....	301,443	322,551	21,108
Taxes	50,525	36,111	*11,414
Total net rev..	250,918	283,440	32,522
Other income..	117,832	57,921	*59,911
Gross income..	368,750	341,361	*27,389
Int. & rents..	3,092	3,911	819
Surplus	365,657	337,450	*23,207

†Equivalent to $3.22 a share earned in the six months period on $11,344,400 preferred stock. *Increase.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC for July and seven months—

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Mileage	11,157	10,956	10,949
Freight rev..	$11,011,982	$9,475,778	7,201,516
Passenger rev.	8,725,823	8,648,679	4,537,899
Total op. rev.	16,086,406	14,255,788	12,969,208
Mt. of way..	1,350,017	1,446,468	1,405,452
Mt. of equip..	1,934,730	2,064,158	1,699,818
Transp. exp...	5,387,769	4,327,743	3,844,475
Total op. exp.	9,491,459	8,603,827	7,800,007
Taxes	772,963	690,517	568,839
Op. income ..	5,815,681	5,048,216	4,592,555

Seven months:

Freight rev...	73,884,760	58,782,602	44,253,748
Passenger rev.	58,802,520	48,318,067	23,926,462
Total op. rev.	107,156,444	86,852,704	75,833,797
Mt. of way...	10,899,916	10,624,919	9,205,669
Mt. of equip...	14,256,260	12,997,401	11,606,100
Transp. exp...	58,281,621	48,402,607	35,822,685
Total op. exp.	67,165,405	57,184,866	51,289,857
Taxes	5,266,868	4,158,894	3,644,699
Op. income ...	34,690,222	25,291,333	20,358,145

TOLEDO, ST. LOUIS & WESTERN—

	1917.	1916.	Increase.
24 week Aug..	148,978	134,183	14,792
Jan. 1-Aug. 15.	4,129,544	3,580,070	548,474

Public Utilities.

AMERICAN GAS & ELECTRIC CO.—

	1917.	1916.	Increase.
June gross....	$583,570	$436,314	$147,456
Net aft. tax..	52,327	121,884	*69,557
Sur. avail. to gold deb.....	20,710	93,646	*72,936
12 mos. gross.	6,595,416	5,493,211	1,102,205
Net aft. tax..	1,424,728	1,052,120	*327,392
Sur. avail. to gold deb.....	1,080,727	1,309,252	*248,525

*Decrease. †In 1916 allowance is made for only five months of preferred divident payments.

WEST PENN POWER CO., including subsidiaries—

July gross....	$64,582	228,813	75,769
Net aft. tax..	80,282	88,725	*8,443
Sur. aft. chg.	41,438	50,381	*8,943
Bal. aft. pf. d.	29,771	38,713	*8,943
7 mos. gross..	2,222,114	1,634,027	588,087
Net aft. tax..	770,167	757,313	12,854
Sur. aft. chg.	501,272	492,394	8,877
Bal. aft. pf. d.	419,605	†434,060	*14,456

WEST PENN RAILWAYS CO., including subsidiaries—

July gross....	653,635	536,888	116,746
Net aft. tax..	252,886	247,862	5,024
Sur. aft. chg. and sub. d..	110,655	74,809	35,846
7 mos. gross..	4,326,859	3,493,929	832,930
Net aft. tax..	1,770,977	1,708,422	62,555
Sur. aft. chg. and sub. d..	606,735	524,891	80,844

Miscellaneous.

AMERICAN SUMATRA TOBACCO CO. reports for fiscal year ended July 31, 1917, surplus of $1,011,291 after deduction of general expenses, depreciation, taxes, &c., including allowance for war taxes, &c. Other income for the year amounted to $8,816, making total income for the period $1,019,607.

UNITED STATES GLASS CO. reports that for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1917, gross income amounted to $3,715,904, net operating income $720,969, and net income $318,659.

DECLARED DIVIDENDS.

Company.	Rate.	Paid.	Pay'e.	Books Close.
Lackawanna Steel.	1¾	Q.	Sept. 29	Sept. 14
Magma Copper.....	50c.	Q.	Sept. 29	Sept. 7
Quincy Mining....	$5	..	Sept. 24	Aug. 31

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.—Forecasts:

N. Car.—Occasional thunder showers Fri. Sat. fair, moderate w. winds.

S. Car. and Ga.—Fair in the interior, showers on the coast Fri. Sat. cloudy; moderate s. w. to w. winds.

Fla.—Showers and thunder storms Fri. and probably Sat., except fair in extreme n.; gentle s. w. to w. winds.

Ala. and Miss.—Fair Fri. and Sat.; light n. w. to w. winds.

Tenn. and Ky.—Fair and cooler Fri. Sat. fair.

Ohio and Ind.—Cloudy and cooler Fri. Sat. fair; fresh w. winds.

Lower Mich.—Fair and cooler Fri. Sat. fair; fresh w. to n. w. winds.

Upper Mich.—Fair Fri., preceded by showers in e., cooler Sat., partly cloudy; fresh w. to n. w. winds.

Ill., Okla., La., and Tex.—Fair Fri. and Sat.

Mo.—Fair Fri. and Sat., warmer Sat.

Wis.—Fair Fri., cooler in extreme e. Sat. fair and warmer.

Minn. and Iowa.—Fair Fri. and Sat., warmer Sat.

N. and S. Dak.—Fair Fri and Sat., warmer Fri. and in e. Sat.

Neb. and Kan.—Fair Fri. and Sat., warmer Sat. and in w. Fri.

$30,000,000 STOCK ISSUE.

Plans for New Financing of Bethlehem Steel Near Completion.

Plans for the new financing of the Bethlehem Steel Corporation are gradually nearing completion after several weeks of conferences between the company's representatives and New York bankers. There will be a meeting of the Directors of the corporation on Monday, at which time final details will be determined upon and an official announcement made concerning the arrangement.

It is understood that the proposed plan calls for the issuance of $30,000,000 of 8 per cent. preferred stock, convertible into B stock at 115. It is said to be the present intention to offer this new stock to holders of A and B shares at par. The new issue will probably be underwritten by a syndicate headed by the Guaranty Trust Company, the Bankers Trust Company, and J. & W. Seligman & Co.

It is said that the corporation does not need new funds for its current business, but that the additional financing has been undertaken to provide capital to handle the huge orders that the company expects to receive from hte United States Government.

Following the adoption of the plan by the Directors, it will be necessary to obtain the consent of the stockholders to the new issue of capital stock.

Hudson Tubes' Revenue Increases.

The Hudson & Manhattan Railroad Company reports net operating revenue for the month of July of $252,316, compared with $245,324 the same month last year. The balance of net income for the month was $54,961 as against $31,026 a year ago. In July, the Hudson tubes carried 5,464,184 passengers, an increase of more than 604,000 compared with July, 1916.

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

WHEAT.

Further liquidation of outstanding contracts revealed irregularity in wheat yesterday, but on the whole the market was steady, and closed 1c net higher. In conservative circles it was expected that both Winter and Spring wheat total yields would run considerably ahead of the Government figures. Some export inquiry was noted, but actual figures were not available. Locally No. 2 red was quoted at 2.25 and No. 2 hard 2.27, both cost, insurance, and freight, New York, export.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
September	2.07	2.04½	2.07	2.06	1.48¼

RYE—Market quiet; No. 2 Western, 1.82, cost, insurance, and freight, New York.

CORN.

The trend of corn prices, after an opening decline, due to rains in the Eastern belt, was generally higher, and in the afternoon the market displayed positive strength, advancing 2c over the low point, and at the close showing ½ to 1c net rise. Cash corn was firmer, with a somewhat better demand from other quarters, and locally closed strong, with No. 2 yellow quoted at 1.96½ and No. 2 mixed 1.95½, both cost, insurance, and freight, New York.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December ..	1.06¾	1.07⅝	1.09¼	1.08¼	.71¼
May	1.07⅝	1.06¾	1.07	1.06½	.78

OATS.

Prices advanced on a stronger cash situation and better demand, with farm offerings light and rain east of the Mississippi causing further delay with farm work. Covering advanced futures about 1c per bushel, and the close was ⅛c to ⅜c net higher. Locally the cash market shared the Western strength and closed as follows: Standard, 69c; No. 2 white, 69½c; No. 3 white, 68c; No. 4 white, 67c; fancy clipped white, 71@73c; ordinary clipped white, 69@71c, all nominal.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
September	54⅝	53½	54	53⅝	41
December	54¼	54¼	54⅝	54¼	49
May	58¼	57¼	57⅝	57½	52½

PROVISIONS.

The provision market was rather weak early in sympathy with hogs, but turned stronger after mid-day advancing on purchases by large packers and covering on the strength in coarse grains. Receipts continued light, Chicago getting only 11,000 hogs, with 11,000 expected on Friday and only 50,000 at all Western points. Kansas City receipts were 5,000 hogs and Omaha 8,000.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High	Low	Close	Prev. Close	Last Year
LARD—					
September ..	23.10	22.85	23.10	22.95	13.92
October	23.07	22.92	23.05	23.07	13.92
RIBS—					
September ..	23.62	23.45	23.62	23.57	14.27
October	23.57	23.40	23.55	23.57	14.02
PORK—					
September ..	43.15	42.75	43.15	43.00	27.10
October	42.82	42.45	42.82	42.75	26.15

COTTONSEED OIL.

The market showed early weakness in sympathy with lower hog prices and on the census report, but was stronger after midday, recovering most of the loss on a demand from shorts inspired by the sharp upturn in lard. Final prices were 10 points lower to 8 higher, late positions showing the most firmness. Total sales were 30,300 barrels. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev.
Spot	...	...	14.90	... 15.00
August	..	..	15.00	... 15.20
September	15.36	15.05	15.34@15.35	15.36
October	15.30	15.02	15.28@15.30	15.30
November	15.13	14.95	15.07@15.11	15.10
December	15.08	14.95	15.03@15.07	15.09
January	15.10	14.95	15.07@15.09	15.08
February	..	..	15.07@15.13	15.08
March	15.23	15.08	15.19@15.20	15.11

COFFEE.

Early irregularity was followed by declines in the market for coffee futures yesterday. Reports that freight room was offering a little more freely in Brazil and of easier cost and freight markets probably promoted the selling, and after opening net 2 points lower to 2 points higher the market closed at a net decline of 2 to 4 points. Sales, including the exchanges, were 54,500 bags. The local spot market remained quiet, with quotations on the basis of 9¼c for Rio 7s and 10½c for Santos 4s. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
August	..	..	7.49@7.50	7.53
September	7.52	7.49	7.49@7.50	7.53
October	..	..	7.59@7.60	7.61
November	..	..	7.68@7.69	7.71
December	7.80	7.77	7.77@7.78	7.79
January	7.89	7.86	7.84@7.85	7.87
February	..	..	7.91@7.92	7.95
March	8.04	8.00	7.99@8.00	8.03
April	..	..	*8.06@8.07	8.10
May	8.18	8.13	8.14@8.15	8.17
June	..	..	8.20@8.21	8.23
July	..	..	8.29@8.28	8.29

SUGAR.

Business in refined sugar was very light, as buyers are anticipating some adjustment in values and are therefore not inclined to make new purchases. Prices are unchanged at 8.40 to 9.00c for fine granulated. Raw sugar was steady at the decline to 6⅝c, cost and freight, for the spot position, but there was weakness noted in September shipment, that position being held at 6¼c, cost and freight, with bids of 1-16c less solicited. Arbuckle bought 30,000 bags prompt shipment Cubas at 6⅝c, cost and freight, and another local refiner bought 10,000 bags Cubas prompt, at the same price. Expecting a readjustment in prices refiners fall to show any buying interest in forward positions. Spot prices follow: Centrifugal, 7.40c; molasses, 6.52c; cost and freight, 6⅝c.

BUTTER AND EGG MARKETS.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 7,516 packages. Buying interest was more in evidence at the opening, and the market soon developed very great strength. Prices advanced fully a half cent on top qualities and even more on the medium grades, which were particularly active. An army order for 240,000 pounds of butter added strength to the position. Creamery, higher than extras, per lb., 42¾@43½c; extras, (92 score,) 42½c; firsts, (88 to 91 score,) 41@42½c; seconds, (83 to 87 score,) 38½@40½c; thirds, 37½@38c; creamery, unsalted, higher than extras, 44@44½c; extras, 43@43½c; firsts, 41½@42½c; seconds, 39@41c; State dairy, tubs, finest, 41½@42c; good to prime, 39½@41c; common to fair, 36@38c; renovated, extras, 40c; firsts, 38½@39½c; lower grades, 36@37½c; imitation creamery, firsts, 37@38c; ladles, current make, firsts, 35½@36½c; seconds, 35c; lower grades, 33½@34½c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 35c; No. 2, 34½c; lower grades, 33@34c.

EGGS.—Receipts yesterday, 15,278 cases. There is a good demand for nearly all grades of eggs at proportionate prices. The higher qualities are scarce, and are wanted rather beyond the supply, leading to a firmer market. Storage eggs are in good demand and firmer. Nearby white eggs are in light supply. Undergrades are in regular and selling at a wide range. Fresh gathered, extras, per dozen, 45@46c; extra firsts, 42@44c; firsts, 40@43c; seconds, 36@39c; thirds and poorer, 30@35c; dirties, No. 1, 33@34c; No. 2 and poorer, 25@32c; checks, good to choice, dry, 30@31c; undergrades, 22@29c; refrigerator, special marks, fancy, storage and insurance paid, 38½@39c; firsts, 37@38c; seconds, 35½@36½c; refrigerator, nearby whites, 41@43c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby Western, hennery whites, fine to fancy, 54@56c; ordinary to good 42@53c; gathered whites, good to fine, 42@53c; poor to fair, 36@40c; Western and Southern, gathered whites, 36@46c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby hennery browns, 46@50c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 36@46c.

THE COTTON MARKET

Early Irregularity Followed by Sharp Break—Net Decline of 7-27 Points.

Early irregularity was followed by another sharp break in the cotton market yesterday. Several months made new low ground for the movement including October, which sold off to 23.13, or 52 points from the high level of the morning and 27 points under Wednesday's closing figures. Final prices were within a few points of the lowest, on the general list, with the tone irregular at a net decline of 7 to 27 points on September and later deliveries.

The market showed reactionary tendencies during the earlier trading. The opening was 9 to 14 points lower under over-night selling orders attracted by the weakness of Wednesday. The market soon steadied, however, and covering became more active after receipt of advices that a Southern authority reported a deterioration of 1.2 per cent. in crop prospects. There was also some bullish comment on the Western belt forecast for generally clear weather and the market sold some 25 to 28 points net higher during the morning. This made a rally of about 35 to 45 points from the low level, which seemed to reflect the covering of the more nervous shorts. At any rate demand slackened and the market broke in the late trading under renewed reports of an easing spot basis in the South. There were also reports that scattered Southern selling here was more active than previously which suggested increased pressure of hedges.

There seemed to be some confusion with reference to the private condition figures published during the morning. The report was that a prominent Southern authority made the condition 70.3, indicating deterioration of 1.2 per cent. for the month. This seemed out of line with the report of the previous month, however, and while the talk of deterioration was a disappointment to some recent sellers the condition actually mentioned was compared favorably with the official ten year average of 70.9. The government's report on condition is expected on Friday of next week and a good deal of the scattered buying yesterday morning was attributed to a desire to even up commitments before the private reports begin to come in to foreshadow its showing.

Exports for the day were 15,448 bales, making 241,716 so far this season. Following are yesterday's quotations:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Wednesday.
Aug. ...	24.00	24.00	24.00	24.57 bid	24.29
Sept. ...	..	..	..	23.48 bid	23.70
Oct. ...	23.20	23.45	23.13	23.13@23.20	23.40
Nov. ...	..	..	..	23.18 bid	23.29
Dec. ...	23.20	23.57	23.17	23.22@23.24	23.29
Jan. ...	23.16	23.57	23.15	23.16@23.21	23.27
March ...	23.30	23.70	23.32	23.32 bid	23.44
April ...	..	..	..	23.35 bid	23.46
May ...	23.47	23.81	23.46	23.45 bid	23.57
June ...	23.65	23.70	23.60	23.42 bid	..
July ...	23.65	23.65	23.65	23.55 bid	23.65

The local market for spot cotton was quiet and 25 points higher at 24.85 cents for middling upland. Southern spot markets were as follows: New Orleans, 25c; Savannah, 24¾c; Augusta, 24.38c; Galveston, 24⅝c; Memphis, 26½c, and Houston, 24⅝c.

Following are yesterday's cotton statistics:

	Thursday.	Last Week.	Last Year.
Port receipts.....	13,004	9,232	8,052
Exports	15,448	4,272	17,147
port stocks.....	449,602	481,082	400,725
New York arrivals...	4,857	628	..
New York stock.....	56,748	66,362	75,898

Liverpool cables—Spot cotton dull at 35 points decline to the basis of 19d for midupland. Sales 2,000 bales; American, 1,000 bales. Imports, nil. Futures, 25 points lower; August-September, 17.57d; October-November, 16.85; January-February, 16.20d; March-April, 16.02d.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Aug. 23.—Twenty-two new corporations, having an aggregate capitalization of $1,591,500, were chartered today. They include:

Campbell Architectural Iron Company, Inc., Albany, make metal windows, $475,000; J. A. Stephens, Thomas Cochrane, H. E. Campbell, 8 West 40th St.

Thomas & Dineen, Inc., Little Falls, general garage business, $10,000; T. B. Thomas, T. Dineen, G. W. Ward, Dolgeville.

St. Albans Fish Supply Co., Inc., Manhattan, deal in fish, sea food, &c., $10,000; G. F. Mitchell, H. C. Fisher, A. J. Sahida, 11 Albany St.

Diamond Glove Co., Inc., Manhattan, make gloves, novelties, pocketbooks, and other leather goods, $9,000; J. L. Diamond, J. Nyman, G. Middleman, 778 Georgia Av., Brooklyn.

Triple Six Motor Corporation, Manhattan, make airplanes, hydroaeroplanes, and other mechanical devices for aerial operation, $375,000; R. I. Guthmann, G. Laukau, H. G. McClear, 115 Broadway.

M. Wachtel Co., Inc., Manhattan, make wash suits for boys and deal in textiles, $10,000; W. Wolinsky, M. and A. M. Wachtel, 845 W. 176th St., Bronx.

Excelsior Export and Trading Co., Inc., Manhattan, general importing and exporting business, $5,000; M. Lederman, W. Krauss, G. Goodwolf, 47 Broadway.

Solomon Rubin Co., Inc., Bay Shore, deal in merchandise of all kinds, $5,000; S. and R. Rubin and G. Flinker, 2,813 8th Av.

Daugherty & McCrary Co., Inc., Manhattan, make and install refrigerating and ice-making machinery, 500 shares preferred stock, $100 each, and 1,000 shares common stock, no par value; active capital $40,000; T. J. and O. K. Badgley and L. H. Miller, 61 Broadway.

The Nickel Plate Connecting Corp., Buffalo, operate steam railroad, $50,000; D. J. Kenefick, E. H. Letchworth, C. M. Baldy, Buffalo.

The Economy Curtain Cover Co., Inc., Manhattan, make preparations for covering motion picture screens, also slides, theatrical and motion picture business, $50,000; S. W. Solomon, W. Weller, N. Frankel, 1,486 5th Av.

Pursel Resilient Wheel Co., Inc., Manhattan, make auto wheels, engines, motors, &c., $50,000; H. J. and W. L. Neumann and J. D. Pursel, 409 West 127th St.

William B. Stanley, Inc., Manhattan, import and export motion picture films and do general theatrical business, $10,000; M. Margoshes, A. A. Deutsch, W. B. Stanley, 729 7th Av.

Shaff & Lefbow, Inc., Manhattan, make women's wearing apparel, $5,000; F. C. Lefbow, L. M. Shaff, P. F. Schwartz, 299 Broadway.

Hozaath Sfarim Kadimah, Inc., Manhattan, general publishing of Hebrew books, periodicals, and other forms of Hebrew literature, $10,000; I. Friedlander, G. Lubarsky, L. Motskin, 121 West 11th St.

Bi-Continent Trading Corp., Manhattan, deal in drugs, minerals, metals, machinery, and general merchandise, $500,000; L. Pallay, R. Tally, G. A. Evalenko, 1 West 64th St.

Capital Increase: Paul M. Marko & Co., Brooklyn, $30,000 to $50,000.

Dissolutions: J. M. King & Co., Waterford; Oak Hill Farms, Inc., Rochester; Consolidated Development Co., Jamestown.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., Aug. 23.—Charters filed:

American-Italian Commercial Corp., to construct, maintain, and operate, repair, fit out, and equip steamships, &c., $2,000,000; W. S. Randall, Portland, Me.; F. A. Armstrong, C. M. Egner, Wilmington, Del.

Aetna Refining Co., to bore for oil and gas and mine minerals and ores, $1,500,000; F. D. Buck, K. E. Lohwfield, J. D. Frook, Wilmington, Del.

Kootenay Silver Mines Co., Inc., to search and explore for ores, minerals, &c., $1,000,000; S. B. Howard, J. A. Moore, L. H. Gunther, New York.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Aug. 23.—Charters filed:

Central Holding Corp., Paterson, to act as merchants, &c., $50,000; Albert E. Stansfield, George H. Bonekemper, and John J. Gustenhoven, all of Paterson.

Hillside Embroidery Works, West Hoboken, to manufacture and deal in embroideries, &c., $80,000; Rudolph and Ernest Kehr of Jersey City and Sigmund Janke of West Hoboken.

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Am Oil.....	32	34	Iron Cap...	16	17¼
B S Gas...	8	9	Iron C pf..	16	17
Bingham...	12¼	12½	Iron Blos..	85	95
Begole	50	75	Jerome V..	2¼	2¼
Bohemia...	1¼	1½	La Rose...	45	55
Bost Ely..	75	85	Majestic...	40	42
Bost & M..	70	72	Mex Met...	35	40
Butte & L.	16	17	Mohawk R..	40	45
Butte & D.	55	58	New Balt..	1⅛	1⅜
Bost Ariz..	¼	2	New Doug..	¼	1⅛
Calaveras..	3	4¼	N U Bing..	45	50
Chief Cons.	2¼	2⅝	Nixon	38	40
Crown Res.	25	30	N Cornelia	17½	18
Con Ariz..	2¼	2½	N Z & L..	35	37
Cortez ...	16	22	Ohio Cop..	¼	1½
Champ C..	5	7	Oneco ...	..	45
Cal Corb...	1	2	Onondaga..	30	35
E & B B..	2⅛	2⅝	Pion Con..	1½	1⅞
Earl Eagle	15	18	Rilla	1	2
Fortuna...	5	6	Ray Hero..	3¾	4
Gold Lake..	2	8	*S W M...	1	1⅛
Gila C.....	16½	17	†S W M...	2	2½
Houghton..	65	75	Truro	¼	1½
Homa Oil..	¼	½	U V Ext..	3⅛	3½
Humboldt..	80	85	Yukon G'd.	2	2¼

*Full paid. †Part paid.

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TO THE HOLDERS OF FIRST PREFERRED STOCK AND SECOND PREFERRED STOCK OF SUPERIOR STEEL CORPORATION.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that in the Sinking Fund of Superior Steel Corporation the following sums are applicable to the purchase of shares of First Preferred and Second Preferred Stock of the Corporation: $869,999 to the purchase of First Preferred Stock; $25,833.33 to the purchase of Second Preferred Stock, and that Superior Steel Corporation will use and apply such funds on September 15, 1917, in the purchase of First Preferred Stock and Second Preferred Stock as provided in the Certificate of Incorporation and the By-Laws of the Corporation, to such extent as the funds in the Sinking Fund may permit, at the lowest prices at which such shares may be offered for sale to the Corporation, but at a price not to exceed One Hundred Seven Dollars Fifty Cents ($107.50/100) per share and the amount of all unpaid and accrued dividends thereon.

Sealed offerings plainly marked "Offer of Preferred Stock" are hereby invited to be made to Superior Steel Corp. at the office of its Transfer Agent, Columbia Trust Company, 60 Broadway, New York City, on or before September 4th, 1917.

Such offers shall state the number of shares for sale, and whether First Preferred or Second Preferred, and the price at which such shares are so offered, and shall be signed by the holders thereof.

SUPERIOR STEEL CORPORATION.
By Columbia Trust Company,
Its Transfer Agent.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

Keokuk and Des Moines Railway Co.

NOTICE OF SPECIAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS.

A special meeting of the stockholders of the Company will be held at the office of the Company in the city of Des Moines, Iowa, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, on Monday, the 27th day of August, 1917, for the purpose of considering and voting upon the sale and conveyance to Standard Oil Company, an Indiana corporation, of the following property:

Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, and 10, in Block 30 of the Town of Demoine, now included in and forming a part of the City of Des Moines, Iowa.

By order of the Board of Directors.
J. E. GORMAN, President.
F. W. SARGENT, Secretary.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A meeting of the Stockholders of the STERLING AUTOMOBILE MANUFACTURING COMPANY, INCORPORATED, will be held at the company's office, 2 Columbus Circle, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on the 25th day of August, 1917, at ten o'clock A. M., for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year, considering and action on a proposed contract for the sale of some of the assets of the company, an exchange of stock, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting. F. HIRSCH, Secretary.

Dated August 11th, 1917.

DIVIDENDS.

THE MONTANA POWER COMPANY.

Preferred Stock Dividend No. 20.

A regularly quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. (1¾%) on the Preferred Stock has been declared, payable October 1, 1917, to stockholders of record at the close of business September 15, 1917.

Common Stock Dividend No. 20

A dividend of one and one-quarter per cent. (1¼%) on the Common Stock has been declared, payable October 1, 1917, to stockholders of record, entitled to share in such dividend, at the close of business September 15th, 1917. Checks will be mailed.

WALTER DUTTON, Treasurer.
42 Broadway, New York.

Office of the American Coal Company of Allegany County.

No. 1 Broadway,
New York, August 21, 1917.

The Board of Directors of THE AMERICAN COAL COMPANY of Allegany County (New Jersey) has this day declared a dividend of Five Dollars per share upon the shares of the company, payable at this office on Saturday, September 1st, 1917, to owners of the stock at three o'clock P. M. August 31, 1917.

The transfer books will not be closed.

GEORGE M. BOWLBY, Treasurer.

CHILDS COMPANY
200 Fifth Avenue
New York City, Aug. 22, 1917.

The Board of Directors has declared the following dividends payable September 10th, 1917, to stockholders of record at the close of business August 31st, 1917:

On the Preferred Stock, a quarterly dividend of 1¾%.

On the Common Stock, a dividend of 1¼%.

The transfer books will be closed from September 1st, 1917, to September 10th, 1917, both days inclusive.

CHARLES L. ROBERTS, Secretary.

THE CENTRAL FOUNDRY COMPANY, Ordinary Preferred Stock.

New York, August 2nd, 1917.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a regular quarterly dividend of one and one-quarter per cent. on the Ordinary Preferred Stock of the Central Foundry Company payable September 14th, 1917, to the stockholders of record as of August 31st, 1917, for the period ending June 30th, 1917. The transfer books will not be closed.

FRANK HABER, Asst. Treasurer.

PENNSYLVANIA WATER & POWER CO.

Dividend No. 15.

A dividend of one and one-quarter (1¼%) per cent. for the Quarter ending September 30, 1917, has been declared upon the capital stock of this Company payable on October 1, 1917, to stockholders of record at the close of business September 19, 1917.

F. J. ALLEN, Secretary.

August 23, 1917.

MAGMA COPPER COMPANY.

A quarterly dividend of Fifty Cents per share has been declared on the stock of this Company, payable September 29, 1917, to stockholders of record at the close of business on September 7, 1917.

HENRY E. DODGE, Treasurer.

August 23, 1917.

CENTRAL LEATHER COMPANY.

A dividend of $1.75 per share on its Preferred Stock has this day been declared by the Board of Directors of this Company, payable Oct. 1st, 1917, to stockholders of record Sept. 10th, 1917.

H. W. HILL, Treasurer.

New York, Aug. 21st, 1917.

PROPOSALS.

SEALED BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the Board of Water Supply, at its offices, twenty-second floor, Municipal Building, Park Row, Centre and Chambers Streets, New York City, until 11 A. M., on Tuesday, September 11, 1917, for a contract for the construction of the Shandaken tunnel. The tunnel is part of the Schoharie watershed development for the New York City water supply. is 18 miles long, and will carry water from the Schoharie reservoir to Esopus creek. The finished tunnel will be 11 feet 6 inches high by 10 feet 3 inches wide, lined with concrete masonry, and will have 8 shafts.

The tunnel has been divided into two portions, to be known as the north and south portions, so that bids may be submitted for either portion or for the entire tunnel.

At the above place and time the bids will be publicly opened and read. Pamphlets containing information for bidders and contract drawings can be obtained at the above address, at the office of the Secretary, by depositing the sum of twenty dollars ($20) in cash or its equivalent for each set. For further particulars apply to the office of the Principal Assistant Engineer at the above address.

CHARLES STRAUSS, President.
CHARLES N. CHADWICK,
JOHN F. GALVIN,
Commissioners, Board of Water Supply.
GEORGE FEATHERSTONE, Secretary.

DIRECT LINE TELEPHONE COMPANY.

Sealed proposals will be received at the office of The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, No. 16-22 William Street, New York City, for the sale to the Trustees under the mortgage of the Direct Line Telephone Company, dated July 1st, 1911, of a sufficent number of bonds secured by said mortgage to invest $3,150, of the Sinking Fund. The right is reserved to reject any and all bids.

Proposals must be presented before twelve o'clock, noon, on September 4, 1917, and should be directed as follows:

"Proposals to the Sinking Fund of the Direct Line Telephone Company, The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, No. 16-22 William Street, New York City."

THE FARMERS' LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
By EDWIN S. MARSTON, President.
New York, August 21, 1917.

GOVERNORS ISLAND, N. Y. H.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, for furnishing fresh beef and fresh mutton required at Army Posts and Camps in Eastern Department during the period from October 1 to December 31, 1917, will be received here until 11 A. M., September 12, 1917. Further information will be furnished on application to the Department Quartermaster.

SEALED PROPOSALS IN TRIPLICATE will be received at this office until 2:30 P. M., August 27, 1917, and then opened for all labor and materials required for renewing hot, cold, and salt water pipes, Baggage and Dormitory Building, at the U. S. Immigrant Station, Ellis Island, N. Y. H. For particulars governing this work, apply to U. S. Commissioner of Immigration, Ellis Island, N. Y. H.

SEALED PROPOSALS IN TRIPLICATE will be received at this office until 2:30 P. M., August 27, 1917, and then opened for all labor and materials required for renewing hot water pipes, Main Building, Kitchen, &c., at the U. S. Immigrant Station, Ellis Island, N. Y. H. For particulars governing this work apply to U. S. Commissioner of Immigration, Ellis Island, N. Y. H.

SEALED PROPOSALS IN TRIPLICATE will be received at this office until 2:30 P. M., August 27, 1917, and then opened for all labor and materials required for underpinning Ferry House at the U. S. Immigrant Station, Ellis Island, N. Y. H. For particulars governing this work, apply to U. S. Commissioner of Immigration, Ellis Island, N. Y. H.

BARUCH QUITS CHANGE; WAR TAKES FULL TIME

Sells Seat to Francis H. Welch—Other Wall St. Men Giving All Energy to Patriotic Work.

Bernard M. Baruch, one of the most pituresque figures on the New York Stock Exchange, has sold his seat to Francis W. Welch for $58,000. That is about one-eighth of the profit Baruch made in a few days, according to his testimony before the Congress Committee which sought to find the German peace note leak in the December break in stocks.

Mr. Baruch wound up his business and announced that he would not buy or sell another share of stock when he was called to Washington to become a member of the Advisory Council of National Defense. He would have sold his Exchange membership at that time, he said, but did not want to appear that he had been influenced to take such action by his examination before the Henry Committee. He has since become so closely identified with the work of getting supplies for the Government that he has become convinced that it will be a long time before he is again free to speculate in stocks, even if he decides to return to Wall Street. His responsibilities in connection with the mobilization of raw materials and the regulation of prices and his duties as a member of the War Industries Board put it out of the question for him to deal in securities of companies concerned with Government orders.

Mr. Baruch is but one of a considerable number of prominent Wall Street men who have dropped practically all of their old activities to give their energies to the Government while the war lasts. Eugene Meyer, Jr., a close business associate of Mr. Baruch, is liquidating his Stock Exchange firm because of his work in Washington. Henry P. Davison, although retaining membership in J. P. Morgan & Co., devotes all his time to the Red Cross. Judge R. S. Lovett, Chairman of the Union Pacific, obtained leave of absence to work with Mr. Davison on the Red Cross, but has since taken charge of the distribution of coal. Martin Egan of the Morgan firm is living in Washington and working for the Red Cross. G. M. P. Murphy, Vice President of the Guaranty Trust Company, and James H. Perkins, Vice President of the National City Bank, are both in France for the Red Cross. S. R. Bertron was a member of the Root mission to Russia and Harvey D. Gibson, President of the Liberty National Bank, is serving under Mr. Davison. Many other men are giving up a substantial part of their time to the Liberty Loan and other Government interests.

NEW MOTORS BOARD.

P. S. du Pont Elected Chairman—W. C. Durant Remains President.

The new Board of Directors of the General Motors Corporation, elected at the annual meeting of stockholders on Wednesday, has met and organized. Pierre S. du Pont is the new Chairman of the Board; W. C. Durant continues as President; A. G. Bishop, W. P. Chrysler, R. H. Collins, W. L. Day, C. S. Mott, E. Ver Linden and F. W. Warner are Vice Presidents; T. S. Merrill, Secretary, H. H. Rice, Treasurer and W. L. Prensky, Controller. L. G. Kaufman, Pierre S. du Pont, W. C. Durant, J. H. McClement, and J. J. Raskob are the Finance Committee.

The new board consists of A. G. Bishop, W. P. Chrysler, R. H. Collins, W. L. Day, Pierre S. du Pont, W. C. Durant, J. H. Haskell, L. G. Kaufman, J. H. McClement, C. S. Mott, J. J. Raskob, E. Ver Linden and F. W. Warner. Of the entire board, only Mr. McClement is a holdover from the former organization, although Mr. Durant took office before the election, succeeding Benoni Lockwood as President of the corporation. It was announced at the Directors' meeting that arrangements had been completed for the dissolution at an early date of the General Motors Company, all of whose stock is now in the hands of the General Motors Corporation.

RAILWAY EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Balt. & Ohio	1918-'27	4	4¾%	5.15
Buff., Roch. & P.	1918-'30	4½%	5.25	5.00
Canadian North.	1917-'26	4½%	5.70	5.75
Canadian Pacific	1918-'28	4½	5.70	5.55
Ches. & Ohio	1917-'27	4½	5.30	5.00
Chicago & N. W.	1917-'22	4½	4.92	4.65
C., R. I. & Pac.	1917-'27	4½%	5.85	5.25
C., St. L. & N. O.	1917-'24	5	5.12	4.80
C., C., C. & St. L.	1918-'29	5	5.80	5.20
Cuba Railroad	1917-'26	5	6.20	5.20
Del. & Hudson	1922-'31	4½	5.15	4.80
Erie Railroad	1917-'27	4½%	5.45	5.00
Grand Trunk	1917-'24	4½	6.50	5.50
Illinois Central	1917-'26	4½%	5.18	4.88
Louis. & Nash.	1917-'23	5	4.95	4.85
Michigan Central	1917-'30	5	5.15	4.80
Mo., Kan. & Tex.	1917-'23	5	6.40	5.40
Mo. Pacific	1917-'22	5	6.20	5.25
Mobile & Ohio	1917-'26	4½%	5.70	5.40
N. Y. Cent. Lines	1917-'32	4½%	5.40	5.00
Norf. & West.	1917-'24	4½	5.00	4.70
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1917-'28	4½%	5.60	5.20
Pa. Gen. Freight	1917-'23	4	5.40%	4.80
St. Louis S. W.	1917-'28	4½%	5.70	5.00
Seaboard A. L.	1917-'26	5	5.90	5.20
Southern Pacific	1917-'26	4½	5.20	4.90
Southern Railway	1917-'24	4½%	5.50	5.00

Atlanta, Birmingham & Atlantic Railway Company.

TO THE HOLDERS OF FIFTEEN-YEAR FIVE PER CENT. INCOME MORTGAGE GOLD BONDS:

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to Section 2 of Article Second of the Mortgage of Atlanta, Birmingham & Atlantic Railway Company to Columbia Trust Company, as Trustee, securing an issue of the above-mentioned bonds, that Atlanta, Birmingham & Atlantic Railway Company will, on and after September 1, 1917, at the office of the Columbia Trust Company, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, make payment of the third instalment of interest upon said bonds, at the rate of five per cent. per annum, from January 1, 1917, to June 30, 1917, amounting to $25.00 upon each of said bonds, respectively, upon presentation and surrender of Coupon No. 3 appertaining to said bonds, accompanied by appropriate certificates of ownership, as required by the Federal Income Tax Law.

Dated, Atlanta, Georgia, August 10, 1917.

ATLANTA, BIRMINGHAM & ATLANTIC RAILWAY COMPANY,
by E. T. Lamb, President.

TO THE HOLDERS OF SEVEN PER CENT. FIVE-YEAR CONVERTIBLE SECURED GOLD NOTES, SERIES "B", OF THE **LIBERTY OIL COMPANY, INCORPORATED:**

The undersigned, as Trustee under Indenture dated September 1, 1916, securing the above notes, hereby invites proposals for the sale to it, as such Trustee, of notes of said Series in an amount sufficient to exhaust, as nearly as may be, the sum of $7,043.18, now in its hands for the account of the Sinking Fund provided by said Indenture. All offers must be for all or any part of the notes offered, must state the price at which the same are offered, not exceeding, however, 110% of the principal thereof, and must be received at the office of the undersigned at or before 12 o'clock noon on August 27, 1917. Notification of offers accepted will be mailed on or before August 28, 1917, and will call for delivery to the undersigned, at its office, 16 Wall Street, New York City, of notes so accepted, as of September 1, 1917, with December 1, 1917, and subsequently maturing coupons attached.

BANKERS TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
By R. G. PAGE,
Assistant Secretary.

Dated August 18, 1917.

Publication by
EMPIRE CITY SAVINGS BANK,
231 West 125th St., New York, (formerly TWELFTH WARD SAVINGS BANK.)

of full names of depositors of additional Dormant Accounts not previously reported, and their last known places of residence, pursuant to the provisions of Section 274 of the Banking Law:

Alonzo A. Kirkpatrick, 200 West 134th St., New York City.
Vinnie D. Cornish, 64 West 119th St., New York City.
Emma Schwarz, in trust for Simon E., Edmund R., and Anna T. Schwarz, 519 West 161st St., New York City.
Elizabeth Tilton, 301 West 120th St., New York City.
Charles J. E. Sickenberger, 91 Lawrence St., New York City.
C. Elizabeth McFarland, 114 West 133d St., New York City.

THE OHIO CONNECTING RAILWAY COMPANY.

Office of the Treasurer.
Pittsburgh, Pa., August 1, 1917.

First Mortgage Bonds of this Company to an aggregate cost of NINETEEN THOUSAND THREE HUNDRED TWENTY DOLLARS ($19,320) will be purchased September 1, 1917, for the Sinking Fund from the lowest bidders at a price not to exceed par and interest. Sealed proposals to sell bonds must be in the hands of The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, New York City, before three o'clock P. M. Friday, August 31, 1917, and bonds accepted must be delivered on September 1st or security furnished that day, if required, that delivery will be made within ten days.

T. H. B. McKNIGHT, Treasurer.

UNITED STATES GOVT. BONDS

Inasmuch as the bulk of the business in United States Government bonds is done over the counter, and not on the Stock Exchange, THE TIMES gives the following quotations, obtained from bond dealers:

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
2s, registered, 1930	97	98½	4s, registered, 1925	105	106½
2s, coupon, 1930	97	98½	4s, coupon, 1925	105	106½
3s, registered, 1918	98¾	99¾	2s, coupon, 1938, reg	97	98½
3s, coupon, 1918	98¾	99¾	2s, Panama, '38, coupon	97	98½
3s registered, 1946	80	87	4s, Panama, '61, reg	89	87
3s, coupon, 1946	80	87	4s, Panama, '61, coupon	80	87
3s, conversion, 1947	80	86			

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

	Yester-day. Bid.	Wed's-day. Ask.		Yester-day. Bid.	Wed's-day. Ask.
3s Sept., 1817	100	100¼	100	4s Nov., 1936	95	98
4½s July, 1967	101½	101¾	101½	4s May, 1919	99½	..
4½s June, 1965	101⅜	102	101⅜	4s Nov., 1918	99½	..
4½s Nov., 1957	101⅜	102¼	101⅜	3½s Sept., 1954	84	83
4½s Mar., 1963	101⅜	102	101⅜	3½s May, 1954	83	84
4½s May, 1957	101⅜	102⅛	101⅜	The following are quoted on a percentage basis:		
4½s Nov., 1917	99⅝	..	99⅝			
4¼s April, 1946	97⅜	97⅝	97⅜	4½s 1924-1932	4.40	4.25
4¼s Mar., 1960-30	97	97½	97½	4½s 1918-1923	4.40	4.25
4¼s Mar., 1964	97⅛	97¼	97⅛	4½s 1924-1931	4.40	4.25
4¼s Mar., 1962	97⅛	97¼	97⅛	4½s 1921-1923	4.40	4.25
4¼s Sept., 1960	97⅛	97¼	97⅛	4½s April, 1924	4.50	..
4s May, 1959	93¾	94⅛	93¾	4½s 1918-1919	4.50	..
4s Nov., 1958	93¾	94⅛	93¾	3½s 1940-1953	4.50	4.35
4s May, 1957	93¾	94⅛	93¾	3½s 1930-1939	4.50	4.25
4s Nov., 1956	92⅞	93⅛	92⅞	3½s 1922-1929	4.50	4.25
4s Nov., 1955	92⅞	93⅛	92⅞	3s 1926-1930	4.50	4.20

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
6,500	‡Aetna Expl.	6⅝	5¾	6⅝	1,835	‡Prud. Plot.	6¼	6	6⅛
800	‡Air Reduc.	94	92	92	100	‡Pyrene Mfg.	11	11	11
200	Am. Wr. P.	3¼	3¼	3¼	3,500	Sm. Mot. Tr.	4⅛	4	4⅛
300	‡Car. L. & P.	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	2,000	‡St. Jos. Ld.	20	19½	19½
1,300	Carwen Steel	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	1,200	‡Stand. Mot.	10⅝	10	10
600	Chevrolet M.	89	87	87	600	‡Steel Alloys	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞
4,700	Curtiss Aero.	45½	43	44	1,200	Sub.B.v.t.cfs.	26	25½	25⅝
200	Emer. Phon.	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	1,800	‡Un. E. Aero.	3½	3⅛	3½
100	Ev. Heany.	24½	24½	24½	1,500	U. S. S. Co.	4½	4⅜	4½
100	Holly Sugar.	58	58	58	2,000	‡Un. Motors.	20⅝	20⅛	20½
100	Key. T. & R.	14½	14½	14½	400	‡U. S. Aero.	6⅝	6¼	6⅝
300	Marlin Arms v. t. cfs.	118	117	117	750	‡U.S. L. & H.	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
3,000	Maxim Mun.	1⅜	1¼	1⅜	15,000	‡Weight-Mar. Aircr. Cp.	10⅛	9⅜	9⅞

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

25	So. Penn. Oil	312	312	312	105	Std. Oil, N.J.	593	580	595
95	Std. Oil, Cal.	258	250	255	175	Std. Oil, N.Y.	282	276	280

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

3,000	‡Allen Oil	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	5,000	‡Midw. Oil	137	132	134
10,000	‡Ark. Pet.	48	46	48	1,000	‡ Do pf	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
2,500	‡Barn'tO.&G.	1⅝	*1⅛	1½	3,500	‡MidwestRef.	183	172	178
55,000	‡Bos.-Wyo. (a pros.)	36	29	35	1,000	‡N. Y.-Okla.	¾	¾	¾
425	‡Con. Mex. (a pros.)	42	41	41	300	‡N. Y.& Tex.	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
3,000	‡Cosden Oil	10⅝	10⅛	10⅛	25,000	‡N. W. Oil	80	75	78
8,900	‡CrosbyPet. (a pros.)	67	63	64	60,000	‡Okla. Oil	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
4,200	Cumb.P.& R.	1⅛	1	1⅛	3,000	‡ Do pf	50	45	50
5,000	‡Elk Basin	11¼	11	11⅛	4,800	Okla. P. & R.	9⅝	9¼	9⅛
3,500	‡Elkland&G. G.(a pros.)	⅞	¾	¾	3,000	‡Omar O.&G.	27	26	27
12,000	‡Esmeralda	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1,800	Osage-Hom.	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝
1,800	‡Federal Oil	4⅝	4½	4⅝	5,000	‡Ven.Am.Pet.	51⅞	*50	51
9,000	‡Friar Oil	⅝	⅝	⅝	200	‡Pawhuska	¼	¼	¼
2,700	‡Hend. Farm	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1,850	‡Penn.-Ky.	*6⅛	5⅝	6
200	‡Houston Oil	19	19	19	1,900	‡Penn. - Ohio Oil & Gas.	12¼	12¼	12¼
3,000	‡Indian Pet.	13⅛	12⅞	13⅛	7,400	‡Rice Oil	⅞	⅝	⅞
10,300	Kenova Oil (a pros.)	⅝	½	⅝	800	‡Sapul.O.&R.	10⅝	10⅛	10⅝
325	Keyst'e Con.	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	100	Savoy Oil	9¼	9¼	9¼
900	‡Rock.-Wyo.	4½	4½	4½	8,300	Sequoy.O.&R.	1⅛	1	1⅛
200	‡ Do pf	10¼	10¼	10¼	9,800	‡TuxpamStar	1⅝	1½	1⅝
800	‡Lost City	½	½	½	17,000	‡Unit. West	⅞	¾	⅞
6,000	‡Merrit Oil	37⅛	36½	37	1,150	‡Victoria Oil, new stock.	7⅝	7⅛	7⅝
4,800	Met. Petrol.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1,200	‡W.StatesPet.	½	½	½
					6,300	‡Wyo.O.& R.	⅞	⅞	⅞
					200	‡Wyo. United Oil, new	5⅛	5	5⅛

MINING STOCKS.

1,100	Acme C. -H.	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1,000	Jos.-K.(a p.)	¾	¾	¾
700	Al.-Brit.Col. Metals	⅜	⅜	⅜	4,000	‡Jumbo Ext.	26	26	26
1,000	Alaska Min.	⅝	⅝	⅝	2,500	‡Jumbo M. of N.M. (pros.)	27½	27½	27½
500	‡All.-Std.Cp.	25	25	25	400	Kerr Lake	5⅞	5⅝	5⅝
7,000	‡Ariz.-Corn. (a pros.)	1⅛	1	1⅛	100	Louisl. Con.	⅞	⅞	⅞
15,000	‡Atlanta	11	10	11	250	‡Magm.Cop.	25	23	24
200	‡Austin	⅜	⅜	⅜	2,300	‡Magnate Co.	⅜	⅜	⅜
7,000	Big L. Cop.	1⅝	1½	1⅝	2,500	‡Marsh Min.	16½	16	16
2,000	‡Booth	8	8	8	500	Mason Val.	7	6⅞	7
12,000	‡Bos. & Mon.	75	65	70	7,000	McK.-Darr.	61	61	61
500	‡Butte Min.	1½	1½	1½	1,700	‡Milford Cop.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
500	Butte C.& Z., v. t. ctfs.	9⅝	9½	9⅝	1,000	‡Mogul Min.	75	75	75
3,000	Butte Det.	1⅛	⅞	1⅛	3,500	‡Moth.Lode.	35	32	33
3,700	‡Caledonia	73	71	72	4,700	‡Mons. Chief	⅞	⅞	⅞
12,000	‡Cal. & Jer.	1⅝	1½	1⅝	200	‡E. Hka.M.	⅞	⅞	⅞
200	Canada Cop.	2½	2⅜	2⅜	25,300	‡Nat. Leas.	24	23	24
6,000	‡ Do rights.	5	6	5	6,000	‡N. Z. & L.	40	37	38
7,500	‡Cashboy	9	8	9	450	Nicklas Min.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
2,000	CerroGordoM.	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	2,000	‡Nipiss. Mine	8⅝	8½	8½
5,200	‡Coco R. M.	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	3,700	‡Port. C.Cop.	33	29	29
7,000	Con.Ariz.Sm.	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	7,000	‡Rich. M. M. & R.	⅜	⅜	⅜
3,500	Con. Cop. M.	10⅛	9⅝	9⅝	2,500	‡Roch. Mines	56	54	55
500	‡Con.-H'st'd.	⅝	⅝	⅝	2,500	S. K. of Ar.	⅞	⅞	⅞
8,000	Cress.Con.G.	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	200	S. K. of Ut.	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛
500	Crystal M.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	500	St. Sil'v-Ld.	41	41	41
10,000	‡Emma Con.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	2,500	‡Success M.	30	29	29
7,000	‡Fort. Con.	18	17	18	300	Sup. Cop., (a prospect)	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
325	‡Glia Cop.	18⅝	16½	18½	220	Tonopah Ex.	2½	2⅜	2½
2,500	‡Gold Con.	52	51	51	3,000	‡Troy Ariz.	19	19	19
2,000	‡Gt. Bend.	10	10	10	1,100	‡U. S. Tung.	24	24	24
1,000	‡Greenm. M.	⅛	⅛	⅛	400	Unity G. M.	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜
725	Hecla Min.	9½	9½	9½	10,000	‡Utah N. M.	83	83	83
100	Hud.B.Z.M.	1	1	1	7,500	‡Utlinta	28	*23	25
2,500	‡Jim Butler	97	95	95	2,500	‡W. E. Con.	74	72	74
5,500	‡Jerome Ver., (a pros.)	2¼	2	2¼	7,500	‡Wilbert M.	31	30	31
					3,500	‡Ver. Mt. C.	24	22	23

BONDS.

$6,000	‡Beth. Steel 5s, 2-yr. n.	98¼	98¼	98¼	$40,000	‡Gt. Nor. 3-yr. n., w. i.	98	97⅞	97⅞
30,000	Can. Gov. 5s	97	96⅞	97	13,000	‡Russ. G.6½s	81½	81¼	81¼
60,000	‡Can. No. 6s, w. i.	99	98¾	99	*Odd lot. ‡Sell cents per share. ‡Unlisted.				
20,000	‡G. El. 6s, n.	101⅞	101⅞	101⅞					

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Bid and asked quotations of stocks not traded in compared with those of previous days:

INDUSTRIALS.	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Wed'sday. Bid.	Wed'sday. Ask.
Aetna ctfs. of deposit	5	6	5	6
Am. Bdy. Mtg.	6	10	6	10
Do pf	30	35	30	35
Am. Drug. S.	10	15	10	15
Am. Nit. of C.	17	20	17	20
Am. Stores	..	35	..	35
Do 1st pf.	96	98	96	98
Am. Tin & T.	½	¾	½	¾
Atlantic Steel	140	160	140	160
Boyd Motors, (a prospect)	3⅞	4	3⅞	4
Br.-Am. Tob., ordinary	17⅛	17½	17⅛	17½
Br.-Am. Tob., Ord. B	18	18½	18	18½
But. Judson	60	65	60	65
Carbon Steel	96	98	96	98
Can. Nat. Gas	⅛	⅜	⅛	⅜
Chalmers Mot.	10	12	10	12
Charcoal Iron	8½	9	8½	9
Do pf	6	6½	6	6½
Cit. Serv., w.i.	28⅜	29	28⅜	29
Do pf., w. i.	84⅜	85	84⅜	85
Con. Motors	5	10	5	10
Cramp Ship	80	90	80	90
Curtiss A. pf.	78	82	78	82
Eastern Steel	122	127	122	127
Electric Gun	⅜	⅞	⅜	⅞
Falls Motors	7	9	7	9
Free. T. n.	44	47	44	47
Grant M.Car.	4½	5½	4½	5½
Hall Sig. pf.	12	20	12	20
Havana Tob.	2	3	2	3
Do pf	4	5	4	5
Hendee Mfg.	30	34	30	34
Holly Sug. pf.	101	102	101	102
Intercon. Rub.	10⅛	11½	10⅛	11½
Int. M. 2d pf.	15	30	15	30
Int. A. & F.	27½	..	27½	..
Int. T. Corp.	⅛	⅜	⅛	⅜
Do pf	1	1½	1	1½
Kath. Bze.pf.	1½	2½

ANCIENT JERUSALEM A MODERN FORTRESS

Turks, Directed by German Experts, Turn City Into a Great Stronghold.

SAFE FROM FRONT ATTACK

Returned Missionaries Doubt if the Place Can Be Taken Except by Flanking.

Jerusalem, one of the objectives of the British campaign in Palestine, is now a strongly fortified city, protected by modern armament, and its Turkish defenders, officered by Germans of high command, have prepared a defense which, to be overcome, will require an effort on a parity with the trench campaign in Flanders, according to members of a party of missionaries which arrived here this week from Turkey and surrounding mission fields.

A spokesman for the party, who for several years was in charge of the work of a foreign mission board at a city in Palestine, asserted that, in his opinion, Jerusalem could never be taken by a frontal attack, and could only be conquered by extensive flanking operations. This defense of the Turks, he said, had been prepared with every ingenuity of the German military mind, and it had been under way since January.

"In December, or even in January," he declared, "the city could have been taken with ease by a single army corps."

The Turks, however, as well as their German allies to the north of the city, are not being allowed to rest in peace, he added, but are being continually subjected to air raids from the British camp.

"Reports that have gone forth from German sources that the British are destroying sacred relics on Mount Olivet are inspired propaganda," he continued. "The historic mountain has been subjected to aerial bomb attack, but nothing of value to Christianity has been destroyed, for the reason that there is nothing there of that nature, aside from the mountain, to destroy.

"The only structure of any consequence on the mount is a German school—and that has been taken over by the Turkish military authorities and is used as headquarters by Djemal Pasha and his staff."

The missionaries said there was both plenty and starvation in Turkey—the army officers have the former and the people have the latter—but such is the hold the military authorities have that the people dare not rebel.

"As regards the war, the Turkish forces seem to be well established and able to hold their own for a considerable time to come," the spokesman continued. "The Turkish Army has constantly been underestimated, and, as a consequence, failures have resulted to the Allies. The fact that the people of the country are starving will not make the slightest difference to the Government in prosecuting the war.

"Would Turkey be willing to conclude a separate peace? She is in the condition of a man holding a live wire—she would like to let go, but she can't. In spite of effusive journalistic declarations, Germany is undoubtedly the least loved country in Turkey.

"There are still remaining in Turkey about 120 Americans. There is no cause for alarm on the part of their friends, for, while they are surrounded with very trying conditions, they have the means of keeping themselves from want, and the attitude of the Government officials is, on the whole, friendly to Americans. The people of the country consider America their best friend."

The missionaries said that with the breaking of diplomatic relations with Turkey the centres through which they received help from relief societies and friends have been closed to them. In the interior mission work has largely ceased, owing to internal conditions and the seizing of buildings for military purposes. In Constantinople, Smyrna, and Beirut, however, the educational institutions have remained open, and apparently enjoy special favors from the Turkish Government.

There were fifty-seven persons in the party that reached here, including representatives of the Presbyterian Board of Foreign Missions, American Board, Christian Alliance, Roberts College, and the International College. They came from Constantinople, Smyrna, the interior of Asia Minor, Syria, and Jerusalem. They received permission to return home in May, but had to wait until July 27 for the American Government to visé their passports. Then they got a special train, which carried them to Switzerland, from which country they made their way to a French port.

FIRE STOPS 5TH AV. TRAFFIC

Ten Thousand Persons Watch Blaze in Thirty-fifth Street.

Fully ten thousand people watched a fire which started about 7 o'clock last night on the eighth floor of a building at 2 West Thirty-fifth Street, one side of which faces on Fifth Avenue. Traffic was jammed for blocks in every direction, hundreds of automobiles bearing theatre-goers being held up.

Miss Helen Steiner was attending a patron of her beauty parlor on the eighth floor of the building when she smelled smoke. Going into the hall, she saw that it was coming from the offices of the International Millinery Company on the same floor. She turned in a fire alarm. Notifying her patron, Miss Steiner, carrying her parrot, started downstairs. When she reached the sixth floor, she relinquished the parrot, which had not been heard from up to a late hour last night.

A passer-by turned in another alarm and in a few moments firemen were carrying hose to the eighth floor. Fireman Decey, who broke open the door of the millinery establishment, was knocked down by a back-draft, but in a few moments the fire was out. The damage was estimated at $20,000, all sustained by the millinery concern. There was no one in the office when the fire started.

R. J. Pierce Declared Incompetent.

Following a hearing in the Supreme Court yesterday, Justice Erlanger ordered that Robert J. Pierce, a dealer in druggists' supplies, be committed to the care of Jacob S. Ruskin, a personal friend, and to Clifford A. Pierce, his son, as mentally incompetent. Dr. Menas S. Gregory, Chief Alienist of Bellevue Hospital, testified as to the mental illness of Mr. Pierce. Mr. Pierce is 55 years old and gave Bloomfield, N. J., as his home.

Mary Lewin Smith Left $225,000.

PORT CHESTER, Aug. 23.—A report of Transfer Tax Appraiser W. C. Clark of Westchester County completed today, to be filed with Surrogate William Sawyer of Port Chester, values the estate of the late Mary Lewin Smith of Yonkers at $225,000. Over one-half of it, $118,000, which was distributed for charitable or philanthropic purposes, is exempt from taxation. The estate of the testatrix, who was the second wife of the late Alexander Smith, who founded the big carpet works in Yonkers, will yield an inheritance tax of $3,500 to the State. Smith died leaving several millions.

EXPLORER MACMILLAN EXPECTED HOME SOON

Museum Receives Wireless From the Neptune Saying All Are Well—Coming by Way of St. John's.

Donald B. MacMillan, the explorer, who has been in the polar country since 1913, when the expedition headed by him found that Crocker Land, thought to have been discovered by Robert E. Peary, did not exist, is on his way back to the United States. A wireless message from him received yesterday at the Museum of Natural History said he and the members of his party "probably will proceed to St. John's, N. F." It is supposed that they will make the return trip on the steamer Neptune, which left for the polar regions on July 10, last, as the third relief ship sent out to assist MacMillan and his party to return to this country. The explorer's message was addressed to Henry Fairfield Osborn, President of the Museum, and was sent from Etah, Greenland. It follows:

S.S. Neptune, via Nakkovich and Foge,
Aug. 22, 1917.

Henry Fairfield Osborn, President American Museum of Natural History, New York City:

All well. Every one and everything on board. Hovey left Disco by Hans Egede in July. Ice very heavy Belleville Bay. Captain Bartlett did fine work. Probably proceed to St. John's, N. F.

MacMILLAN.

The "Hovey" mentioned in the message is Dr. Edmund Otis Hovey, Curator of Geology at the American Museum of Natural History, who is expected to arrive in New York City in a few days.

The Hans Egede mentioned in the message is the steamship in which Dr. Hovey started his return voyage. The Captain Bartlett of the message is Captain Robert Bartlett, who commanded the ship in which Peary made the trip in 1906 when he reported the discovery of Crocker Land.

The return of the MacMillan party will end an expedition that was filled with hardships. The two expeditions that went to the relief of the MacMillan party before the Neptune both failed to reach the explorer's camp, and the party was compelled for a time to live on the fare of the Eskimos.

Although the nonexistence of Crocker Land prevented the main expedition from obtaining the information it had hoped to get, it collected a great deal of valuable data, made maps of unexplored parts of the coast, and is bringing back many records of great value to scientists.

Dean Keppel Stays in War Work.

Announcement was made at Columbia University yesterday of the granting of leave of absence to Frederick P. Keppel, Dean of Columbia College, for the next academic year, so he may continue the work which he is now doing in the War Department. Professor Herbert E. Hawkes, of the Department of Mathematics, has been appointed Acting Dean of the college during Dean Keppel's absence.

Taft Cancels Speaking Engagements

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 23.—Ex-President Taft will not be able to fill his Chautauqua dates in Chicago this week. He telegraphed today from Point Eapie, Quebec: "Am sorry to disappoint you, but my physician strongly urges me not to fill any engagements this month. Am gradually regaining my strength."

COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(c) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—A. N. Hand, J.—In Room 235, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Equity Call Calendar.
Taigman\v\J & D Elec. Nat X\Ray Ref Co\Stansky Mfg Co.
Buells, &c, Co\Gen Uniy Specialty Mfg Co\Gladstone.
Winslow\Stab.
Friedley-Voshardt Co\Univ Metal S & S.
Imp Sales Co\Delta Mfg Co.
Messler\Thomas Lasting Wave Co.
Kempton\Weisberg & Werner.
Low-Tausig-Karples Co\Indus Espanola.
Ina Press Co\Fed Motor.
Fischer\Hershovitz.
De Bekker\Frederick A Stokes Co.
Lathe Levy Bernhard Co\Follmer, Clegg.
Fischer\Keller.
Blades\Rose Litho.
Autoplano Co\Otto Higel Co, Inc.
Q Relief\Benj Harris.
Lyon Non-Skid Co\R V Hartford, Inc.
Bar Zim T. Mfg Co\J Z Mfg Co.
Aeolian Co\Schubert.
Schubert Piano Co\Aeolian Co.
Aeolian Co\J Doll & Son, Inc.
Wootten\Jorgenson.
Aeolian Co\M Welte & Sons, (2.)
Henderson & Ervin\Weber & Heilbronner.
Sam\Man Shirt Co.
A B Dick Co\Underwood Typewriter Co.
Mitchell\Allis Motors & Ft Dodge RR.
Richardson\Germania Bank.
Wm A Rogers, Lim\Rogers Sil R Bur.
Meccano, Lim\John Wanamaker, N Y.
Bronner\Toik.
Fischer\United Book.
Shubert T Co\Fine Arts Films Co.
Phillips\J Pratt Carroll.
Isnacs\Goldstein, Kirshner & Co.
Thie\Oppenheim, Collins & Co.
Nat X Ray Ref Co\Geo C Lynch Co.
Scandinavia B Co\Asbestos Rub Wks.
Best Elec Co\Benj Elec Mfg Co.
Overseas S Co\Geo M Dinkerson, Inc.
Madigan\Brindeze.
Gen Elec Co\Cont Fibre Co.
Williams\McLaughlin.
Supreme Council\Harrold.
Sardou\Fox Film.
Marconi\J H Bonnell.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—First Department—Recess.
APPELLATE TERM—First Department—For the hearing of appeals from the City Court and Municipal Courts.—Recess.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Guy, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Litigated motions.
Metcalf\Acme Cement.
Kuthe\Peter J. Mohan & Co.
Sheehy\Hooton.
Mulligan\Whitridge.
Goldberg\C I & B Klyn RR.
Re CNY, (Dist 48.)
Block\B R T Co.
Wiener\Wiener.
New Life Food Co\Watts, (2.)
Fielder\Watts.
Hungarian Gen Credit Bank\Tilsto Co.
Weisberg\Brill.
Wiener\Wiener.
Burns\Weil.
Karinsky\same.
Kelles\Douglass.
Sire\25th St. and 7th Av Realty Co.
Valle\Weil.
Cohen\Canavan Inv.
Just\Just.
Forman\Doerr.
Re E. Thompson Co\Lash.
Excelsior Saw Bank\Cohen.
Wheelock\Wheelock.
Packer\Packer.
Runtz\Ball.
Loos\Melnan.
Hopkins\Scott Excellator New England Bread Co.
Stalten\Akron Bldg Co.
Sarsohn\People's Theatre Co.
Schabert\Schultz.
Drake\Bogner.
Parranto\Canespe.
Ziegler\Paterno Bros.
Keener\W & J Sloane, Inc.
Robinson\Hirschman.
German\Benesch.
PART II.—Erlanger, J.—Ex parte business at 10:30 A. M.
Excise cases:
Sisson\Scanlon.
PART III.—Recess.
PARTS IV., V., VI., VII. and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.
TRIAL TERM—(Extraordinary Term)—Sawyer, J.—Adjourned to Sept. 11.
TRIAL TERM—Part II.—Recess.
PARTS I., II., III., IV., V., VI., VII., VIII., IX., X., XI., XII., XIII., XIV., XV., XVI., XVII., and XVIII.—Adjourned for the term.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Fowler, S.—At 11 A. M.
Estates:
Susan H. Wolfe,
Geo. S. Lynde.
Wills for probate at 10:30 A. M.
Maria Buckley,
TRIAL TERM—Adjourned for the term.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Schmuck, J.—Litigated motions at 10 A. M.
Empire Motion Co\Mahled.
Lutz & Malay\Richards.
Gibell\Borden.
Katz\Schmer.
Goldenberg\Michelson.
Moses\Triangle Waist Co.
Rosenfield\Wear Well Ladies Apparel.
Males\Jacobs.
Ball & Ball\Barley.
Lederer\Goodman
Fisher
Lee\Kellner.
Berg\Williams.
Stewart Dist Co\Mosweeney.
PART II.—Schmuck, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.
TRIAL TERM—Parts I., II., III., IV., V., VI., VII., and VIII. adjourned for the term.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Guy, J. Re Converse—Philip J. Dunn.
Hoyt—August O. Kleger.
Peters\Loretta Corp.—Geo. W. Simpson.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Erlanger, J. Agnes M. Smyth\Geo. M. Hammond—James R. Martin.
Ward Bak\C&Sm Inv. Co.—Geo. A. Lapp.
Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum\Rosalie J. G. Jaffe—Joseph P. Morrissey.
Hay Finkelstein\Katherine M. Rousse—John V. Coggey.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Mitchell, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM—Mitchell, J.—Motion calendar.
Michaels\Michaels.
Morgwestern\Briggs Bldg Co.
Flannery\Clasen Beach Rty Co.
Kuse\Porak Fdn & Mfg Co.
Goldkranz\Goldkranz.
Re Greenberg.
Farmers Loan & Tr Co\Fisher.
Pagano\Pagano.
Dollock\Greene Auto Van Co.
Oberman\981 Union Av Corp.
TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Mitchell, J.—No day calendar.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Coville, J.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Coville, J.—No day calendar.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Mitchell, J.—Elsman\Strauss et al—Albert H Vitale.
Dunford\Dunford et al—Robert H Bergman.

Receiver Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Mitchell, J.—Theresia Loessel\Charles Alexander MacPherson et al—Peter A Edmiston.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Recess.
APPELLATE TERM—Second Department—Recess.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Scudder, J. At 10 A. M. Motions.
Ellasberg\Schack.
MacLeod\MacLeod.
Hillin\Peirson.
Re Prospect Place (Vanderveer).
Kasdorf\Kasdorf.
Re St. Felix Av.
Sheriff\Sheriff.
Rosebrock\Warmbold.
Re Smollen, (Crane.)
Goodman\Taggart Bldg Co.
Penn Oil Co\Man Av Garage.
Sahlender\Block.
Bishop\Bishop.
Montant\Maudie.
Northside Bank\Wilmore Realty Co.
Dezzio\Dezzio.
Klarman\Klarman.
Seaton\Lewen.
Gugel\Hiscox.
Bauer\Austin.
Empire Iron Works\Thomas.
Vincent\Ludwig.
Connell\Nelson.
Re N Y Av School Site.
Co-op Fire Ins Co\Rader.
Pirone\Di Eso.
Chigorinsky\Yoerger.
Scott\Scott.
Connell\Nelson.
PART II.—Aspinall, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.
SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Adjourned for the term.
TRIAL TERM—Adjourned for the term.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Ketcham, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

CIVIL—Adjourned for the term.

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD.

The upper Fifth Avenue residential centre furnished a good deal yesterday in the sale of the five-story American basement dwelling at 1,000 Fifth Avenue by Mrs. Katharine G. Lower. The house covers a plot 25 by 100, between Eighty-first and Eighty-second Streets, opposite the Metropolitan Museum of Art. It adjoins the twelve-story apartment house on the northeast corner of Eighty-first Street.

William A. White & Sons acted as the brokers for the owner. Albert B. Ashforth, who represented the buyer, resold the property to an out-of-town purchaser, who intends to occupy the residence as his New York home.

Upper Manhattan Apartment Deal.

In the upper Manhattan section the five-story apartment house on the southwest corner of Pinehurst Avenue and 186th Street, was sold by an investor through Harold M. Silverman of the office of Charles S. Kohler for the United State Mortgage and Trust Company. It covers a plot 50 by 112.6.

The property is assessed at $79,000, and was recently taken in foreclosure by the seller, the encumbrance amounting to over $71,000.

Buyers for Private Dwellings.

Moore, Schutte & Co. sold 530 West 142d Street, a three-story and basement private dwelling, on a lot 20 by 99 feet, for Amelia E. Mohr to a client for occupancy.

Mariano L. Mora and others have sold the four-story and basement dwelling at 63 West Seventieth Street, on lot 20 by 100.11, adjoining the northeast corner of Columbus Avenue. The sellers had owned the property since 1891.

Tenement Sale.

George N. Bruno & Co. sold through the Cruikshank Company, for the Union Trust, 2,070 Second Avenue, a four-story tenement house, with stores, on a lot 25 by 75.

Recent Buyers.

Henry R. Morse is the buyer of 144 West 119th Street, sold last week.

The Dorsma Corporation, formed last week, is the buyer of the one-story garage on the east side of St. Nicholas Avenue, 162 feet south of 162d Street.

$9,000 for Croker's Stock Farm.

Richard Croker's old stock farm at Richfield Springs, N. Y., was sold at auction yesterday in the Vesey Street salesroom by Joseph P. Day for $9,000 to William T. Weldon, Postmaster of Richfield Springs. There was practically no bidding. The property was originally knocked down to Peter Tivnan, who was said to have acted for the owning interests, for $8,500. A private sale of the auction contract was made a few minutes later by Mr. Day to Mr. Weldon at an advance of $500. The estate contains over 300 acres with buildings. Many of Mr. Croker's racing horses were raised on this farm. He is said to have spent $100,000 on the place.

Bronx Properties Traded.

Frederick C. Solz purchased from the Harsin Building Corporation the four-story apartment house 881 Beck Street, on a plot 83.3 by 125. The buyer gave in part payment a plot of lots on the west side of Broadway, 271 feet south of West 238th Street, being 50 feet on Broadway and 147 and running through 52 feet on Kingsbridge Road. Joseph A. Blackner and Ida Hillman negotiated the sale.

Brooklyn.

Kurz & Uren, Inc., have sold for William H. Miller a plot 50 by 102 located at the northeast corner of Forty-fifth Street and Second Avenue, Brooklyn.

The Jerome Property Corporation sold 543 Fourth Street, between Eighth and Nine and Prospect Place, a four-story eight-family modern apartment house on a plot 37.6 by 105, for a client. The buyer is an investor.

Queens Borough Sales.

E. Johannes purchased from O. Gottlieb a parcel 100 by 150 on the west side of Church Street, north of Division Avenue, Richmond Hill.

T. A. Wells purchased from M. Figge a plot 100 by 100 at the southwest corner of Belleview Avenue and Palatina Avenue, Hollis.

George H. Alexander, referee in foreclosure, sold to H. I. Roche a plot 100 by 115 on the west side of Villiard Avenue, 100 feet north of Belleview Avenue, Hollis. The price was $1,000 over and above the incumbrances.

Estate Sale at Newark.

Robert B. Stoutenburgh has sold for the estate of Henrietta De Crane the property at 72 Walnut Street, Newark, N. J., to Carrington & Co., jewelers. The beneficiaries of the estate include the American Tract Society, the Board of Foreign Missions, and the Board of Home Missions of the Presbyterian Church.

New Jersey.

Joseph P. Day sold at public auction in the Vesey Street Salesroom yesterday factory buildings and dwellings, on a plot 483 by 135 by irregular, on High Street and Fourth Avenue, Elizabeth, N. J., to Nathan Finkel for $10,000.

Two Greenwich Deals.

G. R. Fowler of New York City, President of the North American Sugar Company, has purchased the residence of W. C. Squire, Sd, in Rock Ridge, Greenwich, Conn., and will make it his home. Perry D. Bogue has also sold his house adjoining the Squire property, which he purchased from Mr. Squire several years ago, to I. Newton Lewis of Greenwich.

Commercial Leases.

Goodale, Perry & Dwight, Inc., leased the store and basement at 64-66 East Eleventh Street to the Cape Trading Company for a long term of years.

Charles F. Noyes Company has leased to the International Millinery Company of Syracuse a shop in the Strand Theatre Building for a term of six years at an aggregate rental of $35,000.

The Brett & Goode Company has leased the stores known as 19 and 21 West Forty-fourth Street, in the new Berkeley Building, for the Berkeley Arcade Corporation to Morton W. Smith & Co.

The Charles Riegelman Company, manufacturers of feathers and flowers, for many years located around Broadway and Bond Street, has leased for a long term of years the entire corner tenth loft at Broadway and Thirty-fifth Street in the Johnson Building. The lease was arranged by Bleimann & Co., as brokers, the owners, the Broadway-Thirty-fifth Street Realty Company, being represented by F. & G. Pflomm. The rentals will aggregate about $100,000.

Building Committee Meets.

The committee recently organized, representative of building and other allied interests, held a preliminary meeting yesterday in the rooms of the Building National Exchange in the Woolworth Building. Another meeting will be held next week, when arrangements will be made for a mass meeting in the City Hall, at which delegates from all building material trades, property owners' associations, and other bodies will be invited to discuss the question of the high cost of building in an effort to relieve existing conditions. Word was received by the committee that the Federal Trades Commission has sent two men to this city to investigate building conditions. The members of the committee are C. J. Curtin, Chairman; Elliott Smith, Allen E. Beale, Walter C. Schultz, and George A. Molitor.

Realty Notes.

A new schedule of fees for the Register's Office, New York County, goes into effect on Sept. 1.

Thomas Healy has awarded Charles A. Cowen & Co. the general contract for remodelling the Astor Market, at Broadway and Ninety-fifth Street, into a high-grade restaurant.

Plans were filed yesterday for the Van Amringe Memorial on South Field, Columbia University. The building will be 23 feet in height and 26.6 by 26.5 in dimensions. The cost is estimated at $17,000. McKim, Mead & White are the architects.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.
By Samuel Marx.

Houston St, 111-117, s w corner of Chrystie St, 100x164.9, eight-story Thomashefsky Theatre Building; readvertised for Sept. 11. Stanton St, 265, s s, 75 ft w of Columbia St, 25x100, and 97 Columbia St, abutting 25x75, five-story factory; Isabella Loring et al, trustees, against Mrs. G. B. Miller & Co. Tobacco Manufactory; Harold Swain, attorney; due, $24,337.60; taxes, &c., $1,355.75; to the plaintiff for $23,000.

By Joseph P. Day.

133d St, 8 East, s s, 135 ft e of 5th Av, 25x99.11, four-story flat; Jacob H. Gorth against Emma Isenberg et al; Herbert Cracauer, attorney; due, $16,812.48; taxes, &c., $231.30; to the plaintiff for $6,800.

By Arthur C. Sheridan.

6th St, 807 East, n e, 125 ft e of Avenue D, 24.11x90.10, four-story stable; Flora Stark against Federal Mart and General Export Co, et al; Nathan Friedman, attorney; due, $2,187.15; taxes, &c., $549.24; prior mtg, $12,000; to the plaintiff for $15,500.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.
By George Price.

146th St, 430 East, s s, 425 ft e of Willis Av, 25x100, five-story tenement; adjourned to Sept. 6.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

THURSDAY, AUG. 23.
With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

AVENUE A, 171, w s, 23.8 ft s of 11th St, 23.8x94; Joseph Pilewitz to Yetta Pilewitz, 246 Schneider Av, Brooklyn, "a gift"; mtg $18,000, Aug. 13; attorney, Harry M. Goodman, 299 Broadway.....$100
BAYARD ST, 83, s s, 25x75; Morris Sinlansky to Israel Weschnitz, 1,652 Madison Av, mtg $14,000, b. and s., Aug. 14....$100
BROOME ST, 107, s e corner Willett St, 23x75; Ray Grenich to Bernard A. Ottenberg, 495 West End Av, mtg $20,000, Aug. 8, attorneys, Elkus, G. & P., 111 Broadway.$100
LEWIS ST, 86, e s, 145 ft s of Stanton St, 20x100; Nassau Beekman Investing Co. to Carmana Realty Co., 123 Lockwood Ave, New Rochelle, N. Y., b. and s., all liens, Aug. 1; attorneys, Amend & A., 119 Nassau St.....$1
LUDLOW ST, 141 and 143, w s, 213 ft s of Stanton St, 37.6x87.10; Harris Scal to Le Scal Realty Corporation, 121 Penn St, Brooklyn, mtg $50,000, all liens, Aug. 20; attorney, Paul Hellinger, 320 Broadway.....$100
MADISON ST, 94, s s, 25x100; Abr. Levenstein et al to Sarah Levenstein, 207 West 124th St, and Stella Levenstein, 207 West 110th St, all liens, Aug. 21; attorney, Max Salomon, 5 Beekman St.....$1
MADISON ST, 98, s s, 25.1x100; Abr. Levenstein et al to same, all liens, Aug. 21; attorney, same.....$1
MANHATTAN AV, 442, e s, 67.7 ft s of 119th St, 33.4x95; John J. and Julia Schwartz to Johanna Schwartz and Julia Bergman (Schwartz,) 604 West 179th St, all liens, Aug. 21; attorney, Jacob Cohen, 150 Broadway.....$100
MONROE ST, n s, 185.10 ft w of Montgomery St, 26.7x100; Harris Scal to Le Scal Realty Corporation, 121 Penn St, Brooklyn, mtg $34,500, all liens, Aug. 20; attorney, Paul Hellinger, 320 Broadway.....$100
NORFOLK ST, 46 w of Montgomery St, 44.8x75; Harris Scal to Le Scal Realty Corporation, 121 Penn St, Brooklyn, mtg $30,500, b. and s., all liens, Aug. 20; attorney, Paul Hellinger, 320 Broadway.....$100
PECK SLIP, e s, bounded n by land of Benjamin Egbert and s by land of Jasper Ward, 20x50; Ada N. Stern to Lazy Fish Co., 24 Peck Slip, mtg $2,000, Aug. 22; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100
LYON AV, n w corner of Zerega Av, 120x50; Norbert Rohillard Co. to Norbert and Joseph Rohillard, 2,363 Lyon Av, Aug. 18; attorney, William Peters, 1,044 East Tremont Av.....$100
SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, e s, 598.10 ft s of Aldus St, runs s e 207 x n 107.7 x n w 142.8; Olds Holding Corporation to D. & D. Improvement Corporation, 524 Willis Av, mtg $100,000, Aug. 22; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.$100
SOUTHERN WESTCHESTER TURNPIKE, n w corner Union Av, 150x196.6x150x195; Ferdinand Co., Inc., to Mutual Life Insurance Co. of New York, 34 Nassau St, Aug. 20; attorney, Mutual Life Insurance Co., 34 Nassau St.....$1
SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, e s, 598.10 ft s of Aldus St, runs s e 207 x n 107.7 x n w 142.8; John B. Simpson, Jr., executor to Olds Holding Corporation, 217 Broadway, Aug. 22; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$100
SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, e s, 448.5 ft s of Aldus St, strip 0.8x — x — x200; William J. Simpson and another, exrs., to Olds Holding Corp., 217 Broadway, Aug. 14; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$100
SAME PROPERTY; John B. Simpson to same, Aug. 22; attorney, same.....$1
SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, e s, 448.5 ft s of Aldus St, 136.4x182.8x151.8x200; also Southern Boulevard, e s, 598.10 ft s of Aldus St, runs s e 207.7x n 107.7x w 142.8; John B. Simpson, Jr., exrs., to Olds Holding Corp., 217 Broadway, Aug. 22; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$100
LORIMER ST, s s, 125 ft w of Alexander Av, 20x100; Clara Ellner to Alexander S. Newman, 63 West 29th St, Bayonne, N. J., Aug. 22; attorney, D. Newman, 261 Broadway.....$1
140TH ST, n s, 725 ft e of Willis Av, 37.6x100; Hattie Rosenfeld and another to Augusta Herz, 485 East 140th St, mtg $25,000, June 22; attorney, A. Herz, 485 East 140th St.....$100

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

MADISON ST, 91; Louisa Rohner Chase, individually and admx., against Arthur F. Mathis et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, G. F. Grainger.
STANTON ST, 162; Glens Falls Insurance Co. against Marie Kahrs et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Cary & Carroll.
112TH ST, 24 West; Julius Herwitz against Charles Wersha et al, foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, A. I. Spiro.
156TH ST, n s, 318 ft w of 7th Av, 17x99.11; Helen J. Duncan against Simon Engel et al, foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, M. F. Ferris.

Bronx.

AQUEDUCT AV East, 2,258; Fannie Rauschkolb against Charles Levy et al, foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, H. R. Ellis.
JEROME AV, n w corner of North St, 18x70.6; Harry H. Hughes against Mabel Goodwin et al, foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, E. D. Loughman.
LOT 658, map of Wakefield, 24th Ward; Porter Schweickert against Charlotte Sowden et al, action to foreclose transfer of tax lien; attorney, R. Brisach.
PLOTS 11, 12, 4, 5, 6, 7, 2, 3, and 1, gores 50 and 51, and the southerly 74.3 ft of Plot 10, map of Village of Wakefield; Frances Gualdo Greeley against E. C. Holt-Inc & Co., et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Hirleman & Vaughan.
POWERS AV, s e corner of 142d St, 50x99.2; Herman Ledloy Edgar et al., as trustees against Joseph Barron et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Cadwalader, Wickersham & Taft.
SO. ONS AV, n w s, 49.9 ft n of 148th St, 33.2x99.8; Daniel Schatz against Charles G. Kirchhof et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, G. D. Zahn.
STORY AV, n s, 100 ft e of Olmstead Av, 16.8x103.7; Frank Reitmeier et al. against Adam Mink et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, M. B. McHugh.
STORY AV, n s, 116.8 ft e of Olmstead Av, 16.8x103.7; Frank Reitmeier et al. against Adam Mink et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, M. B. McHugh.
WASHINGTON AV, n s, 109.5 ft s of 176th St, 58.4x140.9; New York Investors Corp. against Katie Frick et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, H. Swain.

Delightful All-Year Villa Close to Water

A Rare Bargain,
$8,600. Easy Terms.
10 ROOMS, 3 BATHS
Ideal Commutation. Express Service.
A large, well-built Home, high in healthy hills. Has tremendous veranda, open terrace and sleeping porch; the large living room with open fireplace is a feature of the house. Golf, country club, school, churches near by; select neighborhood. Write, call or 'phone for photographs.
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X 8,000 acres oil and agricultural land near Houston, Texas. X
Just 12 miles from the city of Houston, Texas. Good, black soil—3 miles navigable water frontage—on trunk line railroad with two stations on land—paved road through land.
Has good prospects for oil.
Will exchange for income bearing property.
For full particulars call on or address
X Glenn Nichols, Room 307 Wolcott Hotel, New York, N. Y. X

REAL ESTATE WANTED.
PLOT WANTED
on Washington Heights or lower Manhattan suitable for public garage. Client will rent or buy and build. Principals only.
WARREN & SKILLIN,
174 Fulton Street, N. Y.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.
Site for
WAREHOUSE, GARAGE, FACTORY
154 feet front. Nineteenth St., near 7th Ave. Attractive Price.
HORACE S. ELY & COMPANY,
31 Liberty Street.

Vacant Near Herald Square
five floors and basement of modern fireproof manufacturing building; excellent light; 200 feet opposite New York Telephone Company's new building; near subway, Hudson tubes, Penn. station. Will divide or rent entire. See Mr. Davis or Mr. Smith, 257 West 36th St., New York.

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BEFORE YOU SIGN
THAT LEASE FOR YOUR
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See our Model Semi-Detached Brick Private Houses with sun parlors, latest improvements; with or without garage. Only 20 minutes' time, 24 minutes from Municipal Building, N. Y. This Subway will operate to Broadway and 14th St., N. Y., on or before Sept. 4th. Fare 5 cents. Price, $4,500 to $6,500; $750 cash—rest you are now paying will pay the rest. Consult us.
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CALL, WRITE OR PHONE TODAY
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Property Office opposite 222 Avenue Station of the Sea Beach Subway.

SEE
Our Comfort Homes with garage, open fireplace, sleeping porch, etc., or send for booklet.
JOHN F. CHURLO,
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Sea Beach Subway from Municipal Bldg.

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CALIF SEMI-BUNGALOW
built for all-year home; 7 rooms, bath, steam heat, 4,000 square feet of lawn; refined neighborhood; sidewalks; electricity, gas, sewer, privilege of restricted bathing beach, yacht club; free mooring for your motor boat; about three minutes walk from pier and station; 30 minutes to Herald Square; will sell to responsible party for $500 cash, balance very easy terms. R. B. S., 243 West 34th St., New York City.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.
IDEAL SMALL FARMS
HOUSE & 2 ACRES, $1,350
On North Shore, commuting distance, near fresh water lake; boating, bathing and fishing; best property for chickens, vegetables, fruit and berries.
ACRE FARMS, FRUIT AND SHADE TREES, $250.
$25 DOWN--$5 MONTHLY
Call or write at once for free R. R. tickets.
B., SMALL FARMS,
165 Flatbush Ave., Brooklyn.

For Sale—Great Bargain—Must Sell
Beautiful one-family new brick house, all improvements; streets, sewers, sidewalks, water, gas and electric light; no assessments; seven rooms and bath, steam heat; in highly restricted section; cost $7,500, will sell for $5,950; 18 minutes from New York or Brooklyn—2 blocks north of big station, Jamaica. Apply any day at 61 Middletown Street, Jamaica, Long Island.

3-ROOM BUNGALOW
just completed; owner cannot occupy; 2 full acres; shaded property; bargain of the year; worth $2,000; will sell to quick buyer for $1,350; must have $350 cash, balance very easy terms. B. OWNER, 243 W. 34th St., New York City.

9½ Acres, or Part, Water Front Estate.
Large House, Modern Barn, Garage, etc. Orchard, Farm, etc., near New York City. Tindall, 1761 Broadway. Tel. Circle 2474.

Douglas Robinson
Charles S. Brown Co.
say:
We have found your work to be very satisfactory and cheerfully recommend your services to anybody desiring the same.
We guarantee to absolutely exterminate all Bugs, Roaches, Ants, Fleas, Rats, Mice, Beetles, etc.
Send for estimates, and full information. Out-of-town as well as city work taken care of by our experts.
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5-room bungalows, all improvements. 40 minutes from Penn. Station. Also, some waterfront plots. Will build to suit. Can be bought on very reasonable terms. Box A. K., T 88 Times.

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Farm Buyers!
I have the biggest 200 acre Farm bargain (first class buildings) that I have seen in New Jersey this year; a rare combination of soil, water and; splendid location and uncommon figure; write or see me about it.
Howard Goldsmith, 110 W. 34th St.

FOR REAL ESTATE,
Sale, rent or exchange, in the Oranges, Maplewood, Summit, Madison, Morristown and Bernardsville, consult
EDW. P. HAMILTON & CO.
96 B'WAY, N. Y., and ORANGE, N. J.
Since 1868.

BE

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent, unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

BROADWAY, 2,182 to 2,186; 77th St, 225 to 231 West, n s, 200 ft w of Amsterdam Av, runs w 50x n 25.6x w 98.4 to e s of Broadway x n 17.5x e 150.3x s 102.2 to beginning, leasehold, March 12; Otto W. Lowe to 2,182 Broadway Co., Inc., at 915 Gates Av, Brooklyn, due and mtg as per bond; attorney, Edgar R. Mead, 30 Church St.....$5,200

CENTRE ST, 29-31, triangular plot, 38.5 on Lafayette St, w s, 29.10 on s w s, and 23.5 on n w s, being all that part of former 27-31 Centre St which was not included in present Lafayette (formerly Elm) St, Aug. 15; Kate Sheetie to the Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, due and interest as per bond.....$4,000

7TH AV, 2,325-35, e s, 40 ft n of 146th St, 118.10x100, Aug. 22; Salie Gabriel to Nelly Reilly, 2,529 7th Av, installments monthly, $400 to $560, 6 p. c.; attorney, Joseph W. Mitchell, 233 Broadway.....$100

21ST ST, 40 West, s s, 250 ft w of 4th Av, 25x92, Aug. 3; Gertrude V. Morgan to John A. Stewart, 167 West 53d St, et al., as trustee in New York of the Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Co., installments, $150 month, prior mtg $89,000; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$7,200

40TH ST, 104 and 106 West, s s, 100 ft w of 6th Av, 50x98.9, Aug. 6; 104-106 West Fortieth Street Corp. to Harry W. Seller, 73 Malden Lane, due and interest as per bond, prior mtg $91,200; attorney, Joseph J. Baker, 24 Nassau St.....$2,000

107TH ST, n s, 368 ft e of 1st Av, 75x100.11; 107th St, n s, 343 ft e of 1st Av, 25x100.11, leasehold, Aug. 21; Joseph Weiss to Lois C. Freedman, 150 West 93d St, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, William H. Freedman, 233 Broadway.....$2,000

107TH ST, n s, 368 ft e of 1st Av, 75x100.11, leasehold, March 27; Joseph Weiss to Mary L. Handley, at Hauppauge, L. I., due Sept. 27, 1917, 6 p. c.; attorney, William A. Ferguson, 111 Broadway.....$6,000

121ST ST, 132 West, s s, 360 ft w of Lenox Av, 20x100.11, Aug. 22; George E. Maurer to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, due and interest as per bond.....$7,500

Bronx.

CROTONA AV, s e s, 40.6 ft s w of Fairmount Place, 31.11x90x35.11x80; Jacob Wolle and another to Bella Pistronk, 1,884 Crotona Av, Aug. 23, due Aug. 1, 1918; attorney, S. Greenbaum, 63 Park Row.....$4,000

JEROME AV, s e corner 184th St, 96x95; Arkilm Realty Co., Inc., to 135 Broadway Holding Corporation, 135 Broadway, Aug. 17, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway.....$50,000

SAME PROPERTY; same to 1834 Street Holding Corporation, 135 Broadway, prior mtg $50,000, Aug. 22, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, same.....$7,500

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, e s, 598.10 ft s of Aldus St, 207.7x irregular; Olds Holding Corporation to John B. Simpson, Jr., Bolton, N. Y., executor of William B. Simpson, Aug. 22, 3 years; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$71,000

SAME PROPERTY; same to Sellir Vicinanza, Bronx Av, Brooklyn, prior mtg $71,000, Aug. 22, 3 years; attorney, same.....$29,000

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, e s, 448.5 ft s of Aldus St; same to John B. Simpson, Jr., Bolton, N. Y., executor, Aug. 22, 3 years; attorney, same.....$60,000

137TH ST, 592 East, s s, 20.11x74.4; Eliz. A. Reid to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, Aug. 21, due, &c., as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co.....$3,000

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, 153-55, alt; John J. Mooney to Anthony Fiducolo, 54 East 4th St, and another, 10 years, from Sept. 1, 1917; attorney, Alfonso Bwona, 309 Broadway.

AVENUE A, 56; 3D St, 150-4 East, 44.6x76, alt; Henry Schmid to Berman Braunstein, 198 South 3d St, Brooklyn, 21 years, from April 1, 1917; address Braunstein, 198 Union St, and another.....$5,100

8TH AV, 2,568, s s, and b; Castilla Corp. to Horn & Hardart Co., 690 West 50th St, 21 5-12 years, from Sept. 1, 1917; attorney, S. J. Torkess, 288 Broadway.....$13,500

66TH ST, 225-7 West, n s, 375 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 50x100.5, fire-story garage, C. A. Bruhus, Inc., to Henry Anders, No 9 West 106th St, and another, 3 years, from May 1, 1917; attorneys, Hilliquit & Levine, 20 Church St.....$9,000

96TH ST, n s, 343 ft e of 1st Av, 25x100.11, all, Mary L. Handley to Joseph Weiss, 1,770 Madison Av, 21 years, from May 1, 1917; 21 years rental; attorney, William H. Freedman, 233 Broadway; taxes, $450 and.....$450

107TH ST, n s, 368 ft e of 1st Av, 75x100.11, the land; same to same, 21 years, from May 1, 1917, 21 years rental; attorney, same; taxes, &c., and.....$900

Bronx.

GRAND BOULEVARD AND CONCOURSE, e s, 47.5 ft n of 183d St, 100x34 all; J. Rice Co., Inc., to P. A. Butter Market, Inc., 2,415 8th Av, 19 11-12 years, from Aug. 15, 1917; attorney, H. Fried, 200 Broadway.....$750 to $1,500

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

BROADWAY, e s, 300 ft s of Astor Place, 60x.....to Lafayette St; Joshua Horrocks, Inc., against John Wanamaker, owner; Sexauer & Lemke, contractors.....$438

FIFTH AVE, 1 W s, 62.1 ft n of 43d St, 87.6x123; Solomon Labgroscfsky against Thomas T Sturges et al, owners; Harry Cohen, contractor.....$125

FORT WASHINGTON AVE, No. 271; Kirk & Simpson against Elo Building Co, owner and contractor.....$1,417

MORTON ST, s s, between Washington and Greenwich St; Joshua Horrocks, Inc., against Baker & Williams, owners; Sexauer & Lemke, contractors.....$96

16TH ST, No 216 East; White Star Iron Works, Inc., against Evans Hallett, owner and contractor.....$65

10TH ST, No 118-120 West; City Wire Works, Inc., against Brixton Operating Corporation, owner; United Roofing Works, Inc., contractor.....$70

74TH ST, No 39 West; Harry R Hoeber, against Alda T Tagliavia, owner; Frederick T Tagliavia, contractor.....$345

113TH ST, No 376-384 West; Carl Jacobs against Jacob Bashein, owner and contractor.....$620

Bronx.

COSTER ST, w s 325 ft s of Spofford Ave, 102x44; Joseph Lagana, against Arnold Sulzer, owner and contractor.....$125

GRAND BOULEVARD AND CONCOURSE, Nos 1220-1244; Robinson Dumbwaiter Co. Inc, against Dulcet Holding Corpn, owners and contractors.....$1,475

TREMONT AVE, No 1010; John H. Symmers Co, Inc, against Tremont Avenue Corpn, owners, Lustgarten Co, contractors.....$1,000

TREMONT AVE, No 1010; New Jersey Terra Cotta Co, against 1010 Tremont Avenue Corpn, owners, Lustgarten Co, Inc, contractors.....$1,475

TREMONT AVE, No 1010; Gronenberg & Leuchtag against 1010 Tremont Avenue Co, owners, Lustgarten Co, Inc, contractors.....$2,000

152ND ST, East, 751; Melrose Marble & Slate Works, Inc, against Louis Raffo, Caesar Raffo and Joseph Raffo, owners, Joseph A Dandero, contractor.....$90

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

2D AV, 1,464; Leonardo Cristaldi against Annie Fried et al., July 18, 1917.....$65

SAME PROPERTY; Abram Paer against Max Frank et al., July 18, 1917.....$300

SAME PROPERTY; same against same, July 18, 1917.....$100

16TH ST, 602-604 East; Joseph Walsh against Elizabeth A. Callan, July 31, 1917.....$100

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

Columbia University, 116th St and Amsterdam Av, for the Van Amringe Memorial Court, one story; Columbia University, owner; McKim, Mead & White, 101 Park Av, architects; Cost, $17,000.

Alterations.

21st St, 527-529 West, to a two-story stable, Margaret G. O'Connell, 526 West 21st St, owner; Fred P. Glasser, 70 Manhattan Av, architect; cost, $8,000.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SO. District N. Y.—No. 24,910.—In Bankruptcy.—CLIFFORD A. WILLIAMS, Bankrupt.

Creditors of said Clifford A. Williams are hereby given notice that on August 11th, 1917, he was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, N. Y. City, September 6th, 1917, at 10:40 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SO. District, N. Y.—No. 24,892.—In Bankruptcy.—PATRICK CONNELLY, Bankrupt.

Creditors of said Patrick Connelly are hereby given notice that on August 8th, 1917, he was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, N. Y. City, September 6th, 1917, at 10:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SO. District, N. Y.—No. 24,911.—In Bankruptcy.—PHILLIP MANDELMAN, Bankrupt.

Creditors of said Phillip Mandelman are hereby given notice that on August 14th, 1917, he was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, N. Y. City, September 6th, 1917, at 11:10 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

REAL ESTATE.

"A MOVE TO LONG ISLAND IS A WISE MOVE."

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

ON RIVERSIDE DRIVE.
For Sale or Rent.—3-story dwelling, above 80th St.; small amount of cash required; possession.
HORACE S. ELY & COMPANY,
21 Liberty St.

500 WEST END AV.—20x100, 4-story, basement, and cellar; 3-story extension; 3 bathrooms; electric lights, hardwood floors. Apply Morton W. Smith, owner, 126 West 52d St.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

Charming old cotage; new improvements; 4 rooms, $20 monthly; subway. V 61 Times.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

KEW GARDENS—ABOUT COMPLETED. SEVEN ROOM HOUSE.....$9,000
EIGHT ROOM HOUSE.....9,500
NINE ROOM HOUSE (2 BATHS).....11,500
BUILDER, PHONE 39 RICHMOND, PHONE 6028 MURRAY HILL.

CORNER HOUSE WITH GARAGE.
Price $3,250.
Six rooms, bath, steam heat, all improvements, located Carroll and Willow Sts., Jamaica. Henry Price, Owner, Jamaica, L. I.

OVERLOOKING L. I. SOUND.
25 minutes to N. Y.; house 7 rooms and bath; all improvements; can be bought very reasonable; write at once. T 90 Times.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

"HOMES AND ESTATES FOR SALE OR RENT.
ANGELL & CO., SCARSDALE, N. Y.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

IF YOU want to buy an old house, with a large plot of land for cultivation of vegetables, fruit, poultry, &c., house needing small repairs, near water and station, price $1,500, for $75 down and $10 monthly, write or call at once. B. STORE, 105 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

For Sale or to Lease.—A two-story brick and steel building suitable for large manufacturing enterprises; about 50,000 square feet of floor space; freight elevator, steam boiler, railroad siding; very reasonable terms. C. A. Schilling, Rockaway Beach, N. Y.

SEASHORE HOME, $2,000 on easy terms; beautiful location; facing bay and ocean; garden plot; nice locality; improvements; near trolley, school, stores, &c.; write for further particulars. SHORE HOME, Box 293 Times Downtown.

FREEPORT WATER FRONT.
Bungalows and houses, $2,500 up; also building lots on Randall Bay and Woodcleft Bay; low prices; cast terms; send for circular. JOHN J. RANDALL CO., Freeport, L. I.

New house, Garden City Estates, 8 rooms, 2 baths, garage; 2 blocks from depot; best neighborhood; low price, easy terms, or free lots, as first payment. F. L. Ferguson, 66 Orange St., Brooklyn.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

Modern home, 7 rooms, bath, gas, electricity, steam; low coal consumption; beautiful ground, 50x144; select neighborhood; shaded avenue; view; excellent condition; 40 minutes Broadway; bargain; $200 down, $35 monthly. Martin, 259 Boulevard, Hasbrouck Heights, N. J.

IF YOUR RENT is $300 a year or more you can buy my modern 9-room-and-bath home on all improvements, fully decorated, at a less monthly outlay, and in a few years you own it; 30 minutes out on Erie, near station and trolley. W. Brady, 21 Park Row.

Attractive country home, eight large rooms, bath; modern improvements; half acre; beautifully shaded;. convenient everything; express train service; sacrifice price. Frank Stevens, Ridgewood, N. J.

We specialize in Bergen and Rockland County real estate titles, our guaranteed mortgages are the safest first investment. Write for Booklet A. North Jersey Title Insurance Co., Hackensack, N. J.

At Mountain Station, South Orange, ten-room house, all improvements, $70 per month, or for sale. O. S. Thompson, 257 4th Av., New York. Telephone 3163 Gramercy.

7-Room stucco house, new, Maplewood, N. J.; all improvements; hot-water heat; built by owner; exceptional view; $7,400. W. S. Crittenden, 22 Park Av., Maplewood, N. J. Phone.

REFEREES' SALE.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW York.—VICTORIA LAUBY, Plaintiff, against JUSTIN COMMENT, et al., Defendants.

In pursuance of an interlocutory judgment of partition and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the 6th day of August, 1917, I, the undersigned, the Referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 14-16 Vesey St., in the Borough of Manhattan, City and County of New York, on the 7th day of September, 1917, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows: ALL that certain piece or parcel of land with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, in the County and State of New York, bounded and described as follows:

BEGINNING at a point on the easterly side of Suffolk Street, distant one hundred and twenty-five (125) feet and five (5) inches northerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the northerly side of Hester Street with the easterly side of Suffolk Street; running thence easterly, and parallel with Hester Street, one hundred (100) feet; thence northerly, and parallel with Suffolk Street, twenty-five (25) feet; thence westerly, and parallel with Hester Street, one hundred (100) feet; thence southerly, along the easterly side of Suffolk Street, twenty-five (25) feet to the point or place of beginning.

Dated, New York City, August 11, 1917.

WILLIAM P. MALONEY, Referee.

STEINER & PETERSEN, Attorneys for Plaintiff, 309 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

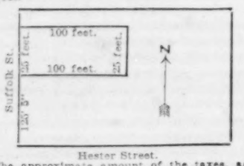
McDONALD, ROESCH & McDONALD, 115 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York;

GEORGE W. STAMM, 140 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York;

PENDRY & PENDRY, 1,012 Gates Avenue, Borough of Brooklyn, City of New York, Attorneys for Defendants.

CHARLES A. HICKEY, Guardian Ad Litem for Infant Defendant, 115 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

The following is diagram of the property to be sold. Its street number is 16 Suffolk Street.



Hester Street.

The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the Referee, is $4,000 and interest.

Dated, New York, August 8th, 1917.

WILLIAM P. MALONEY, Referee.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of WILLIAM P. BRAININ, Alleged Bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—No. 24,901.

To the creditors of the above-named alleged bankrupt:

Pursuant to an order of Hon. Augustus N. Hand, Judge, dated August 20th, 1917, the above entitled matter was referred to me as Referee for the purpose of composition before adjudication.

You are hereby notified that a meeting of creditors of the above-named alleged bankrupt will be held before me at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the 6th day of September, 1917, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, examine the alleged bankrupt, pass upon the composition offered by the alleged bankrupt therein, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated New York, August 23rd, 1917.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 24,853.

Notice is given that MORRIS SCHWINGER and EMANUEL GREENWALD, individually and as copartners trading as SCHWINGER & GREENWALD, alleged bankrupts, have applied for a confirmation of composition of all their debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this Court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Wednesday, September 5th, 1917, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why composition should not be confirmed.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SO. District, N. Y.—No. 24,922.—In Bankruptcy.—FLORENCE C. DEGELMAN, Bankrupt.

Creditors of said Florence C. Degelman are hereby given notice that on August 15th, 1917, she was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, N. Y. City, September 6th, 1917, at 11 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

REAL ESTATE.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

TELEPHONE ME NOW.—If sold immediately, beautiful new suburban home goes for $200 and small monthly payments, less than rent; 30 minutes from New York, 7 1-3c commutation fare; 6 rooms, tiled bath, parquet floors, beamed ceiling, brick fireplace, built-in bookcases, bedrooms in white enamel; steam heat, water, gas, electricity, handsome fixtures; near schools and station; 70 trains daily. John A. Baldwin, 80 Maiden Lane. John 5647.

For sale or rent at Elizabeth, N. J., an exceptional new six-room and attic house, with glassed side porch, in select neighborhood on plot 50x125, with garage; near two railroads and three trolley lines; built by day's labor and occupied but six months; price, $6,500; rent, $55 per month. Manhattan Leasing Co., 149 Church St., New York City.

Montclair, N. J.—For sale, desirable, comfortable home; well-built house, 9 rooms and bath; improvements; lot 75x150; shade and fruit trees, vegetable garden, garage, large front lawn, pleasant location, near golf club grounds; price $6,000 cash. R. J. Black, 427 Grove St., Montclair, N. J.

Real Estate for Exchange.

WANT TO RENT
old-fashioned detached house, about ten rooms fit for occupancy or one that can be put in good condition, preferably west side above 70th Street; mail particulars at once. Brocker, 644 Riverside Drive.

WANT TO RENT
house about ten rooms, preferably detached, frame or stone, preferably west side; mail particulars at once. Casler, Cape Vincent, New York.

Wanted, house near city; exchange good Los Angeles (Cal.) property for same. H 155 Times.

FARMS.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

$50 DOWN and $7 a month will buy beautiful 2-acre farm, fruit and shade trees, near lake. B. Owner, 105 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

$400 DOWN BUYS FARM, 46 acres, near village; balance, $1,000, can remain on mortgage; 6-room house, barn, large shed, hoghouse, henhouse, dairy, stock, potatoes, fruit, poultry farm, fine water. Burris Realty Co., Elmira, N. Y.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

SMALL FARMS—TWO ACRES.
Great elevation, wonderful view.
House, 7 rooms; stable, goat; bath; barn, poultry house, fruits; mile station; $5,500.
Call and see photographs and details.
S. S. WALSTRUM-GORDON & PORM N,
1546 Equitable Bldg., N. Y. Rector 7718.
Ridgewood, New Jersey: Tel. 555.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

A six-story concrete, absolutely fireproof building contains more than 50,000 square feet of space; unobstructed light on all four sides, very airy, exceptionally large, freight elevator; own large steam and electric power plant; in excellent condition; located in heart of the city, near railroad and water; transportation facilities; in good labor section; yard space adjoining if desired. J. 41 Times.

TWO FINE LOFTS FOR RENT.
80x100 FEET.
244-250 WEST 49TH ST.
Suitable automobile repair and service stations; fireproof; 100 per cent. elevator service; low insurance; fine light; night, Sunday service; everything A1; possession Oct. 1. Your own broker, or Tel. Bryant 2410.

Loft, 8,000 square feet; very light; close to Wallabout Market; low insurance; $2,000; steam power, $60 per h. p. per annum. Apply Engineer, 65 Clymer St., Brooklyn.

OFFICES AND LOFTS TO SUBLEASE.—Large and small, uptown and downtown most prominent buildings. G. M. Pearson & Co., Inc., 120 Broadway. Phone 5664 Rector.

In the Longacre Bldg., Broadway and 42d St.—Large, bright private offices and a reception room, completely furnished; reasonable. Room 313.

About 2,300 feet, 14th floor, Woolworth Bldg.; light on three sides; freight elevator inside; no partitions. Apply 1478 Woolworth Bldg.

Loft, 50x100; modern building; near all freight stations; rent $1,350. Burns Bros. Mfg. Co.; 68-72 East 131st St., near Park Av.

Use of desk, well-furnished office, $5; every convenience; also furnished private office, $30.50. 309 Broadway, Suite 807.

Large, light store and loft to let. 448 West 18th St.

Madison Av., 926, (784.)—Large store. Inquire 460 Bryant.

Mount Vernon.

Office, waiting room, and minor operating room in Mount Vernon; former occupant in army service; excellent opportunity for general practitioner, surgeon, or specialist. Y 302 Times Annex.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

Ground floor wanted, suitable for storing motor trucks. 50x100. Fitzgerald, 1,777 Broadway. Phone 8437 Columbus.

HOUSES TO LET.

Furnished.

Magnificently furnished residence; perfect condition, $450 monthly; concession for term. Apply 827 W. 75th St., or your broker.

Unfurnished.

Exceptional private dwelling at 44 West 86th St., 18 rooms, 5 baths; electric elevator and solarium, top floor. For particulars apply Manhattan Leasing Co., 149 Church St.

93D, 257 WEST.—Five-story American basement; three-story extension; 3 baths; parquet floors; rent, $2,500. Caretaker.

Out of Town.—Unfurnished.

Rent—Attractive 9-room modern house; all improvements; sleeping porch; high ground; convenient trolley and railroads; very high-class neighborhood; large plot; garden, fruit; $65 monthly. Benedict, 46 Lawton St., New Rochelle, N. Y.

SUMMER HOMES—Furnished.

New Jersey.

House, 9 rooms, fine location, from Sept. 10; Bradley Beach; reasonable. V 46 Times.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

30TH ST., (Lexington Av., 163.)—Attractively furnished two rooms and bath, with meals, $25 weekly up; women only; complete hotel service. Hotel Rutledge.

AT 823 PARK AV., (adjoining corner 76th.) —Duplex apartments, 12 and 15 rooms, 4 and 5 baths; rents $4,500, $5,500. Payson McL. Merrill Co., 9 East 44th St. Telephone Murray Hill 8300.

AT 925 PARK AV., (corner 80th St.)—Triplex apartment, 11 rooms and 4 baths; rent $4,500. Payson McL. Merrill Co., 9 East 44th St. Telephone Murray Hill 8300.

ATTENTION!—Furniture rates now; apartments, furnished, 2 rooms and bath; full hotel service; one block from subway; $12.50 to $14 weekly. Hotel Senton, 35 East 27th St.; Hotel St. Louis, 34 East 32d St.

LEXINGTON AV., 581, (near 51st.)—Two rooms, bath, $28; modern conveniences; reference.

PARK AV., in 70's.—Corner apartment, 7 outside rooms, 2 baths, sixth floor. Telephone, 9 to 5, Bryant 585.

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, 859.—Four extra large light rooms, shower, electric lights, steam heat, hot water. Rent $22.

Furnished—West Side.

37TH, 34 WEST.—Two rooms and bath; charmingly furnished; call between 10 A. M. and 2 P. M. Goddard.

45TH, 341-347 W., (a step from Broadway.)—Just completed, elevator fireproof building, unusually furnished, housekeeping apartments, 1, 2, 3 rooms, tiled bath, shower, tiled kitchens, kitchenettes; $50 up monthly, references indispensable. Tel. Bryant 6255.

45TH, 205 WEST, (Astor Apartments.)—Four all outside rooms, bath, completely furnished; southern exposure; references necessary. Apt. 4A.

50TH, 24 WEST.—Charming two-room kitchenette apartment, furnished; rent for two months $200 month. Call Apt. 4E.

56TH, 208 WEST.—An especially attractive apartment, 2 rooms and bath; just vacated; full hotel service free. Thorndyke Apartments.

69TH, 243-245 WEST. (The New West End.) —One, two, three rooms, bath, and kitchenette; Summer rates; $45-$85; completely furnished; satisfactory references. Absolutely necessary. Bunt, on premises. Open evenings.

69TH ST. AND BROADWAY, "The Nevada Apartments."—Gentleman would share handsomely appointed apartment; piano, select; one or two other bachelors; moderate Proctor. Columbus 684.

81ST, WEST.—Suite; modern home; private bath; $100 monthly; gentlemen. Schuyler 7352.

168TH, 601 WEST, (Broadway.)—Attractive corner apartments, southern exposure; river view; subway. Ellsworth.

115TH, 423 WEST.—Beautifully appointed seven-room elevator apartment; southern exposure; sublet. Reynolds.

127TH, 601 WEST.—Three rooms and kitchenette, well furnished; light. Inquire Apt. 52.

APARTMENTS—SUBLET.
High-class; furnished for Fall and Winter season; all prices, locations.
EXCLUSIVE REALTY Specialists,
176 West 72d St. Phone 848 Columbus.

APARTMENT HUNTING UNNECESSARY. CONSULT MRS. DINGLEMAN, RENTING SPECIALIST, 154 West 72d, Columbus 836.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

Attractive apartments; hotel conveniences; apartment rates; inspection invited.
CATHEDRAL PLAZA,
110th ST. AND COLUMBUS AV.
We have 1, 2, 3, 4-room apartments, $35, $45, $55, $65 UP MONTHLY.
Fully furnished, dishes, silver, cooking utensils; maid service optional; each apartment has private bath and kitchenette; concessions, lease or unfurnished; water, gas and "L"; must be seen to appreciate. Phone Academy 613. Fifth Av. Bus stops at door.

A NEW APARTMENT HOTEL.
Newly furnished and decorated; complete hotel service; two and three rooms and bath; 9 to 14 windows, with unobstructed views and three exposures to such suite; rates, $75 monthly and up; weekly rates; breakfast and dinner, $8 weekly, (optional.)
HOTEL NOBLETON, 126 WEST 73D ST.
One block from subway express and elevated. All cars and bus lines. C. M. Bellak, Pres.

AT $250, worth $300, 8 rooms, 3 on Hudson, 2 baths; tapestried drawing room, antique furniture, velvet hangings, Mintonwave, splendid open wood fire, tile bath in all rooms, heat in lease; from Sept. 1 to October, 1918; references. Morningside 6558.

FOR FURNISHED APARTMENTS consult Katharine Martin, 245 W. 76th. Schuy. 8522.

HANSWELL FURNISHED APARTMENTS.
Choice localities; long, short leases. Clark Realty, 30 East 42d. Vanderbilt 1450.

IN THE 90's, (cor West End Av.)—Riverside, street and West End exposure; a complete, magnificently furnished home; beautiful piano; one or two years from Oct. 1; $3,500 per annum; seen by appointment only. Ruth, 102 5th Av.

LET US DO YOUR APARTMENT HUNTING No expense to you. We have "ALL THE BETTER APARTMENTS." $75 to $600 monthly, furnished or unfurnished.
ACME LEASING CO., Renting Specialists, Murray Hill 709. 505 5th Av., at 42d St.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 660.—Well-furnished apartment, seven all outside rooms; exquisite river view; modern conveniences; moderate. Tel. Audubon 8283. Apart. 51.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 125, (84th St.)—Eleven light, well-furnished rooms; also unfurnished. W. R. & J. M. Stewart.

Town and Country Renting Agency specializes in furnished apartments. Col. 5565. 290 West 72d.

8 ROOMS, 3 baths; exclusive neighborhood; handsomely furnished. Murray Hill 700.

Unfurnished—East Side.

1,186 MADISON AVENUE.
6 and 7 large rooms and bath, electric light. Elevator Apartment, $1,100 to $1,200.
1,182 MADISON AVENUE.
7 and 8 rooms, bath, $68 to $75.
53-55 EAST 86TH STREET.
7 rooms and bath, $65 to $75.
57-59 EAST 86TH STREET.
6 and 7 rooms, $60 to $70.
PAPAE & CO., 1,186 Madison Av., Cor. 87th.

MADISON AV., 926, (East 73d.)—2-3 rooms, all modern; rents $45-$65.

Unfurnished—West Side.

20TH, 422 WEST.—Exclusive block; "The Chelsea"; 5 rooms, bath; rents, $28-$44; for people of refinement; no small children.

NO. 44 WEST 10TH ST.,
Washington Square Section.
New nine-story fireproof apartment house, 4, 5, 6 rooms; open fireplaces; separate maids' rooms. Apply on premises, Wm. A. White & Sons, 46 Cedar St. Tel. John 5700.

57TH, 200 WEST, (S. W. Cor. 7th Av.)—New studio and apartment building; housekeeping apartments, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 rooms and large duplex studios, with bedroom and bath; rents $1,500 to $4,500, including refrigeration. Renting Agent premises daily & Sunday.
PAYSON McL. MERRILL CO., INC.
9 East 44th St. Telephone Murray Hill 8300.

71ST, 342 WEST.—Seven, eight light rooms; average size 16x18; two baths, elevator; immediate possession; rent $1,000 to $1,600.

84TH, 17 WEST.—7 large, light rooms; bath, gas, electricity; immediate possession; $50-$65.

340 WEST 86TH ST.
Five, six, seven rooms,
two and three baths,
$1,400 to $2,200.

NO. 302 WEST 92D ST.
Sublet for one year from Oct. 1, 1917, modern apartment, six rooms, two baths, $1,300. Apartment No. 44.

93D, 300 WEST, (Cor. West End Av.)—Large one and two rooms and bath; $37.50 to $75; maid service.

97TH ST., 178 WEST, (Corner Amsterdam.)—Seven beautiful rooms; bath, steam; $45.

MANHATTAN AV., 242.—Floor, five large, light rooms; steam heat, hot water; exceptionally fine neighborhood; rents reasonable.

A SINGLE APARTMENT, 8 very large, cheerful rooms, in a refined location; bath service, electric light; rent $75.

8 West 91st St., near subway and "L."
M. M. HAYWARD & CO.,
2,640 Broadway, corner 92d St.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 246.—Unusually attractive two-room apartment; occupancy Sept. 1. Apply Superintendent.

Brooklyn.

MONROE PLACE, 11, (Heights.)—Three minutes Brooklyn Bridge; Lexington Av. Hall subway; one room and bath apartment; excellent service; vacuum cleaning; telephone; rent $22.

New Jersey.

APARTMENTS, 4, 5, and 6 rooms, in refined Forest Hill section; leased at $530 per year up. Particulars J. A. Keller, 453 Mount Prospect Av., Newark, N. J. Phone Branch Brook 5162.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

LIST your apartments now. Have responsible clients waiting for all sizes, high-class furnished apartments. Choice localities; $75 to $600 monthly. Long, short leases.
ACME LEASING CO., Renting Specialists, Murray Hill 709. 505 5th Av., at 42d St.

GENTLEMAN WANTS IMMEDIATELY NICELY FURNISHED 4-ROOM APARTMENT WEST SIDE BELOW 96TH STREET. WOULD BUY FURNITURE; BEST REFERENCES. R. X. Box 15, WALL STREET, POST OFFICE.

FRENCH COUPLE, best references, want for one year 4-5 rooms, furnished apartment; light, outside, comfortably furnished; location west side below 120th; state price and particulars. V 17 Times.

Furnished apartment with board wanted; one large, bright parlor, one double bedroom with bath and other improvements; not north of 80th Street. Y 30 Times Annex.

THREE rooms, kitchenette, and bath, high-class, Washington Sq. to 59th, or 72d to 90th, West Side; $75 to $200. Murray Hill 5130.

BEGINNING October 1st, 3 to 5 rooms; bachelor apartment or otherwise; write particulars to Garbat, 71 E. 91st St.

Wanted, 5 or 6 rooms, 2 master bedrooms, south of 116th St., west side; $75 to $100. Room 7, 176 West 72d St., 848 Columbus.

APARTMENTS wanted, furnished; early demand. Mrs. Dingleman, Specialist, 154 West 72d, Columbus 836.

FOUR or five rooms select neighborhood between 40th and 90th Streets; will pay $150.00 monthly. Phone Spring 1398.

WANT 5-7 rooms, 1 or 2 baths, 70th-90th Sts., fully furnished; $75-$200. Murray Hill 700.

FURNISHED 8 rooms, 3 baths, wanted, below 96th St.; $400 month. Telephone Vanderbilt 1450.

FOUR rooms, furnished, above West 110th St.; give particulars, price, &c. V 16 Times.

List your apartments. Katherine Martin, 245 West 76th St. Schuyler 8522.

6-10 ROOMS, exclusively furnished, Park Av. section or west side. Murray Hill 700.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

80TH, (163 Lexington Av.)—Room, sunny, phone, elevator, electric light; well furnished; excellent service; $7 weekly up; including four meals, $12 weekly up; front room with bath, $12 weekly; women only.

30TH, 124 EAST.—Large room with bath and conveniences; well furnished; telephone.

31ST, (Corner Lexington.)—Large room or living room, bedroom, bath, in select elevator apartment; reasonable; references. Vreeland, "Lexingtonia."

51ST, 114 EAST.—All attractively, newly furnished; private bath; electricity; Summer rates.

34TH, 46 EAST.—Elegant room; electricity, all conveniences; $5; another, $4.

57TH, 125 EAST. — Furnished, unfurnished rooms for business men or women; education, refinement.

48TH ST., 29 EAST.—Extremely comfortable front room; southern exposure; all conveniences; gentlemen.

53D, 61 EAST.—Large, medium pleasant rooms, handsomely furnished; all conveniences; telephone.

55TH, 17 EAST.—Bachelor's suite, with bath, residence art collector; references.

78TH ST., EAST, (near Park.)—Large rooms with bath; two rooms, bath, kitchenette. Phone Lenox 4093.

EXCEPTIONALLY large, well furnished room; all conveniences; private house. Telephone 3800 Plaza.

GRAMERCY PARK, 43, (137 East 21st.)—Single, en suite; private baths; facing park.

IRVING PL., 34.—Front rooms; box-spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

MADISON AV., 220, (36th.)—Large and small rooms, furnished, unfurnished; all conveniences.

West Side.

9TH ST., 28 WEST.
Small rooms; very quiet house.

9TH ST., 11 WEST.—Unusually attractive, (with, without private bath); steam, electricity; references.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

40TH, 66 WEST.—Large, small rooms, overlooking Park; bachelors; references; high class house.

51ST, 429 WEST.—Clean, quiet house; running water; housekeeping; $4-$8.

55TH, 351 WEST.—Well kept rooms; running water; $3 to $4; references.

57TH, 256 WEST.—Attractive front room, suitable two; electricity, elevator, phone. Stair.

66TH, 126 WEST, (Livingstone Apartments.)—Apply 4th floor or elevator boys

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

I want a man as a silent partner who can get between $100,000 and $200,000 credit or cash to be used for 100 days at a time in an established export business with tremendous opportunities for gain; large returns on the money can be made; the highest references furnished, but financier must leave entire business and responsibility to me; no interference after arrangements have been made, principals only; no brokers need apply. H 221 Times Downtown.

TWO BUSINESS MEN OF WIDE EXPERIENCE WISH TO BUY AN ESTABLISHED GOING BUSINESS; WOULD CONSIDER PARTNERSHIP IN ESTABLISHED CONCERN; PROPOSITION MUST BE LIVE; GIVE FULL PARTICULARS. L. S., J 138 TIMES.

ATTENTION, MANUFACTURERS!
New York contractor wishes to get in touch with manufacturers contemplating building, extending, or improving plants, with view of financing and doing such work. H 210 Times Downtown.

Want lease superior central furnished rooming house netting about $200 monthly. Y 813 Times Annex.

Partner wanted, with $7,000, for garage business. Johnson, phone 9673 Riverside.

FOR SALE.

For Sale.—All furniture of two rooms and bath, suitable for one or two persons; price $225; no dealers. Phone 6980 Madison Square.

BILLIARD AND POCKET TABLES.
New and second-hand; low prices; easy payments.
THE BRUNSWICK-BALKE-COLLENDER CO., 29 to 35 West 32d St., near Broadway.

Big Bargains.—Slightly used office furniture, oak or mahogany; desks, chairs, files, tables, leather furniture, typewriters, adding machines, multigraphs, safes. Nathan's, 275 Canal St.

Moving into smaller apartment, will dispose of furniture equal to new, consisting of 3 bedrooms, at a sacrifice. 255 West 95th St., Apart. 5W. No dealers.

For sale, owner leaving city, one-year-old Steinway upright piano in splendid condition. Y 829 Times Annex.

PURCHASE AND EXCHANGE.

Wanted—By a party, comfortable boat or yacht for fishing, fifty to sixty feet over all; sleeping accommodations for four, plus crew; yawl rigged preferred; auxiliary engine if possible; for three weeks of September. Apply F 457 Times Annex.

HELP WANTED—Female.

AN OPPORTUNITY
for a stenographer, American, with good personality and executive ability; college training and commercial experience, preferably that of collection, desirable; ability to write diplomatic, forceful letters without dictation; a desirable place in the business office of a Protestant church organization; salary, $1,020 to $1,200. Apply by letter only, stating nature and extent of training and experience and present salary. Room 408, 150 5th Av.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER.—Young woman able to take trial balance and operate Underwood typewriter; one who has had steamship office experience given preference; salary to start, $15; state nationality and experience. Federal Line, 78 Broad St.

ASSISTANT CREDIT MANAGER wanted by growing New York manufacturer; stenographic experience essential; good opportunity for advancement; give age, experience in detail, and salary expected. J 140 Times.

ASSISTANT wanted in auditing department of large club; must be rapid podman and quick at figures; state salary expected. H. C., Box 47 Times.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, typist, keen, alert, required by importers; salary $15. J 141 Times.

BOOKKEEPER TO TAKE CHARGE OF BUSY OFFICE; ONLY THOSE EXPERIENCED IN CONTROLLING SYSTEM OF ACCOUNTS NEED APPLY; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE, AND SALARY EXPECTED. P. O. BOX 43, STATION W, BROOKLYN.

BOOKKEEPER FOR COST ACCOUNTING; MUST BE RAPID AND ACCURATE AT FIGURES; STATE QUALIFICATIONS IN DETAIL. $18 TO START; OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT. E. W., 108 TIMES.

BOOKKEEPER, at once, experienced double entry, with knowledge of stenography and typewriting, by building contractors; state salary expected and give references. J 131 Times.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER.—By interior decorative and furnishing concern. Apply, giving name, address, age, experience, and salary desired, J 139 Times.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer wanted; high school graduate; beginner may apply. North American Chemical and Engineering Co., 22-23 Old Slip, New York.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer; experienced; contractor's office. Henry E. Fox, 81 E. 125th St.

BOOKKEEPER.—Reliable; understanding office system; good handwriting; references; salary $18. H 151 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Retail experience, trial balance; steady position. Box V 13 Times.

CHAMBERMAID.—Experienced; white; good floor; wages $20 per month; room and board. Franklin Arms, 66 Orange St., Brooklyn.

CLERKS.—Good positions for young women with mechanical drawing experience, in dress, stating age and salary desired. A. H. C., 463 West St.

CLERK.—Young lady wanted as sales ledger clerk; state experience, salary expected. Automobile, H 148 Times.

COOK.—Young white woman as cook in employes' lunch room for girls; salary $10 per week to start. H 226 Times Downtown.

COMPETENT POWERS ACCOUNTING MACHINE PUNCH OPERATORS wanted; experienced operators on Powers punch machines, under liberal piecework schedule whereby good operators can earn from $12 to $29 per week; two shifts needed, one for day, one for night work.
In reply state experience and whether you are willing to work on night shift, from 5 to 11 P. M. Address Box P 387 Times Downtown.

CORRESPONDENT in large publishing house, preferably a college graduate or one with some teaching experience; give full particulars and salary expected. E T., Box 50 Times.

SURROGATE CITATION.

CHOATE, JOSEPH HODGES.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Joseph Hodges Choate, late of the County of New York, deceased, to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers at their place of transacting business, at the office of Evarts, Choate & Sherman, No. 30 Wall Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 24th day of December next.
Dated New York, the 12th day of June, 1917.
JOSEPH H. CHOATE, JR.,
MABEL CHOATE,
CARL A. de GERSDORFF,
Executors.
EVARTS, CHOATE & SHERMAN,
Attorneys for Executors,
30 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

RECEIVERS' NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of TROEGERLITH TILE COMPANY, Bankrupt.
NOTICE
PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that an offer has been made by J. Burleigh Cheney to purchase all the assets of the Troegerlith Tile Company, excepting cash in the banks of the Receiver and the outstanding accounts of the bankrupt assigned by it prior to bankruptcy. He offers to pay Twenty-five hundred ($2,500) Dollars for the said assets.
FURTHER TAKE NOTICE that a hearing will be held before the Honorable Julius M. Mayer in the Post Office Building, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, Room 235, on the 29th day of August, 1917, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at which time the said bid and any other bids will be placed before the Court for its determination, and such disposition made of the assets as may seem proper to the Court.
Dated New York, August 23, 1917.
ELLWOOD M. RABENOLD, Receiver, 61 Broadway, New York City.
ROBERT P. LEVIS, Attorney for the Receiver, 42 Broadway, New York City.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of PROCTOR'S RESTAURANT, INC., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Friday, Aug. 24, 1917, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 539 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of all the furniture, fixtures, table ware, linen, kitchen utensils, front and back-bar, cash register, and everything used in a very high-class restaurant; also the right, title, and interest in and to the lease and good will of the said Proctor's Restaurant, Inc. The above property is located at 5 Pine St., and will be sold at the office of Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer, 539 Broadway, in one lot as a going concern. JOHN M. QUINN, Trustee.
JOHN B. BROWN, Attorney for Trustee, 280 Nassau St., New York.

HELP WANTED—Female.

FASHION ARTIST.—Young lady to attend appointment desk and able to sketch garments. Revillon Freres, 26 West 55th.

GIRLS for stock work and order picking in large mail order house, excellent opportunity for advancement, experience unnecessary. Bellas, Hess & Co., 95 Morton St., near Christopher St. Station, 9th Av. L or Hudson Tube.

GIRL.—Exceptional ability, take charge order dept. shoe factory office; advancement. Address M. C., 272 Times Downtown.

GIRLS wanted, two, with some knowledge of drawing for trading art department; good opportunity. V 40 Times.

GLASS WORKERS.—Two capable forewomen wanted, one to take charge of hand stem making, and the other to take charge of exhaust; only those having glass working experience should apply; call 10 A. M. Western Electric Co., Inc., 57 Bethune St.

GLASS WORKERS, experienced as operators on hand stem making, machine flaring, tubulating and sealing in; also hand exhaust. Call or write, Western Electric Co., Inc., 57 Bethune St.

HAND SEWERS on fine underwear. Madame Brand, 3 East 46th St.

HIGH SCHOOL or college girls; several for more difficult clinical work offering training and advancement; no previous experience necessary, but general ability and initiative; salary $10 to $15; state age, religion, education. V 55 Times.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Reliable middle-aged woman in two gentlemen's apartment; laundress, very good cook; references required. H 127 Times.

MATRON wanted for a Jewish educational institution situated in small town; must have experience; state salary and references. P 322 Times Downtown.

MILLINERS.

HENRI BENDEL, INC.,
10-14 WEST 57TH ST.

REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF SEVERAL THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED MILLINERS WHO ARE ACCUSTOMED TO THE HIGHEST CLASS WORK. LONG SEASON AND GOOD SALARIES. APPLY PREPARED FOR WORK.

MODEL.—Perfect 36, try on ladies' suits; none but experienced need apply; highest paid salary; steady position. Pomeranz Brothers, 31 West 27th St.

MODELS.—Good 36; those having experience in high-class houses; permanent position. Apply between 9 and 10. Stein-Blaine, 8 West 36th St.

MODELS for sculptor. Gainsborough Studio No. 8, 222 West 59th St.

NURSE, attendant, or ward maid for institution; pay, $22 monthly. Address S. Lord, Stamford, Conn.

OFFICE ASSISTANT wanted; experienced, must be good at figures; prefer one with some experience on comptometer; good, permanent position in Bronx office for the right party; answer, stating age, experience, salary you have been earning, and give references. Y 250 Times Annex.

REPRESENTATIVE.—Woman over 30, possessing more than ordinary tact and ability, to call on our list of mothers and explain successful character building plan for children; permanent position; straight salary and extra bonuses. Room 710, 108 West 34th St.

SALESGIRL, EXPERIENCED IN CONFECTIONERY; GOOD WAGES; REFERENCES. SCHRAFFT'S, 583 6TH AV.

SALESWOMEN
WANTED.
WE HAVE A NUMBER OF SPLENDID POSITIONS FOR WOMEN AND GIRLS IN OUR SALES FORCE; EXPERIENCE ESSENTIAL, BUT NOT ABSOLUTELY NECESSARY; WE WILL CONSIDER APPLICATIONS FROM WOMEN WHO WANT TO EARN MONEY FOR THE COMING HOLIDAYS, AND WOMEN INTERESTED IN DOING THEIR "BIT" TOWARD THE GENERAL ECONOMY.
Apply Superintendent's Office, any hour of the day.
GIMBEL BROTHERS,
524 St. and Broadway,
Fifth Floor.

SALESLADIES.—Extra Saturdays, $2.00 day. Call. Weisbecker, 260-270, W. 125th St.

STENOGRAPHER, 30-35, knowledge bookkeeping, acquainted with office routine; must be capable of assuming responsibilities and handling detail work. Mott Sand Blast Manufacturing Co., Inc., Frost St. and Union Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

STENOGRAPHER.—EXPERIENCED OLIVER MACHINE; LARGE COMMERCIAL HOUSE; EXCELLENT POSITION; NOMINAL SALARY; GIVE EXPERIENCE AND SALARY EXPECTED. ADDRESS C. W., 829 EAST 134TH ST., BRONX.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, capable stenographer in office of large real estate firm; permanent position and advancement if satisfactory; in replying, please give reference and state salary. S. S., 436 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER
wanted immediately; young, well educated stenographer; please reply in detail, stating religion, age, education, experience. Y 317 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER.—Want well-educated woman typewriter and stenographer; competent correspondent; salary $100 monthly. Apply personally with references, afternoons, Asano & Co., 195 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST wanted in publisher's office; permanent position; write, giving reference, religion, experience, and salary expected to Opportunity, P. O. 654, New York City.

STENOGRAPHER.—Earnest, alert, high school graduate, academic course or better education; permanent position, reasonable hours; salary $15. Publishers, H 141 Times.

STENOGRAPHER wanted, first class, to act as secretary; must be well educated, experienced, and have the best of references. H 234 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Knowledge of bookkeeping; one having experience in real estate or insurance preferred. Apply Nehring Bros., 174th St. and St. Nicholas Av.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, wanted; about $18 to start; exceptional opportunity for advancement. Call Room 1516, 90 West St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Competent, with knowledge of bookkeeping; permanent. Apply Takis, Inawa & Co., 101 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER wanted; experienced; in busy law office; state salary and experience. P 364 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST.—Must be capable operator; state experience, references and salary. H 152 Times.

STENOGRAPHER with knowledge bookkeeping; experienced preferred; references required. Raff, 453 6th Av.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant; experienced only. Call morning. Normandie Waist Co., 2 West 33d.

STENOGRAPHER, with knowledge of bookkeeping; salary $15. 114 Liberty St., Room 703.

STENOGRAPHER wanted; call 8:30 P. M. Aug. 24, Room 430, 2 Reeder St.

STENOGRAPHER wanted. Room 1503, 1,140 Broadway.

STOCK GIRLS.—Bright girls to assist in stock and sales rooms; permanent positions. Revillon Freres, 26 West 56th.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR.—Girl 17 years, good appearance, operate small switchboard, do clerical work; knowledge of typewriting preferred; salary $10. C. W., 290 Times Downtown.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR wanted in importer's office; must be thoroughly experienced. Write with particulars to P 383 Times Downtown.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR on Monitor board and office data work. Apply Room 1721, 30 Church St., New York.

TYPISTS.—Large mail order house requires a number of typists, steady position, good opportunity for advancement, excellent chance for beginners. Bellas, Hess & Co., 95 Morton St., near Christopher St., Station 9th Av. L, or Hudson Tube.

TYPIST, rapid; salary $8. 114 Liberty St., Room 703.

WOMAN to clean sample room; $7 to start; permanent. 2d floor, 101 Fifth Av.

WRAPPERS.—Large mail order house requires a number of young ladies in its wrapping department, clean work, good opportunity for advancement, experience unnecessary. Bellas, Hess & Co., 95 Morton St., near Christopher St., Station 9th Av. L, or Hudson Tube.

HELP WANTED—Female.

UPHOLSTERY
SALESWOMEN
WANTED.
GIMBEL BROTHERS WANT EXPERIENCED SALESWOMEN TO SELL CURTAINS, SHADES, PORTIERES, AND OTHER UPHOLSTERY MERCHANDISE. GOOD COMMISSION AND LIBERAL DRAWING ACCOUNTS.
Apply Superintendent's Office.
Any hour of the day—Fifth Floor.
GIMBEL BROTHERS.

YOUNG LADIES for office and clerical work in large mail order house; steady position, excellent opportunity for advancement. Bellas, Hess & Co., 95 Morton St., near Christopher St. Station 9th Av. L, or Hudson Tube.

Employment Agencies.

MANAGER, STENOGRAPHER,
AND BOOKKEEPER
FOR FIRM IN OIL BUSINESS;
$1,300 PER ANNUM.
CALL 9 TO 2 DAILY.
NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
ROOM 725, 30 CHURCH ST.,
NEW YORK CITY.

STENOGRAPHERS, (5,) WASHINGTON, $1000 & Rwy. fare; Secy-Steno. Insurance expr. preferred, $25-$30; Steno., Public Atty., office $22; Steno. statistical expt. $22; Head policy clerk, marine insurance, $25-$35. Alliance Exchange, 29 Liberty.

STENOGRAPHER, law, $23; commercial, $15; beginners, many, $12, $10. Switchboard, $10. Bookkeepers, typists, clerks. Jupp Agency, 87 Nassau.

STENOGRAPHERS, typists, operators, $15-$25; lunches, short hours. Pan-American Agency, 59 Pearl St.

Instruction.

OPPORTUNITY for young women having high school education to enter training school for nurses; the course is of two years duration, four months of which is spent in a general hospital, the remainder being devoted to the care of mild nervous cases; no fees; of quantity or drug habits are treated; the work is done in pleasant surroundings in a long established sanitarium of the highest ethical standing; board, lodging, laundry, and a moderate compensation are provided during the period of training; at graduation a diploma is issued, the holders of which find ready employment at rates equal to or slightly above those of a trained nurse. Y 226 Times Annex.

THE U. S. SECRETARIAL SCHOOL, 542-544 5th Av., (45th St.)—The oldest and pre-eminently the most successful. Prepares for and obtains excellent secretarial positions. Day, Evening, and Correspondence Courses. Catalogue. Prof. Meagher, M. A., Director.

PRIVATE SECRETARY course.
PRATT SCHOOL, 64 West 45th St.
Registered by the Board of Regents of the University of the State of N. Y.; individual instruction; reservations must be made in advance. References required. Register now for Sept.

THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.
Three months' course; students on probation; Summer rates to Sept. 1. 33 West 42d St., New York. V. M. Wheat.

BUSINESS NEEDS TRAINED WOMEN for executive positions worth while; Bulletin 19 gives details of training which will qualify you. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT AND CHIEF CLERK wanted for Brooklyn branch office of manufacturing corporation; must be thoroughly experienced in office details and have necessary executive ability to handle office employes; in answer state fully your experience, give your age, salary you have been earning in former positions, and furnish references. Y 231 Times Annex.

ACCOUNTANT—Junior accountant in office of certified public accountant; state age, experience, education and salary desired. P 358 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, experienced only, for public accountant's office; reply in detail, stating experience, salary, &c. H 238 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTING OFFICE requires juniors for a permanent staff; state education, experience, salary. H 235 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT'S ASSISTANT wanted; state salary and experience. H 133 Times.

ADVERTISING AGENCY, national business only, has place for young man with knowledge of printing and engraving and experience in writing copy for trade papers, folders, etc; good opportunity for training, experience and rapid growth; state age, experience, reference, salary wanted, and send photo to Moser & Cotins, Utica, N. Y.

ADVERTISING.
Wanted—A young man to take charge of department store advertising in city three hours from New York. Address Box 730, 1,364 Broadway.

ARTIST for photo-engraving, one used to retouching photographs and designing. N. J. Engraving Co., 282 Plane St., Newark, N. J.

ASSISTANT CASHIER.
An exceptional opportunity for an experienced man with good references to connect with a large and progressive insurance agency; must be a bookkeeper and capable of taking charge of books; age 30 to 40 preferred. Address, with full information, P 382 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT CREDIT MANAGER wanted by growing New York manufacturer; stenographic experience essential; good opportunity for advancement; give age, experience in detail, and salary expected. J 143 Times.

BILL CLERKS.—Two Elliott Fischer bill clerks with steamship experience preferred; $17 per week. J 137 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, who has had full charge of books in commercial, manufacturing, or commission merchant's line; if you think you can manage an office, have initiative and proven ability as general correspondent, and are over 25 years of age, write full details and experience, give references, and state salary wanted; can develop into executive position quickly. J 154 Times.

BOY, to make himself generally useful in wholesale house; chance for advancement for industrious lad; answer in own handwriting, stating salary. Permanent, 428 4th Ave., New York City.

BOOKKEEPER wanted; experienced; familiar with French and foreign banking and typewriting; state age and references in own handwriting. C. T., Box 2, Wall St. Station, N. Y.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER by interior decorative and furnishing concern. Apply, giving name, address, age, experience, and salary desired. J 111 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young man as bookkeeper in Bronx bank; good chance for advancement; state experience and salary expected. Y 290 Times Annex.

BOYS.—A large American fire insurance company is looking for several clean cut, energetic young men as file clerks; applications not considered unless age, nationality, education, and references are given; salary $420 per year; excellent opportunity for advancement. G. A., 225 Times Downtown.

BOY OF GOOD EDUCATION AND APPEARANCE WANTED IN OFFICE OF LARGE REAL ESTATE CORPORATION; AGE 17-18 YEARS. P 379 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOY wanted run errands and work in stock; excellent opportunity to learn handkerchief business; about 16 years; state salary. Address Linens, J 137 Times.

BOY wanted in patent law office; $6 to start; advancement; experience not essential, though desirable. F 385 Times Downtown.

BURROUGHS ADDING MACHINE REPAIR MEN WANTED. JOHN E. RANSON, 50 CHURCH ST., NEW YORK.

CADDY MASTER wanted; apply by letter to L. M. Rayner, Century Country Club, White Plains.

CHAUFFEUR, foreigner, (preferably French-man,) who has had at least 5 years' experience; must be careful driver and expert mechanic; must show documents to the above; salary to start, $22 per week. P. C. Mason, 50 Broad St., New York.

CHAUFFEUR, (white,) private, temporary position, with possibility of permanency; must know city and suburbs; state references and experience; salary $25 per week. Address H. H., 156 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—Exempt; state experience, ability as mechanic, and give references. Apply by letter only. Pressprich, 317 West 59th St.

CHAUFFEUR, Hudson car; neat appearing, reliable, temporate; references; salary $18. H 129 Times.

CLERK, (production,) experienced preferably on automobiles or gas engines; for position with company manufacturing aeronautical engines. Apply, giving age, nationality, education, experience in full, and salary, (no attention can be paid to applications not giving full information.) Curtis, 83 Jackson Av., Long Island City.

HELP WANTED—Male.

CLERK, &c.—Wanted by export house young man, 18 to 21, as clerk and assistant to bookkeeper; salary to start, $12 to $14; state age, nationality, and qualifications. P 378 Times Downtown.

CLERK.—Bill clerk wanted, one familiar with plumbing and heating line preferred; answer in own handwriting, stating experience and salary expected. H 146 Times.

CLERKS.—Large downtown financial institution requires services of experienced foreign exchange clerks. Reply, giving full particulars, P 374 Times Downtown.

CLERK in law office less than 25 years of age; state age, experience, and salary desired. P 284 Times Downtown.

CLERK.—Competent, experienced man, 22 to 25, for foundry. John Johnson Co., 37th St. and 2d Av., Brooklyn.

COMPTOMETER OPERATORS wanted; good pay. Call at once, John E. Ranson, 50 Church St.

DRAFTSMEN.
Men experienced in the design of small mechanical and electrical apparatus; to men of ability or technical education we offer permanent position with excellent opportunity for advancement; call or write. Western Electric Co., Inc., 57 Bethune St.

DRAFTSMEN WANTED IN THE NEAR FUTURE, FIRST-CLASS TOOL DRAFTSMEN FOR TOOL DESIGNING FOR AERONAUTICAL ENGINE; REPLY, GIVING AGE, NATIONALITY, EXPERIENCE IN FULL, AND WAGES WANTED; GIVE COMPLETE INFORMATION. ADDRESS DRAFTSMAN, 33 JACKSON AV., L. I. CITY.

DRAFTSMEN.—Tracers for structural steel drafting room; must be neat and rapid; in applying submit sample of work; about six weeks' employment with chance of permanent position for men of exceptional ability. H 212 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical, with few years' experience as detailer and designer on automatic machinery, jigs, and fixtures for interchangeable manufacturing; state experience, age, nationality, references, and salary expected. J 55 Times.

DRAFTSMAN. — Mechanical experienced, with technical education; must furnish references. John Johnson Co., 37th St. and 2d Av., Brooklyn.

ENTRY CLERK wanted for notions. New York Merchandise Co., 119 Fifth Ave.

GENERAL MECHANIC for miscellaneous work in testing laboratory and to take care of and operate automobile; must be experienced, capable, and have good references; permanent position for right man; fifty hours per week; $20 to start; give particulars, including age, experience and references. M. T., 100 Times.

GENERAL ASSISTANT.—Young man in export shipping office as general assistant; one having knowledge of stenography and typewriting preferred; salary $55 monthly; excellent chance to learn business. P 399 Times Downtown.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
NEW YORK,
require the services of
EXPERIENCED SALESMEN FOR THEIR LAMP DEPT.,
Also
STOCKMEN FOR RUGS, CHINA AND GLASSWARE.
Apply Superintendent's Office, Fifth Floor.

GROOM wanted to care for good combination saddle horse and pony; also know how to run Ford car; prefer married man whose wife is willing to work at household duties; good home for the right couple, near New York in the country. Y 331 Times Annex.

HOUSEFURNISHING
BUYER AND LEADER
for popular-price department store, Richmond, Va. Call tonight, 7 o'clock, Mr. Welsberger, Imperial Hotel.

HOUSEWORK, &c.—Couple; man for housework and wife as chambermaid; white; experienced. Franklin Arms, 66 Orange St., Brooklyn.

HIGH-CLASS Acme Automatic Screw Machine set-up men and operators; high pay, steady work, right men; excellent factory and living conditions; liberal transportation terms. Erie Specialty Co., Erie Penn.

LAW CLERK, experienced, in busy law office; state salary and experience. P 363 Times Downtown.

MACHINISTS AND MACHINE OPERATORS
All around machinists, lathe, milling and screw machine hands, J & L, and grinders; write or call.
WRIGHT-MARTIN AIRCRAFT CORP.,
New Brunswick, N. J.

MACHINISTS wanted, thoroughly experienced on lathe and planer, able to lay out their own work, and work from blueprints. Up-to-date shop and best of working conditions. The F. B. Shuster Co., New Haven, Conn.

MAN, about 25, American, with experience in retail men's clothing and furnishings to go to Burlington, Vermont, at once. Apply 10 A. M. Ford L. Richold, 1,107 Broadway, New York City.

MANAGERS.—Men who have the ability to handle a retail business in a manner that will show profits by having the economy, as well as merchandising goods, in such a way that the public will not only be pleased but satisfied; three men of this kind are needed by a live concern. Address M. A., Box 224 Times Downtown.

MANAGER for popular-price vaudeville and motion picture theatre. New York City; only those having held similar positions need apply; state experience, references, and salary. Y 328 Times Annex.

MESSENGER.—Young man wanted as messenger in Bronx bank; good chance for advancement; state age and salary expected. O. C., Times Harlem.

NIGHT WATCHMAN.—Must understand low pressure boilers and sprinkler systems; $18 to right party. Apply, with references, Tower Mfg. & Nov. Co., 94-96 Worth St., New York City.

OFFICE ASSISTANTS.—Lads about 18 years old, who have been well educated and are the sort who can start at the bottom, work hard and conscientiously, and earn advancement; to such lads a bright future is offered by a large mercantile establishment, who will pay $55 month to start; give full information regarding age, religion, education, experience, &c. Y 1 Times.

OFFICE MEN not subject to draft desired by large company; good prospects; state particulars as to education, experience and salary expected. P 270 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY in general office of large corporation; good opportunity for advancement. Apply in own handwriting. V 52 Times.

OFFICE BOY wanted, honest and intelligent, law office; must be well recommended. P 360 Times Downtown.

OFFICE ASSISTANT—Young man wanted, over 17, able to operate Underwood machine. J. S., 114 Times.

OFFICE BOY wanted; $8 to start; room 621, 70 Fifth Ave.

PATTERNMAKER.—Experienced on small work. Call S. S. Dental Mfg. Co., Prince's Bay, Staten Island, N. Y.

PORTER, &c.—Middle-aged, as general handy man and porter in office; must be willing to do light cleaning; give references, experience, salary expected. Y 246 Times.

REPRESENTATIVE.—Gentleman who has proven ability, $5,000 or over will be given leads by an investment house; must furnish credentials; drawing account and commission to right man. Address Quick, 200 Times.

REPRESENTATIVES wanted for Cuba, Porto Rico, Argentina and South America to sell strongest line of ribbons, silks, cotton goods, and wearing apparel on strictly commission basis. H 104 Times.

SALESMAN
Specialty manufacturing concern selling to the office supply and electrical supply dealers and jobbers has an opening for a successful and ambitious salesman; this is following in these lines; must be prepared to travel and have been engaged in selling to the above-mentioned trades up to a very recent date; applicants must be under 35 years of age; substantial drawing account and commission. Apply in person only, The Wellaphone, Inc., 376-380 Lafayette St., N. Y.

SALESMEN—LIVE MEN!!
A position is open for snappy men selling an automobile that gives demonstration unsurpassed by any of similar class. We will pay a liberal straight cash commission, or to those who desire it, arrange satisfactory terms. Our territory is in Brooklyn and there is no selling price from factory. Here is an opportunity—grasp it now. Call and talk it over with the manager, 1,170 Bedford Av., Bklyn.

SALESMAN.—Nationally known corporation has openings in Greater New York territory for five men, 20 to 40 years, who desire to become salesmen; if you have a clean record, good appearance, and are willing to work we will give you the benefit of our experience and training; you will earn while you learn and qualify for a permanent position paying substantial salary and commission. Call all week, 9-5, 730 Park Row Building.

SALESMAN WANTED.
The Encyclopaedia Britannica requires a few more men of ability, to call on leads; must have had at least a high school education; selling experience necessary; we instruct our men; commission with drawing account. 120 West 32d St., New York City, 6th floor.

SALESMAN.—A salesman of force, energy and character, with a long proven selling record, for a position where ability to sell will lead to rapid promotion; commission with drawing account. Address in confidence V 1 Times.

SALESMEN, JUNIOR,
IN VARIOUS DEPARTMENTS; GOOD SALARY AND ADVANCEMENT TO THOSE WHO QUALIFY. APPLY IMMEDIATELY, SUPERINTENDENT, A. A. VANTINE & CO., INC., 37TH AV. AND 39TH ST.

SALESMAN.—Experienced in the bakers' and confectioners' supply line, can connect with long established supply house; man commanding some trade preferred; salary. H 397 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Male.

SALESMEN.
If you can show that you have successfully sold any line.
Why not connect yourself now with a house that does big business in a big way?
Our phenomenal success and growth in the last few years have created a constantly increasing demand for men.
We have a definite scale of advancement. If you are as good as the next man you will climb as quickly.
Our new arrangements will pay any conscientious worker big returns immediately.
Free transportation and drawing account.
August profit sharing contest now on.
Come in and look over one of the most efficient sales organizations in the world and talk it over with us.
ENCYCLOPEDIA BRITANNICA,
120 West 32d Street, New York City.

SALESMAN wanted with experience art needlework and upholstery buyers; liberal commission; Pennsylvania, Ohio, and South. Apply Room 602, Bartholdi Building, 2 East 23d St.

SALESMAN to sell a nationally advertised automobile accessory; young man, about 25 years of age preferred; commission. Address Box H, Mount Vernon, N. Y.

SALESMAN.—Specialty man, calling on paint and varnish trade; new device; easy seller; commission basis only. H 225 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN, energetic live wires, to sell the dress and costume trade in New York City, by 5th Av. lace house; commission basis. J 128 Times.

SALESMAN wanted to call on both wholesale and retail grocery trade; call all week; salary. Room 512, 105 Hudson St. Mr. Pease.

SALESMAN.—Experienced lamp salesman with following; attractive proposition for right man; commission. Address J 145 Times.

SALESMEN.—A fine opportunity for a few experienced stationery and printing salesmen; salary basis. H 99 Times.

SALESMEN — Experienced character dolls; salary or commission. P 368 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY.—Young man stenographer as secretary to President of automobile company. See Mr. Haseloff, 1478 Woolworth Bldg.

SEWING MACHINE ADJUSTER wanted; must be experienced on single needle lockstitch and buttonhole machines; steady work all year for reliable man; state references, experience, and salary expected. P 349 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING CLERK
to assist in large children's dress house; permanent position to right party. S. C., 280 Times Downtown.

SHOE SALESMAN.—Wanted experienced shoe salesman with Greater New York trade; salary. A. H. Ginzberg-Gordon Co.

STENOGRAPHER and assistant to wholesale leather business; one who is willing to work; reply stating age, experience, and salary expected. P 274 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Competent young man with some experience; good opportunity; John Johnson Co., 37th St. and 2d Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young man as stenographer and clerk; good chance for advancement; state references. Y 294 Times Annex.

STOCK CLERK for large publishing house; good chance for advancement; state references. Y 295 Times Annex.

STOCK SALESMEN, high grade, to handle attractive proposition; commission; references. Y 332 Times Annex.

TESTERS. — SEVERAL FIRST-CLASS TESTERS EXPERIENCED ON ROTARY STATIONARY AEROPLANE ENGINES; REPLYING, STATING AGE, NATIONALITY, EDUCATION, AND EXPERIENCE IN FULL, AND SALARY DESIRED; GIVE COMPLETE INFORMATION. TESTER, 33 JACKSON AV., L. I. CITY.

TRACERS for mechanical and structural drawings; must have had several years' experience and must be good letterers; state experience in full, age and salary; location, New York City. P 256 Times Downtown.

TRACER.—Wanted, mechanical or structural tracer; must be neat letterer. 303 5th Av., Room 1,907.

TRANSLATOR, competent, required by large downtown corporation; thorough knowledge of French absolutely necessary; state full qualifications. P 373 Times Downtown.

TOOL DESIGNERS.
We require several first-class men on small work, such as punches and dies, jigs, and fixtures, &c., in our designing office at 202 Broadway, 8th floor. Western Electric Co., Inc.

UPHOLSTERY
SALESMEN
WANTED.
GIMBEL BROTHERS WANT EXPERIENCED SALESMEN TO SELL CURTAINS, SHADES, PORTIERES, AND OTHER UPHOLSTERY MERCHANDISE. GOOD COMMISSION AND LIBERAL DRAWING ACCOUNTS.
Apply Superintendent's Office any hour of the day—Fifth Floor.
GIMBEL BROTHERS.

WATCHMAN for factory; steady position for reliable man; $15 weekly to start. Apply, giving age and experience, to P 389 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 17 or 18 years of age, in office of wholesale hardware firm to learn the hardware business, for which thorough training is necessary; high school graduate or attendant preferred; fixed line of position, starting at mailing desk at $6 per week, with advance in pay and position in three months and again in six months. Address P 336 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MEN WANTED IN THE CAPACITY OF STOCK CLERKS FOR PREPARATORY TO LEARNING THE SCIENCE OF SALESMANSHIP; COLLEGE OR HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATE GIVEN THE PREFERENCE; SALARY MODERATE; APPLY IN OWN HANDWRITING. ADDRESS B. F., 193 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

YOUNG MEN, 17 to 20 years of age, for stock work and order picking in the following departments: shoes, boys' clothing and women's cloaks and suits; steady employment; good opportunity for advancement. Bellas, Hess & Co., 95 Morton St., near Christopher St. Station; 9th Av. "L" or Hudson tube.

YOUNG MAN wanted by a fire insurance company. Should have experience in various clerical details; must be well educated, intelligent, and capable of overseeing other clerks; replies must give age, experience, and salary. D 557 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, BRIGHT, ENERGETIC, TO WORK IN OFFICE; ONE WHO IS QUICK, ACCURATE, AND CLEAN NO EXPERIENCE OTHERWISE NEED NOT APPLY; STATE AGE, REFERENCE, SALARY EXPECTED. ADDRESS F. F., 236 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

YOUNG MAN, high school graduate, for receiving dealers in wholesale house; no experience necessary, but should be interested in selling and able to talk to customers; about 19 or 20 years old; state age, education, religion; salary $10. V 87 Times.

YOUNG MAN.—Prominent fire insurance company wants a young man, who has had previous experience in an insurance office; salary $50 per month; state age and experience. Opportunity, D 356 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN 17-18, with some high school education, start as runner in bank. H 233 Times Downtown.

Employment Agencies.

CREDIT MAN by imptr. house, wide expr. Dept. Stores & fancy Goods $3,000-$4,000; Sales Mgr. Chicago office Security house, salary commensurate; Head policy clerk, marine insurance $35; Bookkeeper, 40-45 yrs. $35-$40. Clerks & typists $65 mo. Alliance Exchange, 29 Liberty.

STENOGRAPHERS, $20-$22; BOOKKEEPERS, $22; CLERKS, $10. BUSINESS SERVICE BUREAU, 209 BROADWAY.

CLERK.—Telephone order clerk, Stock Exchange, good salary. Brody Agency, 239 Broadway.

Instruction.

PRIVATE SECRETARY course.
PRATT SCHOOL, 64 West 45th St.
Registered by the Board of Regents of the University of the State of N. Y.;

NAVY YARD WORKERS OPPOSED TO STRIKE

Officials of Machinists' Local Advise Men Not to Join Walkout.

ONLY A FEW WANT TO QUIT

Engineers' Union Also Against Interrupting Government Shipbuilding.

The attempt of striking shipyard workers to call the machinists of the Brooklyn Navy Yard out received a check last night at a closed meeting of Local 556, International Association of Machinists, composed of navy yard employes, at Labor Lyceum, Willoughby and Myrtle Avenues, Brooklyn. The officials of the local union advised against a walkout and the 250 men attending refused to take any action looking toward a strike.

After the meeting, which lasted from 8 o'clock until nearly midnight, it was learned that the only step taken by the local union on the subject was to vote to send an uninstructed delegate to the convention of the National Metal Trades Association in Washington next week. President John F. Morrison of the local union, who is said to be opposed to a strike in the navy yard, refused to discuss anything that had occurred at the meeting. Only a few, it was said, talked in favor of quitting work on ships and materials of the United States Navy, and these agreed that the subject should be delayed until employes in other trades in the navy yard should decide their position. Several members of the International Association of Machinists, which is directing the shipyards strike, were present at the meeting, but were said to have taken only a passive part in the proceedings.

An indication that sentiment among workmen in the Brooklyn Navy Yard is strongly opposed to a strike was given at a meeting of forty navy yard employes belonging to Local No. 610 of the Steam and Operating Engineers' Union, who gathered in the same hall and expressed themselves against any interruption of Government work.

Strike leaders refused to be seen yesterday afternoon at their headquarters at 209 Broadway regarding reports that many strikers were returning to work and that the larger shipyards in this vicinity had now almost normal forces.

PORTSMOUTH MEN LOYAL.

Navy Yard Workers Promise to Stick to Their Jobs.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., Aug. 23.—Several hundred employes of the navy yard here, following the example of workers in the Philadelphia yard, sent a message today to Secretary Daniels pledging their loyal co-operation in all the Government's plans for the war. The message was signed by the Portsmouth Navy Yard Improvement Association, which has among its members a majority of the 2,300 civilian employes in the yard.

The memorial from the 7,000 workers at Philadelphia which was presented to Secretary Daniels yesterday and the testimonial telegraphed from here today follow closely rumors of strike threats in the New York Navy Yard.

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST—Wallet (black) containing $10 in cash and British, Belgian, and American identification papers, with photos of Clement Anthony, apprentice Motorship "France"; reward for return, States Marine and Commercial Company, Inc., 17 Battery Place.

LOST—Telescope case, brown, containing six suits, two coats, in front 1,164 Broadway, Monday, 4:30 P. M.; liberal reward, no questions. H. Hurwitz, 49 West 45th St.

LOST or Stolen, pocketbook containing money, valuables, registration papers, subway, 72d, 149th; keep money, reward. Trad, 18 West 30th St.

LOST—Fox scarf, brown satin lining, in taxi, Tuesday evening, between 28th St. and 168d St.; liberal reward offered. P 372 Times Downtown.

LOST—Diamond sapphire brooch, Wednesday, taxi, 135th St., Broadway, to 119th St., 7th Av.; reward. Bitzert, 625 West 135th St.

LOST.—Gold pin, shape of lizard; row of brilliants on the back; reward. A. B. Jekyll, 820 Park Av.

LOST—Brown Boston bag containing samples gummed paper; suitable reward. H 230 Times Downtown.

LOST—Watch, in velvet purse, Hoboken station, Wednesday; reward. Fowler, 140 Wadsworth Av.

LOST—New bills Nos. 8859331 to 8859340; deduct reward and mail to W. B. Harison, 11 Broadway.

LOST—A gold stickpin, opal setting. Reward at 105 Morningside Drive, Apartment 8.

$2,500 REWARD

for the return of all jewelry; proportionate reward for the return of any part of jewelry taken July 12 from 135 West 79th St.; absolutely no questions asked. Communicate with Box V 53 Times.

REWARD FOR RING.—Liberal reward will be paid for return of gentleman's three-stone diamond ring, gypsy setting, left in washroom of a west side cafe several weeks ago; no questions. Address J 153 Times.

$25 REWARD FOR RETURN OF GREEN PARROT LOST IN GRAMERCY PARK LAST FRIDAY AFTERNOON. MRS. CURRY, 44 GRAMERCY PARK. PHONE GRAMERCY 3925.

$50 REWARD.—Stolen, papers, documents from 116 West 48th; value to owner. J 147 Times.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs.

$50 REWARD, RETURN BLACK CHOW DOG, TAIL GRAY, LOST VICINITY 19 EAST 61ST ST., (OWNER'S ADDRESS) LAST SATURDAY; ANSWERS TO CLAUDY.

LOST—Dog, black and white Spaniel; answers to the name "Scottie"; liberal reward. Thorpe, 28 West 131st St.; Harlem 1776.

Found.

FOUND—Purse, 6th Av. "L." Owner phone Broad 695. Identify, pay ad.

Special—
Pajamas
$1.65

Friday and Saturday Only.

We've sold them right along at $2.00 and $2.50.

But come in today or tomorrow for yours while the price is $1.65.

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Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 29th
246-248 West 125th
3d Ave., cor. 122d

Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes.

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This year, more than ever before, men and women in business are facing new problems, new responsibilities, new opportunities. More than ever before they will profit by thorough preparation.

New York University School of Commerce Accounts and Finance for seventeen years has given evening courses to meet the needs of persons engaged in business during the day. For 1917-1918 142 courses are offered in fourteen different fields such as Accounting, Advertising, Banking, Business Management, Journalism, etc.

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No. 16

Duff & Conger say:

"Exterminator service for the entire building is now considered as necessary to an apartment house as its bath-tubs. Vermin-free, clean and sanitary apartments attract good tenants and keep them. Bliss Exterminator Company has the contracts for our houses because 'Bliss Service Satisfies'."

Free Demonstration to owners or agents. No money in advance—Satisfaction guaranteed. Full Details on Request.

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Continuing To-day and Concluding Saturday at 1 o'Clock

Saks Suits for Men

Formerly $38, $35, $33, $30, $28

Now Reduced to

$20

¶ These suits have all the grace of line so characteristic of all Saks garments, and the fabrics in which they are tailored were selected because of their individuality of weave and coloring. They are as good now as the day they were received from the tailor's bench, but have been reduced in keeping with our rigid policy of beginning each season with only the choicest and newest in both woolens and models.

Small charge for alterations

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

Quality—After All, the Thing That Counts

To compare prices only, to say we have Hart Schaffner & Marx Suits at $17 that were $40 or $35 or $25, tells but little about this sale.

You must consider the quality, the phenomenal value you get for what you pay, the higher prices that must prevail in the immediate future, to appreciate the opportunity you now have to practise real economy.

Just think—at a time like this, with everything costing more and with all sorts of cheap materials masquerading around—we offer you the safety, the protection, the certainty of

Hart Schaffner & Marx Suits at Final Reduced Prices Many at $17

We have never offered greater value than is represented by many suits we have now marked $17.

They are odd suits, one or two or a few of a kind and style left from groups of suits, some of which were priced originally at $40 and $35, many at $30 and others at $25 and $22.50.

Other final clearance prices:

$19.50, $22.50, $25, $27.50, $32.50, $38.50.

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The completion of new factory extensions necessitated by the enormous demand for Rinex Soles has now made it possible to supply stocks of Rinex Soles to dealers in this city.

You can now get Rinex Soles—

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NEW YORK CITY.

Walk-Over Shoe Store, 179 Broadway.
Walk-Over Shoe Store, 1173 Broadway.
Walk-Over Shoe Store, 1433 Broadway.
Walk-Over Shoe Store, 232 W. 125th St.
Walk-Over Shoe Store, 144 Bowery.
Graham Co., 11 Barclay St., Woolworth Bldg.
Friedman's Famous Footwear, 2138 Third Ave.
Friedman's Famous Footwear, 2935 Third Ave.
Friedman's Famous Footwear, 643 Eighth Ave.
D. Lorenthal, 2190 Third Ave.
D. Lorenthal, 2032 Second Ave.
Fulton Shoe Shop Co., 62 Fulton St.
L. M. Rumstein, Inc. 235 W. 125th St.
I. Weisberger, Inc., 48 Catharine St.
J. Braff, 236 Rivington St.
R. Vogel Sons, 61 Avenue A.
L. Finkelstein Shoe Store, 349 Tenth Ave.
Stern's Custom Shoe Place, 1188 Third Ave.
Crown Shoe Store, 53 First Ave.
S. D. Burnett, 1896 Third Ave.
V. Auffieri, 2234 Second Ave.
Dave's Sample Shoe Shop, 14 Avenue B.
Dave Knopp, 837 Ninth Ave.
Rosenbach Co., 11 W. 34th St.
Charles B. Gluck, 87 Avenue C.
Hackett's, cor. 158th St. and Amsterdam Ave., New York.
Morris Goldberg, 47 Catharine St.
Drake's Shoe Stores, Eighth Ave., at 51st St.
Drake's Shoe Stores, Broadway, at 66th St.
Drake's Shoe Stores, St. Nicholas Ave., at 181st St.
Hertz's, 418 W. 125th St.
M. Klein, 1808 Third Ave.
The Roth Shoe, 146 Lenox Ave.
The Schoenfeldt Shoe, 550 E. 180th St.
Charles Sam, 452 E. Tremont Ave., Bronx.
The Lion Shoe House, Tremont Ave., cor. Prospect, Bronx.
A. Silber & Son, Inc., 538 E. 138th St. Bronx.
Lewando's, 71 Westchester Sq., Bronx.
The Oval Shoe, 943 So. Boulevard, Bronx.
Union Shoe Store, 3032 Third Ave., Bronx.
A. Finkelstein, 3547 Third Ave., Bronx.
Kaufman Shoe Co., 106 E. 14th St.
Kaufman Shoe Co., 975 Eighth Ave.
Kaufman Shoe Co., 113 W. 125th St.
S. & A. Shoe Co., Inc., 1150 Broadway.

ON NEW SHOES AT THESE STORES.
BROOKLYN.

Walk-Over Shoe Store, 555 Fulton St.
Walk-Over Shoe Store, 1355 Broadway.
M. Guckman, 86-82 Fifth Ave.
Markell's Shoe Shop, 5414 New Utrecht Ave.
Mayer's Department Store, 1717 Broadway.
Economy Shoe Co., 143 Myrtle Ave.
Nelson Shoe Co., 1257 Fulton St.
B. F. Kane & Bro., 49 and 51 Columbia St.
Fred S. Haslach, 541 Knickerbocker Ave.
Harry Lippman, 349 Grand St.
Whitehouse Shoe Store, 660 Fifth Ave.
Gabe Levy's Shoe Stores, 1429 Nostrand Ave.
Gabe Levy's Shoe Stores, 529 Rockaway Ave.
Greenhutt's Wearwell Shoe, 1155 Myrtle Ave.
Guarantee Shoe Store, 262 Columbia St.
Rosenbach Co., 519 Fulton St., cor. Duffield.
Friedman's Famous Footwear, 1327 Broadway.
Friedman's Famous Footwear, 399 Knickerbocker Ave.
Friedman's Famous Footwear, 3326 Fifth Ave.
A. Sonnenschein, 2689 Atlantic Ave.
Graham & Co., 211 Montague St.

ON NEW SHOES AT THESE STORES.
QUEENS.

The Rex Shoe, 3215 Jamaica Ave., Richmond Hill, L. I.
Henke's Shoe Store, 2817 Jamaica Ave., Richmond Hill, L. I.
Rep. Choles, 415 12th St., College Point, L. I.
Kichert & Brenner's, 415 12th St., College Point, L. I.
Chas. Spitzer 647 Steinway Ave., Long Island City, L. I.

ON NEW SHOES AT THESE STORES.
NEW YORK.

N. Del Re, City Island, New York.
J. Trojinsky, 435 Main St., New Rochelle, N. Y.
Eagle Shoe Store, 225 Main St., New Rochelle, N. Y.
John Villani, 49½ West 3d St., Mt. Vernon, N. Y.
Walk-Over Shoe Store, 9 North St., Yonkekrs, N. Y.
National Quick Shoe Repairing, L. Feinberg, 152 Riverdale Ave., Yonkers.
Cooper's Shoe Store, 2 Main St., Yonkers, N. Y.
Jacob Cantor, 44 Palisade Ave., Yonkers, N. Y.
C. M. Russo, 109 Main St., White Plains, N. Y.
The Fair Store, 95 Main St., White Plains, N. Y.
White's, White Plains, N. Y.

ON NEW SHOES AT THESE STORES.
NEW JERSEY.

Walk-Over Shoe Store, 191 Market St., Paterson, N. J.
Walk-Over Shoe Store, 795 Broad St., Newark, N. J.
M. Weisfeld's Department Store, 112 Elizabeth Ave., Newark.
M. Roth, 69 Pacific St., Newark, N. J.
Fred Schlessinger, 399 Bank St., Newark.
Schlosser's Shoe Shop, 498-500 Orange St., Newark.
Jas. Parlet, 111 Seventh Ave., Newark.
Stoutenburgh & Co., Newark.
Joseph May & Co., 583 Orange St., cor. 12th, Newark.
A. A. Eisele & Sons, 653 Broad St., Newark.
Hahne & Co., 609 Broad St., Newark.
B. Grossman, 342 Central Ave., Jersey City.
Neiligan's Boot Shop, 598 Newark Ave.
Regent Shoe Co., 402 Jackson Ave. and 426 Central Ave., Jersey City.
George A. Stanford, 653 Newark Ave., Jersey City.
M. Freeman, 393 Montgomery St., Jersey City.

ON NEW SHOES AT THESE STORES.
NEW JERSEY.

Star Shoe Shop, 253 Newark Ave., Jersey City.
B. Hyman, 480 Avenue C, Bayonne, N. J.
R. Sachs & Sons, 453 Broadway, Bayonne, N. J.
Phillipe Mazzola, 927 Broadway and 44th St., Bayonne.
J. B. Gartley & Sons, 213 Broadway, Bayonne.
R. Lewitsky, 462 First St., Hoboken.
Fox Shoe Store, 258 First St., Hoboken.
Packard Shoe Store, J. Goldsmith, Prop., 358 First St., Hoboken.
Jefferson Shoe Shop, 464 First St., Hoboken.
Guarantee Shoe Co., 232 Harrison Ave., Harrison.
Walk-Over Shoe Store, 13 West Palisade Ave., Englewood.
Max Jordan Regal Store, 568 Bloomfield Ave., Montclair.
I. Fisher, 186 Bergenline Ave, Union Hill, N. J.

RE-SOLED (FULL OR HALF SOLES) AT THESE REPAIR SHOPS. MANHATTAN.

Boston Shoe Repairing Co., 2492 Eighth Ave.
Boston Shoe Co., 908 Sixth Ave.
Nunzio Barbaria, 2052 Eighth Ave.
Rocco Bartilucci, 300 West 145th St.
P. Capotosto, 47 Church St.
Simon Christina, 163 East 72d St.
Central Shoe Repairing Co., 1585 Third Ave.
Carcion & Manfre, 984 Sixth Ave.
R. Conlese, 160 West 100th St.
Central Electric Shoe Repairing Co., 1098 Second Ave.
Central Shoe Repairing Co., 2317 Eighth Ave.
Chappella, Orthopaedic Boot Maker, 394 West 145th St.
De Grove, Inc. formerly Reid Co., 198 William St.
Eagle Shoe Repairing Co., 1970 Amsterdam Ave.
Fulton Shoe Shop, 62 Fulton St.
Frank Forgione, 4011 Broadway.
G. Forno, 1785 Amsterdam Ave.
Joseph Fiscella, 27 Lafayette St., cor. Pearl St.
Fallica Cottone Co., 1312 St. Nicholas Ave.
Frank & Co., 2574 Eighth Ave.
Frank's Shoe Repairing, 162 Sixth Ave.
Grasso Shoe Repair, 851 Ninth Ave.
Thomas & Co., 3421 Broadway.
Harlem Shoe Repairing Co., 55 West 125th St.
Hy Grade Shoe Repairing Co., 1695 Third Ave.
Louis Lupo, 2016 Amsterdam Ave.
John Losinski, 1277 Third Ave.
A. Manfredi, 176 Greenwich St.
Joe Marzano's, 167 Madison Ave.
S. Mardiros, 65 Lenox Ave.
M. Marx, 907 Third Ave.
Naples Co., 672-674 Columbus Ave.
National Shoe Repairing Co., 98 Fulton St.
New Central Shoe Repairing Co., 708 Third Ave.
New Central Shoe Repairing Co., 846 Third Ave.
Chas. N. Ott, 82 Nassau St.
Victorio Pietropaoli, 556 West 181st St.
Patsy & Co., 3385 Broadway.
Quick Shoe Repairing Co., 99 Third Ave.
Quick Shoe Repairing Co., 632 Third Ave.
Quick Shoe Repairing Co., 783 Columbus Ave.
E. Ritto, 305 Bleecker St.
Robertson & Sons, 7 West 14th St.
Robertson & Sons, 38 Beaver St.
Robertson & Sons, 118 William St.
Robertson & Sons, 109 Nassau St.
Robertson & Sons, 42 Maiden Lane.
M. Sayranian, 2364 Amsterdam Ave.
S. Sylvester, 58 East 125th St.
J. Seraydarian, 291 Audubon Ave.
S. & S. Shoe Repairing Co., 222 Fulton St.
G. Stanzione, 195 Columbus Ave.
Chas. Tarzian, 2128 Amsterdam Ave.
The Tompkins Square Shoe Repairing and Hat Cleaning Co., 143 Avenue B.
James Zadigian, 1283 St. Nicholas Ave.
James Zadigian, 109 Eighth Ave.
Jacob Tiplitzky, 382 Third Ave.
The Famous Shoe Repairing Co., 809 Sixth Ave.
U. S. Shoe Repairing Co., 148 Third Ave.
U. S. Shoe Manufacturing and Repairing Co., 159 Mulberry St.
The United Shoe Repairing Co., Serabian Bros., Props., 1521 Amsterdam Ave.
United Shoe Repairing, 471 Lenox Ave.
Boot and Shoe Maker, 248 East 116th St.
G. Bibbo, 250 West 107th St.
Sherman, Practical Hatter, 56 West 207th St.
G. Molinelli, 5 Hudson St.
G. Ottomanelli, 174 Sherman Ave.
The Tremont Shoe Repairing Co., 3792 Broadway.
Benedetti Bros., Broadway, near 121st St.
Peter Sobaid, 3340 Broadway, cor. 135th St.
C. Savoy, 1089 St. Nicholas Ave.
Franco Bros., 2826 Broadway.
T. Marabello, 3566 Broadway.
Milone Co., 3392 Broadway.
N. Fiorenza, 3884 Broadway.
National Shoe Repairing Co., 1593 St. Nicholas Ave.
Ernest Catalano, 3868 Broadway.
Pasqualino Bros., 136 Hamilton Place.
University Electric Shoe and Hat Renovating Co., 1622 Amsterdam Ave.
A. Manfre, 293 Madison Ave.

RE-SOLED (FULL OR HALF SOLES) AT THESE REPAIR SHOPS. BRONX.

James Bros., 703 Tremont Ave.
Eustachio Frascati, 566 East 174th St.
The Bronx Modern Shoe Repairing Shop, 3999 Third Ave.
Mike Smith, 490 East 174th St.
Bruno Bros., 2635 Third Ave.
Star Shoe Repairing Factory, 480 East 151st St.
Rapid Shoe Repair Shop, 426 Willis Ave., corner 145th St.

RE-SOLED (FULL OR HALF SOLES) AT THESE REPAIR SHOPS. BRONX.

Original Shoe Repair Shop, 235 Willis Ave.
Willis Shoe Repairing Co., 147 Willis Ave.
E. Squasso, 1669 Westchester Ave.
The Simpson Electric Shoe Repairing Co., 1033 Simpson St.
The Home Shoe Repairing Co., 959 Home St.
Manhattan Shoe Repairing Co., 1643 Westchester Ave.

RE-SOLED (FULL OR HALF SOLES) AT THESE REPAIR SHOPS. BROOKLYN.

Nelson's Shoe Repairing Co., 78 Fleet St.
Metropolitan Shoe Repairing Co., 168 Flatbush Ave.
Metropolitan Shoe Repairing Co., 1254 Fulton St.
Tip Top Electric Shoe Repairing Store, 1304 Coney Island Ave.
The Foster Electrical Shoe Repairing Co., 1671 Coney Island Ave.
Midwood Shoe Repairing Shop, 1417 Avenue J.
L. Viteritti, 1946 Coney Island Ave., near Avenue P.
Kings Highway Hand and Electric Shoe Repairer, 1363 Kings Highway.
United System Shoe Repairing Co., 1329 Flatbush Ave.
Myrtle Electric Shoe Repairing Store, 597 Myrtle Ave.
The Empire Shoe Repairing Co., 505 Franklin Ave.
Manhattan Shoe Repairing Co., 1254 Fulton St.
The National Shoe Repairing Co., 75 Hoyt St.
The United Shoe Repairing Co., 329 Fulton St.
The Flatbush Shoe Repairing Shop, 842 Flatbush Ave.
De Cota Bros., 85 Smith St.
Champion Quick Shoe Repairing Co., 1379 Myrtle Ave.
J. Pastore, 1683 Flatbush Ave.
Charles Amodeo, 733 Nostrand Ave.
The Shoe Hospital, 790 Manhattan Ave.
J. Molinaro, 798 Flatbush Ave.
Louis Russo, 653 Flatbush Ave.
The Beverly Shoe Repairing Co., 1053 Flatbush Ave.
The Taub Shoe Repairing System, 693 Manhattan Ave.
Bay Ridge Goodyear Shoe Repairing, 7406 Third Ave.
Atlantic Electric Shoe Repairing Co., 5107 Seventh Ave.
Andrew Russo & Brother, 503 57th St.
G. Tristano, 123 Tompkins Ave.
New Electric Shoe Repairing Co., 95 Flatbush Ave., opposite Casino.
Lincoln Shoe Repairing Co., 158 Fifth Ave.
Shoe Electric Repairing Establishment, 427 Stuyvesant Ave.
Automatic Shoe Repairing, 349 Fifth Ave.
The Plaza Electric Shoe Repairing, 349 Roebling St.
The 20th Century Shoe Repairing Co., 231 Fifth Ave.
Unique Shoe Repairing Co., 1342 Broadway.
Antonio Barrea, 691 and 749 Washington Ave.
The Court Shoe Repairing Co., 121 Court St., near State St.
J. Schneider, 860 Fulton St.
Sam Siebenburg, 1619½ Fulton St.
L. Altomari, 759 Flatbush Ave.
New Electric Shoe Repairing Shop, 1485 Fulton St.
The Eagle Shoe Repairing Co., 804 Union St.
The International Shoe Repairing Co., 26 Fifth Ave.
The International Shoe Repairing Co., 685 Fulton St.
G. Maggio, Electric Shoe Repairing, 7 McDougal St.
Goodyear Shoe Repairing Co., 5811 Fifth Ave.
Mike Turano, 218 Linwood St.
The Union Shoe Factory, 356 Myrtle Ave.
Modern Shoe Repairing Co., 984 Broadway.
Arcara Brothers, 2929 Fulton St.
J. Naples, 812 Nostrand Ave.
St. Marks Shoe Repairing, 664 Nostrand Ave.
Nostrand Ave. Shoe Repairing Shop, 758 Nostrand Ave.
Modern Elec. Shoe Repair, 220 Central Ave.
Michael Pizzo, 7306 Third Ave., near 73rd St.
Hamburg Electric Shoe Repairing Co., 534 Hamburg Ave.
T. W. Cieslak Bros. & Co., 491 Fifth Ave.
J. Crifasi, 6824 Third Ave.
Midwood Shoe Repairing Shop, 1417 Avenue J.

RE-SOLED (FULL OR HALF SOLES) AT THESE REPAIR SHOPS. QUEENS.

The Flatbush Shoe Repairing Shop, 919 Boulevard, Arverne, L. I.
Economic Shoe Repair Co., 2706 Jamaica Ave., Richmond Hill, L. I.
Boston Boot Shop, 343 Fulton St., Jamaica, L. I.
Jake Sacco, 3308 Jamaica Ave., Richmond Hill, L. I.
Modern Shoe Repairing Shop, 17 N. Washington St., Jamaica, L. I.
Angelo Pidicini, Prop. American Shoe Repairing Co., 4864 Fulton St., Jamaica, L. I.
V. Virgilio, 520 Fulton St., Jamaica, L. I.
Jamaica Shoe Repairing Co., 473 Fulton St., Jamaica, L. I.
Donato Caggiano, 9 S. Washington St., Jamaica, L. I.
The Oxford Shoe Repairing Shop, 2352 Jamaica Ave., Richmond Hill, L. I.
The Richmond Heel and Shoe Repairing Co., 317 Park St., corner Myrtle Ave., Richmond Hill, L. I.
Nino La Marca, 3952 Jamaica Ave., Woodhaven, L. I.
Goodyear Welt Shoe Repair Shop, 1106 Jamaica Ave., Woodhaven, L. I.
Sam Biondo, 1242 Jamaica Ave., Woodhaven, L. I.
The Manor Shoe Repairing Co., 1553 Jamaica Ave., Woodhaven, L. I.
L. Boppolo, 7510 Jamaica Ave., Woodhaven, L. I.

Rinex Soles, placed on the market last year, have been a remarkable success.

Rinex Soles are *not* rubber, but are waterproof. They are tougher and more flexible than leather, but cost no more.

You will find Rinex Soles the most comfortable, longest wearing, most economical and satisfactory shoe-soles you have ever worn.

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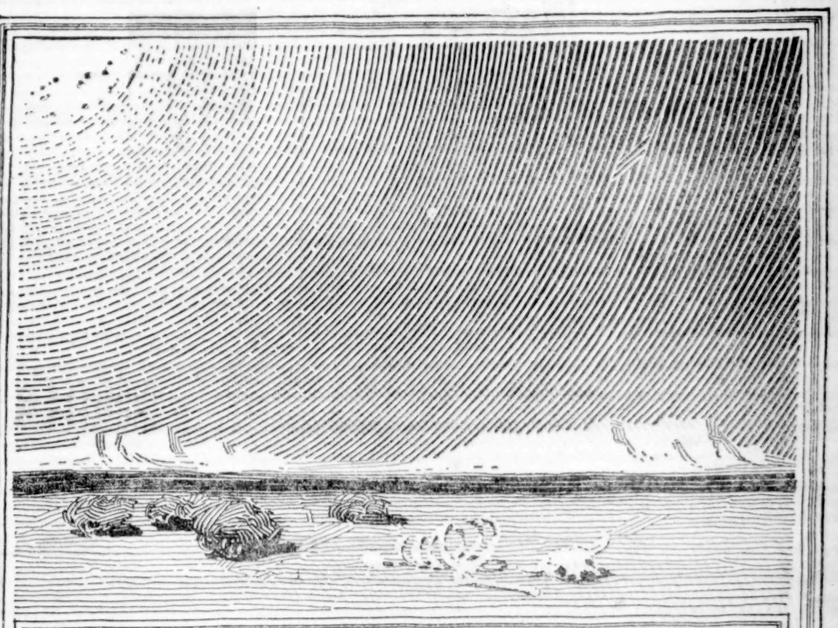

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YET a little moisture would make it blossom in plenitude, so that a whole race might thrive upon its products. Thus it is with almost everything known to man. Moderation is the big word, as all men of wisdom know.

For 60 years Anheuser-Busch have been the brewers of Honest Old BUDWEISER—a brew of Barley-Malt and Saazer Hops—whose sales (because of its distinctive flavor) exceed all other brews by millions of bottles. When BUDWEISER is used with common sanity it quickens the spark of human geniality and friendship. BUDWEISER'S name and fame cover the civilized world.

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Description of lost property is an appeal to the honesty of the finder. It seldom fails in its effect. Telephone Bryant 1000 of your loss and next morning a brief advertisement will appear in THE NEW YORK TIMES.